

Application for resource consent or fast-track resource consent

(Or Associated Consent Pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA)) (If applying for a Resource Consent pursuant to Section 87AAC or 88 of the RMA, this form can be used to satisfy the requirements of Schedule 4). Prior to, and during, completion of this application form, please refer to Resource Consent Guidance Notes and Schedule of Fees and Charges — <u>both available on the Council's web page</u>.

1. Pre-Lodgement Meeting				
Have you met with a council Resource Consent representative to discuss this application prior to lodgement? Yes No				
2. Type of Consent being applied for				
(more than one circle can be ticked):				
Land Use	Discharge			
Fast Track Land Use*	Change of Consent Notice (s.221(3))			
Subdivision	Extension of time (s.125)			
Consent under National Environmental Standard (e.g. Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil)				
Other (please specify)				
* The fast track is for simple land use consents and is r	estricted to consents with a controlled activity status.			

3. Would you like to opt out of the Fast Track Process?

Yes No

4. Consultation

Have you consulted with lwi/Hapū? 🔵 Yes 🔵 No				
If yes, which groups have you consulted with?				
Who else have you consulted with?				

For any questions or information regarding iwi/hapū consultation, please contact Te Hono at Far North District Council <u>tehonosupport@fndc.govt.nz</u>

5. Applicant Details

Name/s:

Email:

Phone number:

Postal address:

(or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)

6. Address for Correspondence

Name and address for service and correspondence (if using an Agent write their details here)

Name/s:Melissa McGrathEmail:Phone number:Postal address:
(or alternative method of
service under section 352
of the act)

* All correspondence will be sent by email in the first instance. Please advise us if you would prefer an alternative means of communication.

7. Details of Property Owner/s and Occupier/s

Name and Address of the Owner/Occupiers of the land to which this application relates (where there are multiple owners or occupiers please list on a separate sheet if required)

Name/s:	Michael Gilson			
Property Address/ Location:	Lot 4, Mataka Station, Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri			
	Postcode	0294		

Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee C/- Cheshire Architects Limited - Sarah Gilbertson

8. Application Site Details

Location and/or property street address of the proposed activity:

Name/s: Site Address/ Location:	
	Postcode
Legal Description:	Val Number:
Certificate of title:	

Please remember to attach a copy of your Certificate of Title to the application, along with relevant consent notices and/or easements and encumbrances (search copy must be less than 6 months old)

Site visit requirements:

Is there a locked gate or security system restricting access by Council staff? **Yes No**

Is there a dog on the property? Yes No

Please provide details of any other entry restrictions that Council staff should be aware of, e.g. health and safety, caretaker's details. This is important to avoid a wasted trip and having to rearrange a second visit.

9. Description of the Proposal:

Please enter a brief description of the proposal here. Please refer to Chapter 4 of the District Plan, and Guidance Notes, for further details of information requirements.

If this is an application for a Change or Cancellation of Consent Notice conditions (s.221(3)), please quote relevant existing Resource Consents and Consent Notice identifiers and provide details of the change(s), with reasons for requesting them.

10. Would you like to request Public Notification?

Yes No

11. Other Consent required/being applied for under different legislation

(more than one circle can be ticked):

- Building Consent Enter BC ref # here (if known)
- Regional Council Consent (ref # if known) Ref # here (if known)

National Environmental Standard consent Consent here (if known)

Other (please specify) Specify 'other' here

12. National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health:

The site and proposal may be subject to the above NES. In order to determine whether regard needs to be had to the NES please answer the following:

Is the piece of land currently being used or has it historically ever been used for an activity or industry on the Hazardous Industries and Activities List (HAIL) **Yes No Don't know**

Is the proposed activity an activity covered by the NES? Please tick if any of the following apply to your proposal, as the NESCS may apply as a result. **Yes No Don't know**

Subdividing land

- Changing the use of a piece of land
- Disturbing, removing or sampling soil
 Removing or replacing a fuel storage system

13. Assessment of Environmental Effects:

Every application for resource consent must be accompanied by an Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE). This is a requirement of Schedule 4 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and an application can be rejected if an adequate AEE is not provided. The information in an AEE must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required. Your AEE may include additional information such as Written Approvals from adjoining property owners, or affected parties.

Your AEE is attached to this application **Yes**

13. Draft Conditions:

Do you wish to see the draft conditions prior to the release of the resource consent decision? () Yes () No

If yes, do you agree to extend the processing timeframe pursuant to Section 37 of the Resource Management Act by 5 working days? **Yes No**

14. Billing Details:

This identifies the person or entity that will be responsible for paying any invoices or receiving any refunds associated with processing this resource consent. Please also refer to Council's Fees and Charges Schedule.

Name/s: (please write in full) Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee

Email:

Phone number:

Postal address:

(or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)

Michael Glison and Joan Michnee		

Fees Information

An instalment fee for processing this application is payable at the time of lodgement and must accompany your application in order for it to be lodged. Please note that if the instalment fee is insufficient to cover the actual and reasonable costs of work undertaken to process the application you will be required to pay any additional costs. Invoiced amounts are payable by the 20th of the month following invoice date. You may also be required to make additional payments if your application requires notification.

Declaration concerning Payment of Fees

I/we understand that the Council may charge me/us for all costs actually and reasonably incurred in processing this application. Subject to my/our rights under Sections 357B and 358 of the RMA, to object to any costs, I/we undertake to pay all and future processing costs incurred by the Council. Without limiting the Far North District Council's legal rights if any steps (including the use of debt collection agencies) are necessary to recover unpaid processing costs I/we agree to pay all costs of recovering those processing costs. If this application is made on behalf of a trust (private or family), a society (incorporated or unincorporated) or a company in signing this application I/we are binding the trust, society or company to pay all the above costs and guaranteeing to pay all the above costs in my/our personal capacity.



15. Important Information:

Note to applicant

You must include all information required by this form. The information must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required.

You may apply for 2 or more resource consents that are needed for the same activity on the same form. You must pay the charge payable to the consent authority for the resource consent application under the Resource Management Act 1991.

Fast-track application

Under the fast-track resource consent process, notice of the decision must be given within 10 working days after the date the application was first lodged with the authority, unless the applicant opts out of that process at the time of lodgement. A fast-track application may cease to be a fast-track application under section 87AAC(2) of the RMA.

Privacy Information:

Once this application is lodged with the Council it becomes public information. Please advise Council if there is sensitive information in the proposal. The information you have provided on this form is required so that your application for consent pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 can be processed under that Act. The information will be stored on a public register and held by the Far North District Council. The details of your application may also be made available to the public on the Council's website, www.fndc.govt.nz. These details are collected to inform the general public and community groups about all consents which have been issued through the Far North District Council.

15. Important information continued...

Declaration

The information I have supplied with this application is true and complete to the best of my knowledge.

Name: (please write in full)				
Signature:		Date		
	A signature is not required if the application is made by electronic means			

Checklist (please tick if information is provided)

- Payment (cheques payable to Far North District Council)
- A current Certificate of Title (Search Copy not more than 6 months old)
- Details of your consultation with lwi and hapū
- Copies of any listed encumbrances, easements and/or consent notices relevant to the application
- Applicant / Agent / Property Owner / Bill Payer details provided
- Location of property and description of proposal
- Assessment of Environmental Effects
- Written Approvals / correspondence from consulted parties
- Reports from technical experts (if required)
- Copies of other relevant consents associated with this application
- Location and Site plans (land use) AND/OR
- Location and Scheme Plan (subdivision)
- Elevations / Floor plans
- Topographical / contour plans

Please refer to Chapter 4 of the District Plan for details of the information that must be provided with an application. Please also refer to the RC Checklist available on the Council's website. This contains more helpful hints as to what information needs to be shown on plans.

Residential Unit and Minor Residential Unit

Land Use Consent Application Lot 4, Mataka Station, Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri Assessment of Environmental Effects and Statutory Analysis 29 January 2025



1. .

Prepared for: Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee



Cover Image: Dean Wright Photography

B&A Reference:

20626

Status:

Draft Revision 1 – Client Review and Written Approval from Neighbours

Date:

3 March 2025

Prepared by:

Melissa McGrath Senior Associate, Barker & Associates Limited

Reviewed by:

David Badham Partner, Barker & Associates Limited



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- Appendix 7 Written Approval
- Appendix 8 Rules Assessment
- Appendix 9 Mataka Station Residents Association and Mataka Design Committee Approval



1.0 Applicant and Property Details

To:	Far North District Council
Site Address:	Lot 4, Mataka Station, Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri
Applicant Name:	Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee
Address for Service:	Barker & Associates Ltd PO Box 1986, Shortland Street, Auckland 1140 Attention: Melissa McGrath
Legal Description:	Lot 4 DP 323083 (refer to Record of Title as Appendix 1)
Site Area:	57.4180ha
Site Owner:	Michael Gilson
District Plan:	Far North District Council Operative District Plan (ODP) Far North District Council Proposed District Plan (PDP)
ODP Zoning:	Rural Production Zone
PDP Zoning	Rural Production Zone
PDP Overlays & Controls:	Coastal Environment, High Natural Character, Outstanding Natural Landscape, River Flood Hazards Zone 10 Year ARI Event and 100 Year ARI Event.
Additional Limitations:	Nil
Locality Diagram:	Refer to Figure 1
Brief Description of Proposal:	Land Use Consent to construct a principal dwelling and a minor dwelling with associated works.
Summary of Reasons for Consent:	Discretionary activities: Residential Intensity consent is sought for a principal and minor dwelling pursuant to rule 8.6.5.4. Buildings within 20m of the drip line of existing trees onsite and adjacent scrub consent is sought pursuant to rule 12.3.6.



2.0 Introduction

This report has been prepared to address a resource consent application submitted by Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee for a principal residential unit and a minor residential unit at Lot 4 Mataka Station, Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri. This report is intended to address the relevant matters under the Resource Management Act 1991 ('RMA').

2.1 Background

The subject site is located within Mataka Station. Mataka Station has been comprehensively planned to establish large private lots with shared access and infrastructure servicing the whole property, including beaches, extensive coastline, conservation areas (comprising shrubland and wetland), stables, beach lodge, Mt Mataka and an extensive network of over 23 miles (38 kms) of private roads and hiking, riding and biking trails. Mataka Station is a unique sheep and cattle farm that has been farmed for over 100 years, managed by the Farm Manager and Residents Association.

Mataka Station is separated into individual freehold titles, with land and conservation covenants and consent notices managing use and development. With up to 30 homes enabled, each house location has been carefully selected, and quality of built form is managed via design guidelines to ensure overall quality and design integrity of individual houses and landscaping.

2.2 Pre-lodgement Consultation

As part of the design process consultation with the Mataka Station Residents Association and Mataka Design Committee has been on-going, and approval for the proposal has been obtained – see **Appendix 10** for evidence of approval.

Consultation with Ngati Rehia has commenced, the Applicant has undertaken discussions and a site visit with Matua Hugh Rihari who has been engaged to prepare a Cultural Impact Assessment.

3.0 Site Context

3.1 Site Description

The subject site is legally described as Lot 4 DP 323083, record of title reference 92524. Being comprised of 57.35ha of land, the site is irregularly shaped with undulating contour. The site is located within one of 26 approved house site lots situated at the end of Oihi Road on the Purerua Peninsula within an approximately 1,150ha property managed as a farm park. Large tracts of indigenous vegetation are located at the southern extent of the site, with pasture forming the central portion of the site.

The majority of Lot 4 is located within the more inland part of the property to the west of the main internal north-south access road, with approximately 4ha to the northeast identified as a "Designated House Site" on the title plan ("Site"). The designated house site is largely oriented towards the northern eastern coastal side of the peninsula, separated from the Coastal Marine Area (CMA) by Lot 3.



The designated house site contains two existing Norfolk Island Pines – one at approximately 7m high located near the top of the knoll at RL102m, and the other approximately 10m high located near the western boundary of the designated building Site and lot boundary. In addition, there is a cluster of 3 semi-mature Pohutukawa up to approximately 11m high located between the pines. The balance of the designated building Site contains pasture grasses and this area is currently grazed as part of the farming operation.



Figure 1: Locality plan.

3.2 Surrounding Locality

Mataka Station is located at the eastern extent of Purerua Peninsula, 32.5km north-east of Kerikeri. Rangihoua Heritage Park is located to the south of Mataka Station with Te Tii School being located 14.7km west inland.

The subject site is located within the rural farm, surrounded by large lots. The wider landscape within and surrounding Lot 4 has a predominantly large scale rural coastal character. The north eastern part of Mataka Station is characterised by either steep coastal slopes and escarpments to the east of a defining north south ridge system rolling pastoral farmland and indigenous bush / pine forest to the west.

4.0 Proposal

A summary of the key elements of the proposal is set out below, with detailed descriptions included in the supporting technical assessments and plans.

Residential development: The proposal includes the establishment of a 280m² principal dwelling and a 70m² minor dwelling. The main house is located on the northern side of a knoll with the minor dwelling located to the southeast of the high point of the knoll.

For both dwellings the proposal includes:



- Roof: Dark Grey Zincalume LRV=25%
- Guttering and Spouting: Weathered Copper LRV=9%
- Exterior Wall Cladding: Western Red Cedar Weatherboards 18%
- All external cladding materials will be below an LRV of 30%.

The architectural plans are included in Appendix 2.

Infrastructure: The principal and minor dwellings will be serviced via onsite wastewater, water supply and stormwater management. PK Engineering have prepared a Geotechnical Report included in **Appendix 3** provides further detail and plans for stormwater management and wastewater disposal, in summary:

- Stormwater management: A central stormwater trench will be established to the southwest of the principal residential unit collecting stormwater from the principal residential unit and associated impervious areas directed to the north east of the site. Stormwater from the minor residential unit will be collected to a small 10,000L -15,000L water tank and then discharged via a solid Ø150 Upvc pipe to the outflow to the west
- Wastewater disposal: A single wastewater powerless secondary treatment system is proposed to service both the principal and minor dwellings, with 571 lineal metres of disposal field, sub-surface dripper irrigation lines proposed.

As detailed in the architectural plans (**Appendix 2**) onsite potable and fire fighting water supply is proposed:

- Potable water supply: 3 25,000 litre tanks will be buried with overflows.
- Firefighting water supply: One 25,000 litre tank will be buried.

Earthworks: Land disturbance of approximately 1416m³ cut/88.5m³ fill over an area of 23280m² is required to establish the principal dwelling building platform, foundations for the minor dwelling, access/parking area, stormwater management and wastewater disposal. PK Engineering have undertaken a Geotechnical Assessment of the proposal as detailed in **Appendix 3** and recommend specific designed foundations and a careful placement of stormwater and wastewater disposal.

Access and parking: A single gravel driveway is proposed service both principal and minor dwellings, being established to extend from the internal access road. A small parking area of approximately 300m² is proposed to be located to the west of the principal residential unit.

Vegetation Clearance: No clearance of indigenous vegetation is proposed.

Landscaping: Extensive landscape planting and maintenance is proposed in accordance with the Landscape Plans prepared by o2landscapes.com as detailed in **Appendix 4**.

5.0 Reasons for Consent

A rules assessment against the provisions of the Far North District Council Operative District Plan ('ODP') is attached as **Appendix 9.** The site is zoned Rural Production.

A rules assessment against the proposed Far North District Council Proposed District Plan ('PDP') is attached as **Appendix 9**. The site is proposed to be zoned Rural Production, with portions of the



site identified as Coastal Environment, Outstanding Natural Landscape, High Natural Character and River Flood Hazard 10 year and 100 year ARI Event Overlays. At the time of drafting this consent no decision had been issued, only those rules which have immediate legal effect have been considered.

The proposal requires consent for the matters outlined below.

5.1 Far North District Council Opertive District Plan

Rural Production Zone

• Residential Intensity – The proposal seeks to establish a minor dwelling which is located further than 30m from the proposed principal residential unit infringing rule 8.6.5.2.3. Consent is sought pursuant to rule 8.6.5.4 Discretionary Activities. **Discretionary Activity**.

Natural Hazards

• Fire Risk to Residential Units – The proposal seeks to establish buildings within 20m of the drip line of existing trees onsite and adjacent scrub, infringing rule 12.4.6.1.2. Consent is sought pursuant to rule 12.3.6.3 Discretionary Activities. **Discretionary Activity**.

5.2 Far North District Council Proposed District Plan

No rules with immediate legal effect trigger reasons for consent in accordance with section 96F of the RMA.

5.3 National Environmental Standard – Contaminated Soils

The NES Contaminated Soils were gazetted on 13th October 2011 and took effect on 1st January 2012.

The standards are applicable if the land in question is, or has been, or is more likely than not to have been used for a hazardous activity or industry and the Applicant proposes to subdivide or change the use of the land, or disturb the soil, or remove or replace a fuel storage system.

The subject site is not mapped on Northland Regional Councils Selected Land Use register and there is no information that suggests that the sites have been used for any activities that are on the Hazardous Activities and Industry List (HAIL) or evidence of migration of hazardous substances from adjacent land use.

Based on the above, the Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health) Regulations 2011 (NES-CS) does not apply to the proposal.

5.4 Activity Status

Overall, this application is for a discretionary activity.



6.0 Public Notification Assessment (Sections 95A, 95C and 95D)

6.1 Assessment of Steps 1 to 4 (Sections 95A)

Section 95A specifies the steps the council is to follow to determine whether an application is to be publicly notified. These are addressed in statutory order below.

6.1.1 Step 1: Mandatory public notification is required in certain circumstances

Step 1 requires public notification where this is requested by the Applicant; or the application is made jointly with an application to exchange of recreation reserved land under section 15AA of the Reserves Act 1977.

The above does not apply to the proposal.

6.1.2 Step 2: If not required by step 1, public notification precluded in certain circumstances

Step 2 describes that public notification is precluded where all applicable rules and national environmental standards preclude public notification; or where the application is for a controlled activity; or a restricted discretionary, discretionary or non-complying boundary activity.

In this case, the applicable rules do not preclude public notification, and the proposal is not a controlled activity or boundary activity. Therefore, public notification is not precluded.

6.1.3 Step 3: If not required by step 2, public notification required in certain circumstances

Step 3 describes that where public notification is not precluded by step 2, it is required if the applicable rules or national environmental standards require public notification, or if the activity is likely to have adverse effects on the environment that are more than minor.

As noted under step 2 above, public notification is not precluded, and an assessment in accordance with section 95A is required, which is set out in the sections below. As described below, it is considered that any adverse effects will be less than minor.

6.1.4 Step 4: Public notification in special circumstances

If an application is not required to be publicly notified as a result of any of the previous steps, then the council is required to determine whether special circumstances exist that warrant it being publicly notified.

Special circumstances are those that are:

- Exceptional or unusual, but something less than extraordinary; or
- Outside of the common run of applications of this nature; or
- Circumstances which make notification desirable, notwithstanding the conclusion that the adverse effects will be no more than minor.



It is considered that there is nothing noteworthy about the proposal. It is therefore considered that the application cannot be described as being out of the ordinary or giving rise to special circumstances.

6.2 Section 95D Statutory Matters

In determining whether to publicly notify an application, section 95D specifies a council must decide whether an activity will have, or is likely to have, adverse effects on the environment that are more than minor.

In determining whether adverse effects are more than minor:

• Adverse effects on persons who own or occupy the land within which the activity will occur, or any land adjacent to that land, must be disregarded.

The land to be excluded from the assessment is listed in section 6.3 below.

• Adverse effects permitted by a rule in a plan or national environmental standard (the 'permitted baseline') may be disregarded.

In this case the following permitted baseline is considered relevant to this proposal:

The subject site is 57.4ha in area, as a permitted activity in accordance with 8.6.5.1.1 4 residential units could be established onsite, subject to compliance with relevant district wide rules and bulk and location rules. Any building located further than 20m from the drip line of any tree is a permitted activity in accordance with rule 12.4.6.1.2.

• Trade competition must be disregarded.

This is not considered to be a relevant matter in this case.

• The adverse effects on those persons who have provided their written approval must be disregarded.

Eloise Caswell and Donald Chandler as the owner/occupier of 148 Oihi Road, Te Ti being Lot 5 Mataka Station has provided their written approval to the proposal and therefore adverse effects on them have been disregarded.

The sections below set out an assessment in accordance with section 95D, including identification of adjacent properties and an assessment of adverse effects.

6.3 Land Excluded from the Assessment

In terms of the tests for public notification (but not for the purposes of limited notification or service of notice), the adjacent properties to be excluded from the assessment are shown in **Figure 2** below, and include:

- Lot 21 DP 323083 (Mataka Station);
- 148 Oihi Road, Te Ti being Lot 5 DP 323083 (Mataka Station); and
- Lot 3 DP 323083 (Mataka Station).



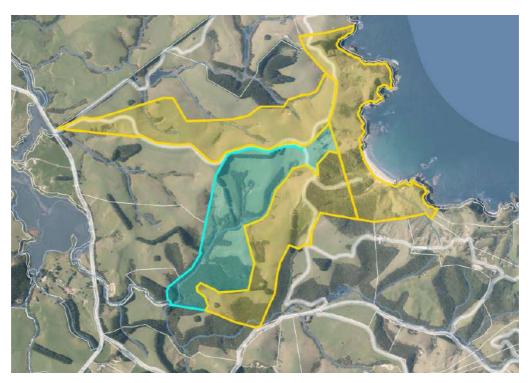


Figure 2: Adjacent properties in relation to subject site. Source: Emaps.

6.4 Assessment of Effects on the Wider Environment

The following sections set out an assessment of wider effects of the proposal, and it is considered that effects in relation to the following matters are relevant:

- Landscape, Character and Amenity Effects;
- Transportation;
- Infrastructure and Servicing;
- Land Disturbance and Construction Activities;
- Geotechnical Effects;
- Cultural Effects;
- Heritage Effects;
- Fire Risk Effects;
- Flood Effects; and
- Ecological Effects.

These matters are set out and discussed below.

6.4.1 Landscape, Character and Amenity Effects

The subject site is largely pasture forming part of the sider Mataka Station farm, the designated building site straddles a localised knoll (up to 120.5m above sea level) which is part of a north south oriented ridge which generally follows the access road to the lots in this northern part of Mataka Farm. Built development must be located within the building area identified on the Lands and Survey plan reference 5670/12 dated 24 February 2003 in accordance with consent notice



condition. Location of built form was carefully designed as part of the underlying subdivision, to ensure privacy and outlook of individual dwellings and to maintain the rural and coastal character of Mataka Station.

Private covenants of Mataka Station require land owners to design built form in accordance with design guidelines, all building design must be reviewed and approved by the Mataka Station Residents Association. The proposal has been presented to and approved by the Residents Association– see **Appendix 10**. The Mataka Station design guidelines have influenced the built form to establish, balanced and coherent design; built form that is subservient to the dominant topography of the immediate landscape, colour and material finish that is compatible with the immediate landscape context.

The proposed buildings are low lying, nestled within and blending into the existing landform. The principal dwelling is located on a knoll and will be visible from the coastal environment and lots 3 and 21 to the north and northwest. Existing large Pohutukawa with proposed landscape planting will frame the built form of the principal dwelling. The proposed minor dwelling is located towards the south eastern corner of the subject site, located below the knoll and is not visible from the coastal environment. Existing indigenous vegetation (located within Lot 6 and protected by covenant) forms a backdrop for the minor dwelling building, with proposed specimen trees will screen the built from to lot 5 to the south.

Boffa Miskell have prepared a Landscape Effects Assessment of the proposal, which has considered the proposal in relation to the surrounding environment, noting that the designated building site straddles the coastal environment boundary delineated in the Northland Regional Policy Statement and the proposed buildings each have a coastal aspect. This assessment recognises that the design of the buildings has been cognisant of the coastal landscape context and have been located and designed to ensure they can be well integrated into the Site and wider landscape. The buildings are of a modest size with low height and using natural materials with low reflectivity which are considered to be suitable for the rural / coastal landscape. The proposed planting of indigenous trees and shrubs will provide a backdrop to the buildings when viewed from the Coastal Marine Area, while offering a foreground perspective for views from the inland areas of the farm, including from existing dwellings and proposed building sites.

The Landscape Assessment concludes that:

"In summary it is considered that the proposal for Lot 4 at Mataka will result in an appropriate outcome, given its landscape context, the location and design of the proposed development and the landscape treatment, including planting, for the Site".

Landscaping has been carefully designed to remediate proposed works and blend the proposed built form into the surrounding coastal/rural environment. Proposed landscaping and maintenance are detailed in the Landscape Plan prepared by O2 Landscapes and attached in **Appendix 4**.

On this basis it is consider that the effects of the proposal are considered to result in less than minor adverse effects on the landscape, character and amenity of the wider environment.

6.4.2 Transportation

The subject site is located within Mataka Station which is serviced by existing well established internal road network. A new metalled vehicle crossing and driveway is proposed being designed



to be consistent with the internal road network. Three car parks formed with gravel are proposed to be established onsite.

Given the low level of traffic within Mataka Station and the proposal being residential in nature it is considered that the proposed traffic movements will not result in adverse effects to the transport network.

Overall, it is considered that any adverse effects with respect to transportation will be less than minor.

6.4.3 Infrastructure and Servicing

The provision of three waters infrastructure to service the development has been considered in the Civil report prepared by PK Engineering. Due to geotechnical constraints of the site, PK Engineering have carefully designed stormwater and wastewater providing specific recommendations to ensure the proposed principal and minor dwellings can be adequately serviced. Their report and engineering plans are attached as **Appendix 3**. PK Engineering concludes:

"The chosen area of Lot 4 is suitable for future development provided the stormwater and wastewater flows can be managed as per the recommended data in this report. A suitably qualified and experienced geotechnical engineer must be engaged to design all the foundations for structures on Lot 4 and incorporate the recommendations for foundation designs in the report."

On the basis of the assessment from PK Engineering, it is considered that the proposed development can be sufficiently serviced on site without resulting in any adverse effects on the surrounding environment.

Overall, it is considered that any adverse effects with respect to servicing related matters will be less than minor.

6.4.4 Land Disturbance and Construction Activities

Land disturbance of approximately $1416m^3 \text{ cut}/88.5m^3$ fill over an area of $23280m^2$ is required to facilitate the works described in **Section 4**.

An erosion and sediment control plan for the proposed earthworks will be provided, anticipated to be required by conditions of consent, which will detail measures to minimise silt and sediment runoff during construction. Silt and sediment control measures are proposed to be implemented in accordance with the Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for Land Disturbing Activities in the Auckland Region (2016) for the duration of the activity.

On the basis of the above, it is considered that any adverse effects associated with silt and sediment runoff (and resulting effects on water quality) will be less than minor.

When having regard to the nature of the construction activities it is expected that the works will comply with the District Plan construction noise limits which specifically reference New Zealand Standard NZS 6803: 1999 "Acoustics - Construction Noise". Any adverse construction noise effects would be temporary in nature.

There is sufficient space on the subject site to provide parking for construction vehicles. It is considered that traffic and parking capacity effects of the construction period will be less than minor and temporary in nature.



Overall, it is considered that any adverse construction effects will be less than minor.

6.4.5 Geotechnical Effects

The Geotechnical Report prepared by PK Engineering, included as **Appendix 3** sets out recommendations for management of earthworks and associated foundation design.

Foundation design of the buildings will be addressed via building consent and it is considered that conditions of consent ensuring compliance with the Geotechnical Report will ensure appropriate management of earthworks.

As previously discussed, PK Engineering have carefully designed stormwater management and wastewater disposal systems to manage stability onsite.

On the basis of the assessment from PK Engineering and subject to compliance with conditions of consent, it is considered that the subject site is suitable for the proposed development and will result in less than minor geotechnical effects.

6.4.6 Cultural Effects

The application site is not located within an identified and mapped area of cultural significance within the district plan and the regional plan does not identify recorded sites of significance to Māori within the subject site. Consultation with Ngati Rehia has commenced, the Applicant has undertaken discussions and a site visit with Matua Hugh Rihari who has been engaged to prepare a Cultural Impact Assessment.

6.4.7 Heritage Effects

The subject site is located north of the Rangihoua Heritage Park and Marsden Cross which is a recognised heritage area that is highly significant as the site of early, prolonged contact between Maori and Pakeha. Extensive archaeological surveys and assessments were undertaken in support of the Mataka Station subdivision and original consents, and these have confirmed that there are a number of archaeological sites on or in the vicinity of the project area including:

NZAA Site Number	Site Type	Year Recorded, Revisited	Description
P04/267	Midden	1978	Midden, mostly cockle
Q04/45	Midden	1978	Midden, mostly cockle, sometimes dense; at base of spur in sandy bank at beach
Q04/46	Terraces and possible palisade	1978	Y-shaped ridge with terraces and possible defensive feature
Q04/66	Midden and oven	1987, 2003	Small oven and a shell midden, near small stream at N end beach
Q04/68	Burial	1987	Cranium exposed. Area covered in rocks. Human remains reported to have been found in area.

Sunrise Archaeology have undertaken an archaeological assessment (**Appendix 6**) of the project, which included a specific archaeological survey of the portion of Lot 4 DP 323083 where the work



is proposed. It was found that no sites are located within the proposed development area, and subsurface testing did not identify any subsurface archaeological material.

Based on the results of this survey, Sunrise Archaeology concluded that no Authority to modify or destroy an archaeological site was necessary, recommending that an Accidental Discovery Protocol (ADP) be put in place.

It is considered that the proposed mitigation measures will ensure that the potential for the proposal to have adverse effects on historic heritage will be less than minor subject to adherence ADP conditions of consent.

6.4.8 Fire Risk Effects

The proposed minor dwelling is located in proximity to existing indigenous vegetation located on the adjacent site. The Operative District Plan requires residential units to be separated from indigenous vegetation in isolated areas remote from fire fighting services for two purposes:

- 1. To reduce the risk of fire causing loss of life, severe damage to property; and
- 2. The risk of loss of indigenous vegetation and habitats of indigenous fauna.

The proposed minor dwelling maintains a separation of approximately 12m from the indigenous vegetation, and is serviced by a dedicated firefighting water supply. One 25,000 litre tank will be buried and located to the west of both the principal and minor dwellings. Landscape planting has been carefully designed with low fire risk plants being recommended in proximity to the proposed buildings.

For these reasons it is considered that the proposed mitigation measures will ensure that the potential fire risk effects will be less than minor.

6.4.9 Flooding Effects

Areas of the subject site are identified by Northland Regional Council and the Proposed District Plan as subject to 100 year Flood Risk. The areas of the site identified are separated from the proposed building area by internal access road and is over 200m from the proposed building platforms which will not be at any risk of inundation. It is considered that potential adverse flood effects will be less than minor.

6.4.10 Ecological Effects

The subject site is largely pasture with indigenous vegetation extending along the southern extent and waterways. The proposed buildings and associated work are physically separated by internal roads from the majority of the subject site. It is considered that potential adverse ecological effects will be less than minor.

6.5 Summary of Effects

Overall, it is considered that any adverse effects on the environment relating to this proposal will be less than minor and acceptable.

6.6 Public Notification Conclusion

Having undertaken the section 95A public notification tests, the following conclusions are reached:



- Under step 1, public notification is not mandatory;
- Under step 2, public notification is not precluded;
- Under step 3, public notification is not required as it is considered that the activity will result in less than minor adverse effects; and
- Under step 4, there are no special circumstances.

Therefore, based on the conclusions reached under steps 3 and 4, it is recommended that this application be processed without public notification.

7.0 Limited Notification Assessment (Sections 95B, 95E to 95G)

7.1 Assessment of Steps 1 to 4 (Sections 95B)

If the application is not publicly notified under section 95A, the council must follow the steps set out in section 95B to determine whether to limited notify the application. These steps are addressed in the statutory order below.

7.1.1 Step 1: Certain affected protected customary rights groups must be notified

Step 1 requires limited notification where there are any affected protected customary rights groups or customary marine title groups; or affected persons under a statutory acknowledgement affecting the land (being on land, or adjacent to land, that is subject to a statutory acknowledgement area).

The above does not apply to this proposal.

7.1.2 Step 2: If not required by step 1, limited notification precluded in certain circumstances

Step 2 describes that limited notification is precluded where all applicable rules and national environmental standards preclude limited notification; or the application is for a controlled activity (other than the subdivision of land).

In this case, the applicable rules do not preclude limited notification and the proposal is not a controlled activity. Therefore, limited notification is not precluded.

7.1.3 Step 3: If not precluded by step 2, certain other affected persons must be notified

Step 3 requires that, where limited notification is not precluded under step 2 above, a determination must be made as to whether any of the following persons are affected persons:

- In the case of a boundary activity, an owner of an allotment with an infringed boundary;
- In the case of any other activity, a person affected in accordance with s95E.

The application is not for a boundary activity, and therefore an assessment in accordance with section 95E is required and is set out below.



Overall, it is considered that any adverse effects on persons will be less than minor, and accordingly, that no persons are adversely affected.

7.1.4 Step 4: Further notification in special circumstances

In addition to the findings of the previous steps, the council is also required to determine whether special circumstances exist in relation to the application that warrant notification of the application to any other persons not already determined as eligible for limited notification.

In this instance, having regard to the assessment in section 6.1.4 above, it is considered that special circumstances do not apply.

7.2 Section 95E Statutory Matters

If the application is not publicly notified, a council must decide if there are any affected persons and give limited notification to those persons. A person is affected if the effects of the activity on that person are minor or more than minor (but not less than minor).

In deciding who is an affected person under section 95E:

- Adverse effects permitted by a rule in a plan or national environmental standard (the 'permitted baseline') may be disregarded;
- Only those effects that relate to a matter of control or discretion can be considered (in the case of controlled or restricted discretionary activities); and
- The adverse effects on those persons who have provided their written approval must be disregarded.

These matters were addressed in section 6.2 above, and Eloise Caswell and Donald Chandler as the owner/occupier of 148 Oihi Road, Te Ti being Lot 5 Mataka Station has provided their written approval to the proposal.

Having regard to the above provisions, an assessment is provided below.

7.3 Assessment of Effects on Persons

Adverse effects in relation to amenity on persons are considered below.

Wider effects, were considered in section 6.4 above, and considered to be less than minor.

7.3.1 Persons at Lots 21 and 22 Mataka

These sites are located to the north-west of the subject site, these sites are large pastural areas with specified building platforms well separated from the proposed buildings and works. The future building area located within Lot 21 has views of the subject site and the proposed buildings have been designed to orient away from Lot 21. Being low lying and nestled into the land form the proposed principal dwelling will not impose on the amenity of these sites.

7.3.2 Persons at Lot 3 Mataka Station

This site is located to the east of the subject site, the approved building platform is located to the north of the proposed buildings and works and oriented towards the sea. Being low lying and



nestled into the land form the proposed principal dwelling will not impose on the amenity of this site.

7.3.3 Persons at Lot 5 Mataka Station

Lot 5 is located to the south of the building area; land owners have provided written approval and effects have been disregarded.

7.3.4 Summary of Effects

Taking the above into account, it is considered that any adverse effects on persons at the aforementioned properties will be less than minor in relation to amenity effects. Wider effects, were assessed in section 6.4 above and are considered to be less than minor.

It is considered, therefore, that there are no adversely affected persons in relation to this proposal.

7.4 Limited Notification Conclusion

Having undertaken the section 95B limited notification tests, the following conclusions are reached:

- Under step 1, limited notification is not mandatory;
- Under step 2, limited notification is not precluded;
- Under step 3, limited notification is not required as it is considered that the activity will not result in any adversely affected persons; and
- Under step 4, there are no special circumstances.

Therefore, it is recommended that this application be processed without limited notification.

8.0 Consideration of Applications (Section 104)

8.1 Statutory Matters

Subject to Part 2 of the Act, when considering an application for resource consent and any submissions received, a council must, in accordance with section 104(1) of the Act have regard to:

- Any actual and potential effects on the environment of allowing the activity;
- Any relevant provisions of a national environmental standard, other regulations, national policy statement, a New Zealand coastal policy statement, a regional policy statement or proposed regional policy statement; a plan or proposed plan; and
- Any other matter a council considers relevant and reasonably necessary to determine the application.

As a discretionary activity, section 104B of the Act states that a council:

- (a) may grant or refuse the application; and
- (b) if it grants the application, may impose conditions under section 108.



8.2 Weighting of Proposed Plan Changes: Far North District Proposed District Plan

On the 27th July Far North District Council (FNDC) notified their Proposed District Plan (PDP).

Under the Proposed Far North District Plan, the subject site is zoned Rural Production Zone, Coastal Overlay and portions of the site are subject to the River Flood Hazard Overlay.

At the time of preparing this AEE, only rules identified as having immediate legal effect have been considered. This will remain the case until FNDC releases a decision on the Proposed Far North District Plan (this will occur once hearings have been completed).

9.0 Effects on the Environment (Section 104(1)(A))

Having regard to the actual and potential effects on the environment of the activity resulting from the proposal, it was concluded in the assessment above that any wider adverse effects relating to the proposal will be less than minor and that no persons would be adversely affected by the proposal.

Overall, it is considered that the proposal will have positive effects, and any actual and potential adverse effects on the environment of allowing the activity are acceptable.

10.0 District Plan and Statutory Documents (Section 104(1)(B))

10.1 Objectives and Policies of the Operative District Plan

10.1.1 Chapter 8.6 Rural Production Zone

The rural production zone applies to the majority of land within the district, and seeks to enable the continuation of a wide range of activities for existing and future activities that are compatible with the productive purpose of the zone.

The objectives and policies of the zone seek to provide for a wide range of activities, while managing the effects of activities that are incompatible with the rural production zone. Policy 8.6.4.4 states that the type, scale and intensity of development allowed shall have regard to the maintenance and enhancement of amenity values of the zone. The proposal seeks to establish modest built form comprised of a principal and minor dwelling, located within a designated building site which has been selected to ensure the maintenance and enhancement of the amenity of the wider Mataka Station. The subject site is 57.6ha in area which could comfortably accommodate two dwellings as a permitted activity, as such the proposal is of a scale and intensity provided for and enabled within the Rural Production Zone.

The design of the underlying subdivision, allocation of designated building sites and operation of the Mataka Station farm has ensured appropriate separation of activities to avoid conflicting land use and potential reverse sensitivity and the efficient use of land. The proposal will comply with all consent notice requirements and adhere to the Mataka Station guidelines (private covenants), giving effect to policies 8.6.4.4, 8.6.4.5, and 8.6.4.8.



In conclusion, the proposed activity is considered to be consistent with the outcomes of the zone and will give effect to the relevant objectives and policies.

10.1.2 Chapter 10 Coastal Environment

Whilst the subject site is not zoned or identified as coastal environment under the ODP, it has been identified as subject to the coastal environment under the Northland Regional Policy Statement. The general Coastal Environment objectives and policies of Chapter 10 seek to manage coastal areas in a manner that avoids adverse effects from subdivision, use and development and preserve or enhance:

(a) the natural character of the coastline and coastal environment;

(b) areas of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna;

(c) outstanding landscapes and natural features;

(d) the open space and amenity values of the coastal environment;

(e) water quality and soil conservation (insofar as it is within the jurisdiction of the Council).

The subject site is not located within an identified area of natural character, outstanding landscapes or natural features. The dedicated building site does not contain areas of significant indigenous vegetation or habitats. The proximity of the development to the coastal environment and the surrounding rural/coastal character have been considered when designing the proposal, with the design of the buildings being cognisant of the coastal landscape context and the location of buildings being selected to ensure they can be well integrated into the Site and wider landscape. The buildings are a modest size with low height and using natural materials with low reflectivity which are considered to be suitable for the rural / coastal landscape. The proposed planting of indigenous trees and shrubs will provide a backdrop to the buildings when viewed from the Coastal Marine Area, while offering a foreground perspective for views from the inland areas of the farm, including from existing dwellings and proposed building sites.

For these reasons it is considered that the proposal will give effect to the relevant objectives and policies of the Coastal Environment Chapter.

10.1.3 Chapter 12.2 Indigenous Flora and Fauna

The objectives and policies of Indigenous Flora and Fauna Chapter seek to maintain and enhance the life supporting capacity of ecosystems and the extent and representativeness of the District's indigenous biological diversity, and to provide for the protection of, and to promote the active management of areas of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna. The proposal will not result in the loss of any indigenous flora and fauna, the proposed landscaping has been designed to enhance the surrounding coastal environment as such the proposal is considered to give effect to these objectives and policies.

10.1.4 Chapter 12.3 Soils and Minerals

The objectives and policies of the Soils and Minerals Chapter seek to maintain the life supporting capacity of soils and avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects associated with soil excavation or filling. The proposed earthworks will comply with the permitted activity standards of the District Plan, proposed works will be completed in accordance, therefore it is considered that the proposal will give effect to these policies.



10.1.5 Chapter 12.4 Natural Hazards

The objectives and policies of the natural hazards chapter are contained within Chapter 12.4 of the ODP and seek to reduce the threat of natural hazards to life, property and the environment. Areas of the subject site are identified as flood hazard, however, these are not located within the designated building site. Therefore, potential fire risk is the only natural hazard considered to be relevant to the proposal and the following to be applicable:

Objective 12.4.3.7 To avoid fire risk arising from the location of residential units in close proximity to trees, or in areas not near fire services

Policy 12.4.4.7 That the risk to adjoining vegetation and properties arising from fires is avoided.

The proposed development will avoid fire risk arising from the proposed development, because a separation of 12m from the indigenous vegetation will be established for the minor dwelling, the proposed dwellings will be serviced by a dedicated firefighting water supply which can be utilised to mitigate any risk to adjoining vegetation, and Landscape planting has been carefully designed with low fire risk plants being recommended in proximity to the proposed buildings. For these reasons it is consider that the proposal will be consistent with 12.4.3.7 and 12.4.4.7 and the proposal is considered consistent with the intent of the natural hazards chapter.

10.1.6 Chapter 12.5 Heritage

The objectives and policies of the Heritage Chapter seek to:

- protect and retain the heritage values of resources, such values to include those of an archaeological, architectural, cultural, historic, scientific, and technological nature.
- protect waahi tapu and other sites of spiritual, cultural or historical significance to Maori from inappropriate use, development and subdivision.
- protect the notable trees of the District.
- conserve the historic and amenity values of settlements with significant historic character.
- protect the cultural, spiritual, scientific and historic values of archaeological sites from inappropriate use, development and subdivision.
- ensure that subdivision and land use management practices avoid adverse effects on heritage values and resources.

The subject site is not identified has containing heritage sites or areas under the ODP. The Archaeological assessment has confirmed that no sites are located within the proposed development area, and subsurface testing did not identify any subsurface archaeological material. The applicant proposes to apply an ADP during construction to ensure on-going management of potential effect to unidentified archaeology. Therefore, it is considered that the proposal will not result in adverse effects on heritage values or resources and the proposal will give effect to these objectives and policies.

10.1.7 Chapter 15 Transportation

10.1.8 The Transportation Chapter seeks to minimise the adverse effects of traffic on the natural and physical environment, providing sufficient parking spaces, ensure that appropriate provision is made for on-site car parking for all activities, while considering safe cycling and pedestrian access



and use of the site, ensure that appropriate and efficient provision is made for loading and access for activities and to promote safe and efficient movement and circulation of vehicular, cycle and pedestrian traffic, including for those with disabilities.

The proposed principal and minor dwellings will be accessed via the existing internal road network within Mataka Station, with a single driveway and small parking space being established to service both dwellings. The proposal complies with the permitted standards of the ODP. For these reasons the proposal is considered to give effect to the relevant objectives and policies of this Chapter.

10.2 Objectives and Policies of the Proposed Far North District Plan

10.2.1 Strategic Direction

The proposed Strategic Direction Chapter seeks to set out the overarching direction for the district, focused upon historic and cultural wellbeing, economic and social wellbeing, urban form and development, infrastructure and electricity, rural environment and natural environment. Objectives are proposed, being high level and general, no policies are included in this Chapter.

It is considered that the proposal will give effect to the relevant policies of the plan and therefore will implement the relevant Strategic Direction objectives.

10.2.2 Infrastructure Chapter

The proposed Infrastructure Chapter objectives and policies seek to ensure that the district has safe, efficient and resilient infrastructure and the adverse effects of infrastructure are managed through the design and location of infrastructure to minimise the adverse effects on areas with historical and cultural values, natural values and coastal values.

The proposal includes the provision of onsite wastewater, stormwater and water infrastructure to service the principal and minor dwellings. All services have been designed to comply with relevant standard and best practice. Location of services will ensure that no adverse effects will occur to historic, cultural, natural or coastal values of the site.

10.2.3 Transport Chapter

The proposed Transport Chapter objectives and policies seek to ensure that land use and all modes of transport are integrated, the transport network is designed to minimise the adverse effects on areas with historical and cultural values, natural values and coastal values, and parking, loading and access provisions support the needs of land use and subdivision activities, and ensure safe and efficient operation for users.

The proposed principal and minor dwellings will be accessed via the existing internal road network within Mataka Station, with a single driveway and small parking space being established to service both dwellings providing safe and efficient access to the proposed dwellings. For these reasons the proposal is considered to give effect to the relevant objectives and policies of this Chapter.

10.2.4 Natural Hazards Chapter

The proposed Natural Hazards Chapter objectives and policies seek to ensure that the risks from natural hazards to people, infrastructure and property are managed, including taking into account the likely long-term effects of climate change, to ensure the health, safety and resilience of communities and that land use and subdivision does not increase the risk from natural hazards or



risks are mitigated, and existing risks are reduced where there are practicable opportunities to do so. Proposed policy NH-P9 Wildfire is particularly relevant to the proposal:

NH-P9 Manage land use and subdivision that may be susceptible to wildfire risk by requiring:

- a. setbacks from any contiguous scrub or shrubland, woodlot or forestry;
- b. access for emergency vehicles; and
- c. sufficient accessible water supply for firefighting purposes.

The proposed development will ensure separation of the buildings from the indigenous vegetation, adequate access for emergency vehicles is provided and a dedicated firefighting water supply will be provided onsite. The proposal is considered to give effect to policy NH-P 9 and is consistent with the intent of the Natural Hazards Chapter.

10.2.5 Historic Heritage Chapter

The subject site is not identified has containing proposed heritage sites or areas under the PDP. As previously discussed, the archaeological assessment has confirmed that no sites are located and the Applicant proposes to apply an ADP during construction to ensure on-going management of potential effect to unidentified archaeology. Therefore, it is considered that the proposal will not result in adverse effects on heritage values or resources and the proposal will give effect to these objectives and policies.

10.2.6 Ecosystems and Indignous Biodiversity Chapter

The proposed objectives and policies of this chapter seek to manage indigenous biodiversity to maintain its extent and diversity, protect areas of significant indigenous vegetation and habitats, recognise and provide for the relationship of tangata whenua and indigenous biodiversity and recognise their role as kaitiaki and to promote and enable the restoration and enhancement of indigenous biodiversity. The proposal will not result in the loss of any indigenous flora and fauna, the proposed landscaping has been designed to enhance the surrounding coastal environment as such the proposal is considered to give effect to these objectives and policies.

10.2.7 Coastal Environment Chapter

The proposed objectives and policies of this chapter seek to identify and mange the natural character of the coastal environment, to ensure its long-term preservation and protection, and that land use and subdivision:

- a. preserves the characteristics and qualities of the natural character of the coastal environment;
- b. is consistent with the surrounding land use;
- c. does not result in urban sprawl occurring outside of urban zones;
- d. promotes restoration and enhancement of the natural character of the coastal environment; and
- e. recognises tangata whenua needs for ancestral use of whenua Māori.

The subject site is proposed to be located within the Coastal Environment Overlay, and the designated building site is located outside of proposed areas of natural character, outstanding landscapes or natural features. The proposed buildings have been designed cognisant of the coastal landscape context and the location of buildings has been selected to ensure they can be well integrated into the Site and wider landscape. The buildings are a modest size with low height



and using natural materials with low reflectivity which are considered to be suitable for the rural / coastal landscape. The proposed planting of indigenous trees and shrubs will provide a backdrop to the buildings when viewed from the Coastal Marine Area, while offering a foreground perspective for views from the inland areas of the farm, including from existing dwellings and proposed building sites. For these reasons it is considered that the proposal will give effect to the relevant objectives and policies of the Coastal Environment Chapter.

10.2.8 Earthworks Chapter

The proposed objectives and policies of the Earthworks Chapter seek to enable earthworks where they are required to facilitate the efficient subdivision and development of land, while managing adverse effects on waterbodies, the coastal marine area, public safety, surrounding land and infrastructure and that earthworks are appropriately designed, located and managed to protect historical and cultural values, natural environmental values, preserve amenity and safeguard the life-supporting capacity of soils. The proposed earthworks will comply with the permitted activity standards of the District Plan, proposed works will be completed in accordance, therefore it is considered that the proposal will give effect to these policies.

10.2.9 Rural Production Zone

The proposed objectives and policies of the Rural Production Zone seek to ensure that the zone is managed to ensure its availability for primary production activities and its long-term protection for current and future generations, ensure that the zone is use for primary production activities, ancillary activities that support primary production and other compatible activities that have a functional need to be located in the zone and the rural character and amenity associated with a rural working environment is maintained. That land use and subdivision in the Rural Production zone:

- a. protects highly productive land from sterilisation and enables it to be used for more productive forms of primary production;
- b. protects primary production activities from reverse sensitivity effects that may constrain their effective and efficient operation;
- c. does not compromise the use of land for farming activities, particularly on highly productive land;
- d. does not exacerbate any natural hazards; and
- e. is able to be serviced by on-site infrastructure.

The proposal seeks to establish modest built form comprised of a principal and minor dwelling, located within a designated building site which has been selected to ensure the maintenance and enhancement of the amenity of the wider Mataka Station. The site forms part of an operational farm within Mataka Station, and the design of the underlying subdivision, allocation of designated building sites protects the ongoing farm management and will avoid constraint of farming activities. For these reasons it is considered that the proposal will give effect to these objectives and policies.



10.3 Regional Policy Statement for Northland (RPS)

The operative Regional Policy Statement (RPS) for Northland contains high level policy guidance for development within the region and is the vehicle for identifying and dealing with significant resource management issues in Te Taitokerau Northland. With respect to the coastal environment, it contains objectives and policies which seek to protect and preserve the natural character of the coastal environment, whilst safeguarding the integrity, form, function and resilience of the coastal environment from natural hazards and protect significant indigenous biodiversity and habitats from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.

Objectives range from integrated catchment management, improvement of overall quality of Northland's water quality, maintaining ecological flows, protecting areas of significant indigenous ecosystems and biodiversity, sustainable management of natural and physical resources in a way that is attractive for business and investment that will improve the economic wellbeing. enabling economic wellbeing, regional form, the role of tangata whenua kaitiaki role is recognised and provided for in decision making, risks and impacts of natural hazards are minimised, outstanding natural landscapes and features and historic heritage are protected from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.

Relevant policy has been identified and summarised as follows:

- Policy 4.4.1 seeks to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects and of subdivision, use and development so they are no more than minor on indigenous taxa, indigenous vegetations and habitats of indigenous fauna that are significant using Appendix 5, and avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects of subdivision, use and development. The proposal will not result in the loss of any indigenous vegetation or habitat.
- Within the coastal environment, policy 4.6.1 seeks to avoid adverse effects of subdivision use, and development on the characteristics and qualities which make up the outstanding values of areas of outstanding natural character, outstanding natural features and outstanding natural landscapes, and outside of the coastal environment the policy seeks to avoid significant adverse effects. The proposal has been carefully designed to fit within the character of the rural/coastal environment.
- Policy 4.6.2 seeks to protect the integrity of historic heritage that have been identified in plans by avoiding significant adverse effects of subdivision, use and development. The subject site is not located within an area identified as historic heritage and the archaeological assessment has confirmed that there are no sites within the proposed development.
- Policy 5.1.1 seeks to provide for subdivision, use and development that is located, designed and built in a planned and co-ordinated matter. The proposed development is located within an existing subdivision that has been comprehensively designed.
- Policy 5.1.3 seeks to avoid the adverse effects, including reverse sensitivity effects of new subdivision, use and development, particularly residential development on, (a) primary production activities in the primary production zone. The design of the underlying subdivision with designated building site ensures that potential reverse sensitivity effects of the proposed development will be avoided.



- Policy 7.1.1 subdivision, use and development of land will be managed to minimise risks of natural hazards. The designated building site is not identified as subject to natural hazards, earthworks, stormwater and wastewater disposal have been designed to ensure stability of the site and proposed buildings. Separation, onsite water supply and landscape design will avoid potential wild fire risk.
- Policy 8.1.2 requires district council to recognise and provide for the relationship of tangata whenua and their culture and traditions, have particular regard to kaitiakitanga and take into account the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi including partnership when processing resource consents. The Applicant will have regard to kaitiakitanga and the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi, undertaking consultation and engagement with Ngati Rehia.

For these reasons, it is considered that the proposal is consistent with the relevant RPS provisions.

10.4 Objectives and Policies of the New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement

The New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement (NZCPS), sets out objectives and policies in order to achieve the purpose of the RMA in regards to the coastal environment of New Zealand. It contains objectives and policies which include those aimed at safeguarding the integrity, form, functioning and resilience of the coastal environment and sustaining its ecosystems, and preserving the natural character of the coastal environment.

Of particular relevance to this proposal are objective 6 and policy 6 which recognises that the protection of the values of the coastal environment does not preclude use and development in appropriate places and forms within appropriate limits. Policy 6 requires the consideration of:

- where and how built development on land should be controlled so that it does not compromise activities of national or regional importance that have a functional need to locate and operate in the coastal marine area
- where development that maintains the character of the existing built environment should be encouraged, and where development resulting in a change in character would be acceptable
- how adverse visual impacts of development can be avoided in areas sensitive to such effects, such as headlands and prominent ridgelines, and as far as practicable and reasonable apply controls or conditions to avoid those effects
- the set back development from the coastal marine area and other water bodies, where practicable and reasonable, to protect the natural character, open space, public access and amenity values of the coastal environment.

As previously discussed, the proposal has been carefully designed to maintain setback from the Coastal Marine Area, built scale, form and design with landscaping will ensure that the propose will maintain the coastal/rural character of the environment. For these reasons it is considered that the proposal is aligned with the outcomes sought by the NZCPS.

10.5 National Policy Statement for Highly Productive Land

The National Policy Statement for Highly Productive Land (NPS-HPL) seeks to protect highly productive land for use in land-based primary production. The NPS-HPL applies to land zoned



general rural or rural production zone and is identified as LUC 1, 2 or 3¹. The subject site is identified as LUC 5 and 6 and is therefore not subject to the NPS-HPL.

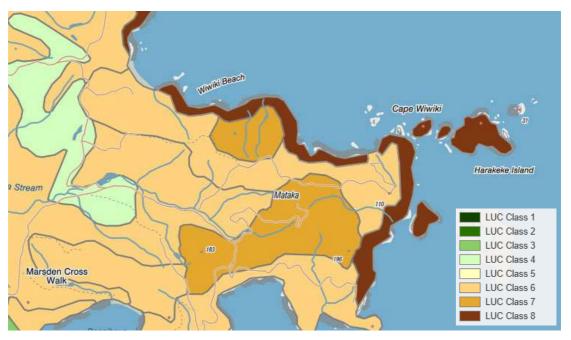


Figure 3: LUC Mapping. Source: Landcare Research Our Environment Website.

10.6 Summary

It is considered that the proposed development is generally in accordance with the objectives and policies of the ODP, PDP, RPS and NZCPS.

11.0 Relevant Rules and Assessment Criteria

The ODP specifies the relevant assessment criteria to be considered in assessing this application for each of the consent matters in the following sections:

• Natural Hazards 12.4.7 Assessment Criteria.

These criteria largely cover the same matters that have been discussed and assessed in the above report, pertaining to environmental effects and the objectives and policies of the ODP

Overall, it is considered that the proposal meets the assessment criteria of the ODP for the reasons described in sections 6, 7, 9, and 10 above.

12.0 Part 2 Matters

While it is not necessary to take recourse to Part 2 given that it has already been incorporated into the ODP, PDP, we do so for completeness.

Section 5 of Part 2 identifies the purpose of the RMA as being the sustainable management of natural and physical resources. This means managing the use, development and protection of

¹ NPS-HPL clause 3.5.7



natural and physical resources in a way that enables people and communities to provide for their social, cultural and economic well-being and health and safety while sustaining those resources for future generations, protecting the life supporting capacity of ecosystems, and avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on the environment.

Section 6 of the Act sets out a number of matters of national importance including (but not limited to) the protection of outstanding natural features and landscapes and historic heritage from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.

Section 7 identifies a number of "other matters" to be given particular regard by Council and includes (but is not limited to) Kaitiakitanga, the efficient use of natural and physical resources, the maintenance and enhancement of amenity values, and maintenance and enhancement of the quality of the environment.

Section 8 requires Council to take into account the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi.

Overall, as the effects of the proposal are considered to be less than minor, and the proposal accords with the relevant OPD, PDP and RPS objectives and policies, it is considered that the proposal will not offend against the general resource management principles set out in Part 2 of the Act.

13.0 Other Matters (Section 104(1)(C))

13.1 Record of Title Interests

The Record of Title for the site are subject to a number of interests (refer Appendix 1).

Table 1: Record of Title interests

Legal Description	Identifier	Area	Interests
Lot 4 DP 543930	92524	57.4180 Hectares	Land Covenant – 5667663.9 Encumbrance – 5725412.3 Land Covenant Partial revocation – 6447651.4 Land Covenant – 6447651.10 Easement Instrument – 5667663.8 Easement Instrument – 5667663.10 Consent Notice – 5667663.5

13.2 Consent Notices

Consent notice 5667663.5 consists of 12 conditions, with those relevant to the subject site addressed below.

In relation to all lots

1. Prior to any earthworks commencing on the site the registered proprietor of a lot or part thereof ("registered proprietor") shall advise Iwi that such earthworks are commencing and invite Iwi to be present during such work. If during earthworks, any Koiwi or other archaeological remains are uncovered, works shall and the Iwi and the New Zealand Historic Place Trust shall be advised immediately.



Comment: The Applicant has been communicating with Ngati Rehia. This condition will be adhered to.

- 2. The registered proprietor shall procure that Mataka Limited shall carry out archaeological survey and assessment work by an appropriately qualified archaeologist in order to:
 - a. Identify and record Pa sites and associated features on Mataka Station;
 - b. Relocate previously recorded archaeological sites and record the current state and location of such sites where possible;
 - c. Accurately transpose the location of surveyed sites to updated plans, including where possible GPS positions.

The archaeological survey and assessment are to be completed within 1 year of the issue of a certificate under Section 224 of the Act and upon completion of the archaeological survey and assessment copies of such survey and assessment are to be forwarded to the Historic Places Trust and the Far North District Council. Each registered proprietor may fulfil the obligation contained in this condition by entering into a contract with Mataka Limited to comply with this condition.

Comment: Various archaeological surveys have been completed within this site. In support of this application Sunrise Archaeology have undertaken an archaeological assessment of the project, which included a specific archaeological survey of the portion of Lot 4 DP 323083 where the work is proposed. It was found that no sites are located within the proposed development area, and subsurface testing did not identify any subsurface archaeological material.

3. The registered proprietor shall ensure that the rules of the Mataka Residents Association Incorporated shall include covenants providing for registered proprietors of lots to be notified of the archaeological records affecting the lot purchased by each such registered proprietor, prohibiting the destruction of any archaeological site in contravention of the Historic Places Act 1993, and requiring the registered proprietor to undertake prior archaeological assessment when undertaking any earthworks near a recorded site. The registered proprietor shall ensure that such rules shall also prohibit the keeping of cats and mustelids. The keeping of dogs shall be limited to a maximum of 2 per lot which must be confined (by way of an escape proof enclosure) to the registered proprietor's exclusive use area, except when in the company of that registered proprietor (or other invitee) and then on a leash at all times

Comment: The Applicant has adhered to this condition.

4. The registered proprietor of each lot on deposited plan 323083 may erect one (I) dwelling house together with accessory buildings, including water storage facilities, except as may be provided by a subsequent resource consent or where the provisions of the District Plan applicable to the lot allow any additional building as a permitted activity. The dwelling houses and accessory buildings shall be located as shown on the Lands and Survey plan reference 5670/12 dated 24 February 2003 and shall be consistent with the relevant design criteria in the applicable District Plan.

Comment: One dwelling house and accessory buildings, a minor household unit is a controlled activity in the Rural Production zone, additional dwellings would require resource consent. Approval of this application will ensure compliance with this condition.



5. No building development may be located less than 10 metres from any archaeological sites, details of which are contained in the Architage Reports prepared by Diane Harlow dated November 2000 and May 2002

Comment: There are no archaeological sites identified on Lot 4.

6. All electricity, telecommunication and other utility services shall be underground, save that the electricity supplied to each lot may be supplied from an overhead supply existing as at the date of this consent notice.

Comment: The proposal has been designed to comply with this condition.

7. Any earthworks including those required to construct accessways to building sites shall be so designed to cause minimal impacts on the landscape and any exposed cuts shall be regrassed or planted in native vegetation.

Comment: The proposed works, landscaping and on-going maintenance have been designed to comply with this condition.

8. An effective Possum Control and Goat Eradication Program shall be established in consultation with and to the satisfaction of the Environmental Services Manager of the Far North District Council and thereafter shall be maintained by or on behalf of the registered proprietors of each of the lots on deposited plan 323083 at Mataka Station to minimise damage to existing and regenerating indigenous vegetation. In December of each year, the registered proprietor of each of the lots on deposited plan 323083 at Mataka Station or the Mataka Residents Association Incorporated shall provide a report to the Environmental Services Manager on the Possum and Goat Eradication Programme that has been done on such registered proprietor's lot by reference to that approved Eradication Programme. It is acknowledged that registered proprietors may discharge such obligations through the Possum Control and Goat Eradication Programme approved by the Environmental Services Manager and undertaken by the Mataka Residents Association.

Comment: The Applicant will comply with this condition.

9. All conservation areas as shown on a lot on deposited plan 323083 shall be preserved by the registered proprietor of that lot, and the registered proprietor shall not, without the written approval of the Council, and then only in strict compliance with any of the conditions imposed by the Council, cut down, damage or destroy any of such conservation areas or suffer or permit the cutting down, damaging or destruction of the trees, bush or other areas comprising the conservation areas. No registered proprietor shall be in breach of this provision if any of the trees, bush or features within the conservation areas shall die from natural causes not attributed to any act or default, by or on behalf of the registered proprietor, or for which the registered proprietor is not responsible. All fencing required as a condition of consent shall. be maintained in stockproof condition. Each registered proprietor may comply with such obligation by or through the Mataka Residents Association.

Comment: Area J on the Lot 4 is in conservation covenant and has been protected.

10. All areas on a lot subject to the landscaping plan prepared by DJ Scott Associates Ltd dated December 2000 or the landscaping plan prepared by Linda Clapham for Lot 19 dated 20 June 2003 shall be preserved by the registered proprietor of that lot in the same manner and to the



same extent as provided for in the relevant landscaping plan and the registered proprietor shall not, without the written approval of the Council, and then only in strict compliance with any of the conditions imposed by the Council, cut down, damage or destroy any of the landscaping or suffer or permit the cutting down, damaging or destruction of the trees, bush or other features comprising the landscaped areas. No registered proprietor shall be in breach of this provision if any of the trees, bush or features within the landscaped areas shall die from natural causes not attributed to any act or default, by or on behalf of the registered proprietor, or for which the registered proprietor is not responsible.

Comment: Landscaped areas are outside lot 4.

13.3 Easements

The application site is subject to a number of easements, including right to covey electricity in favour of Top Energy, right to covey telecommunications, conservation covenants and communal access to different areas and facilities within the station. The proposed development will not impact these easements.

13.4 Land Covenants

Land Covenants are registered on the title that relate to numerous areas and facilities within the station and house locations, including that of the Valley Lot. Compliance with the land covenants has not been considered as part of this assessment. Private land covenants are civil legal agreements between parties, they are not within the bounds of Council's jurisdiction and do not have resource consent implications. As such, it is ultimately the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that any future development of the site is undertaken in accordance with the requirements of any land covenants registered on the title.

14.0 Conclusion

The proposal involves to construct a principal dwelling and a minor dwelling with associated works at Lot 4 Matak Station.

Based on the above report it is considered that:

- Public notification is not required as adverse effects in relation to landscape, character and amenity effects, transportation, infrastructure and servicing, land disturbance and construction activities, geotechnical effects, heritage, fire risk, flood risk and ecology are considered to be less than minor;
- Limited notification is not required as written approval has been obtained from Eloise Caswell and Donald Chandler as the owner/occupier of 148 Oihi Road, Te Ti being Lot 5 Mataka Station and the proposed buildings are sufficiently separated to avoid potential adverse amenity, private or dominance effects on adjoining properties;
- The proposal accords with the relevant OPD, PDP, RPS and NZCPS ; and
- The proposal is considered to be consistent with Part 2 of the Act.

It is therefore concluded that the proposal satisfies all matters the consent authority is required to assess, and that it can be granted on a non-notified basis.



RECORD OF TITLE UNDER LAND TRANSFER ACT 2017 FREEHOLD

Search Copy



R.W. Muir Registrar-General of Land

Identifier	92524
Land Registration District	North Auckland
Date Issued	22 July 2003

Prior ReferencesNA41D/143NA41D/4NA41D/5

Estate	Fee Simple					
Area	57.4180 hectares more or less					
Legal Description	Lot 4 Deposited Plan 323083					
Registered Owners						
Michael Frederick Gilson						

Interests

5667663.5 Consent Notice pursuant to Section 221 Resource Management Act 1991 - 22.7.2003 at 3:35 pm

Subject to a right (in gross) to transmit electricity over part marked V on DP 323083 in favour of Top Energy Limited created by Easement Instrument 5667663.8 - 22.7.2003 at 3:35 pm

The easements created by Easement Instrument 5667663.8 are subject to Section 243 (a) Resource Management Act 1991

Land Covenant in Easement Instrument 5667663.9 - 22.7.2003 at 3:35 pm

Subject to right of way and telecommunications easementsover part marked V on DP 323083 created by Easement Instrument 5667663.10 - 22.7.2003 at 3:35 pm

Appurtenant hereto are right of way and telecommunications easements created by Easement Instrument 5667663.10 - 22.7.2003 at 3:35 pm

The easements created by Easement Instrument 5667663.10 are subject to Section 243 (a) Resource Management Act 1991

5725412.3 Encumbrance to Mataka Residents Association Incorporated - 10.9.2003 at 3:45 pm

6447651.4 Partial revocation of Land Covenant 5667663.9 as to CT 92542 and Lots 40 - 41 DP 346421 - 7.6.2005 at 9:00 am

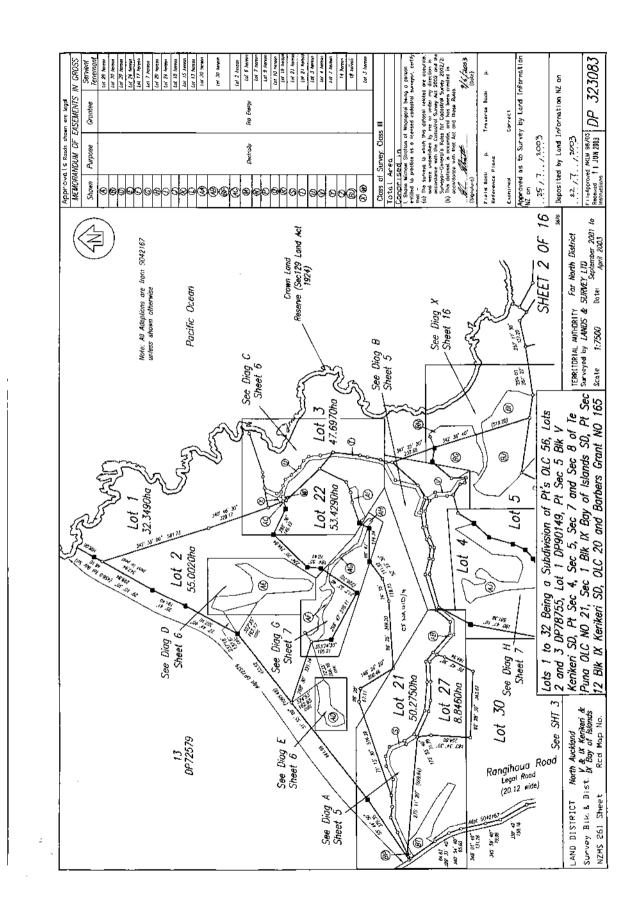
Land Covenant in Deed 6447651.10 - 7.6.2005 at 9:00 am

Approvals Reads shown are legal	I hereby certify that this clan was approved by the	For North Strict Councy pursuent to Section 223	day of	reserving of the solements set out in the Memorandum hereon, and subject to the amalgamation	condition set out histean.	P. H. Lalan Muthorised Officer		MEMORANDUM OF EASEMENIS		(enemant		[019 5 \$7 hereon	(abs 35-17 Apresus 141 & Apreson 141 & Apres	100 15 21 15 216 hereite	Fight of May Lots 12-15 & 18	Cold 12 13 # 16 Led 28 harman	(1) (2012 13-15 4 18 101 24 MOTEO	Lat 12-15 herean (at 12 herean	CO 12 4:13 IMUGAS EN 13 ANNAGE	Lot 12 84104		Low 7-5, 24.0 22 Low 30 Acres	Telecontracticas	100 PT 100	Class of Survey: Class III	7ata Acea1123 9008hd	Comprised in Aurio/S Aurio/6 Aurio/4	104/23/25/24/24/20/24/20/2 42/20/2 42/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/24/20/2	Anticy for the section of when we being a present	entitled to proceive de a licensed codastral surveyor, detaily that -	12 P.	conce with the boundary of an addition of the second secon	and those Ruk	Real Rhalt 916 2003		Field Back p. Traverse Back p. Reference Plans			NUZ ON	25/ 7 / 2003	Decosited by Lond Information N7 on		FILEADPROVED AND 32/03 DP 32 308.3	
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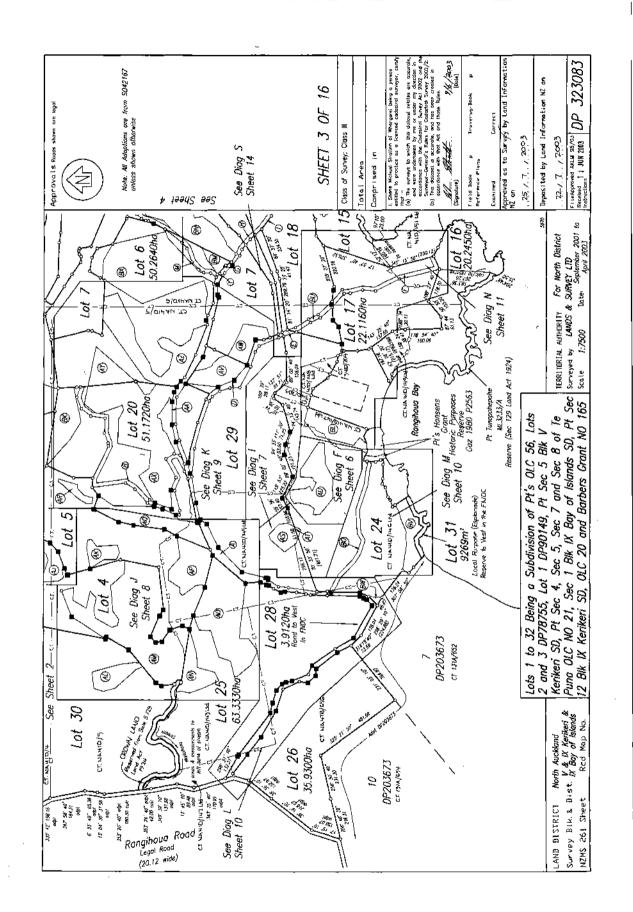
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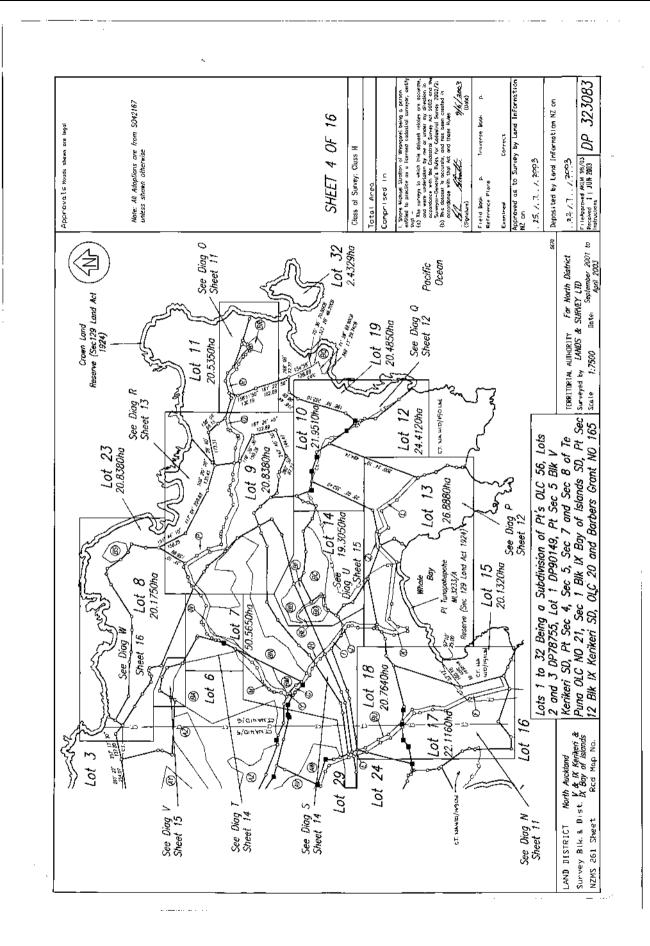


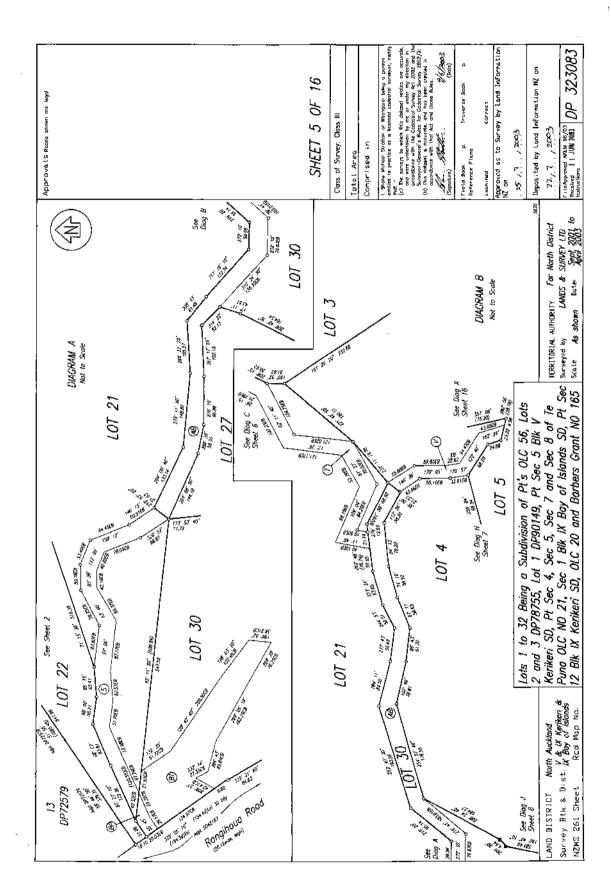
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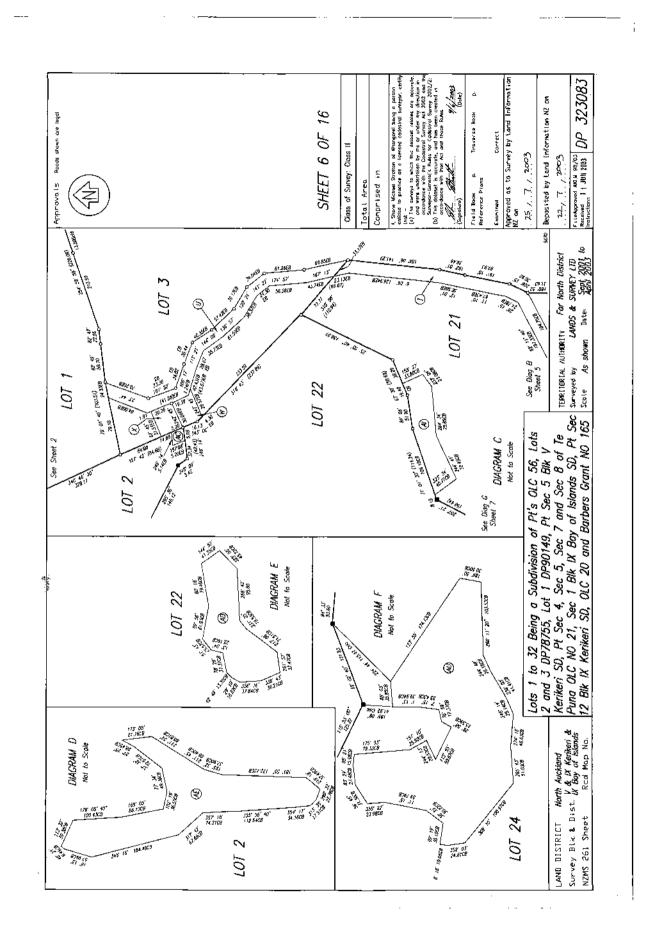




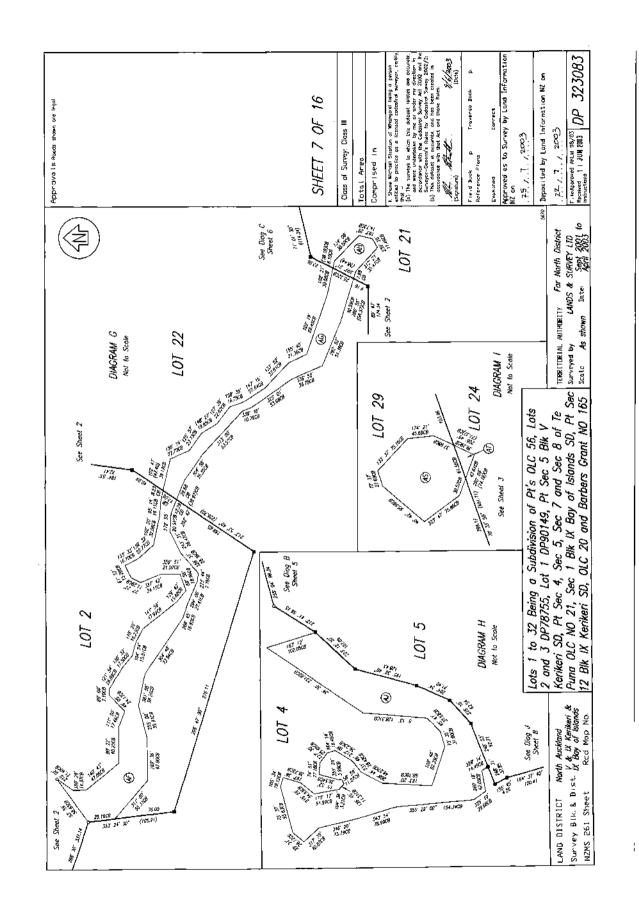
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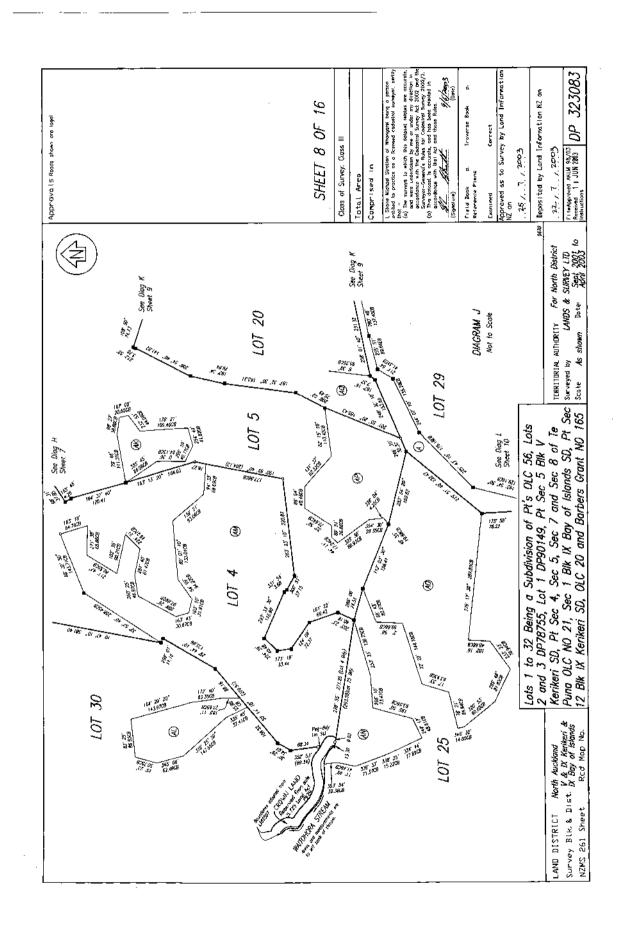
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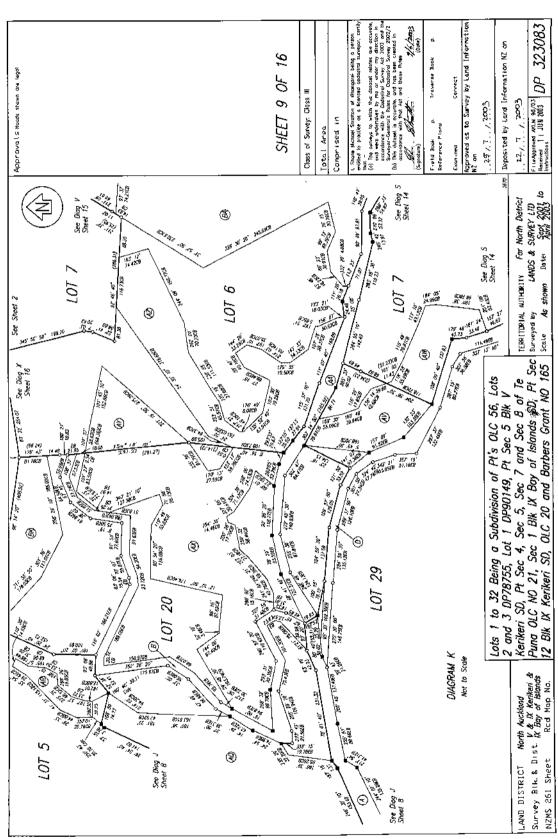


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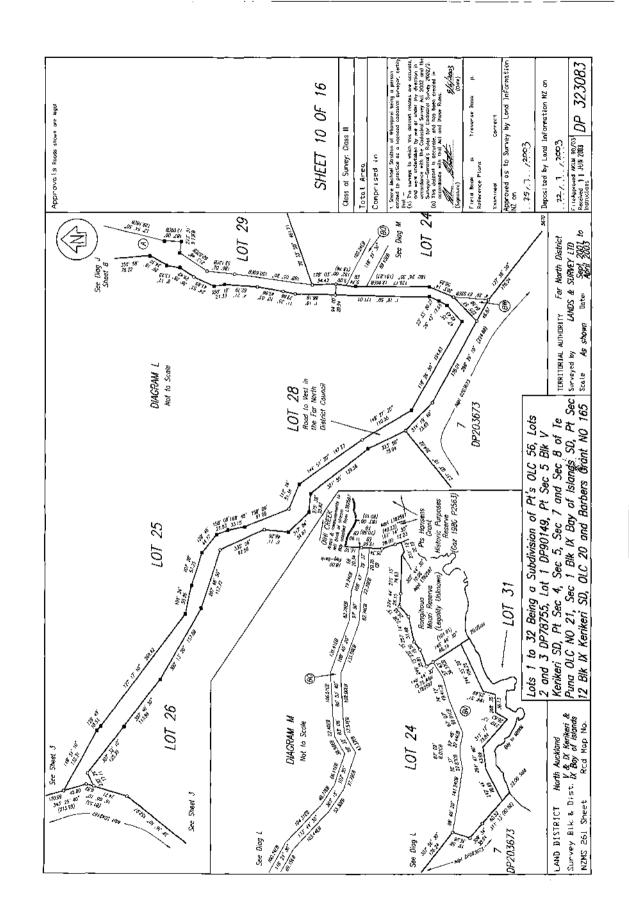


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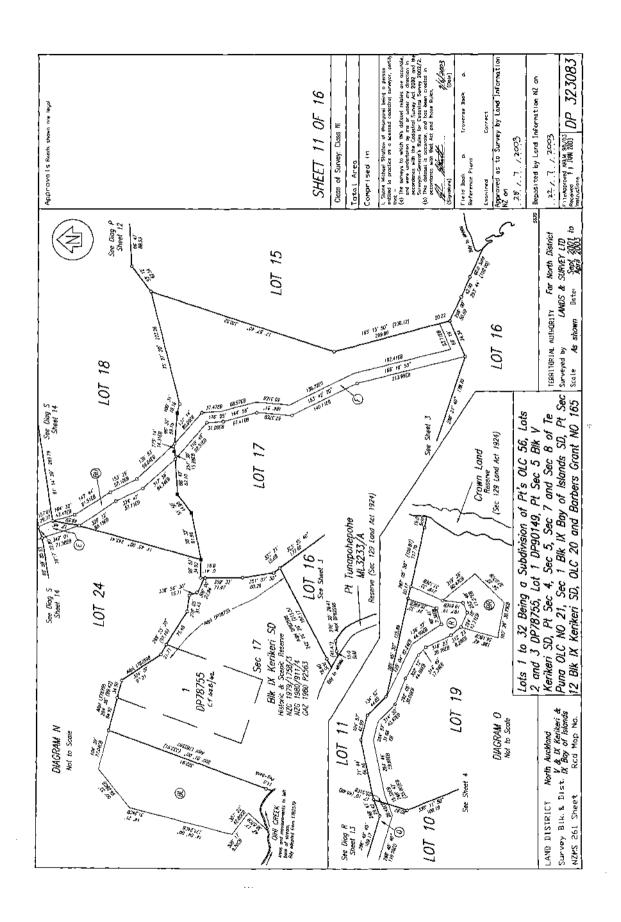


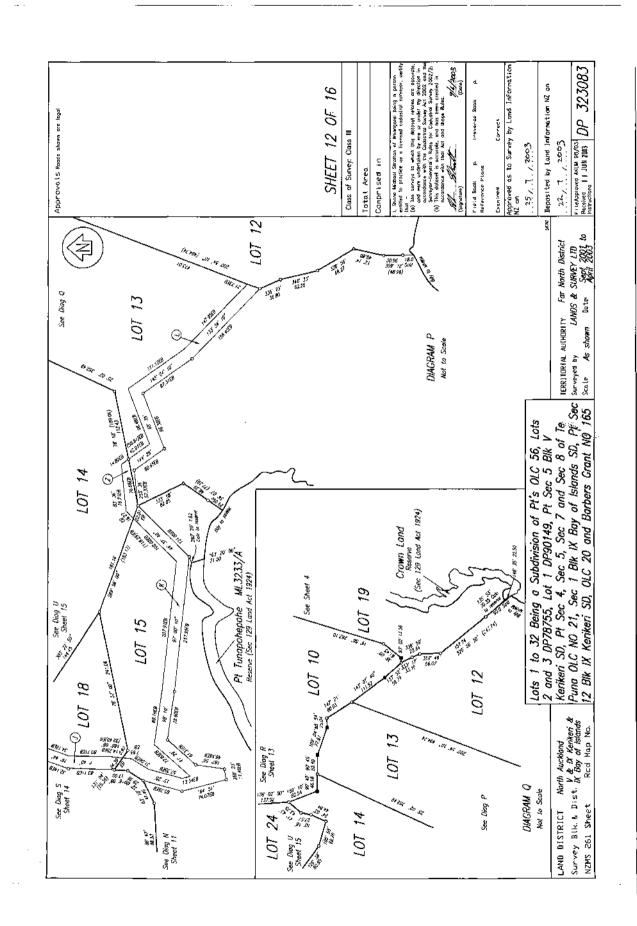


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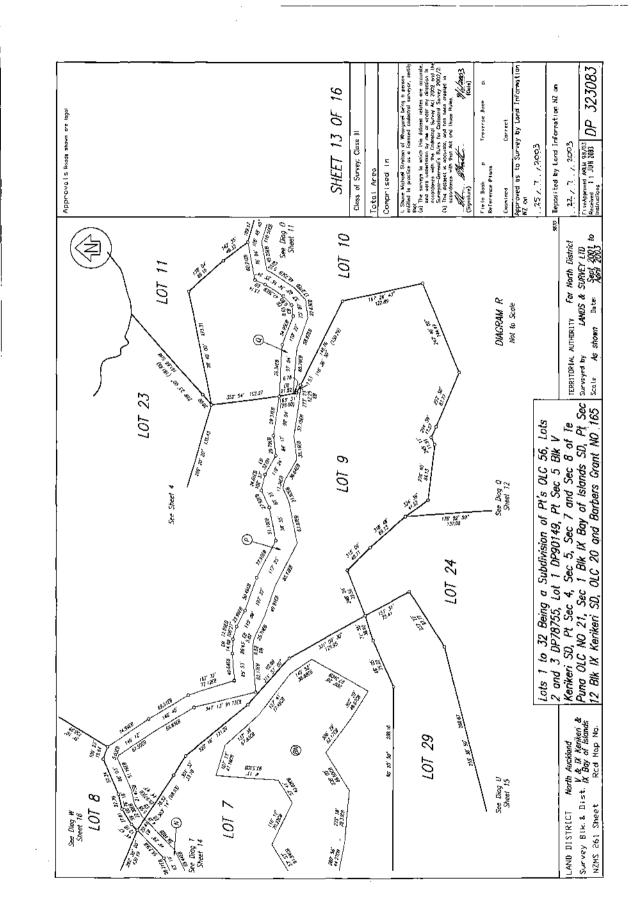


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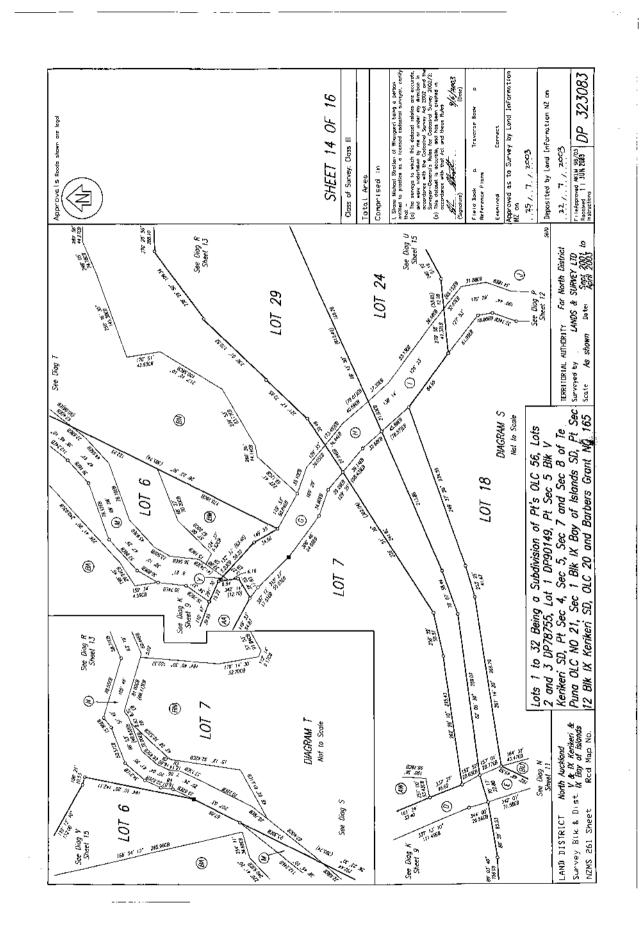




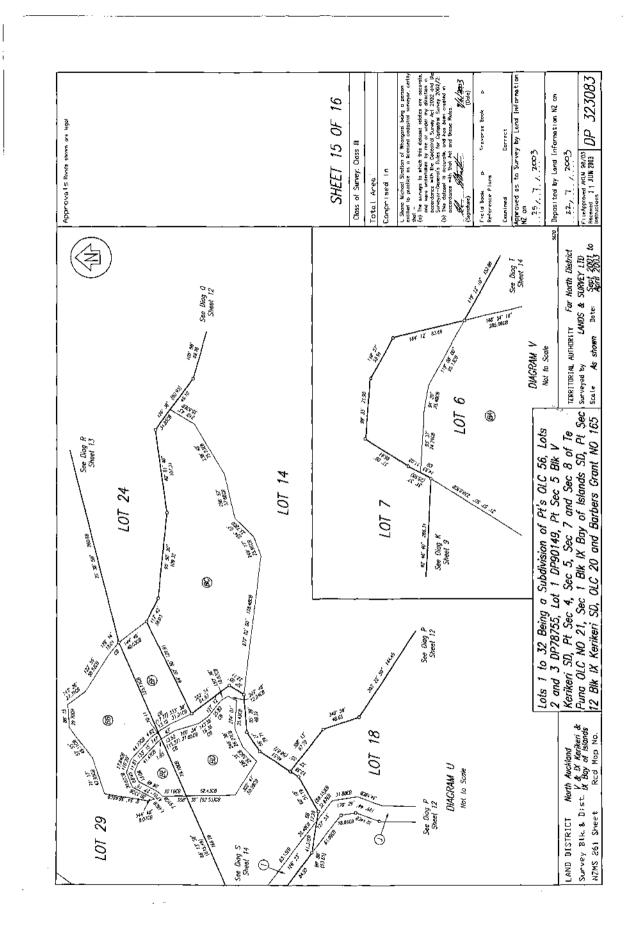
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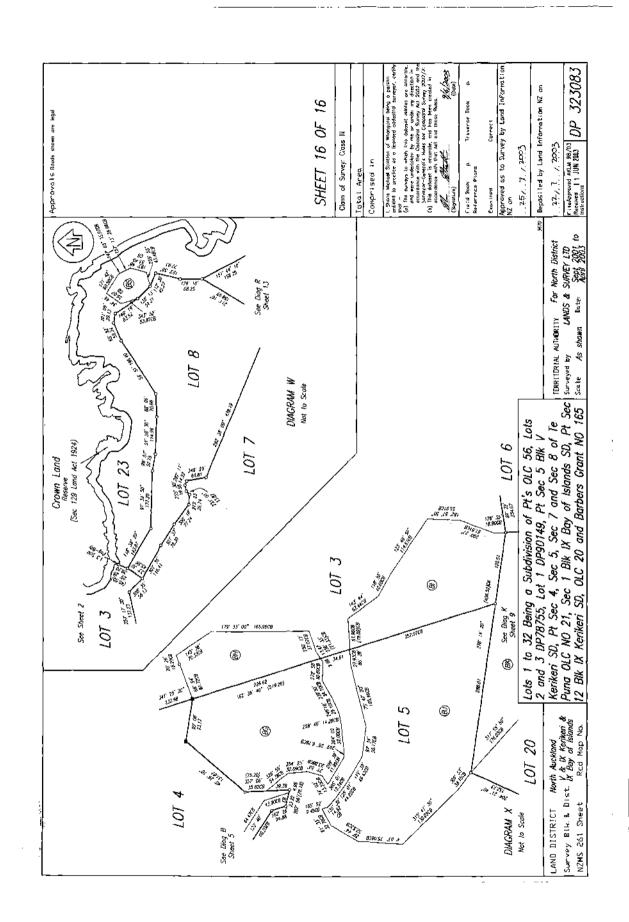


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FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL



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CONSENT NOTICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 221 OF THE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT 1991

In the matter of a Consent Notice issued pursuant to Section 221 of the Resource Management Act 1991 ("Act") in respect of Subdivision Consents RC 2010428, RC 2020211, RC 2030467 and RC 2030988 for the subdivision ("subdivision") on the survey plan DP 323083 showing Lots 1-27 and 29-32 being a subdivision of Pt's OLC 56, Lots 2 and 3 DP 78755, Lot 1 DP90149, Pt Sec 5 Blk V Kerikeri SD, Pt Sec 4, Sec 5, Sec 7 and Sec 8 of Te Puna OLC No 21, Sec 1 Blk IX Bay of Islands SD, Pt Sec 12 Blk IX Kerikeri SD, OLC 20 and Barbers Grant No 165.

I, P J Killalea, the Resource Consents Manager of the Far North District Council, hereby certify that pursuant to conditions of the Council's consent of 12 February 2001, as varied on 20 November 2001, 23 December 2002 and 30 May 2003, the following shall apply:

In relation to all Lots

- 1. Prior to any earthworks commencing on site the registered proprietor of a lot or part thereof ("registered proprietor") shall advise lwi that such earthworks are commencing and invite lwi to be present during such work. If during earthworks, any Koiwi or other archaeological remains are uncovered, works shall cease and the lwi and the New Zealand Historic Places Trust shall be advised immediately.
- The registered proprietor shall procure that Mataka Limited shall carry out archaeological survey and assessment work by an appropriately qualified archaeologist in order to:
 - (a) identify and record Pa sites and associated features on Mataka Station;
 - (b) Relocate previously recorded archaeological sites and record the current state and location of such sites where possible;
 - (c) Accurately transpose the location of surveyed sites to updated plans, including where possible GPS positions;

The archaeological survey and assessment is to be completed within 1 year of the issue of a certificate under Section 224 of the Act and upon completion of the archaeological survey and assessment copies of such survey and assessment are to be forwarded to the Historic Places Trust and the Far North District Council. Each registered proprietor may fulfil the obligation contained in this condition by entering into a contract with Mataka Limited to comply with this condition.

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- The registered proprietor shall ensure that the rules of the Mataka Residents 3. Association Incorporated shall include covenants providing for registered proprietors of lots to be notified of the archaeological records affecting the lot purchased by each such registered proprietor, prohibiting the destruction of any archaeological site in contravention of the Historic Places Act 1993, and requiring the registered proprietor to undertake prior archaeological assessment when undertaking any earthworks near a recorded site. The registered proprietor shall ensure that such rules shall also prohibit the keeping of cats and mustelids. The keeping of dogs shall be limited to a maximum of 2 per lot which must be confined (by way of an escape proof enclosure) to the registered proprietor's exclusive use area, except when in the company of that registered proprietor (or other invitee) and then on a leash at all times.
- 4. The registered proprietor of each lot on deposited plan 323083 may erect one (I) dwelling house together with accessory buildings, including water storage facilities, except as may be provided by a subsequent resource consent or where the provisions of the District Plan applicable to the lot allow any additional building as a permitted activity. The dwelling houses and accessory buildings shall be located as shown on the Lands and Survey plan reference 5670/12 dated 24 February 2003 and shall be consistent with the relevant design criteria in the applicable District Plan.
- 5. No building development may be located less than 10 metres from any archaeological sites, details of which are contained in the Architage Reports prepared by Diane Harlow dated November 2000 and May 2002.
- 6. All electricity, telecommunication and other utility services shall be underground, save that the electricity supplied to each lot may be supplied from an overhead supply existing as at the date of this consent notice.
- 7. Any earthworks including those required to construct accessways to building sites shall be so designed to cause minimal impacts on the landscape and any exposed cuts shall be regrassed or planted in native vegetation.
- An effective Possum Control and Goat Eradication Program shall be established in 8. consultation with and to the satisfaction of the Environmental Services Manager of the Far North District Council and thereafter shall be maintained by or on behalf of the registered proprietors of each of the lots on deposited plan 323083 at Mataka Station to minimise damage to existing and regenerating indigenous vegetation. In December of each year, the registered proprietor of each of the lots on deposited plan 323083 at Mataka Station or the Mataka Residents Association Incorporated shall provide a report to the Environmental Services Manager on the Possum and Goat Eradication Programme that has been done on such registered proprietor's lot by reference to that approved Eradication Programme. It is acknowledged that registered proprietors may discharge such obligations through the Possum Control and Goat Eradication Programme approved by the Environmental Services Manager and undertaken by the Mataka Residents Association.
- 9. All conservation areas as shown on a lot on deposited plan 323083 shall be preserved by the registered proprietor of that lot, and the registered proprietor shall not, without the written approval of the Council, and then only in strict compliance with any of the conditions imposed by the Council, cut down, damage or destroy any of such conservation areas or suffer or permit the cutting down, damaging or destruction of the trees, bush or other areas comprising the conservation areas. No registered proprietor shall be in breach of this provision if any of the trees, bush or features within the conservation areas shall die from natural causes not attributed to any act or default, by or on behalf of the registered proprietor, or for which the registered proprietor is not responsible. All fencing required as a condition of consent shall be maintained in stockproof condition. Each registered proprietor may comply with such obligation by or through the Mataka Residents Association

10. All areas on a lot subject to the landscaping plan prepared by DJ Scott Associates Ltd dated December 2000 or the landscaping plan prepared by Linda Clapham for Lot 19 dated 20 June 2003 shall be preserved by the registered proprietor of that lot in the same manner and to the same extent as provided for in the relevant landscaping plan and the registered proprietor shall not, without the written approval of the Council, and then only in strict compliance with any of the conditions imposed by the Council, cut down, damage or destroy any of the landscaping or suffer or permit the cutting down, damaging or destruction of the trees, bush or other features comprising the landscaped areas. No registered proprietor shall be in breach of this provision if any of the trees, bush or features within the landscaped areas shall die from natural causes not attributed to any act or default, by or on behalf of the registered proprietor, or for which the registered proprietor is not responsible.

In relation to Lots 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15 and 18

11. Earthworks for Lots 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 15 and 18 as shown on deposited plan 323083 are to be monitored by a suitably qualified archaeologist for the purposes of identifying any unrecorded subsurface archaeological remains.

In relation to Lots 19 and 23

12. Development on Lots 19 and 23 shall be limited to one building only of not more than 500m² per lot and shall be within the building areas identified on deposited plan 323083 as "BR" in respect of Lot 19 and "BS" in respect of Lot 23. The buildings on Lots 19 and 23 shall be located below the ridgeline behind the building site and shall not exceed a height of 5 metres above natural ground level or finished ground height whichever results in the height of the building being lower when measured above sea level. Any parking areas shall be located landward of the building. The exterior appearance of any buildings shall be designed to be visually unobtrusive by the use of appropriate design, materials and exterior colours. The access to the building areas including landscaping shall be completed generally in accordance with the plans and details provided to Council and approved by Council's Resource Consents Manager.

This Consent Notice is to be registered on the new Certificates of Title to be issued for Lots 1-27 and 29-32 DP 323083.

Dated this 18 H day of July 2003

Signed by **P J Killalea** of the Far North District) Council on behalf of, and by the authority of the) said Council

P. Killalea



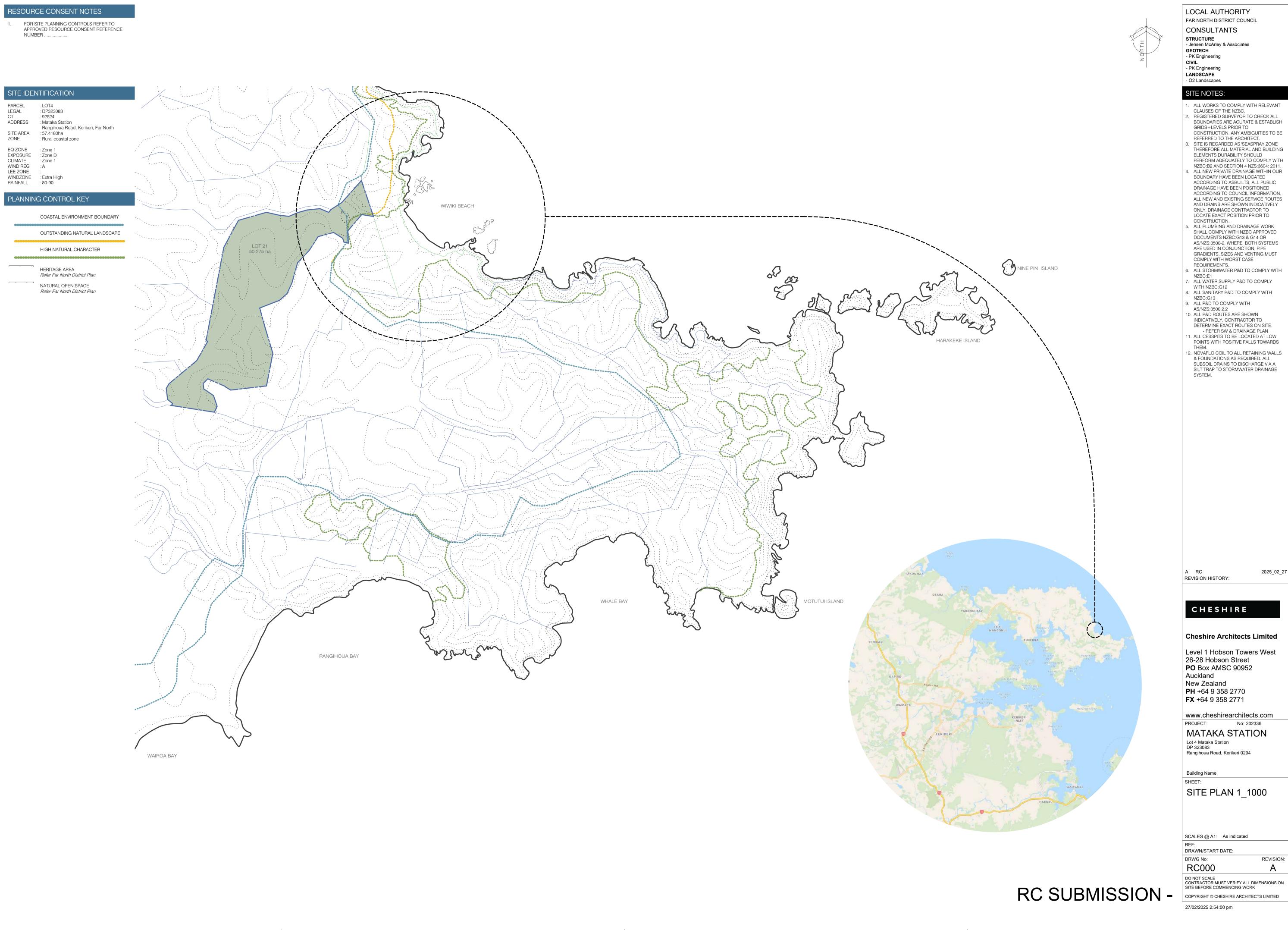
CHESHIRE

Cheshire Architects Limited Level 1 Hobson Towers West 26-28 Hobson Street Auckland New Zealand PO Box AMSC 90952 PH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 2771 EM www.cheshirearchitects.com WB www.cheshirearchitects.com

MATAKA STATION 202336

Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294

RESOURCE CONSENT NOTES

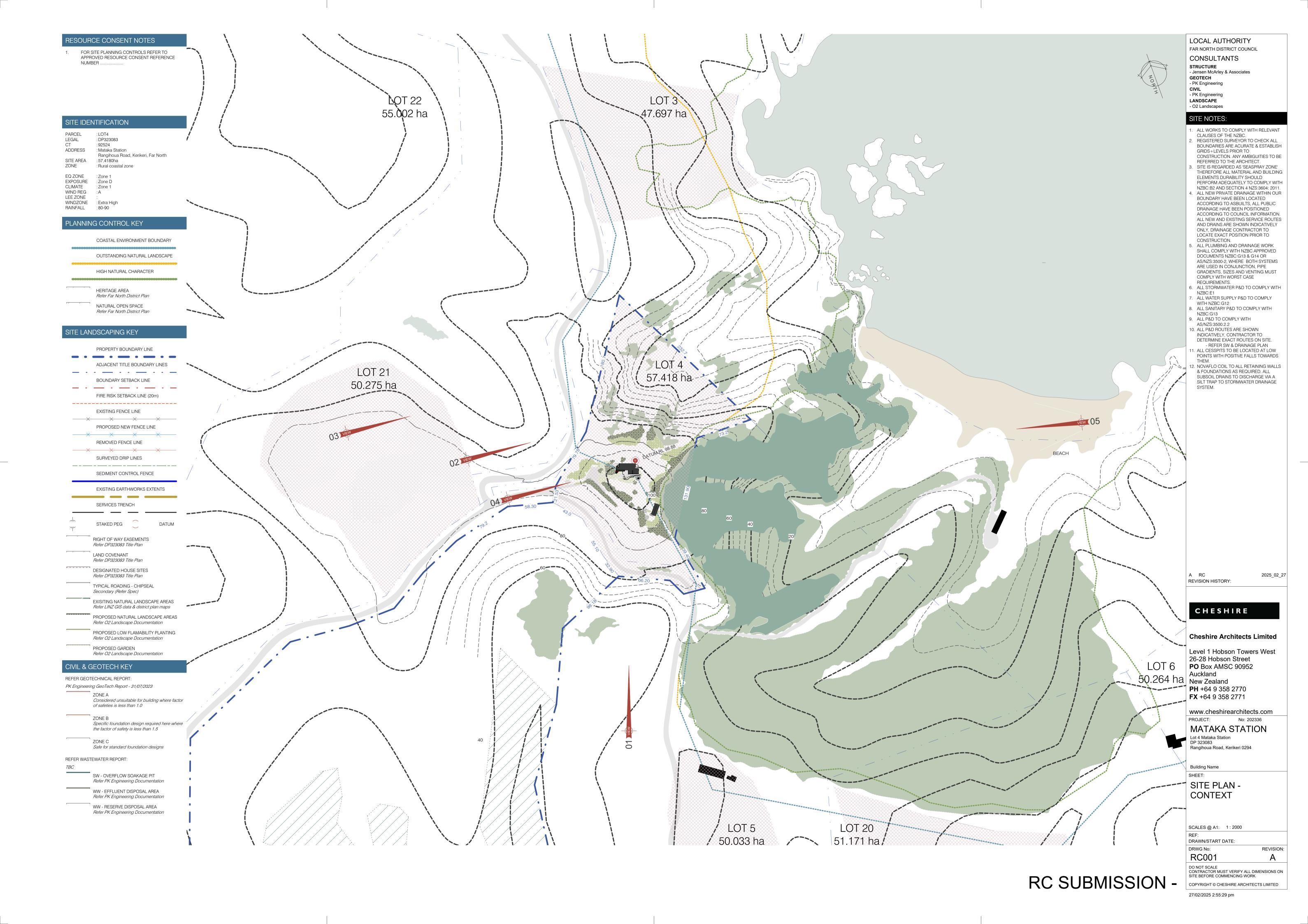


 ONLY, DRAINAGE CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE EXACT POSITION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ALL PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH NZBC APPROVED DOCUMENTS NZBC:G13 & G14 OR AS/NZS:3500-2, WHERE BOTH SYSTEMS ARE USED IN CONJUNCTION, PIPE GRADIENTS, SIZES AND VENTING MUST COMPLY WITH WORST CASE REQUIREMENTS. ALL STORMWATER P&D TO COMPLY WITH NZBC:G12 ALL WATER SUPPLY P&D TO COMPLY WITH NZBC:G13 ALL P&D TO COMPLY WITH AS/NZS:3500.2.2 ALL P&D TO COMPLY WITH AS/NZS:3500.2.2 ALL P&D ROUTES ARE SHOWN INDICATIVELY, CONTRACTOR TO DETERMINE EXACT ROUTES ON SITE. - REFER SW & DRAINAGE PLAN ALL CESSPITS TO BE LOCATED AT LOW POINTS WITH POSITIVE FALLS TOWARDS THEM. NOVAFLO COIL TO ALL RETAINING WALLS & FOUNDATIONS AS REQUIRED. ALL SUBSOIL DRAINS TO DISCHARGE VIA A SILT TRAP TO STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM. 	
RC 2025_02_3 EVISION HISTORY:	2
CHESHIRE	
Cheshire Architects Limited evel 1 Hobson Towers West 6-28 Hobson Street O Box AMSC 90952 Auckland New Zealand PH +64 9 358 2770 X +64 9 358 2771	
WWW.cheshirearchitects.com ROJECT: No: 202336 WATAKA STATION ot 4 Mataka Station OP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294	

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REVISION:

А



SITE IDENTIFICATION

PARCEL LEGAL CT	: LOT4 : DP323083 : 92524
ADDRESS	: Mataka Station
	Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri, Far North
SITE AREA	:57.4180ha
ZONE	: Rural coastal zone
EQ ZONE	:Zone 1
EXPOSURE	:Zone D
CLIMATE	:Zone 1
WIND REG	:A
LEE ZONE	:

WASTEWATER CONSENT NOTES

1. FOR SITE PLANNING WASTE WATER CONTROLS REFER TO CIVIL WORKS DOCUMENTATION : 23-03BA-B - Gilson Engineering (RO).pdf

EARTHWORKS NOTES

WINDZONE : Extra High

:80-90

RAINFALL

- 1. FOR PERMITTED SITE EXCAVATION EXTENTS REFER TO CIVIL WORKS DOCUMENTATION : 23-038A - Gilsons Earthworks Plans.pdf
- 2. FNDC GRANTED EARTHWORKS PERMIT REFER TO REFERENCE # :
- 3000042-LGAEWK

PLANNING CONTROL KEY

- COASTAL ENVIRONMENT BOUNDARY OUTSTANDING NATURAL LANDSCAPE HIGH NATURAL CHARACTER
- HERITAGE AREA Refer Far North District Plan
- NATURAL OPEN SPACE Refer Far North District Plan

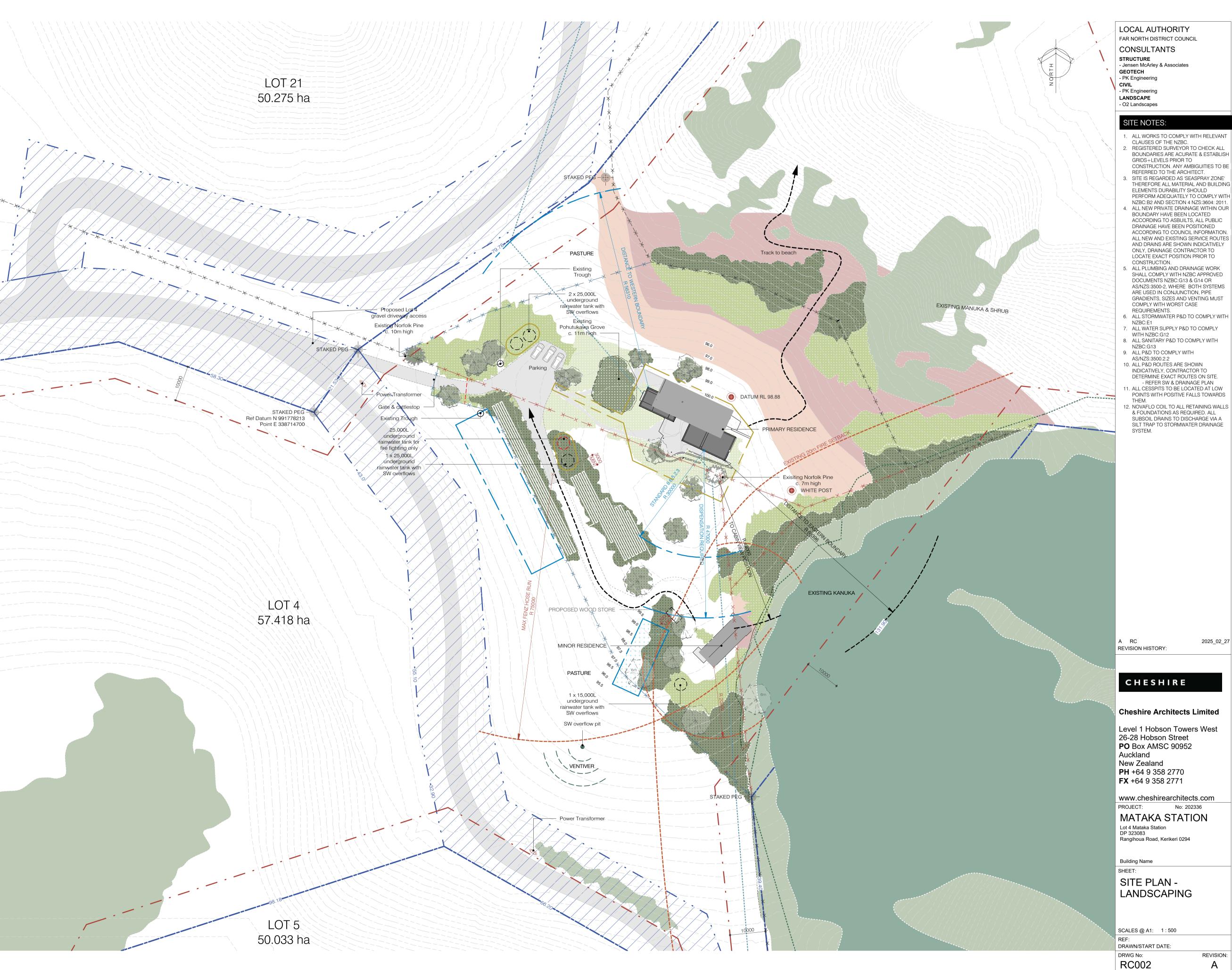
SITE LANDSCAPING KEY

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY LINE **— · — · — ·** ADJACENT TITLE BOUNDARY LINES BOUNDARY SETBACK LINE _ · _ · _ · _ · _ FIRE RISK SETBACK LINE (20m) _____ EXISTING FENCE LINE ____X X X X PROPOSED NEW FENCE LINE REMOVED FENCE LINE — X X X X SURVEYED DRIP LINES _____ SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE EXISTING EARTHWORKS EXTENTS SERVICES TRENCH STAKED PEG RIGHT OF WAY EASEMENTS Refer DP323083 Title Plan LAND COVENANT Refer DP323083 Title Plan DESIGNATED HOUSE SITES Refer DP323083 Title Plan TYPICAL ROADING - CHIPSEAL Secondary (Refer Spec) EXISITING NATURAL LANDSCAPE AREAS Refer LINZ GIS data & district plan maps PROPOSED NATURAL LANDSCAPE AREAS Refer O2 Landscape Documentation PROPOSED LOW FLAMABILITY PLANTING Refer O2 Landscape Documentation
- PROPOSED GARDEN Refer O2 Landscape Documentation CIVIL & GEOTECH KEY

REFER GEOT	ECHNICAL REPORT:
23-03BA-B - 0	Gilson Engineering (RO).pdf
	ZONE A Considered unsuitable for building where fact of safeties is less than 1.0
	ZONE B Specific foundation design required here whe the factor of safety is less than 1.5
·	ZONE C Safe for standard foundation designs
REFER WAST	EWATER REPORT:
23-03BA-B - (Gilson Engineering (RO).pdf

ngineering (RO).pc SW - OVERFLOW SOAKAGE PIT Refer PK Engineering Documentation WW - EFFLUENT DISPOSAL AREA Refer PK Engineering Documentation

WW - RESERVE DISPOSAL AREA Refer PK Engineering Documentation



RC SUBMISSION -

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2025_02_27

WASTEWATER CONSENT NOTES

 FOR SITE PLANNING WASTE WATER CONTROLS REFER TO CIVIL WORKS DOCUMENTATION : 23-03BA-B - Gilson Engineering (RO).pdf

PASTURE

EARTHWORKS NOTES

- 1. FOR PERMITTED SITE EXCAVATION EXTENTS REFER TO CIVIL WORKS DOCUMENTATION : 23-038A - Gilsons Earthworks Plans.pdf
- ENDC GRANTED EARTHWORKS PERMIT REFER TO REFERENCE # :
 3000042-LGAEWK

AREA PLAN NOTES

1.

- AREA CALCULATIONS ARE ADVISARY ONLY AND RELATE TO AN ARCHITECTURAL DEVELOPED DESIGN STAGE. ALL AREA FIGURES MAY VARY SUBJECT TO FURTHER COORDINATION OF BUILDING STRUCTURE, SERVICES AND FACADE, AND SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON.
- AND SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON. A. EXCEPT MINOR DWELLING AREA FIGURES - SUBJECT TO MAX CONSTRAINTS OF FNDC OPERATIVE PLAN
- a. As Per Rule 8.6.5.2.3 B. EARTHWORKS CALCULATIONS
- a. As Per EARTHWORKS PERMIT -3000042-LGAEWK FIGURES ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY, AND
- SHOULD BE CHECKED AND VERIFIED BY A LICENSED SURVEYOR.
- PRIMARY DWELLING GFA FOOTPRINT = $254m^2$ PRIMARY DWELLING COVERAGE = $278m^2$ MINOR DWELLING GFA FOOTPRINT = $52m^2$ MINOR DWELLING COVERED STORAGE = $18m^2$

*===+

MINOR DWELLING COVERAGE = $70m^2$

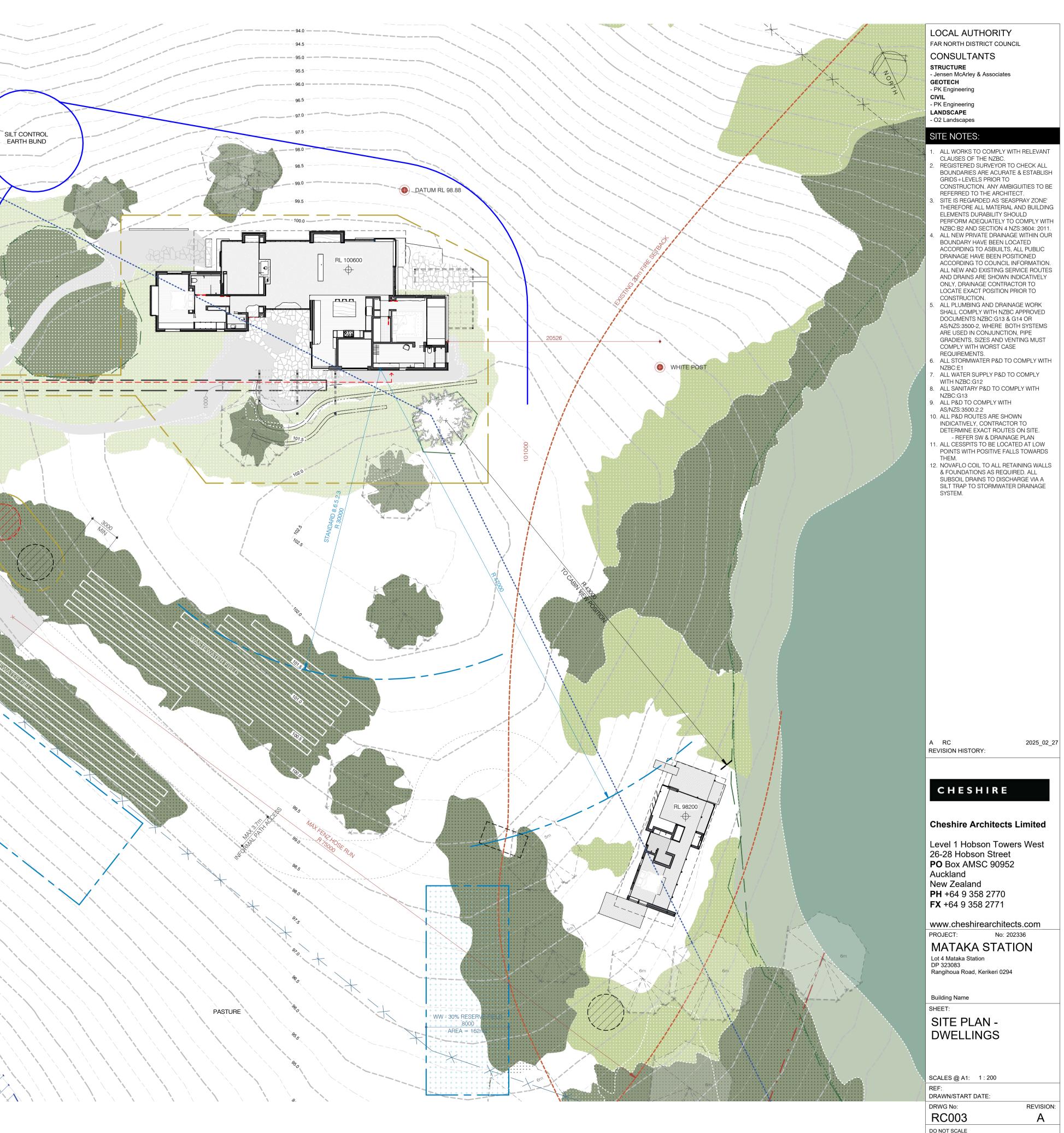
SITE LANDSCAPING KEY

	PROPERTY BOUNDARY LINE
	ADJACENT TITLE BOUNDARY LINES
	BOUNDARY SETBACK LINE
	FIRE RISK SETBACK LINE (20m)
	EXISTING FENCE LINE
	PROPOSED NEW FENCE LINE
——————————————————————————————————————	X X REMOVED FENCE LINE
X	X X X X
	SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE
	EXISTING EARTHWORKS EXTENTS
	SERVICES TRENCH
-(()-	STAKED PEG DATUM
17 7 A	RIGHT OF WAY EASEMENTS <i>Refer DP323083 Title Plan</i>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LAND COVENANT <i>Refer DP323083 Title Plan</i>
	DESIGNATED HOUSE SITES <i>Refer DP323083 Title Plan</i>
	TYPICAL ROADING - CHIPSEAL Secondary (Refer Spec)
	EXISITING NATURAL LANDSCAPE AREAS Refer LINZ GIS data & district plan maps
	PROPOSED NATURAL LANDSCAPE AREAS Refer O2 Landscape Documentation
	PROPOSED LOW FLAMABILITY PLANTING Refer O2 Landscape Documentation
	PROPOSED GARDEN Refer O2 Landscape Documentation
CIVIL & G	EOTECH KEY
REFER GEOT	ECHNICAL REPORT:
23-03BA-B - C	Gilson Engineering (RO).pdf
	ZONE A
	Considered unsuitable for building where fact of safeties is less than 1.0
	ZONE B Specific foundation design required here when the factor of safety is less than 1.5
·	ZONE C

ZONE C Safe for standard foundation designs REFER WASTEWATER REPORT:

23-03BA-B - Gilson Engineering (RO).pdf SW - OVERFLOW SOAKAGE PIT Refer PK Engineering Documentation WW - EFFLUENT DISPOSAL AREA Refer PK Engineering Documentation

WW - RESERVE DISPOSAL AREA Refer PK Engineering Documentation



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RESOURCE CONSENT NOTES FOR SITE PLANNING CONTROLS REFER TO APPROVED RESOURCE CONSENT REFERENCE

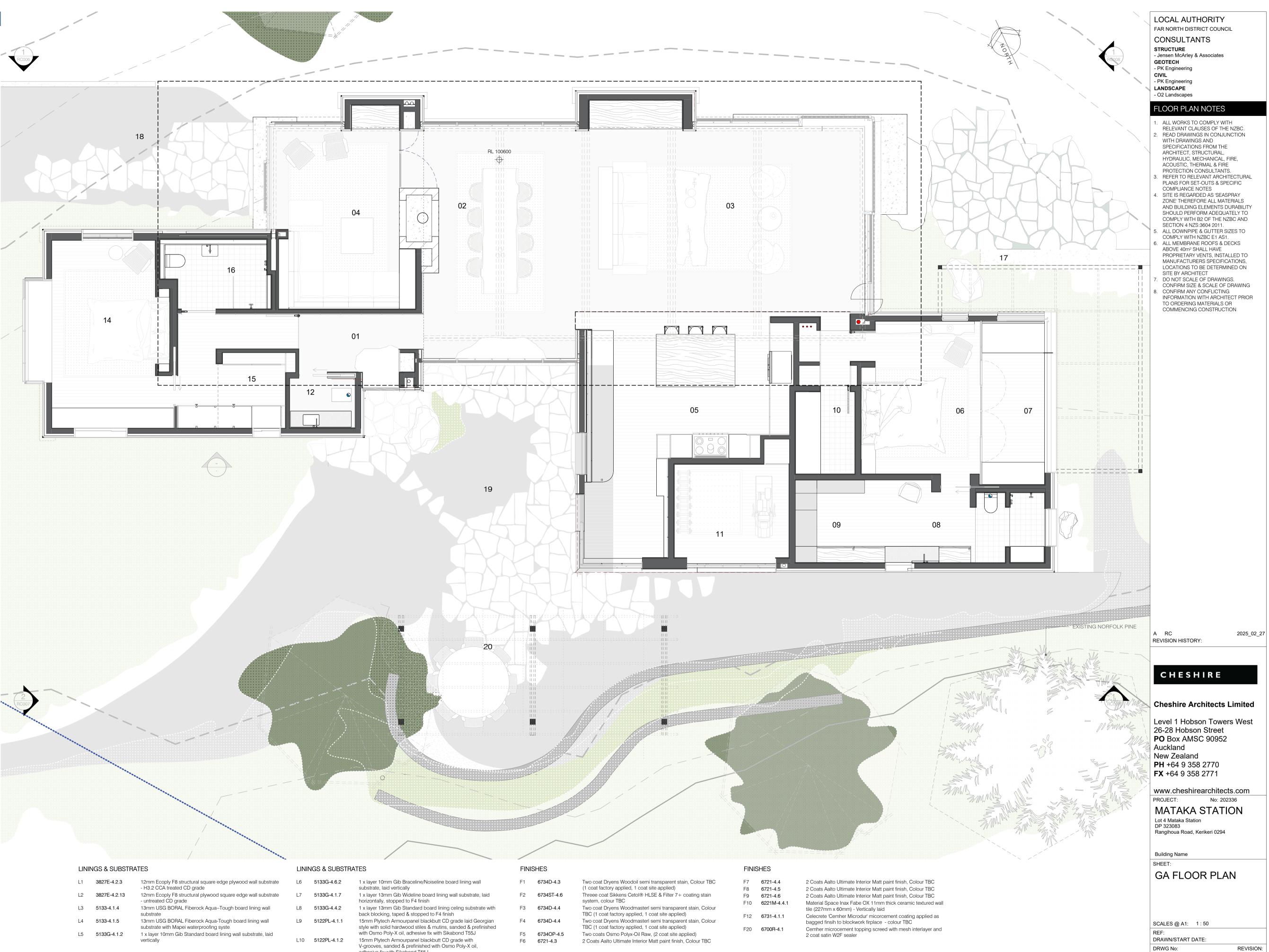
NUMBE	ER
GENERAL	KEY
	NCLOSURE KEY: levations/sections
0000-0.00 —●	CBI CLASS KEYNOTE
• 00	FLOOR TYPE FINISH
G01 W01	KEYNOTE / WALL TYPE
D1.01	DOOR REFERENCE. REF. DOOR SCHEDULE
(W1.01)	WINDOW REFERENCE. REF. JOINERY SCHEDULE
↓ RL 2000	EXISTING SPOT LEVEL
	NEW SPOT LEVEL
SL 2000	SLAB / SUBSTRATE LEVEL
FFL+20	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL (ABOVE SLAB)
SP	STRUCTURAL POST
DP	DOWNPIPE
ST	PLUMBING STACK
VP	PLUMBING VENT PIPE
HT	HOSE TAP
ORG	OVERFLOW RELIEF GULLY
TV	TERMINAL VENT
CD	CHANNEL DRAIN
DW	DISHWASHER
HWC	HOT WATER CYLINDER
SK	SINK
WC	TOILET

WHB WASH HAND BASIN

ROOM KEY

01	ENTRANCE LOBBY
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- 02 DINING ROOM
- 03 LIVING ROOM
- 04 LIVING DEN
- 05 KITCHEN
- (06) MASTER SUITE
- 07 SUNROOM
- 08 MASTER ENSUITE
- 09 MASTER WARDROBE
- 10 LAUNDRY
- 11 GYM
- 12 POWDER ROOM
- (13) GUEST CIRCULATION
- (14) GUEST SUITE
- (15) GUEST WARDROBE
- (16) GUEST BATHROOM
- (17) EASTERN TERRACE
- (18) WESTERN TERRACE
- 19 COURTYARD
- 20 PERGOLA



L7	5133G-4.1.7
L8	5133G-4.4.2
L9	5122PL-4.1.1
L10	5122PL-4.1.2

adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J

L11 5122PL-4.1.2 25mm Panelling overlay to match cabinetry

17	0721-4.4
F8	6721-4.5
F9	6721-4.6
F10	6221M-4.4.
F12	6731-4.1.1
_	
F20	6700R-4.1

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RC004 Α DO NOT SCALE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK COPYRIGHT © CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS LIMITED 27/02/2025 2:56:41 pm

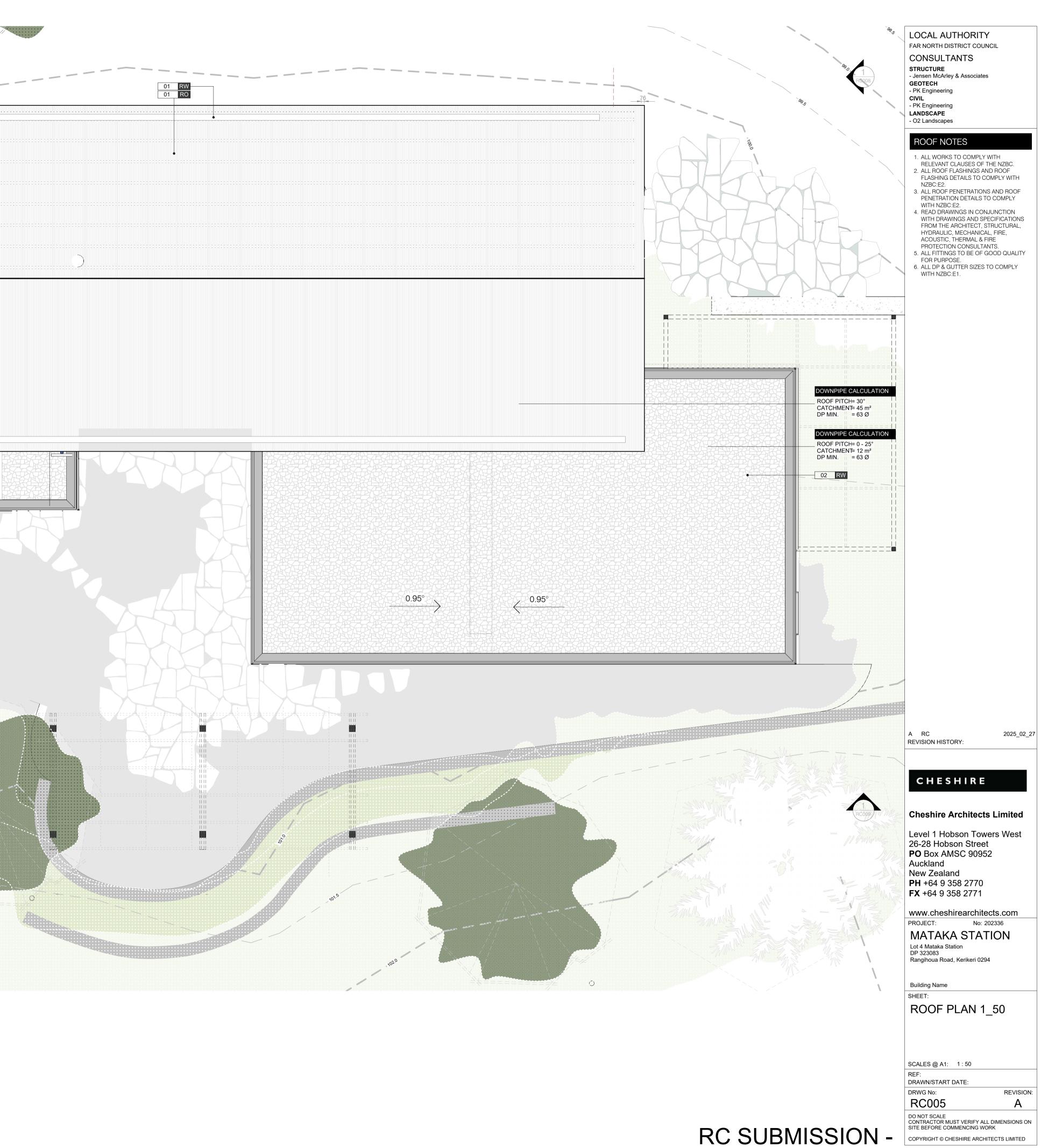
RESOURCE CONSENT NOTES FOR SITE PLANNING CONTROLS REFER TO 1. APPROVED RESOURCE CONSENT REFERENCE NUMBER

GENERAL KEY ELEMENTAL ENCLOSURE KEY: -refer elevations/sections ELEMENT <u>0 00-00</u> SELECTION -----0000-0.00 → CBI CLASS KEYNOTE **6** 00 FLOOR TYPE FINISH G01 W01 KEYNOTE / WALL TYPE D1.01 DOOR REFERENCE. REF. DOOR SCHEDULE WI.01 WINDOW REFERENCE. REF. JOINERY SCHEDULE $-\oplus$ RL 2000 EXISTING SPOT LEVEL RL 2000 NEW SPOT LEVEL SL 2000 SLAB / SUBSTRATE LEVEL FFL+20 FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL (ABOVE SLAB) SP STRUCTURAL POST DP DOWNPIPE ST PLUMBING STACK VP PLUMBING VENT PIPE HT HOSE TAP ORG OVERFLOW RELIEF GULLY TV TERMINAL VENT CHANNEL DRAIN CD DW DISHWASHER HWC HOT WATER CYLINDER SK SINK WC TOILET

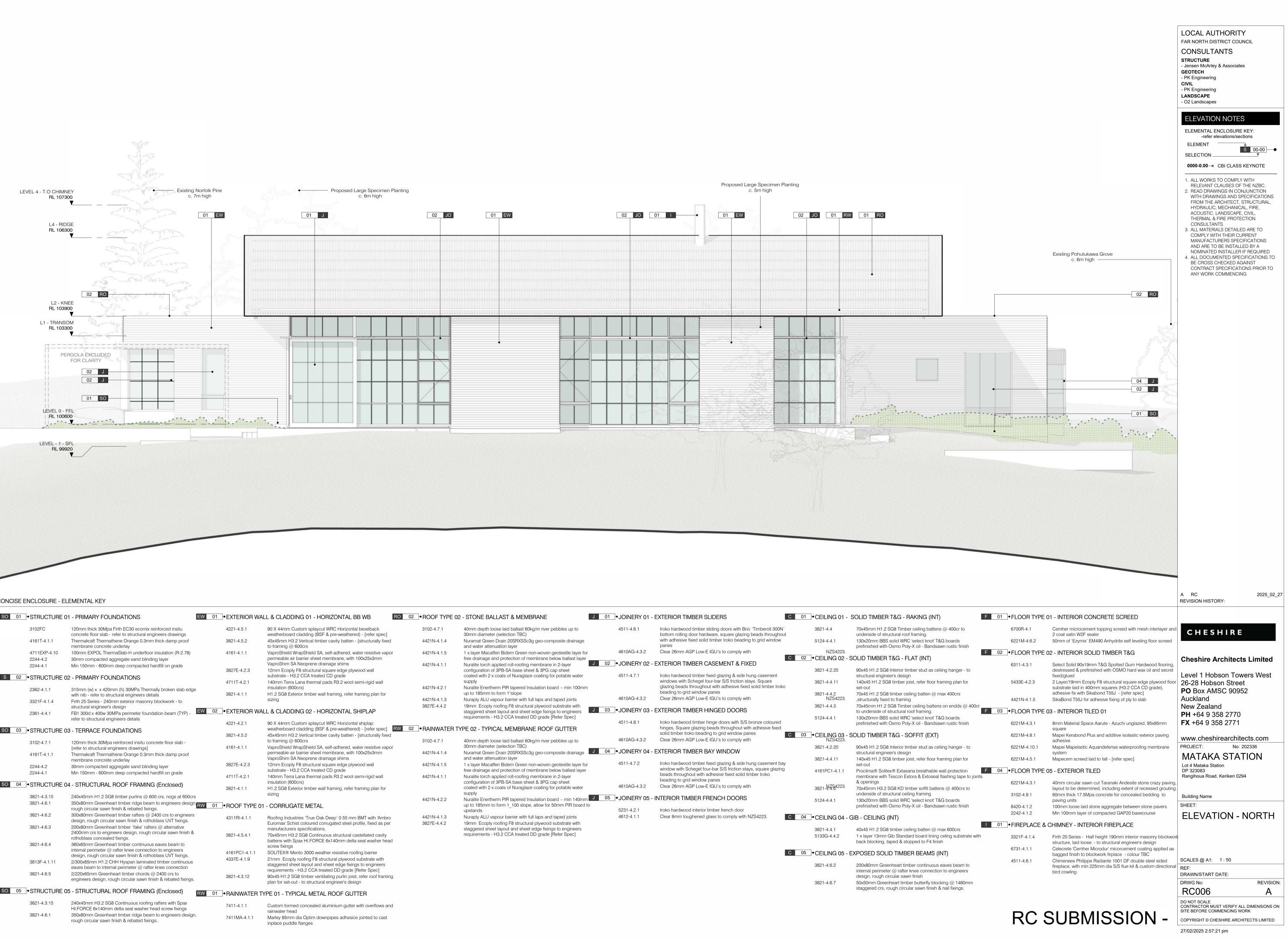
WHB WASH HAND BASIN

DOWNPIPE CALCULATION ROOF PITCH= 30° CATCHMENT= 45 m² DP MIN. = 63 Ø : r · · · · · · · DOWNPIPE CALCULATION ROOF PITCH= 0 - 25° :::: CATCHMENT= 12 m² DP MIN. = 63 Ø 02 RW PAPE

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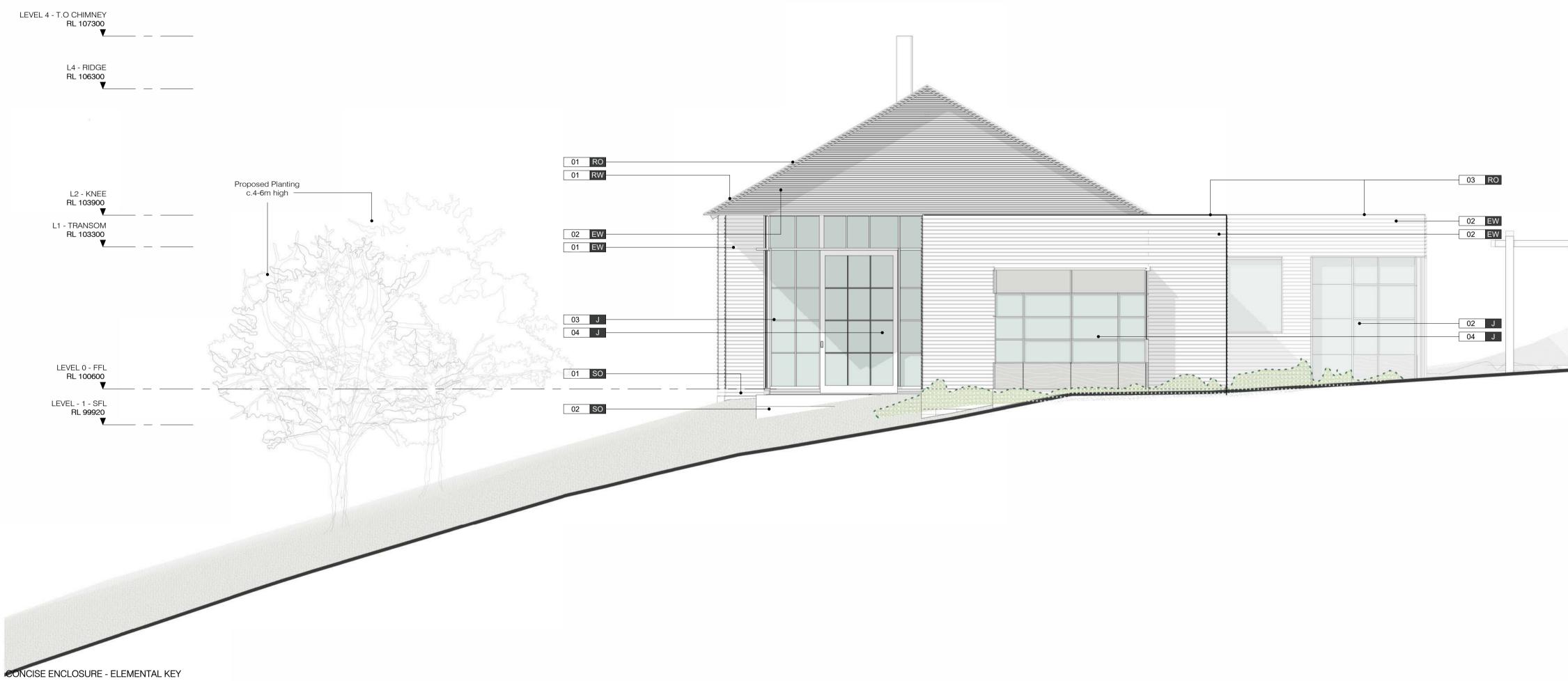


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CONCISE ENCLOSURE - ELEMENTAL KEY

	01 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS	EW 01 • EXTERIOR W	ALL & CLADDING 01 - HORIZONTAL BB WB	RO 02 • ROOF TYPE 02	2 - STONE BALLAST & MEMBRANE	J 01 • JOINERY 01 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 01 + CEILING 01 -	SOLID TIMBER T&G - RAKING (INT)
3102FC	120mm thick 30Mpa Firth EC30 ecomix reinforced insitu concrete floor slab - refer to structural engineers drawings	4221-4.5.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & pre-weathered) - [refer spec]	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to 30mm diameter (selection TBC)	4511-4.6.1	Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 3001 bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads through		70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens @ 400cr to underside of structural roof framing.
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof membrane concrete underlay	3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed to framing @ 600crs	4421N-4.1.4	Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage and water attenuation layer		with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes		130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
4711EXP-4.10	100mm EXPOL ThermaSlab-H underfloor insulation (R-2.78)	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive vapo	or 4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer for	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer		permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm		free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast layer			C 02 • CEILING 02 -	SOLID TIMBER T&G - FLAT (INT)
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	4421N-4.1.1		J 02 • JOINERY 02 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED		
		3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet			3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to
	02 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS		substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4511-4.7.1	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square		structural engineer's design
		4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall insulation (600crs)	4421N-4.2.1	supply Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 100mm		glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iro	3821-4.4.11 ko	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
2362-4.1.1	315mm (w) x x 420mm (h) 30MPa Thermally broken slab edge	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for	442111-4.2.1	up to 185mm to form 1°slope	I	beading to grid window panes	3821-4.4.2	set-out 70x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 400crs
	with nib - refer to structural engineers details	3821-4.1.1	sizing	4421N-4.1.3	Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	structurally fixed to framing
3321F-4.1.4	Firth 25 Series - 240mm exterior masonry blockwork - to		Sizing	3827E-4.4.2	19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with			3821-4.4.3	70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens on endds @ 400
2361-4.4.1	structural engineer's design FB1 300d x 400w 30MPa perimeter foundation beam (TYP) -	EW 02 • EXTERIOR W	ALL & CLADDING 02 - HORIZONTAL SHIPLAP	5027 L 4.4.2	staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers	J 03 • JOINERY 03 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER HINGED DOORS	0021 4.4.0	to underside of structural roof framing.
2301-4.4.1	refer to structural engineers details				requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
		4221-4.2.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal shiplap			4511-4.8.1	Iroko hardwood timber hinge doors with S/S bronze coloured		prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
	03 - TERRACE FOUNDATIONS		weatherboard cladding (BSF & pre-weathered) - [refer spec]	RW 02 + RAINWATER T	PE 02 - TYPICAL MEMBRANE ROOF GUTTER		hinges, Square glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed		
		3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed				solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes	C 03 • CEILING 03 -	SOLID TIMBER T&G - SOFFIT (EXT)
3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		to framing @ 600crs	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
	[refer to structural engineers drawings]	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive vapo		30mm diameter (selection TBC) Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage		EXTERIOR TIMBER BAY WINDOW	3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof		permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	4421N-4.1.4	and water attenuation laver			0001 4 4 11	structural engineer's design
	membrane concrete underlay	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall	4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer for	4511-4.7.2	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement b	3821-4.4.11 av	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for set-out
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer	3027E-4.2.3	substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade	442111-4.1.5	free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast layer		window with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays, square glazir		Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade	4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall	4421N-4.1.1	Nuralite torch applied roll-roofing membrane in 2-layer		beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko	4101FC1-4.1.1	membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to jo
	A STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Francisco)		insulation (600crs)		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet		beading to grid window panes		& openings
	04 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	3821-4.4.6 ^{254223.}	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 KD timber soffit battens @ 400crs to
3821-4.3.15	240x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600 crs, nogs at 600crs		sizing		supply				underside of structural ceiling framing
3821-4.6.1	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers design,			4421N-4.2.2	Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 140mm	J 05 +JOINERY 05 -	INTERIOR TIMBER FRENCH DOORS	5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
3021-4.0.1	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.	RW 01 ROOF TYPE (01 - CORRUGATE METAL		up to 185mm to form 1_100 slope, allow for 50mm PIR board t	to 5231-4.2.1	Iroko hardwood interior timber french door		prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
3821-4.6.2	300x80mm Greenheart timber rafters @ 2400 crs to engineers				upstands	4612-4.1.1			
0021 11012	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambro		Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4012-4.1.1	Clear 8mm toughened glass to comply with NZS4223.	C 04 • CEILING 04 -	GIB - CEILING (INT)
3821-4.6.3	200x80mm Greenheart timber 'fake' rafters @ alternative		Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as per manufacturers specifications,	3827E-4.4.2	19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers				10,45 U1 2 SC2 timber spilling botton @ may 600ara
	2400mm crs to engineers design, rough circular sawn finish &	3821-4.5.4.1	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			3821-4.4.1	40x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 600crs
	rothoblass concealed fixings.	3021-4.3.4.1	battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer head	d				5133G-4.4.2	1 x layer 13mm Gib Standard board lining celing substrate w back blocking, taped & stopped to F4 finish
3821-4.6.4	360x65mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to		screw fixings	-					back blocking, laped & slopped to 1 4 linish
	internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier					C 05 • CEILING 05 -	EXPOSED SOLID TIMBER BEAMS (INT)
	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	4337E-4.1.9	21mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with						
3813F-4.1.11	2/300x65mm H1.2 CHH Hyspan laminated timber continuous eaves beam to internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection		staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers					3821-4.6.2	200x80mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to
3821-4.6.5	2/220x65mm Greenheart timber chords @ 2400 crs to		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]						internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers
3021-4.0.3	engineers design, rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.	3821-4.3.12	90x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ventilating purlin joist, refer roof framing	g					design, rough circular sawn finish
			plan for set-out - to structural engineer's design					3821-4.6.7	50x50mm Greenheart timber butterfly blocking @ 1480mm staggered crs, rough circular sawn finish & nail fixings.
	05 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)	RW 01 • RAINWATER	TYPE 01 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER						
3821-4.3.15	240x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous roofing rafters with Spax	7411-4.1.1	Custom formed concealed aluminium gutter with overflows and	d					
0001 4 0 1	HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer head screw fixings		rainwater head						
3821-4.6.1	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers design, rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.	, 7411MA-4.1.1	Marley 85mm dia Optim downpipes adhesice jointed to cast inplace puddle flanges						



SO 01 STRUCTURE	01 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS	EW 01 • EXTERIOR	WALL & CLADDING 01 - HORIZONTAL BB WB	RO 02 • ROOF TYPE	02 - STONE BALLAST & MEMBRANE	J 01 JOINERY 01	- EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 01 • CEILING 01	- SOLID TIMBER T&G - RAKING (INT)
3102FC	120mm thick 30Mpa Firth EC30 ecomix reinforced insitu concrete floor slab - refer to structural engineers drawings	4221-4.5.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & pre-weathered) - [refer spec]	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to 30mm diameter (selection TBC)	4511-4.6.1	Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads througho		70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens @ 400cr to underside of structural roof framing.
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof membrane concrete underlay	3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixe to framing @ 600crs		Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage and water attenuation layer	9	with adhesive fixed solid timber loko beading to grid window panes		130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
4711EXP-4.10	100mm EXPOL ThermaSlab-H underfloor insulation (R-2.78)	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive va	oor 4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer fo	for 4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223	
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer		permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm		free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast laye	er		C 02 • CEILING 02	- SOLID TIMBER T&G - FLAT (INT)
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	4421N-4.1.1	Nuralite torch applied roll-roofing membrane in 2-layer	J 02 • JOINERY 02	2 - EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED		
		3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet			3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to
S 02 • STRUCTURE	02 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS		substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4511-4.7.1	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement		structural engineer's design
		4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall	4401NL 4 0 1	supply		windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Irol	3821-4.4.11	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
2362-4.1.1	315mm (w) x x 420mm (h) 30MPa Thermally broken slab ec		insulation (600crs)	4421N-4.2.1	Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 100mi up to 185mm to form 1°slope	1771	beading to grid window panes		set-out
	with nib - refer to structural engineers details	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for sizing	4421N-4.1.3	Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	3821-4.4.2 NZS4223	70x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 400crs ,structurally fixed to framing
3321F-4.1.4	Firth 25 Series - 240mm exterior masonry blockwork - to		Sizing	3827E-4.4.2	19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with		,, _,, _	3821-4.4.3	70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens on endds @ 400
	structural engineer's design		WALL & CLADDING 02 - HORIZONTAL SHIPLAP	5027E-4.4.2	staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers	J 03 • JOINERY 03	3 - EXTERIOR TIMBER HINGED DOORS	3621-4.4.3	to underside of structural roof framing.
2361-4.4.1	FB1 300d x 400w 30MPa perimeter foundation beam (TYP) - refer to structural engineers details				requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
	Teler to structural engineers details	4221-4.2.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal shiplap			4511-4.8.1	Iroko hardwood timber hinge doors with S/S bronze coloured	0124 4.4.1	prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
	03 - TERRACE FOUNDATIONS		weatherboard cladding (BSF & pre-weathered) - [refer spec]	RW 02 • RAINWATER	R TYPE 02 - TYPICAL MEMBRANE ROOF GUTTER		hinges, Square glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed		
		3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixe	ed			solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes	C 03 • CEILING 03	- SOLID TIMBER T&G - SOFFIT (EXT)
3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		to framing @ 600crs	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223	
	[refer to structural engineers drawings]	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive va		30mm diameter (selection TBC)			3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof		permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm	4421N-4.1.4			- EXTERIOR TIMBER BAY WINDOW		structural engineer's design
	membrane concrete underlay		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims		and water attenuation layer	for 4511-4.7.2	Iroka hardwaad timbar fiyad glazing & aida hung agagmant h	3821-4.4.11	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall	4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer fo		Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement b window with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays, square glazin	- -	set-out
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade		substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade		free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast laye Nuralite torch applied roll-roofing membrane in 2-layer	er	beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko	g 4161PC1-4.1.1	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to jo
		4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall insulation (600crs)	4421N-4.1.1	configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet		beading to grid window panes		& openings
SO 04 STRUCTURE	04 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	3821-4.4.6	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 KD timber soffit battens @ 400crs to
			sizing		ylqque			3021-4.4.0	underside of structural ceiling framing
3821-4.3.15	240x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600 crs, nogs at 600	crs	0.2.1.9	4421N-4.2.2	Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 140m	Im J 05 • JOINERY 05	5 - INTERIOR TIMBER FRENCH DOORS	5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
3821-4.6.1	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers desi	^{gn,} RW 01 • ROOF TYPE	E 01 - CORRUGATE METAL		up to 185mm to form 1_100 slope, allow for 50mm PIR board				prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.				upstands	5231-4.2.1	Iroko hardwood interior timber french door		
3821-4.6.2	300x80mm Greenheart timber rafters @ 2400 crs to enginee design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Amb		Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4612-4.1.1	Clear 8mm toughened glass to comply with NZS4223.	C 04 • CEILING 04	- GIB - CEILING (INT)
3821-4.6.3	200x80mm Greenheart timber 'fake' rafters @ alternative		Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as p	er 3827E-4.4.2	19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with				
3621-4.0.5	2400mm crs to engineers design, rough circular sawn finish	&	manufacturers specifications,		staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers			3821-4.4.1	40x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 600crs
	rothoblass concealed fixings.	3821-4.5.4.1	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5133G-4.4.2	1 x layer 13mm Gib Standard board lining celing substrate w
3821-4.6.4	360x65mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to		battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer he screw fixings	au					back blocking, taped & stopped to F4 finish
	internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier						- EXPOSED SOLID TIMBER BEAMS (INT)
	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	1337E-1 1 0	21mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with						- EXFOSED SOLID HIVIDEN DEANIS (INT)
3813F-4.1.11	2/300x65mm H1.2 CHH Hyspan laminated timber continuou	IS 4007 E-4.1.9	staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers					3821-4.6.2	200x80mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to
	eaves beam to internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]					0021 4.0.2	internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers
3821-4.6.5	2/220x65mm Greenheart timber chords @ 2400 crs to	3821-4.3.12	90x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ventilating purlin joist, refer roof fram	ing					design, rough circular sawn finish
	engineers design, rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixing	JS.	plan for set-out - to structural engineer's design	-				3821-4.6.7	50x50mm Greenheart timber butterfly blocking @ 1480mm
SO 05 • STRUCTURE	05 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)	RW 01 • RAINWATE	R TYPE 01 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER						staggered crs, rough circular sawn finish & nail fixings.
	040v45mm LI2.0.900 Continuous reafine reflece vite Oraci								
3821-4.3.15	240x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous roofing rafters with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer head screw fixings	7411-4.1.1	Custom formed concealed aluminium gutter with overflows a	Ind					
3821-4.6.1	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers desi	an	rainwater head						
3821-4.0.1	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.	gn, 7411MA-4.1.1	Marley 85mm dia Optim downpipes adhesice jointed to cast inplace puddle flanges						

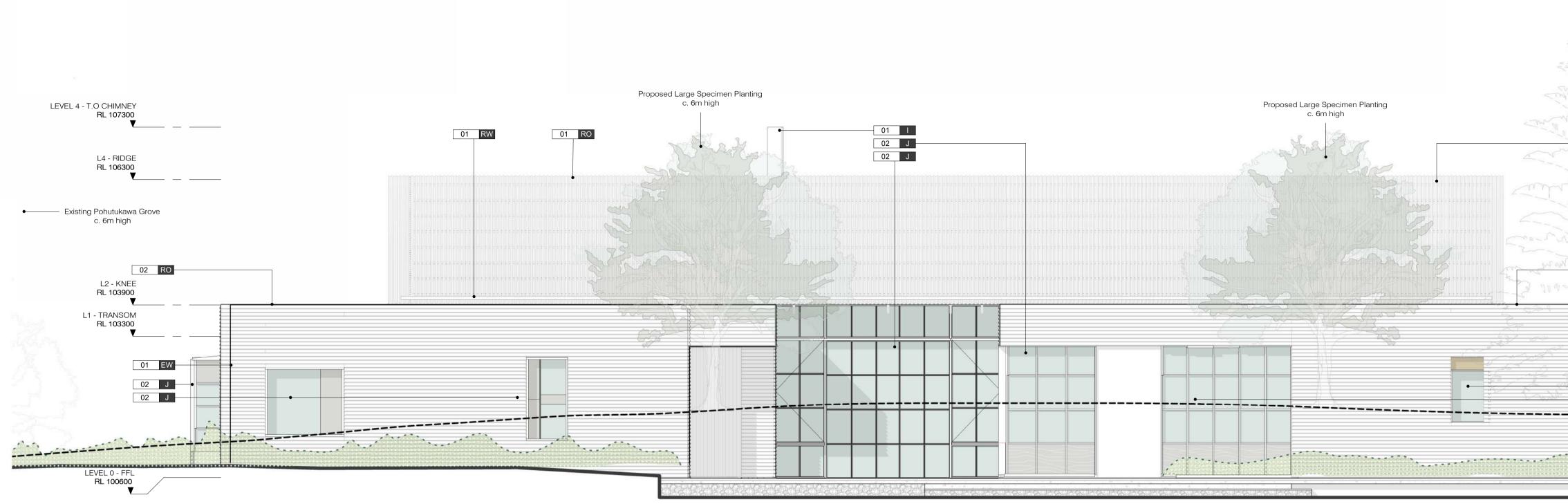
			LOCAL AUTHORITY FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSULTANTS STRUCTURE - Jensen McArley & Associates GEOTECH - PK Engineering CIVIL - PK Engineering LANDSCAPE - O2 Landscapes
			ELEMENTAL ENCLOSURE KEY:
	Jul =		-refer elevations/sections ELEMENT
	- Jores	Existing Norfolk Pine c. 7m high	SELECTION ? 0000-0.00
	< - William	Proposed Planting C. 6m high	1. ALL WORKS TO COMPLY WITH
	an from	Mrs North	RELEVANT CLAUSES OF THE NZBC. 2. READ DRAWINGS IN CONJUNCTION
	m	A share of	WITH DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS FROM THE ARCHITECT, STRUCTURAL, HYDRAULIC, MECHANICAL, FIRE,
		SAN CARE CONTRACTOR	ACOUSTIC, LANDSCAPE, CIVIL, THERMAL & FIRE PROTECTION CONSULTANTS.
	and the second	ma 22	3. ALL MATERIALS DETAILED ARE TO COMPLY WITH THEIR CURRENT MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS
	Carl alles	Silver dist	AND ARE TO BE INSTALLED BY A NOMINATED INSTALLER IF REQUIRED
	Read and King		4. ALL DOCUMENTED SPECIFICATIONS TO BE CROSS CHECKED AGAINST CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS PRIOR TO
5	3 James The	my my logar the	ANY WORK COMMENCING
Seedo	- BRAGE -	KSS- P. Martin (1)	
	A CAR		
Eller -	- AND STREET		
- y have	S. Frank	Contraction of the second seco	
Feren	ZIN M Fry	And the second s	
	- Va	and y	
-			
			A RC 2025_02_27 REVISION HISTORY:
F	01 •FLOOR TYPE	01 - INTERIOR CONCRETE SCREED	
	6700R-4.1	Cemher microcement topping screed with mesh interlayer and 2 coat satin W2F sealer	CHESHIRE
	6221M-4.6.2	50mm of 'Ezymix' EM490 Anhydrite self leveling floor screed	
F	02]●FLOOR TYPE 6311-4.3.1	02 - INTERIOR SOLID TIMBER T&G Select Solid 90x19mm T&G Spotted Gum Hardwood flooring,	Cheshire Architects Limited
0		destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil and secret fixed/glued	Level 1 Hobson Towers West
	5433E-4.2.3	2 Layer/19mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood floor substrate laid in 400mm squares (H3.2 CCA CD grade), adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J - [refer spec]	PO Box AMSC 90952
400cr	4421N-4.1.5	SikaBond T55J for adhesive fixing of ply to slab	Auckland New Zealand
F	03		
ı		03 - INTERIOR TILED 01 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm	PH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 2771
1	6221M-4.8.1	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving	FX +64 9 358 2771
		8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336
0	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec]	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com
o F	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 04 • FLOOR TYPE	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION
o F to joints	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec]	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294
o F to joints	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 • FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET:
0	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 •FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name
o o joints o	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 •FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - WEST
o F o joints D	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 • FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2 01 • FIREPLACE &	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockword structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - WEST
o o joints o te with	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 • FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2 01 • FIREPLACE & 3321F-4.1.4	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockwork structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as bagged finsih to blockwork firplace - colour TBC Chimenees Philippe Radiante 1001 DF double steel sided 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - WEST SCALES @ A1: 1:50
o o joints o te with	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 •FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2 01 •FIREPLACE & 3321F-4.1.4 6731-4.1.1	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockword structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as bagged finsih to blockwork firplace - colour TBC 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - WEST SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE:
o o joints o te with	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 •FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2 01 •FIREPLACE & 3321F-4.1.4 6731-4.1.1	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockwork structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as bagged finsih to blockwork firplace - colour TBC Chimenees Philippe Radiante 1001 DF double steel sided fireplace, with min 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - WEST SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF:
o joints o te with	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 •FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2 01 •FIREPLACE & 3321F-4.1.4 6731-4.1.1 4511-4.6.1	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] O5 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockword structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as bagged finsih to blockwork firplace - colour TBC Chimenees Philippe Radiante 1001 DF double steel sided fireplace, with min 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird cowling 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - WEST SCALES @ A1: 1 : 50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE: DRWG No: REVISION: RC007 A DO NOT SCALE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON
p p joints p re with	6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 •FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 3102-4.9.1 8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2 01 •FIREPLACE & 3321F-4.1.4 6731-4.1.1 4511-4.6.1	 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] 05 - EXTERIOR TILED 40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving, layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting. 60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units 100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockwork structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as bagged finsih to blockwork firplace - colour TBC Chimenees Philippe Radiante 1001 DF double steel sided fireplace, with min 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional 	FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: SHEET: BLEVATION - WEST SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE: DRWG No: REVISION: RC007 A DO NOT SCALE



CONCISE ENCLOSURE - ELEMENTAL KEY

SO 01 • STRUCTURE 01	- PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS	EW 01 • EXTERIOR W	ALL & CLADDING 01 - HORIZONTAL BB WB	RO 02 • ROOF TYPE 0	2 - STONE BALLAST & MEMBRANE	J 01 • JOINERY 01 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 01 • CEILING 01 -	SOLID TIMBER T&G - RAKING (INT)
	120mm thick 30Mpa Firth EC30 ecomix reinforced insitu concrete floor slab - refer to structural engineers drawings	4221-4.5.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & pre-weathered) - [refer spec]	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to 30mm diameter (selection TBC)	4511-4.6.1	Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads throughou		70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens @ 400cr to underside of structural roof framing.
	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof membrane concrete underlay	3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed to framing @ 600crs	d 4421N-4.1.4	Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage and water attenuation layer		with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes	5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
4711EXP-4.10	100mm EXPOL ThermaSlab-H underfloor insulation (R-2.78)	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive vap	or 4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer for	r 4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer		permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm		free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast layer			C 02 • CEILING 02 - 3	SOLID TIMBER T&G - FLAT (INT)
	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	4421N-4.1.1		J 02 • JOINERY 02 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED		
		3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet			3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to
S 02 • STRUCTURE 02	- PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS		substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4511-4.7.1	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square		structural engineer's design
		4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall	4421N-4.2.1	supply Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 100mm		glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Irok	3821-4.4.11	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
	315mm (w) x x 420mm (h) 30MPa Thermally broken slab edge	e 3821-4.1.1	insulation (600crs) H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for	442111-4.2.1	up to 185mm to form 1°slope	I	beading to grid window panes	3821-4.4.2	set-out 70x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 400crs
	with nib - refer to structural engineers details	3821-4.1.1	sizing	4421N-4.1.3	Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	,structurally fixed to framing
	Firth 25 Series - 240mm exterior masonry blockwork - to structural engineer's design		Sizing	3827E-4.4.2	19mm Econly roofing E8 structural plywood substrate with			3821-4.4.3	70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens on endds @ 400
	FB1 300d x 400w 30MPa perimeter foundation beam (TYP) -	EW 02 • EXTERIOR W	ALL & CLADDING 02 - HORIZONTAL SHIPLAP	00272 4.4.2	staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers	J 03 • JOINERY 03 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER HINGED DOORS	0021 4.4.0	to underside of structural roof framing.
	refer to structural engineers details				requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
		4221-4.2.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal shiplap			4511-4.8.1	Iroko hardwood timber hinge doors with S/S bronze coloured		prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
03 • STRUCTURE 03	- TERRACE FOUNDATIONS				YPE 02 - TYPICAL MEMBRANE ROOF GUTTER		hinges, Square glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed		
		3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed			4610AG-4.3.2	solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	C 03 • CEILING 03 - 3	SOLID TIMBER T&G - SOFFIT (EXT)
3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		to framing @ 600crs	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to 30mm diameter (selection TBC)	4010AG-4.3.2	Clear 201111 AGP LOW-E IGO'S to comply with	NZ54223.	
	[refer to structural engineers drawings]	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive vap permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm	or 4421N-4.1.4	Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage	J 04 • IOINEBY 04 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER BAY WINDOW	3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to
	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	442111-4.1.4	and water attenuation layer			3821-4.4.11	structural engineer's design 140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
	membrane concrete underlay	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall	4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer for	r 4511-4.7.2	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement ba	5621-4.4.11 V	set-out
	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer	00272 4.2.0	substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade	112111 1.1.0	free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast layer		window with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays, square glazing	4161PC1-4.1.1	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade	4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall	4421N-4.1.1	Nuralite torch applied roll-roofing membrane in 2-layer		beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko		membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to jo
	- STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)		insulation (600crs)		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet		beading to grid window panes		& openings
	- STHOUTONAE NOOF THAMING (Enclosed)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	3821-4.4.6 ^{NZS4223.}	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 KD timber soffit battens @ 400crs to
3821-4.3.15	240x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600 crs, nogs at 600crs	3	sizing		supply Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 140mm				underside of structural ceiling framing
3821-4.6.1	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers design			4421N-4.2.2	up to 185mm to form 1 100 slope, allow for 50mm PIR board t			5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.	1RW 01 +ROOF TYPE	01 - CORRUGATE METAL		up to 185mm to form 1_100 slope, allow for 50mm Pir board to upstands	5231-4.2.1	Iroko hardwood interior timber french door		prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
3821-4.6.2	300x80mm Greenheart timber rafters @ 2400 crs to engineers	4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambro	4421N-4.1.3	Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4612-4.1.1		C 04 • CEILING 04 -	
	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	431111-4.1.1	Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as pe	5	19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with				
	200x80mm Greenheart timber 'fake' rafters @ alternative		manufacturers specifications,		staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers			3821-4.4.1	40x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 600crs
	2400mm crs to engineers design, rough circular sawn finish &	3821-4.5.4.1	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5133G-4.4.2	1 x layer 13mm Gib Standard board lining celing substrate w
	rothoblass concealed fixings. 360x65mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to		battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer hea	d					back blocking, taped & stopped to F4 finish
	internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers		screw fixings						
	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier					C 05 • CEILING 05 - I	EXPOSED SOLID TIMBER BEAMS (INT)
	2/300x65mm H1.2 CHH Hyspan laminated timber continuous	4337E-4.1.9	21mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with						
	eaves beam to internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection		staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]					3821-4.6.2	200x80mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to
3821-4.6.5	2/220x65mm Greenheart timber chords @ 2400 crs to	3821-4.3.12	90x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ventilating purlin joist, refer roof framir						internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers design, rough circular sawn finish
	engineers design, rough circular sawn finish $\&\ rebated\ fixings.$	3021-4.3.12	plan for set-out - to structural engineer's design	ig				3821-4.6.7	50x50mm Greenheart timber butterfly blocking @ 1480mm
O 05 • STRUCTURE 05	- STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)		TYPE 01 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER					0021 4.0.7	staggered crs, rough circular sawn finish & nail fixings.
2001 4 2 15									
	240x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous roofing rafters with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer head screw fixings	7411-4.1.1	Custom formed concealed aluminium gutter with overflows ar	nd					
	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers design		rainwater head						
		', 7411MA-4.1.1	Marley 85mm dia Optim downpipes adhesice jointed to cast						
	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.		inplace puddle flanges						

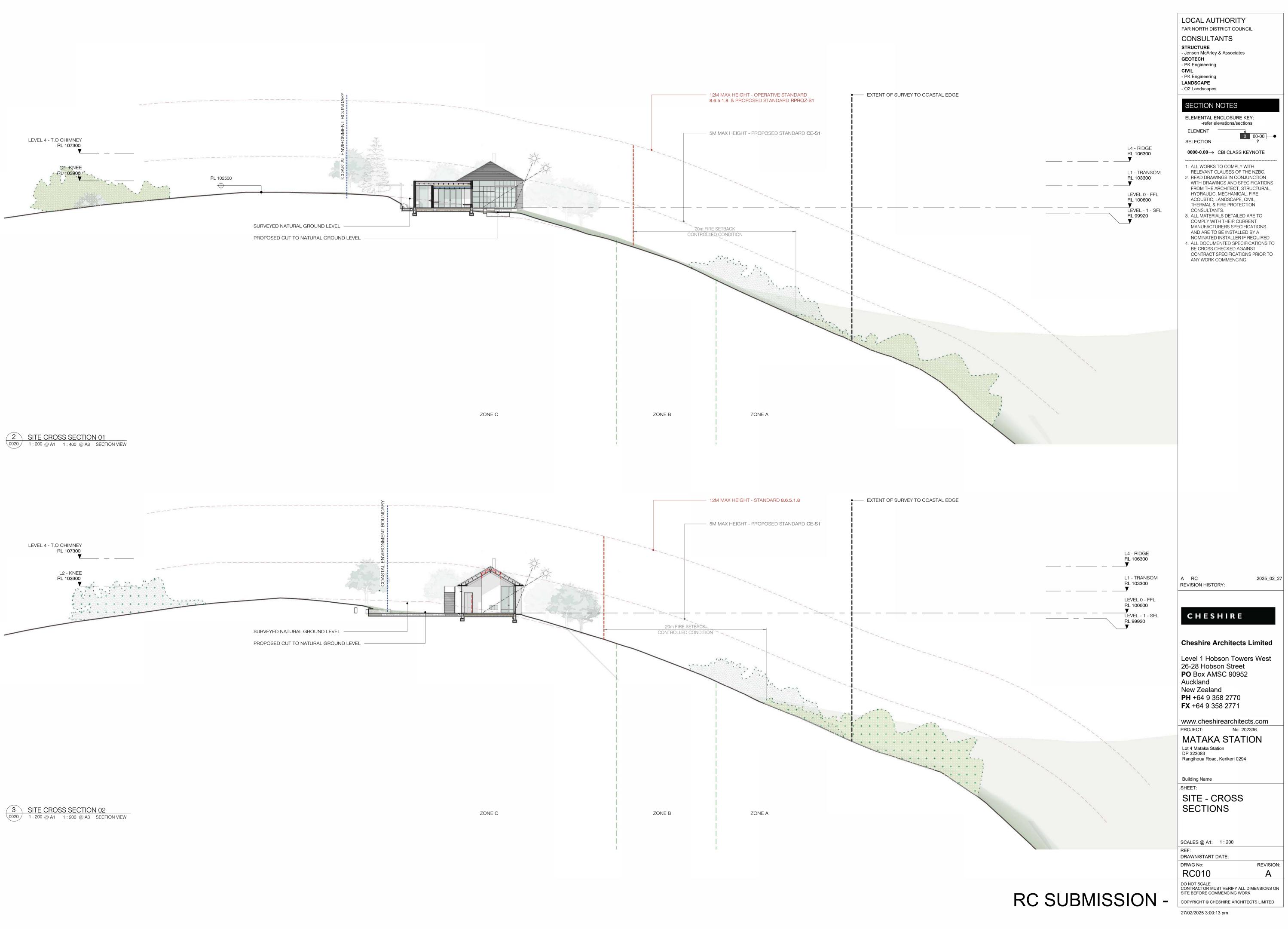


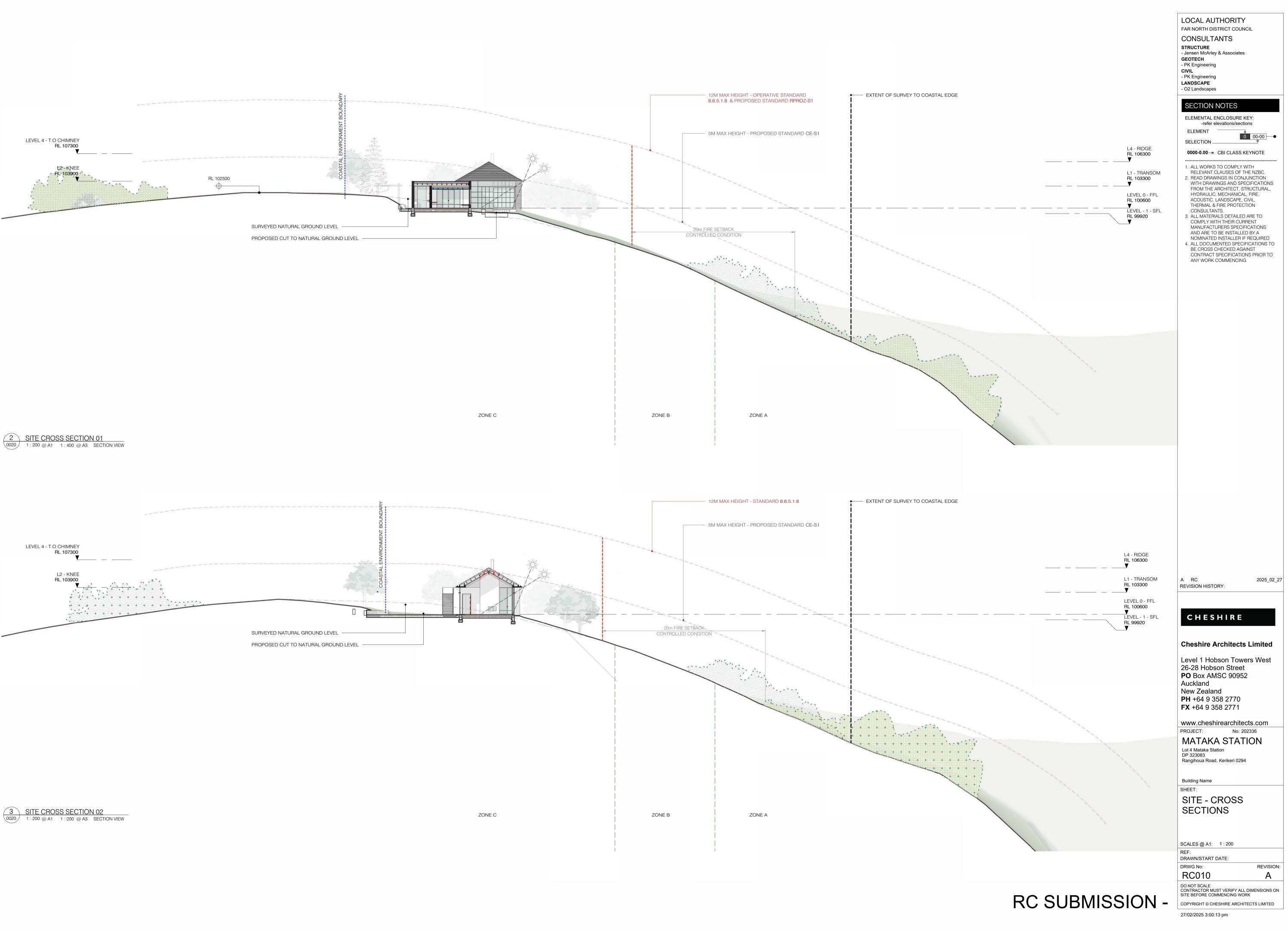


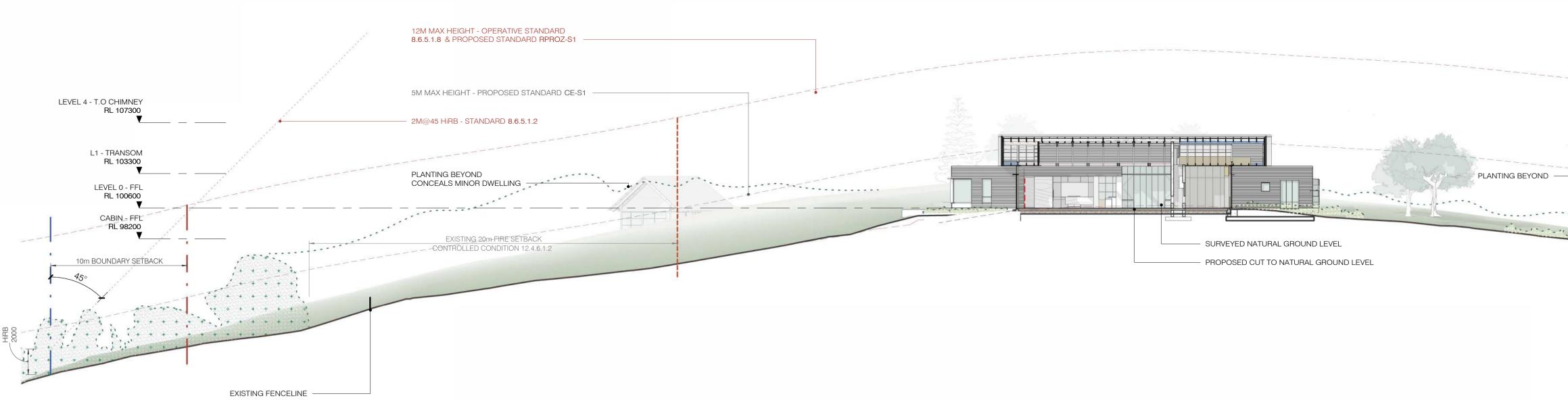
CONCISE ENCLOSURE - ELEMENTAL KEY

SO 01 • STRUCTURE 01	- PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS	EW 01 • EXTERIOR W/	ALL & CLADDING 01 - HORIZONTAL BB WB	RO 02 • ROOF TYPE 02	- STONE BALLAST & MEMBRANE	J 01 • JOINERY 01 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 01 • CEILING 01 -	SOLID TIMBER T&G - RAKING (INT)
	120mm thick 30Mpa Firth EC30 ecomix reinforced insitu concrete floor slab - refer to structural engineers drawings	4221-4.5.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & pre-weathered) - [refer spec]	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to 30mm diameter (selection TBC)	4511-4.6.1	Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N' bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads throughout	3821-4.4	70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens @ 400cr to underside of structural roof framing.
	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof membrane concrete underlay	3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed to framing @ 600crs	d 4421N-4.1.4	Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage and water attenuation layer		with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes	5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
4711EXP-4.10	100mm EXPOL ThermaSlab-H underfloor insulation (R-2.78)	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive vapo	or 4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer fo		Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer		permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm		free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast layer			C 02 • CEILING 02 - 3	SOLID TIMBER T&G - FLAT (INT)
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	4421N-4.1.1	i taranto toron appnoa ron roomig mombrano ni 2 lajor	J 02 • JOINERY 02 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED		
		3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4511-4.7.1	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement	3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to structural engineer's design
S 02 • STRUCTURE 02	- PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS	4711T-4.2.1	-		supply	4511-4.7.1	windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square	3821-4.4.11	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
			140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall insulation (600crs)	4421N-4.2.1	Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 100mm	n	glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko		set-out
	315mm (w) x x 420mm (h) 30MPa Thermally broken slab edg with nib - refer to structural engineers details	e 3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for	772110 7.2.1	up to 185mm to form 1°slope		beading to grid window panes	3821-4.4.2	70x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 400crs
	Firth 25 Series - 240mm exterior masonry blockwork - to	0021 4.1.1	sizing	4421N-4.1.3	Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	structurally fixed to framing
	structural engineer's design		0	3827E-4.4.2	19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with			3821-4.4.3	70x45mm H1.2 SG8 Timber ceiling battens on endds @ 400
	FB1 300d x 400w 30MPa perimeter foundation beam (TYP) -	EW 02 • EXTERIOR W	ALL & CLADDING 02 - HORIZONTAL SHIPLAP		staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers	J 03 • JOINERY 03 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER HINGED DOORS		to underside of structural roof framing.
	refer to structural engineers details				requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
	-	4221-4.2.1	90 X 44mm Custom splaycut WRC Horizontal shiplap			4511-4.8.1	Iroko hardwood timber hinge doors with S/S bronze coloured		prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
SO 03 • STRUCTURE 03	- TERRACE FOUNDATIONS				PE 02 - TYPICAL MEMBRANE ROOF GUTTER		hinges, Square glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes		
		3821-4.5.2	45x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	C 03 CEILING 03 - 3 NZS4223.	SOLID TIMBER T&G - SOFFIT (EXT)
	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		to framing @ 600crs	3102-4.7.1	40mm depth loose laid ballast 60kg/m river pebbles up to 30mm diameter (selection TBC)	4010AG-4.3.2	Clear zomm AGF Low-Lindo's to comply with		
	[refer to structural engineers drawings]	4161-4.1.1	VaproShield WrapShield SA, self-adhered, water resistive vapor permeable air barrier sheet membrane, with 100x25x3mm	or 4421N-4.1.4	Nuramat Green Drain 20SRXSSc3g geo-composite drainage	J 04 • JOINERY 04 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER BAY WINDOW	3821-4.2.20	90x45 H1.2 SG8 Interior timber stud as celiing hanger - to structural engineer's design
	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof		VaproShim SA Neoprene drainage shims	442111-4.1.4	and water attenuation layer			3821-4.4.11	140x45 H1.2 SG8 timber joist, refer floor framing plan for
	membrane concrete underlay	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall	4421N-4.1.5	1 x layer Macafferi Bidem Green non-woven geotextile layer fo	r 4511-4.7.2	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement bay	3021-4.4.11	set-out
	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer	0027E 4.2.0	substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade	++2 IIN +.1.0	free drainage and protection of membrane below ballast layer		window with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays, square glazing		Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade	4711T-4.2.1	140mm Terra Lana thermal pads R3.2 wool semi-rigid wall	4421N-4.1.1	Nuralite torch applied roll-roofing membrane in 2-layer		beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko	41011 01 4.1.1	membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to joi
	- STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)		insulation (600crs)		configuration of 3PB-SA base sheet & 3PG cap sheet		beading to grid window panes		& openings
	- STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for		coated with 2 x coats of Nuraglaze coating for potable water	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	3821-4.4.6 ²	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 KD timber soffit battens @ 400crs to
3821-4.3.15	240x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600 crs, nogs at 600cr	· •	sizing		supply				underside of structural ceiling framing
	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge bear to engineers design			4421N-4.2.2	Nuralite Enertherm PIR tapered Insulation board – min 140mm		INTERIOR TIMBER FRENCH DOORS	5124-4.4.1	130x20mm BBS solid WRC 'select knot' T&G boards
0021 4.0.1	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.	[™] RW_01_ ● ROOF TYPE C	01 - CORRUGATE METAL		up to 185mm to form 1_100 slope, allow for 50mm PIR board	5231-4.2.1	Iroko hardwood interior timber french door		prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil - Bandsawn rustic finish
	300x80mm Greenheart timber rafters @ 2400 crs to engineers			4421N-4.1.3	upstands Nuraply ALU vapour barrier with full laps and taped joints	4612-4.1.1			
	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambro		19mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with	4012-4.1.1	Clear offin loughened glass to comply with NZ34223.	C 04 • CEILING 04 -	GIB - CEILING (INT)
3821-4.6.3	200x80mm Greenheart timber 'fake' rafters @ alternative		Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as per manufacturers specifications,	3827E-4.4.2	staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers			3821-4.4.1	40x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ceiling batten @ max 600crs
	2400mm crs to engineers design, rough circular sawn finish &	3821-4.5.4.1	70x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]			5133G-4.4.2	
	rothoblass concealed fixings.	0021 4.0.4.1	battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer hea	d				51550-4.4.2	1 x layer 13mm Gib Standard board lining celing substrate wi back blocking, taped & stopped to F4 finish
	360x65mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to		screw fixings						back blocking, taped a stopped to 1 4 linish
	Internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier					C 05 • CEILING 05 - I	EXPOSED SOLID TIMBER BEAMS (INT)
	design, rough circular sawn finish & rothoblass UVT fixings.	4337E-4.1.9	21mm Ecoply roofing F8 structural plywood substrate with						
	2/300x65mm H1.2 CHH Hyspan laminated timber continuous eaves beam to internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection		staggered sheet layout and sheet edge fixings to engineers					3821-4.6.2	200x80mm Greenheart timber continuous eaves beam to
	2/220x65mm Greenheart timber chords @ 2400 crs to		requirements - H3.2 CCA treated DD grade [Refer Spec]						internal perimeter @ rafter knee connection to engineers
	engineers design, rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings	3821-4.3.12	90x45 H1.2 SG8 timber ventilating purlin joist, refer roof framin	IG					design, rough circular sawn finish
			plan for set-out - to structural engineer's design					3821-4.6.7	50x50mm Greenheart timber butterfly blocking @ 1480mm staggered crs, rough circular sawn finish & nail fixings.
SO 05 • STRUCTURE 05	- STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Enclosed)	RW 01 • RAINWATER	TYPE 01 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER						staggered cis, rough circular sawit finish a hair hkings.
	240x45mm H3.2 SG8 Continuous roofing rafters with Spax	7411-4.1.1	Custom formed concealed aluminium gutter with overflows an	ıd					
	HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer head screw fixings		rainwater head						
	350x80mm Greenheart timber ridge beam to engineers design	^{n,} 7411MA-4.1.1	Marley 85mm dia Optim downpipes adhesice jointed to cast						
	rough circular sawn finish & rebated fixings.		inplace puddle flanges						

		Existing Norfolk Pine c. 7m high 01 RO	LOCAL AUTHORITY FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSULTANTS STRUCTURE - Jensen McArley & Associates GEOTECH - PK Engineering LANDSCAPE - 02 Landscapes
- San Allanda S		02 EW	
		03 J	
			A RC 2025_02_27
			REVISION HISTORY:
F 01	6700R-4.1	1 - INTERIOR CONCRETE SCREED Cemher microcement topping screed with mesh interlayer and 2 coat satin W2F sealer	CHESHIRE
sh F 02	6221M-4.6.2	50mm of 'Ezymix' EM490 Anhydrite self leveling floor screed 2 - INTERIOR SOLID TIMBER T&G	Obechine Austria ()
- to	6311-4.3.1	Select Solid 90x19mm T&G Spotted Gum Hardwood flooring, destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil and secret	Cheshire Architects Limited
or	5433E-4.2.3	fixed/glued 2 Layer/19mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood floo substrate laid in 400mm squares (H3.2 CCA CD grade), adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J - [refer spec] SikeRead TEE for adhesive fixing of bly to glab	Level 1 Hobson Towers West 26-28 Hobson Street PO Box AMSC 90952 Auckland
@ 400cr F 03	4421N-4.1.5 • FLOOR TYPE 0	SikaBond T55J for adhesive fixing of ply to slab 3 - INTERIOR TILED 01	New Zealand PH +64 9 358 2770
sh	6221M-4.3.1	8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square	FX +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 2771
	6221M-4.8.1	Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive	www.cheshirearchitects.com
- to or	6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1	Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec]	PROJECT: No: 202336
on F 04		5 - EXTERIOR TILED	Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083
e to joints s to	6221M-4.3.1	40mm circular sawn cut Taranaki Andesite stone crazy paving layout to be determined, including extent of recessed grouting	
	3102-4.9.1	60mm thick 17.5Mpa concrete for concealed bedding to paving units	Building Name
sh	8420-4.1.2 2242-4.1.2	100mm loose laid stone aggregate between stone pavers Min 100mm layer of compacted GAP20 basecourse	SHEET: ELEVATION - SOUTH
01	• FIREPLACE & C	CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE	
rate with	3321F-4.1.4	Firth 20 Series - Half height 190mm interior masonry blockwo structure, laid loose to structural engineer's design	rk
	6731-4.1.1 4511-4.6.1	Celecrete 'Cemher Microdur' micorcement coating applied as bagged finsih to blockwork firplace - colour TBC Chimenees Philippe Radiante 1001 DF double steel sided	SCALES @ A1: 1:50
to rs		fireplace, with min 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directiona bird cowling	_
Omm			DRWG No: REVISION:
			RC009 A
	RC S	SUBMISSION -	CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK COPYRIGHT © CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS LIMITED 27/02/2025 2:59:02 pm

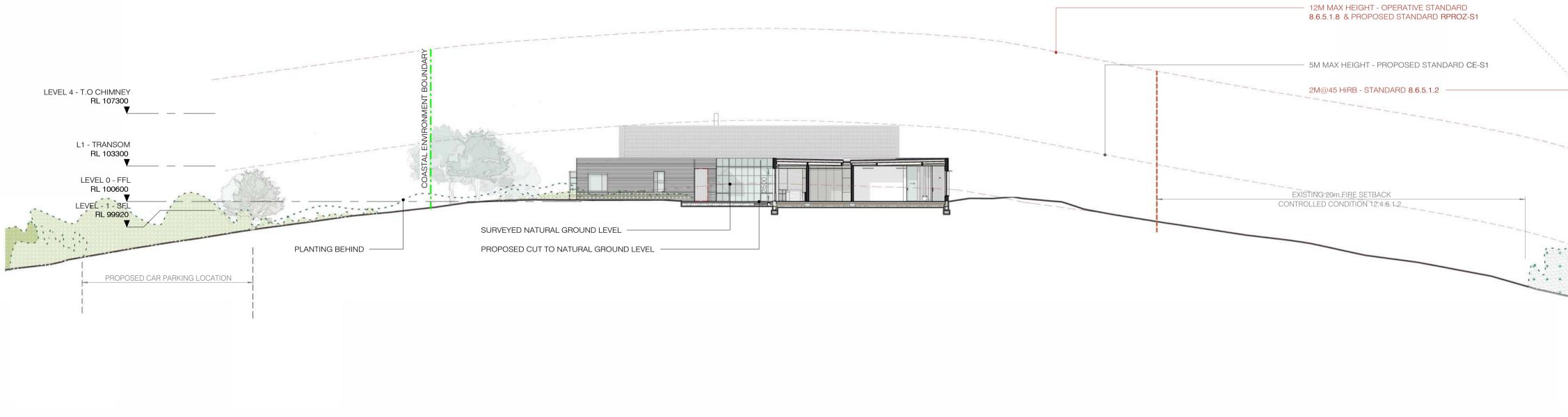






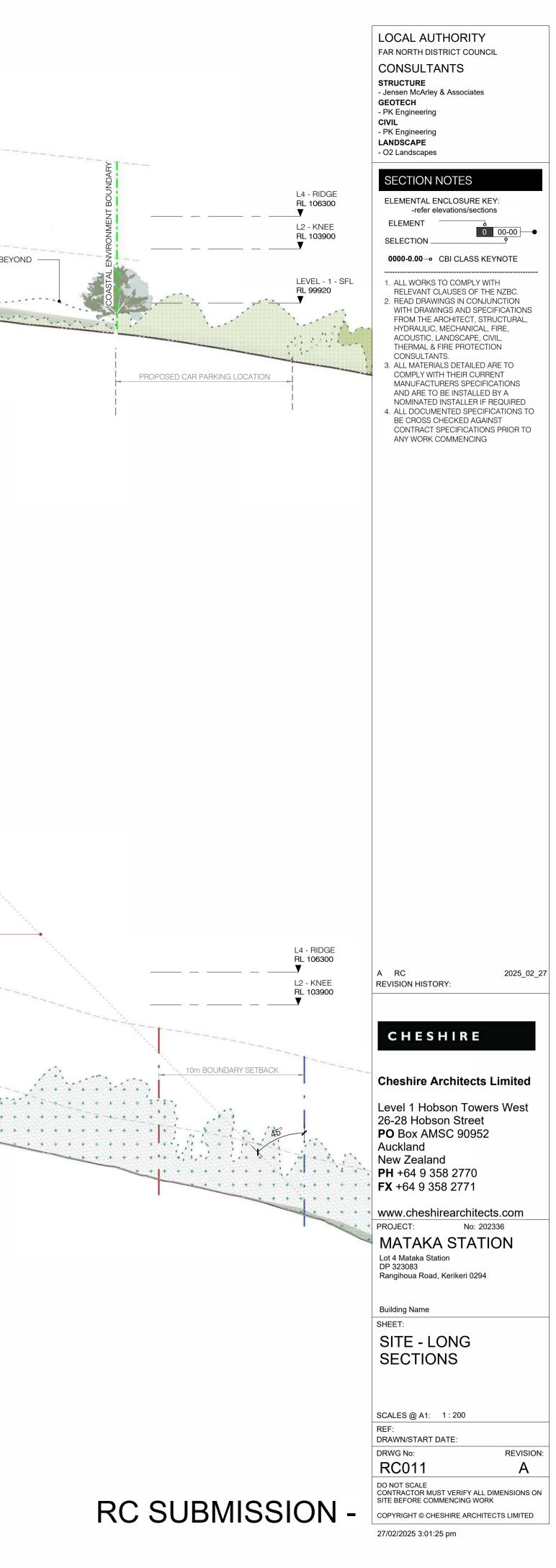
 2
 SITE LONG SECTION 01

 0020
 1 : 200 @ A1
 1 : 400 @ A3
 SECTION VIEW

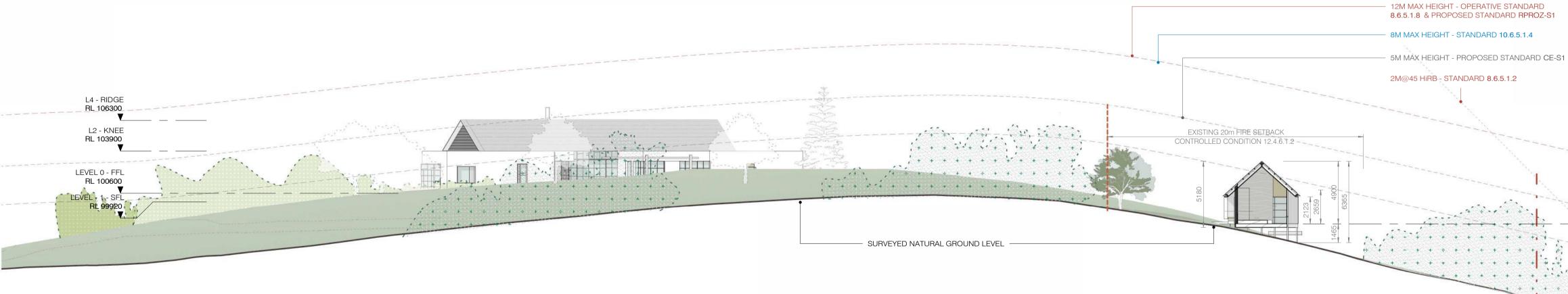


 1
 SITE LONG SECTION 02

 0020
 1 : 200 @ A1
 1 : 400 @ A3
 SECTION VIEW

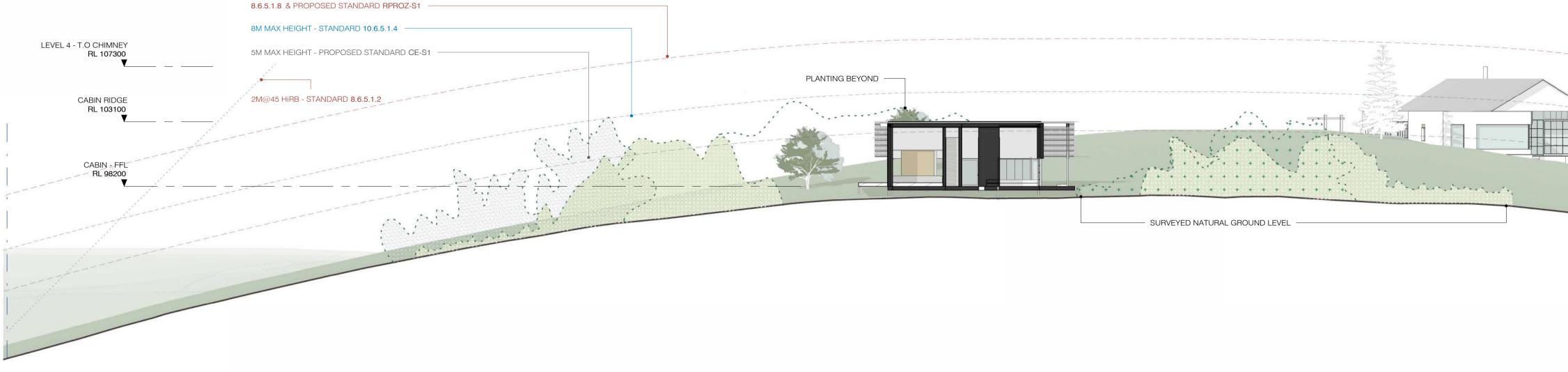


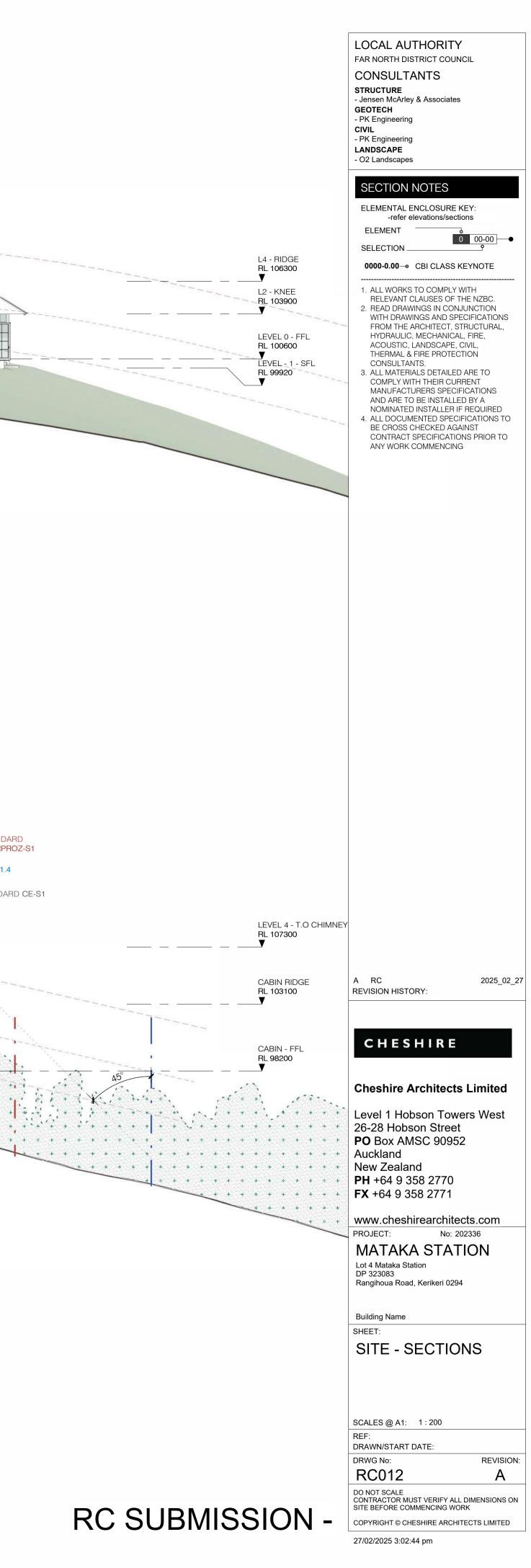
1 SITE LONG SECTION 03 0021 1 : 200 @ A1 1 : 400 @ A3 SECTION VIEW





12M MAX HEIGHT - OPERATIVE STANDARD





RESOURCE CONSENT NOTES

NUMBER

1. FOR SITE PLANNING CONTROLS REFER TO APPROVED RESOURCE CONSENT REFERENCE

GENERAL	KEY
	NCLOSURE KEY:
-refer e ELEMENT	levations/sections
SELECTION -	0 00-00
0000-0.00 —●	CBI CLASS KEYNOTE
	FLOOR TYPE FINISH
	KEYNOTE / WALL TYPE
(D1.01)	DOOR REFERENCE. REF.
	DOOR SCHEDULE
⟨W1.01⟩↔	WINDOW REFERENCE. REF. JOINERY SCHEDULE
↓ RL 2000	EXISTING SPOT LEVEL
RL 2000	NEW SPOT LEVEL
SL 2000	SLAB / SUBSTRATE LEVEL
FFL+20	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL (ABOVE SLAB)
SP	STRUCTURAL POST
DP	DOWNPIPE
ST	PLUMBING STACK
VP	PLUMBING VENT PIPE
HT	HOSE TAP
ORG	OVERFLOW RELIEF GULLY
TV	TERMINAL VENT
CD	CHANNEL DRAIN
DW	DISHWASHER
HWC	HOT WATER CYLINDER
SK	SINK
WC	TOILET
WHB	WASH HAND BASIN

·····

98.5

ROOM KEY

01 ENTRANCE PORCH

09.5

PROPOSED WOOD STORE

- 02 LIVING ROOM
- 03 KITCHENETTE
- 04 ENSUITE
- 05 BEDROOM
- 06 BEDROOM PORCH

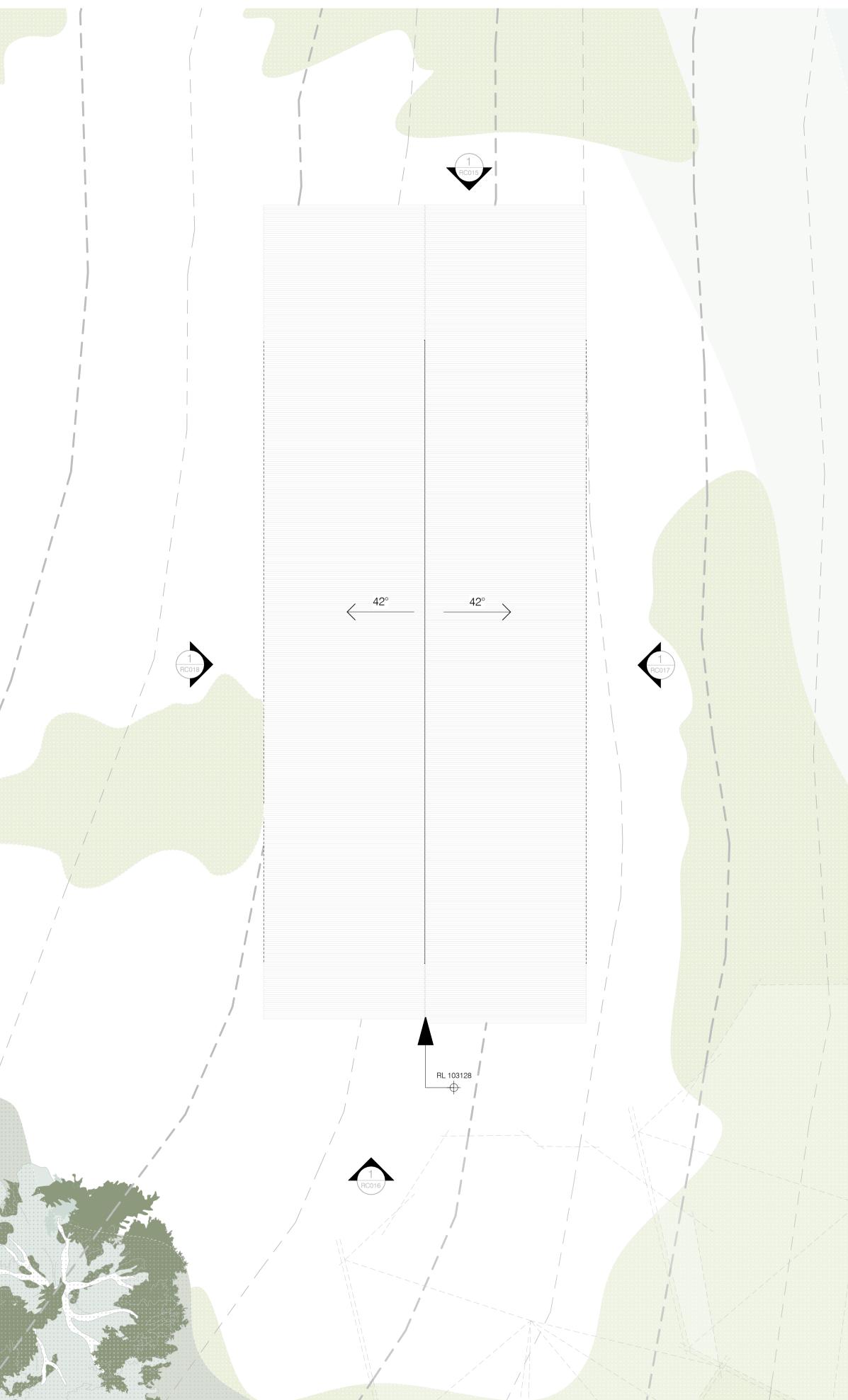


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RESOURC	CE CONSENT NOTES						
APPRC	1. FOR SITE PLANNING CONTROLS REFER TO APPROVED RESOURCE CONSENT REFERENCE NUMBER						
GENERAL	KEY						
	NCLOSURE KEY:						
ELEMENT							
SELECTION -	0 00-00						
0000-0.00 — •	CBI CLASS KEYNOTE						
00	FLOOR TYPE FINISH						
G01 W01	KEYNOTE / WALL TYPE						
D1.01	DOOR REFERENCE. REF. DOOR SCHEDULE						
(W1.01)	WINDOW REFERENCE. REF. JOINERY SCHEDULE						
↓ RL 2000	EXISTING SPOT LEVEL						
+++	NEW SPOT LEVEL						
SL 2000	SLAB / SUBSTRATE LEVEL						
FFL+20	FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL (ABOVE SLAB)						
SP	STRUCTURAL POST						
DP	DOWNPIPE						
ST	PLUMBING STACK						
VP	PLUMBING VENT PIPE						
HT	HOSE TAP						
ORG	OVERFLOW RELIEF GULLY						
TV	TERMINAL VENT						
CD	CHANNEL DRAIN						
DW	DISHWASHER						
HWC	HOT WATER CYLINDER						
SK	SINK						
WC	TOILET						
WHB	WASH HAND BASIN						

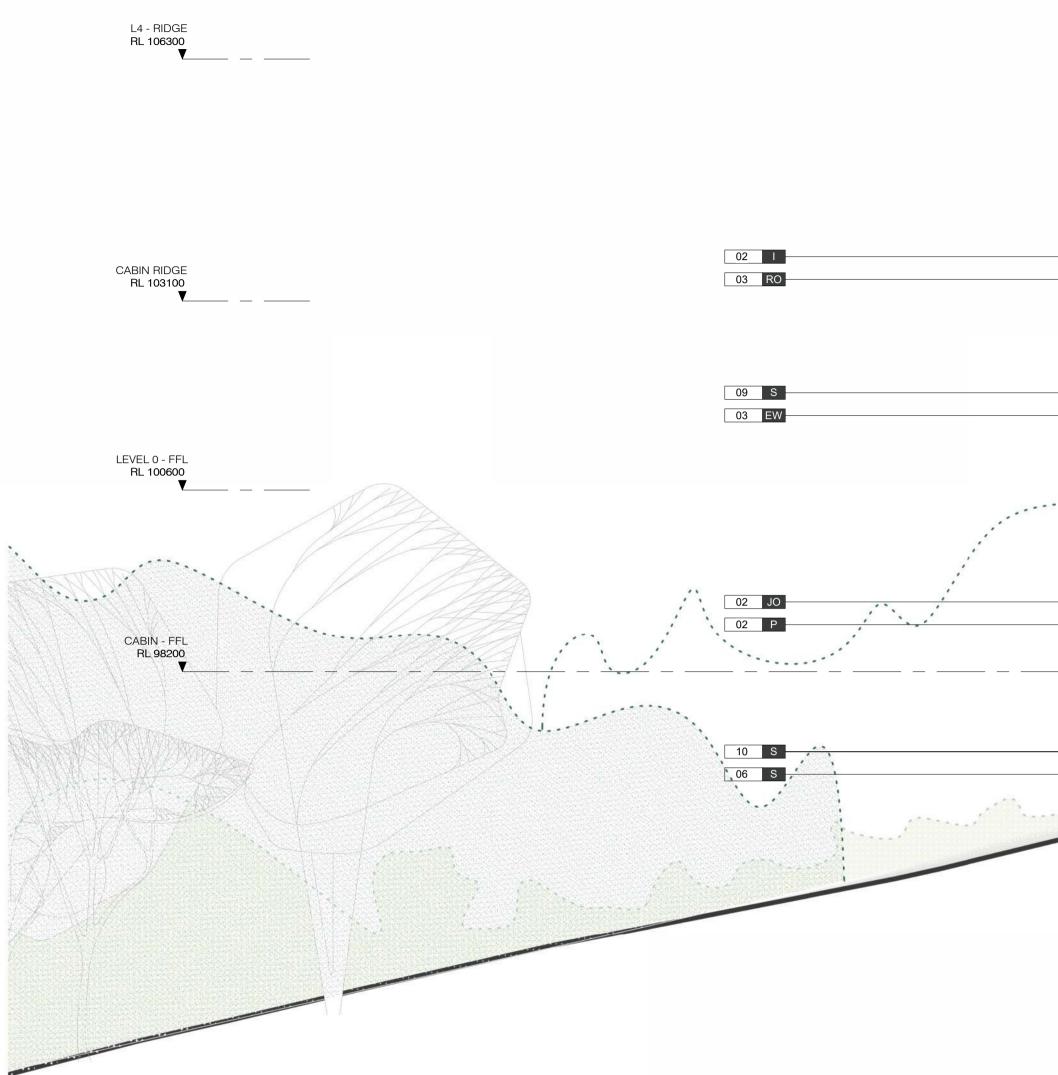
PROPOSED WOOD STORE



LOCAL AUTHORITY FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSULTANTS STRUCTURE - Jensen McArley & Associates GEOTECH - PK Engineering CIVIL - PK Engineering LANDSCAPE - O2 Landscapes
 ALL WORKS TO COMPLY WITH RELEVANT CLAUSES OF THE NZBC. ALL ROOF FLASHINGS AND ROOF FLASHING DETAILS TO COMPLY WITH NZBC:E2. ALL ROOF PENETRATIONS AND ROOF PENETRATION DETAILS TO COMPLY WITH NZBC:E2. READ DRAWINGS IN CONJUNCTION WITH DRAWINGS IN CONJUNCTION WITH DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS FROM THE ARCHITECT, STRUCTURAL, HYDRAULIC, MECHANICAL, FIRE, ACOUSTIC, THERMAL & FIRE PROTECTION CONSULTANTS. ALL FITTINGS TO BE OF GOOD QUALITY FOR PURPOSE. ALL DP & GUTTER SIZES TO COMPLY WITH NZBC:E1.
A RC 2025_02_27 REVISION HISTORY: CHESHIRE
Cheshire Architects Limited Level 1 Hobson Towers West 26-28 Hobson Street PO Box AMSC 90952 Auckland New Zealand PH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336
MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: CABIN ROOF PLAN
SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE: DRWG No: RC014 A

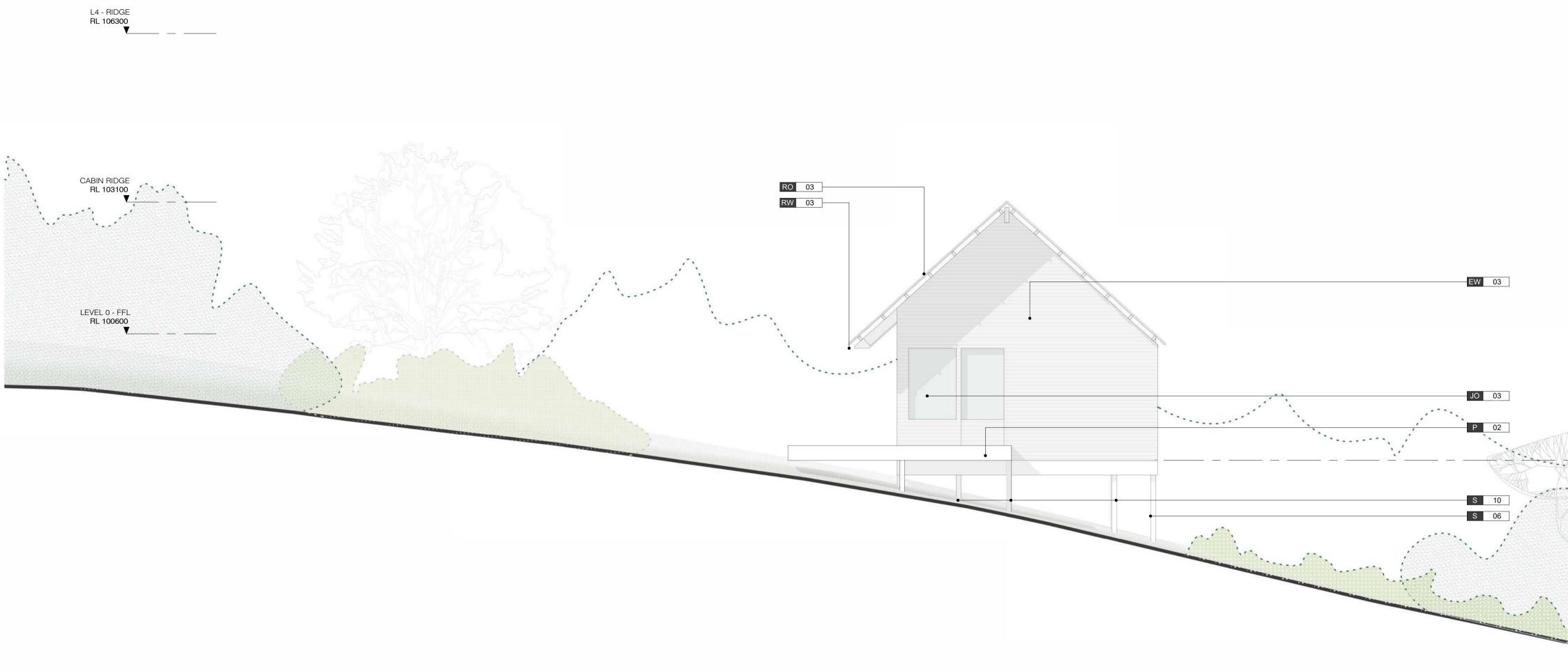
RC SUBMISSION -

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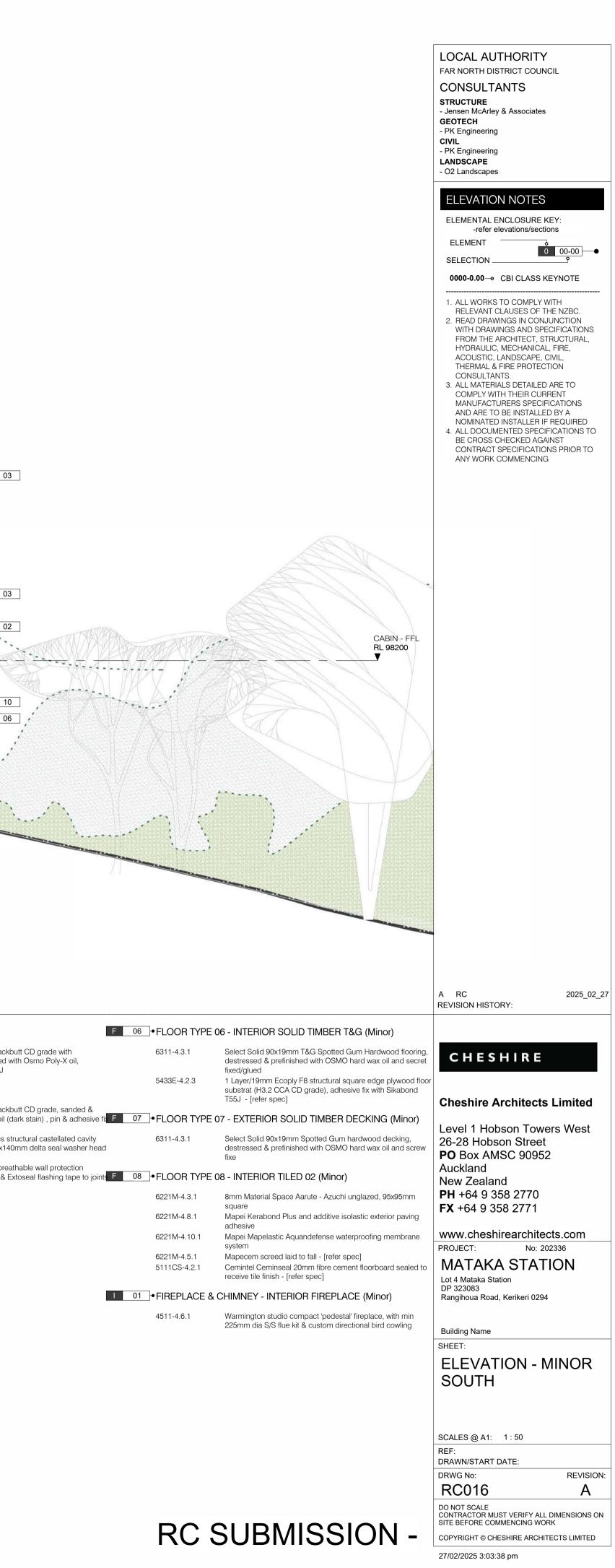


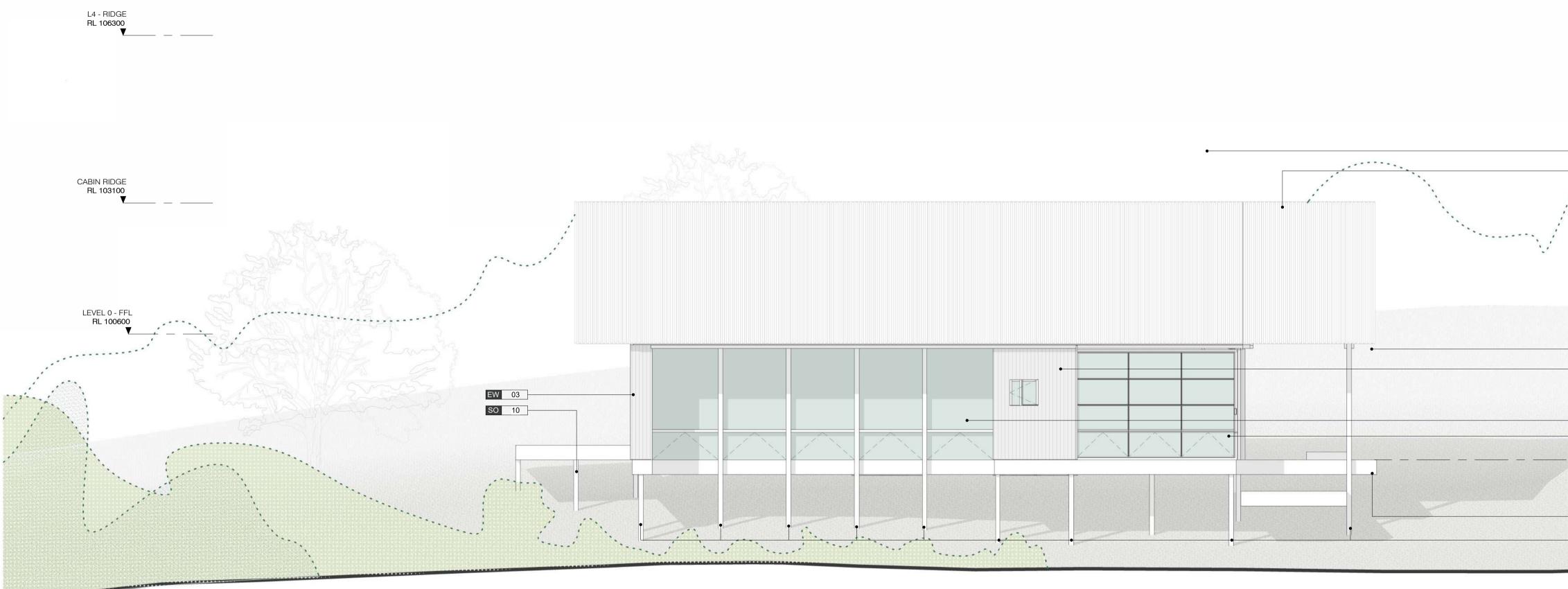
SO 06 • STRUCTUR	RE 06 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (VG)		10 - STRUCTURAL FLOOR FRAMING (Enclosed)	RO 03 • ROOF TYPE
2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to min 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to min 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	4311RI-4.1.1
3821-4.6.10	140x140mm Purpleheart timber post, joinery grade dressed 4 sides 'A Finish' (Sanded) with cast in place steel baseplates,	3821-4.6.10	140x140mm H3.2 SG8 timber pile with cast in place steel baseplates, dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers	
	dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design	3821-4.4	design 90x90mm H3.2 SG8 timber brace with S/S bolted connections	RW 03 • RAINWATER
SO 07 • STRUCTUR	RE 07 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (H3.2)	3821-4.4	dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design	7411-4.1.2
3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab - [refer to structural engineers drawings]		2/190x45mm H3.2 SG8 timber joist boundary end trimmer with S/S bolted connections to posts - to engineers design	
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof	3821-4.4.12	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber floor joists @ 400crs, nogs at 600 crs - to engineers design) 7411-4.2.1
2244-4.2	membrane concrete underlay	4711T-4.3.1	140mm Terra Lana drop in floor thermal pads R3.2 wool	
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade		semi-rigid wall insulation (400crs)	
2244-4.1			ALL & CLADDING 03 - HORIZONTAL BB WB (minor)	
SO 08 STRUCTUR	RE 08 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Rafter Type)			
		4221-4.2.1	90 X 18.5mm Custom splaycut WRC select knot horizontal	
3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs		bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & stained), allow for Zone Vanguard fire treatment to group 1 compliance- [refer	
3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design		spec]	
3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at 600crs - to engineers design	3821-4.5.1	20x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed to framing @ min 600crs]	
3821-4.3.15	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber intermediate purlins bewtween post crs, nogging at 600crs	4161PC1-4.1.1	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to	
3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - to		joints & openings	
	engineers design	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade	
SO 09 +STRUCTUR	RE 09 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Purlin Type)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for sizing	
3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs			
3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design			
3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at 600crs - to engineers design			
3821-4.3.14	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600crs, blocking at 600crs			
3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - to engineers design			

								LOCAL AUTHORITY FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSULTANTS STUCTURE 9. Janean Karley & Associates GEOTECH 9. KE ngineering LANBCAFE 2.02 Landscapes CIENTIAL ENCLOSURE KEY: referelevations/sections ELEMENTAL ENCLOSURE KEY: referelevations/sections ELEMENT OF COMPLY WITH RELEVANT CLAUSES OF THE NZBC. 1. ALL WORKS TO COMPLY WITH RELEVANT CLAUSES OF THE NZBC. 1. READ DRAWINGS IN CONJUNCTION WITH ARCHITECT, STRUCTURAL, HYDRAULIC, MADBCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, MECHANICAL, FIRE, ACOUSTIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, MECHANICAL, FIRE, ACOUSTIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, MECHANICAL, FIRE, ACOUSTIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, HYDRAULIC, LANDSCAFE, CIVIL, AND COUNTACT, SPECIFICATIONS TO ECONS FOR THE ARCHITECT, STRUCTURAL, HYDRAULIC, MECHANICAL, FIRE, ACOUSTANTS, ALL MATERIALS DETAILED AFE NO COMPLY WITH HYEIR CURRENT MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS TO BE CROSS CHECKED AGAINST CONTACT SPECIFICATIONS PRIOR TO ANY WORK COMMENCING
1.1 4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambro Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as per manufacturers specifications, SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier TYPE 03 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER (Minor) 100mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Roofing Industries roll formed half round copper gutter, laid to min 1:500 fall to outlets - allow for custom brass brackets 85mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Copper downpipes with custom brass brackets to match gutter	4511-4.6.1 4610AG-4.3.2 • JOINERY 02 - 4511-4.7.1 4610AG-4.3.2	Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N' bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window panes	07 • CEILING 07 - 1 5122PL-4.1.2 08 • CEILINX 63-208 - 1 5122PL-4.1.1 3821-4.5.3.1 4161R 023 54223. NZS4223.	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade with V-grooves, sanded & prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil, adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J PLY - RAKING (EXT) 15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade, sanded &	6311-4.3.1 5433E-4.2.3 e fix F 07 • FLOOR TYPE 6311-4.3.1 6311-4.3.1 6221M-4.3.1 6221M-4.3.1 6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.5.1 5111CS-4.2.1	 O6 - INTERIOR SOLID TIMBER T&G (Minor) Select Solid 90x19mm T&G Spotted Gum Hardwood flooring, destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil and secret fixed/glued 1 Layer/19mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood floor substrat (H3.2 CCA CD grade), adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J - [refer spec] O7 - EXTERIOR SOLID TIMBER DECKING (Minor) Select Solid 90x19mm Spotted Gum hardwood decking, destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil and screw fixe O8 - INTERIOR TILED 02 (Minor) 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapeei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] Cemintel Ceminseal 20mm fibre cement floorboard sealed to receive tile finish - [refer spec] CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE (Minor) Warmington studio compact 'pedestal' fireplace, with min 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird cowling 	A RC 2025_02_27 REVISION HISTORY: CHESHIRE Cheshire Architects Limited Level 1 Hobson Towers West 26-28 Hobson Street PO Box AMSC 90952 Auckland New Zealand PH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 27770 FX +64 9 358 27771 WWW.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202386 MATAKA STATION FX 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - MINOR NORTH
						RCS	SUBMISSION -	SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE: DRWG No: REVISION: RC015 A DO NOT SCALE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK COPYRIGHT © CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS LIMITED 27/02/2025 3:03:17 pm



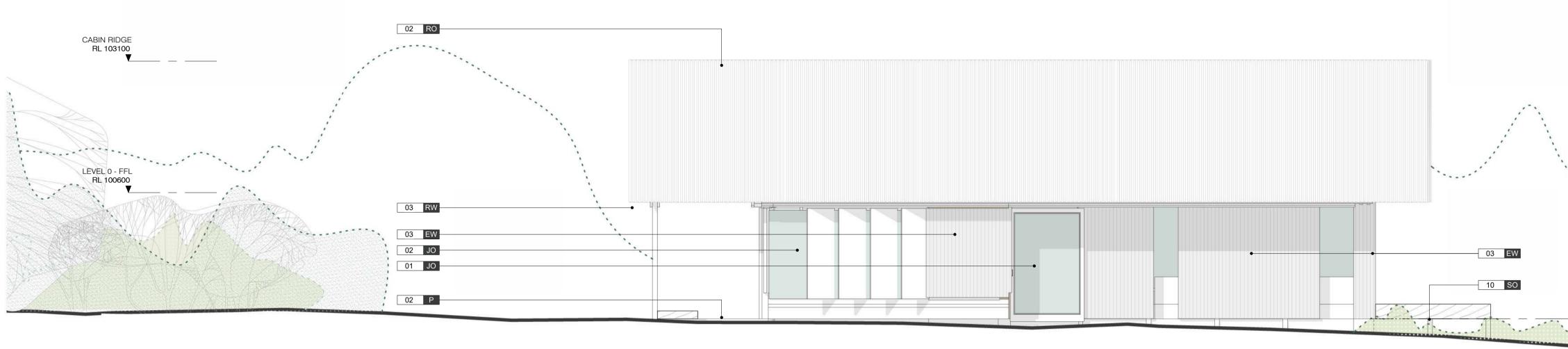
SO 06		6 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (VG)	SO 10 •STRUCTURE 1	0 - STRUCTURAL FLOOR FRAMING (Enclosed)	RO 03 • ROOF TYPE 0	3 - CORRUGATE METAL (Minor)	J 01 • JOINERY 01 ·	- EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 07 • CEILING 07 -	PLY - RAKING (INT)
	2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to min 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to mir 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	1 4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambro Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as per manufacturers specifications,		Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads througho with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window	put	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade with V-grooves, sanded & prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil, adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J
	3821-4.6.10	140x140mm Purpleheart timber post, joinery grade dressed 4	3821-4.6.10	140x140mm H3.2 SG8 timber pile with cast in place steel	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier		panes		
		sides 'A Finish' (Sanded) with cast in place steel baseplates,		baseplates, dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineer	s		4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	C 08 • CEILIN⊠G+208 -	PLY - RAKING (EXT)
		dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design		design	RW 03 ● RAINWATER 1	YPE 03 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER (Minor)				15mm Distanti Armaniza and blackbutt CD grade, canded 8
SO 07		7 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (H3.2)	3821-4.4	90x90mm H3.2 SG8 timber brace with S/S bolted connection dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design	1	100mm DIA OFF DAT Depfing laduatrice cell formed helf reve		- EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED	5122PL-4.1.1	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade, sanded & prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil (dark stain), pin & adhesive
00 01		T = FRIMARTTOURDATIONS (13.2)		2/190x45mm H3.2 SG8 timber joist boundary end trimmer wit	7411-4.1.2	100mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Roofing Industries roll formed half rour copper gutter, laid to min 1:500 fall to outlets - allow for custor		Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement		with Sikabond T55J
	3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		S/S bolted connections to posts - to engineers design		brass brackets	4011-4.7.1	windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square	3821-4.5.3.1	20x45mm H1.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity
		[refer to structural engineers drawings]	3821-4.4.12	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber floor joists @ 400crs, nogs at 60	7411-4.2.1	85mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Copper downpipes with custom brass		glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Irok		battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer hea
	4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof		crs - to engineers design		brackets to match gutter		beading to grid window panes		screw fixings
		membrane concrete underlay	4711T-4.3.1	140mm Terra Lana drop in floor thermal pads R3.2 wool		-	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	4161 PMZS42 23.	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection
	2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer		semi-rigid wall insulation (400crs)						membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to joir
	2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade					J06_ • JOINERY 06 -	- EXTERIOR APL ALUMINIUM		& openings
			EW 03 • EXTERIOR WA	LL & CLADDING 03 - HORIZONTAL BB WB (minor)					
SO 08	-STRUCTURE 0	8 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Rafter Type)					4521AC-4.1	APL 40mm Commercial series fixed window suite with square glazing beads throughout - Interpon D2525 Flat Matt powder		
			4221-4.2.1	90 X 18.5mm Custom splaycut WRC select knot horizontal				coated finish - Medium Bronze Pearl YY23NA [Refer Spec]		
	3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs	Ý	bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & stained), allow for			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
	3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design	2	Zone Vanguard fire treatment to group 1 compliance- [refer spec]			5151-4.2.1	Iroko timber square edge jamb liner with concealed fixings &	1120-1220.	
	3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at	3821-4.5.1	20x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixe	d		0101 1.2.1	PolyX-Oil finish & concealed fixings - [refer spec]		
	3821-4.3.4	600crs - to engineers design	3621-4.0.1	to framing @ min 600crs]	u .			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	3821-4.3.15	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber intermediate purlins bewtween	4161PC1-4.1.1	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection						
	0021 1.0.10	post crs, nogging at 600crs		membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to						
	3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - 1	to	joints & openings						
		engineers design	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade						
SO 09	-STRUCTURE 0	9 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Purlin Type)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for sizing						
	3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs	ý	-						
	3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design	n							
	3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at								
	3021-4.3.4	600crs - to engineers design								
	3821-4.3.14	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600crs, blocking at								
	0021 4.0.14	600crs								
	3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - t	to							
		engineers design								





⁰⁶ ◆STRUCTURE	E 06 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (VG)	50 10 • STRUCTURE 1	0 - STRUCTURAL FLOOR FRAMING (Enclosed)	RO 03 • ROOF TYPE	03 - CORRUGATE METAL (Minor)	J 01 • JOINERY 01 -	EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 07 • CEILING 07 - F	PLY - RAKING (INT)
2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to min 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to min 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambr Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as pe manufacturers specifications,		Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads througho with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window	ut	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade with V-grooves, sanded & prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil, adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J
3821-4.6.10	140x140mm Purpleheart timber post, joinery grade dressed 4	3821-4.6.10	140x140mm H3.2 SG8 timber pile with cast in place steel	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier		panes		
	sides 'A Finish' (Sanded) with cast in place steel baseplates,		baseplates, dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	C 08 ● CEILN⊠ S#208 - F	PLY - RAKING (EXT)
	dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design				TYPE 03 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER (Minor)				
		3821-4.4	90x90mm H3.2 SG8 timber brace with S/S bolted connections	1			EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED	5122PL-4.1.1	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade, sanded &
	E 07 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (H3.2)		dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design	7411-4.1.2	100mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Roofing Industries roll formed half rou				prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil (dark stain) , pin & adhesiv with Sikabond T55J
3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		2/190x45mm H3.2 SG8 timber joist boundary end trimmer with		copper gutter, laid to min 1:500 fall to outlets - allow for custo brass brackets	om 4511-4.7.1	Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square	3821-4.5.3.1	20x45mm H1.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity
3102-4.7.1	[refer to structural engineers drawings]	2021 4 4 12	S/S bolted connections to posts - to engineers design	7411 4 0 1			glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Irok		battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer he
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof	3821-4.4.12	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber floor joists @ 400crs, nogs at 600 crs - to engineers design) 7411-4.2.1	85mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Copper downpipes with custom brass brackets to match gutter		beading to grid window panes		screw fixings
41011-4.1.1	membrane concrete underlav	4711T-4.3.1	140mm Terra Lana drop in floor thermal pads R3.2 wool		brackets to match gutter	4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	4161 P02/S4 2/23.	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer	47111-4.3.1	semi-rigid wall insulation (400crs)						membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to jo
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade					J 06 • JOINERY 06 -	EXTERIOR APL ALUMINIUM		& openings
			LL & CLADDING 03 - HORIZONTAL BB WB (minor)						
	E 08 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Rafter Type)					4521AC-4.1	APL 40mm Commercial series fixed window suite with square		
		4221-4.2.1	90 X 18.5mm Custom splaycut WRC select knot horizontal				glazing beads throughout - Interpon D2525 Flat Matt powder		
3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally		bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & stained), allow for				coated finish - Medium Bronze Pearl YY23NA [Refer Spec]		
	fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs		Zone Vanguard fire treatment to group 1 compliance- [refer			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design		spec]			5151-4.2.1	Iroko timber square edge jamb liner with concealed fixings &		
3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at 600crs - to engineers design	3821-4.5.1	20x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed to framing @ min 600crs]				PolyX-Oil finish & concealed fixings - [refer spec]		
3821-4.3.15	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber intermediate purlins bewtween	4161PC1-4.1.1	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection						
3821-4.3.15	post crs, nogging at 600crs	41017-01-4.1.1	membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to						
3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - to		joints & openings						
	engineers design	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade						
09 • STRUCTURE	E 09 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Purlin Type)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for sizing						
3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs								
3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design								
3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at								
3021-4.3.4	600crs - to engineers design								
3821-4.3.14	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600crs, blocking at								
0021 4.0.14	600crs								
3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - to								
0021 1.0.14	engineers design								

	*******		LOCAL AUTHORITY AR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSULTANTS STRUCTURE 1-gensen McArley & Associates COTECH 1-gensen McArley & Associates 1-gensen McArley & McArley 1-gensen McArley & McArley 1-gensen McArley & McArley McMarley 1-gensen McArley & McArley McMarley McArley McArley McMarley
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F I, ded & dhesive fix F cavity sher head on be to joints F	6311-4.3.1 5433E-4.2.3 07 • FLOOR TYPE 6311-4.3.1 08 • FLOOR TYPE 6221M-4.3.1 6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 5111CS-4.2.1	 D6 - INTERIOR SOLID TIMBER T&G (Minor) Select Solid 90x19mm T&G Spotted Gum Hardwood destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil a fixed/glued 1 Layer/19mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge ply substrat (H3.2 CCA CD grade), adhesive fix with Sik T55J - [refer spec] D7 - EXTERIOR SOLID TIMBER DECKING (Ninor) Select Solid 90x19mm Spotted Gum hardwood dec destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil a fixe D8 - INTERIOR TILED 02 (Minor) 8mm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x8 square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing mer system Mapecerm screed laid to fall - [refer spec] Cemintel Ceminseal 20mm fibre cement floorboard receive tile finish - [refer spec] CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE (Minor) Warmington studio compact 'pedestal' fireplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, specific additional compact 'pedestal' fireplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' fireplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wit 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird compact 'pedestal' foreplace, wi	Image: Additional secretImage: Constraint of the secretwood floor rabondCheshire Architects LimitedMinor) king, nd screwLevel 1 Hobson Towers West 26-28 Hobson Street PO Box AMSC 90952 Auckland New Zealand PH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 277195mm pavingPH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 2771mbraneWWW.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294
	RC S	SUBMISSION	EAST SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE: DRWG No: REVISION: RC017 A DO NOT SCALE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON



SO 06 • STRUCTURE	E 06 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (VG)	SO 10 +STRUCTURE	10 - STRUCTURAL FLOOR FRAMING (Enclosed)	RO 03 • ROOF TYPE	03 - CORRUGATE METAL (Minor)	J 01 JOINERY 01	- EXTERIOR TIMBER SLIDERS	C 07 • CEILING 07 -	PLY - RAKING (INT)
2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to min 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	2322-4.1.1	500mm Dia reinforced concrete foundation piles bored to mir 1.5m into rock mass, allow for steel cages, vertical laps and spacer wheels - refer to structural engineers details	4311RI-4.1.1	Roofing Industries 'True Oak Deep' 0.55 mm BMT with 'Ambro Euromax' Schist coloured corrugated steel profile, fixed as per manufacturers specifications,		Iroko hardwood timber sliding doors with Brio 'Timberoll 300N bottom rolling door hardware, square glazing beads througho with adhesive fixed solid timber Iroko beading to grid window	but	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade with V-grooves, sanded & prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil, adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J
3821-4.6.10	140x140mm Purpleheart timber post, joinery grade dressed 4	3821-4.6.10	140x140mm H3.2 SG8 timber pile with cast in place steel	4161PC1-4.1.1	SOLITEX® Mento 3000 weather resistive roofing barrier		panes		
	sides 'A Finish' (Sanded) with cast in place steel baseplates, dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design		baseplates, dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineer			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	C 08 ● CEILNXIG+208 -	PLY - RAKING (EXT)
	dark start millish TBC - telef to structural engineers design	3821-4.4	design 90x90mm H3.2 SG8 timber brace with S/S bolted connection:	RW 03 PRAINWATER	TYPE 03 - TYPICAL METAL ROOF GUTTER (Minor)		- EXTERIOR TIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED	5122PL-4.1.1	15mm Plytech Armourpanel blackbutt CD grade, sanded &
	E 07 - PRIMARY FOUNDATIONS (H3.2)	3821-4.4	dark stain finish TBC - refer to structural engineers design	7411-4.1.2	100mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Roofing Industries roll formed half rour		- EXTERIOR HIMBER CASEMENT & FIXED	5122FL-4.1.1	prefinished with Osmo Poly-X oil (dark stain), pin & adhesive
			2/190x45mm H3.2 SG8 timber joist boundary end trimmer wit		copper gutter, laid to min 1:500 fall to outlets - allow for custo		Iroko hardwood timber fixed glazing & side hung casement		with Sikabond T55J
3102-4.7.1	120mm thick 30Mpa reinforced insitu concrete floor slab -		S/S bolted connections to posts - to engineers design		brass brackets		windows with Schegel four-bar S/S friction stays. Square	3821-4.5.3.1	20x45mm H1.2 SG8 Continuous structural castellated cavity
	[refer to structural engineers drawings]	3821-4.4.12	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber floor joists @ 400crs, nogs at 60	0 7411-4.2.1	85mm DIA. 0.55 BMT Copper downpipes with custom brass		glazing beads throughout with adhesive fixed solid timber Irok	KO	battens with Spax HI.FORCE 6x140mm delta seal washer hea
4161T-4.1.1	Thermakraft Thermathene Orange 0.3mm thick damp proof		crs - to engineers design		brackets to match gutter		beading to grid window panes		screw fixings
	membrane concrete underlay	4711T-4.3.1	140mm Terra Lana drop in floor thermal pads R3.2 wool			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	4161 PVZS4 228.	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection
2244-4.2	30mm compacted aggregate sand blinding layer		semi-rigid wall insulation (400crs)						membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to joir
2244-4.1	Min 150mm - 600mm deep compacted hardfill on grade					J 06 +JOINERY 06	- EXTERIOR APL ALUMINIUM		& openings
		EW 03 • EXTERIOR W	/ALL & CLADDING 03 - HORIZONTAL BB WB (minor)			4521AC-4.1	APL 40mm Commercial series fixed window suite with square		
SO 08 SIRUCIURE	E 08 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Rafter Type)					452TAC-4.1	glazing beads throughout - Interpon D2525 Flat Matt powder		
		4221-4.2.1	90 X 18.5mm Custom splaycut WRC select knot horizontal				coated finish - Medium Bronze Pearl YY23NA [Refer Spec]		
3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs		bevelback weatherboard cladding (BSF & stained), allow for			4610AG-4.3.2	Clear 26mm AGP Low-E IGU's to comply with	NZS4223.	
3821-4.3.6	290x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber ridge beam - to engineers design		Zone Vanguard fire treatment to group 1 compliance- [refer spec]			5151-4.2.1	Iroko timber square edge jamb liner with concealed fixings &		
3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at	3821-4.5.1	20x45mm H3.2 Vertical timber cavity batten - [structurally fixed	d		0101 1.2.1	PolyX-Oil finish & concealed fixings - [refer spec]		
3821-4.3.4	600crs - to engineers design	5621-4.0.1	to framing @ min 600crs]	d			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
3821-4.3.15	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber intermediate purlins bewtween	4161PC1-4.1.1	Proclima® Solitex® Extasana breathable wall protection						
	post crs, nogging at 600crs		membrane with Tescon Extora & Extoseal flashing tape to						
3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - to)	joints & openings						
	engineers design	3827E-4.2.3	12mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood wall substrate - H3.2 CCA treated CD grade						
SO 09 • STRUCTURE	E 09 - STRUCTURAL ROOF FRAMING (Purlin Type)	3821-4.1.1	H1.2 SG8 Exterior timber wall framing, refer framing plan for sizing						
3821-4.3.12	90x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber roof purlins @ 600 crs, structurally fixed to rafter framing, nogs at 600crs								
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3821-4.3.4	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter @ post crs, blocking at								
	600crs - to engineers design								
3821-4.3.14	190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber purlins @ 600crs, blocking at 600crs								
3821-4.3.14	2/190x45mm H1.2 SG8 timber rafter boundary end trimmer - to engineers design)							

	CABIN - FFL RL 99200	LOCAL AUTHORITY FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL CONSULTANTS STRUCTURE - Jensen McArley & Associates GEOTECH - PK Engineering LANDSCAPE - 22 Landscapes CUL ELEMENTAL ENCLOSURE KEY: -refer elevations/sections ELEMENT SELECTION 000-0.00-• CBI CLASS KEYNOTE
6311-4.3.1 5433E-4.2.3 ded & dhesive fix F 07 + FLOOR TYP I cavity 6311-4.3.1	 PE 06 - INTERIOR SOLID TIMBER T&G (Minor) Select Solid 90x19mm T&G Spotted Gum Hardwood flooring, destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil and secret fixed/glued 1 Layer/19mm Ecoply F8 structural square edge plywood floor substrat (H3.2 CCA CD grade), adhesive fix with Sikabond T55J - [refer spec] PE 07 - EXTERIOR SOLID TIMBER DECKING (Minor) Select Solid 90x19mm Spotted Gum hardwood decking, destrements 	A RC 2025_02_27 REVISION HISTORY: CHESHIRE Cheshire Architects Limited Level 1 Hobson Towers West 26-28 Hobson Street
sher head on be to joints F 08 • FLOOR TYP 6221M-4.3.1 6221M-4.8.1 6221M-4.10.1 6221M-4.5.1 5111CS-4.2.1	destressed & prefinished with OSMO hard wax oil and screw fixe PE 08 - INTERIOR TILED 02 (Minor) Smm Material Space Aarute - Azuchi unglazed, 95x95mm square Mapei Kerabond Plus and additive isolastic exterior paving adhesive Mapei Mapelastic Aquandefense waterproofing membrane system Mapecem screed laid to fall - [refer spec] Cemintel Ceminseal 20mm fibre cement floorboard sealed to receive tile finish - [refer spec] & CHIMNEY - INTERIOR FIREPLACE (Minor) Warmington studio compact 'pedestal' fireplace, with min 225mm dia S/S flue kit & custom directional bird cowling	PO Box AMSC 90952 Auckland New Zealand PH +64 9 358 2770 FX +64 9 358 2771 www.cheshirearchitects.com PROJECT: No: 202336 MATAKA STATION Lot 4 Mataka Station DP 323083 Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294 Building Name SHEET: ELEVATION - MINOR WEST
RC	SUBMISSION -	SCALES @ A1: 1:50 REF: DRAWN/START DATE: DRWG No: REVISION: RC018 A DO NOT SCALE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK COPYRIGHT © CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS LIMITED 27/02/2025 3:04:27 pm

MATAKA STATION CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS

RESOURCE CONSENT : DEVELOPED DESIGN PACKAGE LOT 4 - MATAKA STATION, BAY OF ISLANDS Prepared for Michael Gilson & Joan McPhee



DESIGN STATEMENT

The Site

The incumbent 'house site' encompasses the northeastern extent of Lot 4, Mataka Station. The designated house area occupies the hilltop and adjacent slopes, bound by the north and south boundaries and primary vehicle right of way to the west. The identified house site for Lot 4 is close to the brow of the hill and south of the established hilltop Norfolk pine.

The proposed development site is aligned with the designated building area, with consideration of the hilltop and visibility and buildings are located below the crest of the hill and sited to take advantage of existing mature vegetation to provide visual screening.

The home nestles into the landscape, transecting the Coastal Boundary overlay, and commanding 270° views from Mataka Mountain to the east, across Harakeke Island and up towards Takou Bay, and beyond to the rolling hills & vallevs of the west.

The site itself consists predominantly of pastured rural grounds, flanked by an established Norfolk Pine to the east that marks the vertical datum of the hilltop, and a secondary pine adjacent to the access road boundary. A windswept Pohutukawa grove to the northwest providing opportunity for shade and reprieve from the elements. Scatterings of regenerative native flora drape the landscape to the eastern and northern slopes, cascading down towards the foreshore.

Essentially northeast facing, the site receives sun throughout the seasons and siting of the primary dwelling and minor dwelling buildings take advantage of this. The siting of the buildings allowing the natural features of the landscape to dominate, the placement of proposed building platforms and the incorporation of building materials that are sympathetic to, and blend comfortably with,

and into the natural coastal and farmland environment.

Landscape design

A backdrop of native planting to the west & south has been proposed to strengthen the natural enclosure of the site when viewed from the adjacent Lots 21 & 5, the arrival roads, as well as from the coastal edge, assisting in diminishing the impact of the buildings. In accordance with 2.1.2 of the Mataka Design Guideline, specifically the fourth schedule, screening of the development from Lot 21 has been achieved via the use of additional localised native planting to the western most boundaries of the Mataka Station designated house site.

Broadly, the proposed landscape design is a continuation of existing planting patterns with groupings of planting interspersed and located to allow the natural form of the hill to be maintained whilst screening the buildings where required. Existing vegetation is preserved, with new planting and larger tree specimens paired to extend the natural plant patterns across the coastal hillside.

The Primary Dwelling

The 'primary dwelling' is the principal private development providing residential accommodation for the owners Joan Mcphee & Michael Gilson.

The prominence of the site, its visibility and engagement within Mataka Station, adjoining lots and the foreshore, has required careful consideration of the architectural form and the site earthworks that will be required, to ensure minimal impact to the existing rural character and surrounding natural environment.

The house straddles the military crest of the hilltop, in front, and to the side of the Norfolk datum, allowing the existing Pohutakawa grove to provide a point of arrival from the west.

It is positioned with an east-west orientation overlooking the undulating farm pasture, cliffs and gullies, and outwards towards the foreshore and Pacific Ocean.

The house is a simple agrarian barn like form, placed gently atop of two modest timber clad sleeping quarters, arranged in a manner to provide multiple sheltered outdoor space for the varying weather conditions of the coastal environment.

A solid blockwork chimney anchors the gable form to the site but does not break the ridge line, in this case it provides strength in plan while eliminating its impact at the ridge by reducing to a simple steel flue. The gable form is seen as a modest extension of the hilltop slopes with specific localized planting of native trees to the south and north to break the built form of the roof ridge line. The proportion of the rooftop gable emphasizes the horizontal form against the hilltop and provides a sympathetic built relationship to the surrounding topography.

The two modest sleeping quarters have been kept low in height and compact in plan, with a focus on a rich material finish and balance of proportions, rather than abundance of footprint, assisting with the reduction of built form when viewed from afar.

The Minor Dwelling

Guest accommodation is provided for in a separate minor dwelling, located near the southeastern corner of the extended house site. Modest in size, the guest quarters provide self-contained accommodation, conceived as a simple form arranged along the eastern slope to provide solar gain from east through to west for the primary living quaters. The guest house sits lightly on the land, resting on piled foundations and hovering above the existing landform. External material selections are consistent with those in the main home, but of a darker tone, to allow the buildings form to sit resessively against the adjacent bushline.

Existing coastal vegetation is extended, enclosing the building, providing a sheltered bush retreat, and celebrating the coastal planting and views afforded from this location.

The building siting mirrors the primary dwelling, slung below the hilltop on the southern slope to ensure its form and roofline are below the ridge, and surrounded by coastal fauna to appear a natural extension of the existing landscape along this boundary.

Materials

Self-finishing materials have been selected for both building types to strengthen the sense of occupation in a manner that is complementary to the natural backdrop. Chosen specifically to weather and age to match the natural colours of the site and surrounding landscape.

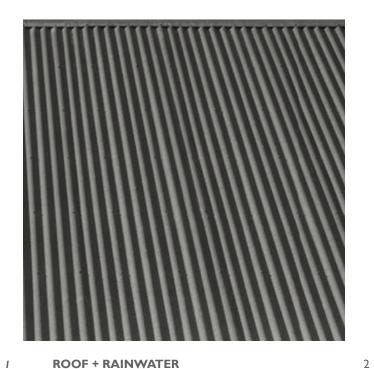
Profiled metal corrugate roofing complemented by gridded timber joinery, selected in light and mid tone shades of brown, provide low reflectivity values, a soft tone that complements the chosen cladding, to both recede into the façade and eliminate any potential glare via the use of large eave overhangs.

Ballast stone lined membrane roofing to flat roof elements will utilise river stones coloured akin to the allowed Mataka material palette, minimizing the extent of metal roofing and producing an additional tone to the roof, 5th elevation.

Hard landscaping elements include stone paving to outdoor living areas closest to the dwelling together with natural gravel surfaces, continuing the natural palette of materials. Driveway and vehicle parking areas are similarly finished with gravel maintaining the Stations rural and infromal character. Some manipulation of stock fencing is proposed, in the style of existing, celebrating the pastural landscape.

MATERIAL SELECTIONS

FEBUARY 2025





ROOF + RAINWATER

R-01 Typical Gable Roof MATERIAL - Aluminium COLOUR - Dark grey Schist coloured corrugated profile LRV - 28%



5 WINDOW JOINERY & GLAZING SYSTEMS

> J-06 Aluminum Window Joinery & Glazing MATERIAL - Aluminium profile. Minimum 25-micron COLOUR - Champagne anodised finish LRV - 35%

R-02 Typical Membraned Ballast Flat Roof MATERIAL - Loose laid ballast river pebbles, 30mm dia

ROOF + RAINWATER

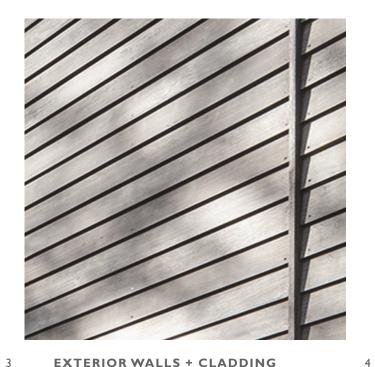
COLOUR - (selection TBC) LRV - 20%



WINDOW JOINERY & GLAZING SYSTEMS

J-01 - J-05 Hardwood Joinery MATERIAL - Iroko hardwood COLOUR - Brown LRV - 24%

6



EXTERIOR WALLS + CLADDING

EW-01 Typical Exterior Cladding (Guest & Main Suite) MATERIAL - Western Red Cedar, bevel back weatherboard COLOUR - Weathered grey (selection TBC) 90x28mm LRV - 24%



EXTERNAL HARD LANDSCAPING

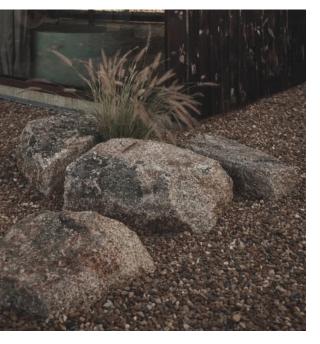
P-01 Gravel & Basalt Stone Mix MATERIAL - Gravel & Basalt Stone Mix COLOUR - Grey LRV - 32%

7



EXTERIOR WALLS + CLADDING

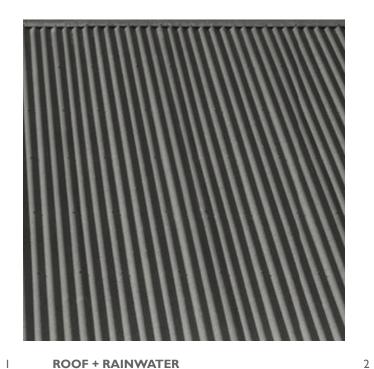
EW-02 Typical Exterior Cladding (Main House) MATERIAL - Western Red Cedar, shiplap weatherboard COLOUR - Weathered grey (selection TBC) 90x28mm LRV - 67%



EXTERNAL SOFT LANDSCAPING

Q-01 Gravel MIx

MATERIAL - 10-20mm Mangatangi Gold / Gravel COLOUR - Greys & Browns LRV - 10%





ROOF + RAINWATER

R-03 Typical Gable Roof (Cabin) MATERIAL - Aluminium COLOUR - Dark grey Schist coloured corrugated profile LRV - 28%



5 WINDOW JOINERY & GLAZING SYSTEMS

> J-01 Aluminum Window Joinery & Glazing MATERIAL - Aluminium profile. Minimum 25-micron COLOUR - Dark champagne anodised finish LRV - 30%

RW-03 Typical Guttering & Spouting

ROOF + RAINWATER

MATERIAL - Copper half round & 75mm downpipes COLOUR - Weathered Copper LRV - 9%



EXPOSED STRUCTURAL FOUNDATIONDS

S-03 Exterior Timber Piles MATERIAL - Dark Stained Hardwood COLOUR - Dark Grey LRV - 19%

5



3 **EXTERIOR WALLS + CLADDING**

> EW-03 Typical Exterior Cladding (Cabin) MATERIAL - Western Red Cedar, bevel back weatherboard COLOUR - Weathered dark grey (selection TBC) 90x28mm LRV - 18%



EXTERNAL HARD LANDSCAPING

P-02 Hardwood Timber Decking MATERIAL - 20mm Weathered Purpleheart Timber COLOUR - Weathered Grey LRV - 10%

LOT 4 MATAKA STATION | CHESHIRE



WINDOW JOINERY & GLAZING SYSTEMS

J-02 - J-05 Hardwood Joinery MATERIAL - Iroko hardwood COLOUR - Brown LRV - 24%



EXTERNAL SOFT LANDSCAPING

Q-01 Gravel MIx MATERIAL - 10-20mm Mangatangi Gold / Gravel

COLOUR - Greys & Browns LRV - 10%

CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS

FEBUARY 2025



GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

FOR PROPOSED PRIMARY AND MINOR RESIDENCE

<u>AT</u>

LOT 4 MATAKA STATION

PURERUA PENINSULA NORTHLAND

For

MICHAEL GILSON & JOAN MCPHEE

Job No: 23-038A Date: 19/12/2024

> Level 1 ANZ Bank Building 90 Kerikeri Road, Kerikeri, New Zealand Telephone: 09 407 3255 Email: <u>teampk@pkengin.co.nz</u>



Job No: 23-038A Date 19/12/2024 Revision 0

Revision	Date of issue	Description
Rev 0	16TH OCT 2024	First Issue

Prepared By: Jonty White	Reviewed and Authorized By: Pradeep Kumar
Him	Hunor
Graduate Engineering Geologist (BSc, Geology)	B.E hons, NZCE, MIPENZ, IntPE, CPEng. (Structural, Geotechnical)



Job No: 23-038A Date 19/12/2024 Revision 0

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CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAINAGE PLANS



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1. INTRODUCTION

This is an updated version of the previous Site suitability report titled 'Site suitability and stability report', 2023, which had been used for the owners Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee to plan for the development of the site at Lot 4 Mataka Station. This report has been prepared to provide additional information and site-specific geotechnical requirements specifically for foundation design for the proposed development of a Primary dwelling and minor caretakers dwelling as set out in the Architectural plans provided by Cheshire architects, specifically the site plan labelled Landscape Plan & Donaldsons Survey Plan 2023, has been utilized for this report. Reference should be made to the included site plans in Appendix B.

This report is based on site investigations undertaken in 2023 for the main residence and more recently in Nov 2024 for the minor residence and includes the original stability modelling and stability zoning for the primary building platform as well as an extension of this modelling and zoning for the minor residence. The slope stability analysis and modelling has been undertaken using current best practice and modelling with Geo studio Slope/W software. It also incorporates valuable data which was collected in the report prepared by PK Engineering Ltd titled 'Site suitability and stability report for Lot 4 Mataka Subdivision for Mr Dennis Guise and Nominees at Purerua Peninsula Northland dated 29 May 2003 (Job No 03-21)'.

The following main aspects of future development has been considered in this report.

- Stability and Zoning
- Foundation requirements
- Wastewater & Stormwater
- Earthworks and Access

This report is designed to support a resource consent and building consent application with Far North District Council, as well as help designers Architects and structural engineers to undertake their designs, along with ensuring the site is managed in a sustainable manner.

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2. GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

<u>(Refer to included site plan by Cheshire Architects provided in</u> <u>Appendix B</u>

The area of interest for future development is located at the North - Eastern portion of Lot 4. In particular, the area to the east of the main roadway that exists across this lot to provide access to neighbouring lots towards the south. The main geotechnical feature is the presence of a ridgeline that traverses in a North-East to South-West direction and provides a stable feature for this landform. The existing roadway is located on this ridgeline to the North. The East facing shoulder of the ridge slopes at varying gradients towards the coastline to the East. The first 15 to 20 metres are at a gentle gradient of approximately 8 to 10 degrees. These slopes become much steeper further out from the ridgeline. In close proximity to the coastline, exposed coastal greywacke rock is present and has been eroded by geological process to exist at slopes of between 45 to 60 degrees. The shoulder of the main ridge is interspersed with minor secondary ridges which have deeply incised gulley's in between. This lot has such a gulley to the north and south of the area of interest for future development on Lot 4. The eastern and southern portion of this portion of lot 4 is covered in dense native vegetation. The remainder of this area is covered in pasture. Electrified fence lines exist as shown in the site plan. A solitary Norfolk pine tree is located in close proximity to the highest point of the main ridge.



Figure 1: Lot 4 Mataka Station Aerial Image.



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3. SITE INVESTIGATIONS

Background Research

The existing property file on Lot 4 at Far North District Council was obtained and all the relevant information of this lot was studied including the geotechnical report prepared approximately 20 years ago.

A) <u>Main Dwelling/Residence Site Investigation 2023– (Refer to site plans Appendix</u> <u>B)</u>

In order to gain specific stability and geotechnical data for the miain building platform - Six sub-surface exploratory auger holes were drilled in the locations shown on the plans. In-situ undrained shear strength reading were taken at regular depths and scala penetrometer tests were performed in the base of these auger holes. The scala tests were done to the depth where it was no longer viable to penetrate into the existing rock – i.e., depth to refusal.

B) Slope Stability Analysis

Using the information obtained from the field investigations slope stability analysis was performed (refer to Appendix C) on the critical slope profiles using Geo-studio-Slope/W and factors of safety were derived for various conditions of saturation of the upper clay layers. This stability analysis is discussed in more detail below.

C) Minor Residence Site investigation 2024 and Slope stability modelling

We have carried out a further two 50mm hand auger holes with Shear vanes at regular intervals and scala penetrometer testing in the base until refusal in weathered rock. The attached site plan in appendix B indicates the location of these AH7 & AH8 auger holes in the vicinity of the proposed minor residence. We used this data illustrated in cross section E-E to extend our geotechnical model for the site and define the stability for the minor residence. We determined that the ground conditions around the minor residence comprise of the 5-6 metres of very stiff clayey Silt overlying weathered greywacke- this correlates with the information found around the primary dwelling.



Table 1: Subsurface data

Item	Auger Depth (m)	Rock Intercept (m)	Scala Depth (m)	GWL
AH1/PT1	3.0	5.15	6.0	-
AH2/PT2	2.1	3.25	3.6	-
AH3/PT3	1.8	3.5	3.8	-
AH4/PT4	1.90	2.8	3.75	-
AH5/PT5	2.00	3.4	4.05	-
AH6/PT6	2.40	3.0	3.25	-
AH7/PT7	3.0	5.04	6.3	-
AH8/PT8	3.0	4.05	4.9	-

4. GEOLOGY

The site has a thin veneer of clayey topsoil (average depth 200mm) overlaying a layer of silty clay, which is at least 4 meters deep. This clay layer is the end product of the weathering down of coastal Greywacke rock and has been classified as Marua Silty Clay Loam. The underlying rock is comprised of Greywacke and Argillite, which appears to be closely fractured.

5. NATURAL HAZARDS

There are no natural, earthquake, flood or tsunami hazards for this site, due to elevation above the coastal and river flood plains. The site is elevated on average along RL 100. The site is located well away from any known active fault zones. The only natural hazard which requires addressing is land stability which is addressed in the following sections.

6. SITE STABILITY AND ZONING FOR PRIMARY DWELLING

The sub-surface auger holes completed in 2023 in the area of interest, shown on the Site plan A (Refer Appendix B) reveal a 3 to 6 meter deep layer of marua clay existing in very good condition. Most of the in-situ shear vane readings showed strengths in excess of 100 kPa shear strength. The clay layers were in reasonably dry condition despite the large amount of rainfall for the first 6 months of this year. Reference shall be made to the auger hole logs presented in Appendix A

The results of slope stability analysis indicates that the steep north-eastern slopes will be prone to slippage under conditions of excessive saturation. The mode of failure is expected



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to be in the form of a shallow but lengthy slip, which would less than 6 metres deep. The area which is expected to be affected by this type of instability has been highlighted on the included site plans, and marked as ZONE A. It is recommended that no foundations be located in the areas identified as stability sensitive ZONE A.

The area immediately adjacent to Zone A which has been marked as Zone B has been classified as a region with moderate stability. Foundations may be placed in this zone provided they are deeply founded. Reinforced concrete piled foundations are recommended in this ZONE B, with a minimum depth of 8.0 metres into the existing natural ground - i.e., minimum of 2.0m of anchorage into the semi weathered greywacke rock. All foundations and retaining walls in this zone are to be designed by a suitably qualified Geotechnical Engineer.

6.1 SPECIFIC FOUNDATION RECOMENDATIONS MAIN DWELLING

The architectural plans have been overlayed onto our stability zoning (refer to sheet SG1 in appendix B) and a site walkover was undertaken to see the proposed location of the main dwelling which at the time was survey pegged. The location of the main dwelling is well within Zone C (Stable Zone). The foundations in this zone must allow for the highly expansive nature of the Marua clay that exists on Lot 4. The soil type cannot be classified as "Good ground" as per the definition in NZS 3604 due to its highly expansive behaviour.

If a rib raft type of foundation is desired, then the following procedures will make it feasible.

- Rib-Raft type foundation must have a minimum of 250mm of GAP40 hardfill underneath.
- Trees that grow to large sizes should not be planted in close proximity to any foundation.
- No stormwater discharge should be allowed to occur close to any rib raft foundation.
- A bidim A19 Geofabric (or similar) must be provided between the clay and hardfill interface.
- Proper control joints must be provided in the slab if the aspect ratio breaches 1 in 2 and the length of any slab exceeds 20 metres.
- A chartered professional engineer must be engaged to design any such rib raft foundation.
- Hardfill for the rib-raft foundation should be compacted 1000mm past the foundation edge all around.
- According to our information the leading Northern edge of the building requires engineered fill to reach the subgrade. This portion of the building will need to be designed by a suitably chartered professional engineer. Any fill under the building platform must be GAP 40/20 hardfill certified a chartered professional engineer.



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The following parameters can be utilized for the design of foundations within this ZONE C (The stable zone).

<u>CLAY</u>	
Bulk density	= 18kN/m3
Ultimate bearing capacity	= 300kPa
Safe bearing capacity (F.O.S =3.0)	= 100kPa
Dependable bearing capacity (ϕ =0.5)	= 150kPa

WEATHERED GREYWACKE ROCK

Bulk density	= 32kN/m3
Ultimate bearing capacity	= 6MPa
Safe bearing capacity	= 2MPa
Dependable bearing capacity	= 4MPa

6.2 SITE STABILITY AND ZONING FOR MINOR DWELLING.

A slope stability analysis has been provided in appendix A for the minor dwelling, indicating that the factors of safety against slippage along a portion of the building closest to the steeper slopes is between 1.0 and 1.5. This has allowed us to determine the location of ZONE B & ZONE C boundaries. ZONE B has been mapped as 8-10 metres wide.

The minor dwelling has been positioned such that its foundations for two thirds of the dwelling will be within the ZONE B, as shown on the Site plan Sheet SG1 (appendix B). This will require piled foundations 1.5 metres into the weathered greywacke rock- effectively providing resistance to slippage and maintaining a reasonable factor of safety against instability.

The foundations for the minor dwelling within Zone C can consist of a typical pole type platform to bridge over any expansive layers.



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The following soils parameters should be used when designing foundations within ZONE B.

CLAYBulk density=18 kNm3Internal angle of friction of clay= 25 degreesCohesion= 10kPa

WEATHERED GREYWACKE ROCK

Bulk density	= 32kNm3
Internal angle of friction	= 45°
Cohesion	= 0. kPa

It is imperative that no stormwater concentrations or stormwater runoff be discharged around the proposed building platforms, especially in the areas marked ZONE A and ZONE B. All stormwaters should be collected and piped well away from the building site and discharged in the manner explained in the stormwater section (section 6) of this report.

The soils classified as marua clay show a high degree of expansive behaviour. All foundations which are of a shallow nature must be founded a minimum of 500mm below any cut faces to prevent the effect of swell/shrink behaviour.

The marua clay soil suite is susceptible to creep type of behaviour when it is present on slopes with gradient greater than 20 to 25 degrees. Any foundations which fall under these conditions must allow for the lateral effects of the creep behaviour. It would be recommended that a geotechnical engineer familiar with these soil conditions be engaged to design foundations for buildings which fall into this category. Marua clays are not prone to liquefaction and remain reasonably stable under cyclic loadings.

6.3 RETAINING WALLS.

Any retaining greater than 1.0 metre of height or subject to surcharge loading (buildings, driveways, or backslope exceeding 15 degrees) should be designed by a suitably experienced chartered professional engineer. Where applicable retaining walls are to provide support to cut faces. All retaining wall heights should be verified prior to structural design.



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6.4 SEISMIC SUBSOIL CLASS

This site is considered Subsoil Class C – Shallow soil site as defined by NZS 1170.5 (2004) "Structural Design Actions) Part 5: Earthquake actions – New Zealand "based on the greater than 3 metres of soil encountered on the site.

7. EARTHWORKS RECCOMENDATIONS

7.1 SITE PREPARATION AND EARTHWORKS

All topsoil or fill must be removed, and subgrade should be approved by a suitably qualified engineer prior to placement of any fill. These surfaces are also recommended to be proof rolled prior to placement of hardfill or clay fill.

It is the responsibility of the designer, project manager and contractor to read this report and ensure that the following recommendations are adhered to prior to any construction. Undertaking earthworks carefully and as per recommendations is critical to the short term and long-term stability of the site. Failure to comply with the following recommendations could undermine either of those aspects.

PK Engineering Ltd is of the view that any earthworks undertaken in winter months is not recommended. If the project manager requires a winter construction, they should submit a construction methodology for review prior to the start of any work. The person or persons in charge of this methodology should be familiar with documents such as GD05 - "Erosion and sediment control for land disturbing activities in the Auckland region"

7.1.1 CUT BATTER SLOPES

The upslope areas which are outside the areas of ZONE A & B will sustain vertical cut slopes of up to a height of 1.5 meters with batter slope angles of 25 degrees. Any slopes which need to be cut to a greater height than 1.5 meters or batter angles steeper than 25 degrees will need to be retained. The soils parameters listed above shall be used to design any such retaining structures. Any excavation that will not be retained will need to be covered by a suitable geofabric and or vegetated immediately to prevent frittering and erosion due to wetting and drying cycles.

Marua clay is sensitive to erosion if left exposed to the elements.



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7.1.2 ENGINEERED FILL

Care must be taken to place fill for the building platforms in a controlled manner so not undermine the stability of the slopes and buildings. It appears fill will be required along the leading edge of the main dwelling. This fill needs to be designed by a suitably qualified engineer. The fill must be finished at gradients of 1 vertical to 2 horizontal (Approx 25 degrees). All clay fill is to be well compacted with a sheepsfoot roller to achieve a minimum in situ undrained strength of 120kPa.

7.1.3 SITE DRAINAGE

Drainage measures should be in place so that no pooling or concentrated water is on or around the building platform, this includes short term and long-term drainage measures. Care should be taken to provide a system of silt control measures so that no migration of sediment occurs outside the boundaries of the property during construction. A full drainage and silt control plan has been provided in Appendix C. Refer to Sheets EW1.0 – EW1.4.

7.1.4 FOUNDATION PREPARATION

All foundations should be free of excessive soil spoils or water prior to approval by an engineer to pour concrete. Foundations should be protected from direct water; stormwater flows in the event that they cannot be poured prior to rainfall.

8. STORMWATER

Reference should be made to Appendix C Civil engineering plans. Sheets S1-EW1.4.

The careful management of stormwater runoff is vital to the continued stability of the proposed building site.

There are two discharge points required for stormwater flows from the hard surfaces on this site. Reference should be made to sheet S1 in appendix C for these locations.

1. Stormwater from the following sources should be piped via Ø300 Culvert Sock directly to the naturally occurring flow path which exists along the coastline to the north.



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- Main Dwelling Water tank overflows.
- Gutter and spouting overflows.
- Paved areas (grated drains and cesspits)
- Driveway drains
- Subsurface drains behind retaining walls and Water tanks.

It is proposed to use a series of Cesspits to Drain these overflows to the culvert socks as shown on the drawing sheets S1-S2 in Appendix B.

2. Stormwater from the Caretakers/Minor Residence should be discharged to a small 10,000L -15,000L Water tank will provide some attenuation and then discharge via a solid Ø150 Upvc pipe to the outflow to the west as shown on the Sheet S1 and S2 of appendix C. Where a proposed Manhole with Scruffy dome over a Ø500 Deep bore into the Weathered Rock can be utilized to drain stormwater overflows into the crevices in the rock. Well below any unstable layers. Vetiver grass rows downslope should be planted to limit erosion in the event that stormwater overflows through the scruffy dome.

9. EFFLUENT DISPOSAL

The soils that exist on this site exhibit moderate to low permeability rates. It has been classified as a Category 5 type of earth as per the recommendations set by Technical Publications TP58. Reference Should be made to Soakage testing which was undertaken within the vicinity of the proposed disposal field, the results are shown in Appendix A.

Due to the intermittent nature of the expected occupancy on this site we recommend utilising a passive aerated wastewater treatment system capable of treating a maximum expected flow of 2,000litres a day. An X-Perco powerless treatment system producing secondary treated effluent is ideal for this property.

Discharge from the treatment plant to be pumped to a disposal field consisting of 571 lineal meters of sub-surface pressure compensating irrigation lines. The irrigation lines to be buried 250mm deep in narrow shallow trenches as detailed on Sheet S4 Trench Detail, Appendix C. The trenches to be excavated on contour, spaced 1m apart and lined with a root inhibiting material i.e Bidim A19 to prevent tree roots from damaging the lines. Irrigation lines to have emitters spaced at 1m c/c. 100 - 200mm of topsoil/mulch to cover the trenches. The whole disposal field area to be planted in suitable plant species. Refer Suitable Plant Species List Appendix A.



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This design is based on a maximum, though intermittent, 10-person occupancy using 200ltrs/day per person giving a total maximum wastewater production of 2000ltrs/day and a loading rate of 3.5ltrs/m²/day.

This design relies on a Roof water tank supply with a Type B wastewater source, for Households with standard fixtures, no garbage grinder as per Technical Publication TP58 Table 6.2. Space is available for a 30% reserve area.

All drain laying should be undertaken by a licensed drainlayer. All solid pipes to have flexible connections due to the presence of large trees. A surface water diversion drains to be constructed on the upslope side of the disposal field.

Only bio-degradable detergents and cleaning agents are to be used in any water entering the treatment system.

It must be ensured that the wastewater disposal field and reserve area of the new aerated wastewater system maintain the following minimum setback distances:

- 1.5m from property boundary
- 3m from buildings
- 30m from surface water
- 5m from downslope identified stormwater flow path
- 0.6m above the winter groundwater table.
- 3m from retaining walls and Water tanks.
- 10m buffer zone below lowest irrigation line for slopes over 10 degrees
- Must be located on slopes less than 18 degrees: The proposed irrigation lines are located within slopes between 8-16 degrees.

10. ACCESS AND SERVICES

Access is proposed to be via a 3-4m wide by almost 70 metres long gravel driveway as shown on the architectural plans this access will follow the centre of the ridgeline where the least amount of Cut is required. An accessway long section and cross sections A-A and B-B have been provided on sheets S5A-S5C indicating the geometry. The Accessway complies to the FNDC 2023 Engineering standards for private accessway with the gradients being less 22.5%.or 12.6 degrees. Any stormwater concentration from the driveway formation must be discharged as recommended in the stormwater section (6) of this report. Any excavations made to install services (e.g. telephone cable power cable etc)

Should be back filled with well compacted hard fill and capped with a minimum of 300mm of clay later to prevent stormwater infiltration into the slopes.



11. RECOMMENDATIONS

I recommend that:

- No foundations be located in ZONE A as shown on the site plans.
- Any foundation located in ZONE B be founded at least 8 meters into the stiff natural ground and be designed by a suitably qualified and registered Geotechnical Engineer.
- Any retaining walls in ZONE B be designed by a suitable qualified and registered Geotechnical Engineer.
- All rib-raft type foundations must have 250mm of certified hardfill underneath.
- On-site wastewater disposal to be managed sustainably as described in section 9.
- Stormwater be managed as describe in section 8.

12. CONCLUSION

The chosen area of Lot 4 is suitable for future development provided the stormwater and wastewater flows can be managed as per the recommended data in this report. A suitably qualified and experienced geotechnical engineer must be engaged to design all the foundations for structures on Lot 4 and incorporate the recommendations for foundation designs in the report.



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13. LIMITATIONS

This report should be read and produced in its entirety including the limitations to understand the context of the opinions and recommendations given.

This report has been prepared exclusively for Michael Gilson and Joan Mcphee in accordance with the brief given to us and the agreed scope and will be deemed exclusive to the owner. Information, opinions, and recommendations contained in this report can only be used for the purposes with which it was intended. PK Engineering Ltd accepts no liability or responsibility for any use or reliance on this report by any party other than the owner or parties working for or on behalf of the owner, such as local authorities. This report is not to be used for purposes beyond those for which it was intended for. This report was prepared in general accordance with current standards, codes and best practice at the time of this report. These may be subject to change.

The description of soils and analysis is based upon soil mapping in set locations on the site. It has been assumed that soil conditions are consistent with the discoveries in their location - there may be unforeseen variation in between. If any variation is found during the construction phase, then PK Engineering Ltd must be notified as soon as possible to advise on any changes to foundations that may be necessary.



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APPENDIX A

AUGER HOLE LOGS SCALA PENETROMETER SHEET SOKAGE TEST SHEET SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS GEOTECHNICAL DRAWINGS

APPENDIX B

PS1 TP58 TP58 APPENDIX E SUITABLE PLANT SPECIES LIST HYNDS X-PERCO SPECIFICATIONS X-PERCO PUMP SPECIFICATIONS

APPENDIX C

CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAINAGE PLANS

APPENDIX A

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Test Date		20/07/2	023				ariations away fr		on.		
Inspector		KC		10	2. UIP - U	Jnable to pene	etrate. *Low F erikeri Road, Ke	Plasticity Prikeri New 74	aland		
							07 3256 Email: 1				
L									5		

Project: Client: Job No:			• Mataka n, M & . }		on				CHARTEREE		IN EERING
Graphic Symbol		@@@		#####	%%%	ØØØ	*****		ÐÐÐÐÐ	reading	hear vane
•,•		FILL		CLAY	SILT	SAND	TOP SOIL	ROCK	Organic Soil	reading	enetrometer
Depth (mm)	Graphical Log	GWL	Soil Type			Field Descri	ption		Undraine Strengt		Scale Penetromete (blows/300mm)
	+++++++++ ++++++++++					TOPSOI	L				
300	##### #####									212	
600	##### #####				CLAY, brownis	sh orange , ha	rd, dry, low plas	sticity	1	212	
	##### ##### #####									228	
	##### ##### #####				yellow	with specs of r	ed and white		1	37 204	
	##### ######		LOAM		ora	ange with strea	ks of red			39 212	
	##### ##### #####		CLAY								
	#####		NMO			otlets from pol E.O.B at 1.90m			111	209	3
2100		epted	MARUA BROWN CLAY LOAM								
2400		Ground Water Level not Intercepted	MAR		Where Sacla Penet	rometer reading	8 blows/50mm				
2700		/el not			Classification of ma greywacke rock	aterial assumed a	s moderately wea	thered			
		iter Lev									
3000		ind Wa									
3300		Grot									L
3600											<u> </u>
3900											
4200			х								
4500			GREYWACKE ROCK								
			YWAC								
4800			GRE								
5100											
5400 Drill Metho	ods	50-100	mm hano	auger	Note:						
est Locat		Refer to	site plar	-	1. The sub	bsurface data	described abov	e has bee	n determined at a s	pecific bore	hole location. The data
est Date		20/07/2	023		will not	identify any va Jnable to pene	ariations away fi	om the loo	cation.		

BOREHOLE LOG NO -

 Project:
 Lot 4 - Mataka Station

 Client:
 Gilison, M & J

 Job No:
 23-038

5



Graphic Symbol		@@@		#####	%%%	ØØØ	****		ÐÐÐÐÐ	reading Remou	ded shear vane
		FILL		CLAY	SILT	SAND	TOP SOIL	ROCK	Organic Soil	reading Scale P	enetrometer
Depth (mm)	Graphical Log	GWL	Soil Type			Field Descri	-		Undraine Strengt		Scale Penetrometer (blows/300mm)
(mm) 300 600 900 1200 1200 1200 2100 2100 2100 3000 3300 3300 3300 3300 3300 4200 4200 4500	Log H##### H#### H##### H##### H##### H##### H##### H######	Ground Water Level not Intercepted	GREYWACKE ROCK MARUA BROWN CLAY LOAM add		Silty CLAY, with	TOPSOI ow, very stiff, white, grey an low plastic becoming mor O.B at 2000m	dry, low plasticit dred specs, ha city e prominet m (UTP) 8 blows/50mm	rd, dry,	78	h (kPa) 186 163 168 228 228 228 228	
5400											
Drill Meth				nd auger	Note:						
Test Loca Test Date			o site pla	an	1. The su	bsurface data	described abov	re has been d	etermined at a s	pecific bore	hole location. The data
I est Date		20/07/2	023				ariations away f	rom the locat	ion.		
inspector		KC		1	2. UTP - U evel 1 ANZ Bank	Jnable to pene	errate.	arikari Naw 7	aaland		
				Tele	phone: 09 407 32	255 Fax: 09 40	07 3256 Email: `	TeamPK@pk	engin.co.nz		

BOREHOLE LOG NO -

Project: Client: Job No:	Lot 4 - Ma Gilison, M 23-038	ataka Station /I & J	1
	@@@	#####	%%%

6



JON DO:	23-030						GHARTERED F	RUFESSIONAL ENGINEE	
	@@@	#####	%%%	ØØØ	+++++		ÐÐÐÐÐ	In situ shear vane	
Graphic Symbol								reading Remoulded shear vane	
	FILL	CLAY	SILT	SAND	TOP SOIL	ROCK	Organic Soil	reading Scale Penetrometer	•

Depth (mm)	Graphical Log	GWL	Soil Type	Field Description	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)	Scale Penetrometer (blows/300mm)
	+++++++++			TOPSOIL		
	#####				194	
300	_######				109 184	
	#####			CLAY, brownish orange, very stiff, dry, low plasticity		
	#####				142 183	
600	#####					
	_##### #####				171 225	
900	#####			dry to moist, very stiff to hard	1/1	
	_#####		AM			
1200	_##### #####		ГО		228	
1200	#####		AΥ	mottled grey specs, gravel inclusions, hard		
	#####		СГ	mouled grey specs, graver inclusions, nard	228	
1500	#####		NN			
	_##### #####		20		228	
1800	#####		BF	colour changing to light brown	228	
	#####		MARUA BROWN CLAY LOAM			
2100	#####	ed	AAF		228	
2100	%%%% %%%%	Ground Water Level not Intercepted	~	Clayey SILT, yellowish brown, minor gravel incl, hard, moist, *LP		
	/0/0/0/0	erc		E.O.B at 2.40m (UTP)		S
2400		t Int				1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	_	pou				}
2700	-	vel		Where Sacla Penetrometer reading 8 blows/50mm		l ž
		. Le		Classification of material assumed as moderately weathered		
3000	_	atei		greywacke rock		2
3000	-	Ň				
		oun				
3300		Gro				
		•				
3600			Š			
	-		RO			
			ŘE			
3900	-		AC			
			×			
4200			3RE			
			<u> </u>			
4500			II WEATHERED GREYWACKE ROCK			
			HE			
4800			.ea			
4800			N			
			SEM			
5100			S			
5400						
Drill Meth	ods	50-100	mm han	d auger Note:		
Test Loca	ation	Refer to	site pla	n 1. The subsurface data described above has been dete		hole location. The data
Test Date		20/07/2	023	will not identify any variations away from the location.		
Inspector		KC		2. UTP - Unable to penetrate. *Low Plasticity	and	
				Level 1 ANZ Bank Building 90 Kerikeri Road, Kerikeri New Zeala	anu	

ΡΚ	EN	IGI	NE	ER	ING		ЛТ	ED						PENE	TROM	ETER	HOL	E No.	
90 KEF					ne (09) 4				1 4 11 m	k.engii	n@nk	ongin	co n7	снт	1 of	2	_		
Locati		Lot 4				40732	.55	EIV		k.engi	терк	engin.	CO.112	Job I		2	23-03	38	
Driven		KC	matar											Date	-	20	/07/20		
R.L at			vel:	n/a								GWL:			-				
Depth	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	Depth	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	Depth	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4	Depth	PT1	PT2	PT3	PT4
50					2550		4	4	6	5050	7				7550				
100					2600		4	3	6	5100	6				7600				
150					2650		4	5	6	5150	8				7650				
200					2700		4	4	6	5200	7				7700				
250					2750		6	6	6	5250	8				7750				
300					2800		5	8	8	5300	8				7800				
350					2850		5	7	8	5350	7				7850				
400					2900		5	8	8	5400	9				7900				
450					2950	4	5	5	7	5450	10				7950				
500					3000	3	5	5	8	5500	11				8000				
550					3050	3	5	5	7	5550	9				8050				
600					3100	2	5	6	8	5600	9			1	8100				
650					3150	3	7	5	7	5650	8	┝──┤		1	8150				
700					3200	5	7	6	8	5700	10	┝──┤			8200				
750					3250	3	9	7	8	5750	8	┝──┤			8250				
800				L	3300	3	10	7	10	5800	9	┝──┤		+	8300	L			
850					3350	5	10	7	8	5850	8	┝──┤		1	8350				
900					3400	4	10	7	8	5900	10				8400				
900 950					3400	4	10	7	0 7	5950	10				8450				
						7 5	12	7 8	7 7		8								
1000					3500	5 5				6000	0				8500				
1050					3550	-	14	8	7	6050					8550				
1100					3600	5	12	7	9	6100					8600				
1150					3650	4		7	10	6150					8650				
1200					3700	6		12	11	6200					8700				
1250					3750	3		14	12	6250					8750				
1300					3800	5		11		6300					8800				
1350					3850	4				6350					8850				
1400					3900	4				6400					8900				
1450					3950	3				6450					8950				
1500					4000	2				6500					9000				
1550					4050	7				6550					9050				
1600					4100	5				6600				1	9100				
1650					4150	5				6650					9150				
1700					4200	5				6700				1	9200				
1750					4250	7				6750					9250				
1800			3		4300	6				6800					9300				
1850			2		4350	5				6850					9350				
1900			2	2	4400	6				6900					9400				
1950			3	2	4450	7				6950					9450				
2000			2	3	4500	6				7000					9500				
2050			3	2	4550	6				7050					9550				
2100		2	4	2	4600	9				7100					9600				
2150		4	5	3	4650	7				7150					9650				
2200		3	5	3	4700	6				7200					9700				
2250		3	5	4	4750	5				7250					9750				
2300		3	4	4	4800	6				7300					9800				
2350		3	5	4	4850	7				7350				1	9850				
2400		3	4	5	4900	6	1	1	1	7400				1	9900		1	1	l
2450		5	5	5	4950	6				7450				1	9950				
2500		5	4	6	5000	9		1		7500				1	####		1		

ΡΚ		IGI	NE	ER	NG	LIN	ЛТ	ED						PENE	ETROM	ETER		E No.	
90 KEI					ie (09) 4				IAIL n	k.engii	ן@pk	enain	co.nz	SHT.	2	2			
Locati		Lot 4			()						- opi			Job N		_	23-03	38	
Driven		KC												Date:		20	/07/20)23	
R.L at	Grou	nd Le	vel:	n/a								GWL:							
Depth	PT5	PT6	PT7	PT8	Depth	PT5	PT6	PT7	PT8	Depth	PT5	PT6	PT7	PT8	Depth	PT5	PT6	PT7	PT8
50					2550	3	6			5050					7550				
100					2600	5	6			5100					7600				
150					2650	5	7			5150					7650				
200					2700	4	7			5200					7700				
250					2750	4	6			5250					7750				
300					2800	4	6			5300					7800				
350					2850	4	5			5350					7850				
400					2900	5	6			5400					7900				
450					2950	5	7			5450					7950				
500					3000	4	8			5500					8000				
550					3050	7	11			5550					8050				
600					3100	8	9			5600					8100				┣—
650					3150	7	12			5650					8150				┣—
700					3200	6	10			5700					8200				┣—
750					3250	6	11			5750					8250				
800					3300	6				5800					8300				
850					3350	6				5850					8350				
900					3400	9				5900					8400				
950					3450	10				5950					8450				
1000					3500	8				6000					8500				
1050					3550	7				6050					8550				
1100					3600	6				6100		$\left \right $			8600				
1150					3650	6				6150		$\left \right $			8650				
1200					3700	8				6200		$\left \right $			8700				
1250					3750	10				6250		$\left \right $			8750				
1300					3800	9				6300		$\left \right $			8800				
1350					3850	9 9				6350		$\left \right $			8850				
1400					3900	9 10				6400					8900				
1450 1500					3950					6450 6500					8950 9000				
					4000 4050	11													
1550 1600						11				6550					9050				
1650					4100 4150					6600 6650					9100 9150				
1700					4150					6700					9150				
												$\left \right $							
1750 1800					4250 4300					6750 6800		┥		+	9250 9300				├──
1800					4300					6800 6850		┥		+	9300 9350				├
1850					4350					6850 6900		┟─┤		+	9350 9400				├──
1900					4400					6900 6950		┟─┤		+	9400 9450				├──
2000					4450 4500					7000		┥			9450 9500				┣──
2000	3				4500					7000		┥		-	9500 9550				<u> </u>
2050	3				4550					7050		┥		-	9550 9600				<u> </u>
2100	2				4600					7150		┥		-	9650				<u> </u>
2150	∠ 2				4650					7150		+			9650 9700				<u> </u>
2200	2				4700					7250		$\left \right $			9700 9750				
2250	2				4750					7250		$\left \right $			9750				
2300	2				4850					7350		$\left \right $			9850 9850				
2350	4	4			4850					7350		$\left \right $			9850				
2400	4	4			4900					7400		$\left \right $			9900 9950				
∠+JU	4	6			4950 5000					7450				1	9950 ####		 	ļ	—

BOREHOLE LOG NO - AH7

Location of Borehole (REFER TO SITE PLAN)

Project: MATAKA STATION LOT 4 - PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT Client: GILSONS Job No: 23-038B



Graphic Symbol					####	ØØØ		****	ÐÐÐÐÐ	reading	Ided shear
ynnoor		FILL		CLAY	SILT	SAND	ROCK	TOP SOIL	Organic Soil		Penetrometer
Depth (mm)	Soil /Rock Graphi cal Log	GEOLOG Y	LAYE RS			Field Descrip	tion		GWL	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)	Scala Penetrometer (blows/50mm)
300	++++++ <u>+</u> <u>+</u> ###### ###### ######		Soil)	(0.2m)-		pprox 200m , light brown	•	dry,		0 100 200 300 300 52 182 600 162	0 5 10 15 20 0 300
600 900			Residual S	modera	tely plastic	ght brown, v to highly pla wn, clay deci	stic.	y,	-	600 64 162 900 203	900
1200	##### ##### ##### #####	70 MA)	ora Loam (F	(1.1m) S mottled	GILT, some c , very stiff,	lay, light gre moist, low p	ey and brow lasticity.			1200 136 136 1500 191	1200
1500	###### ###### ###### ######	ge 154-27	Image: Construction of the construc		2100						
2100	##### ##### ##### #####	Terrane) - (a	Marua (GW		2400
2400	##### ##### ###### ######	oosite Ter		stiff, mo	ist to wet,	o coarse SIL ⁻ non-plastic. :lay, pinkish	-		GWL	2400 46 159 2700 203	3000
2700	##### ##### ##### #####	Siltstone (Waipapa Composite	mpletely Weathered Rock	to wet, Bedding	low plasticit /Striation)	ty-non plasti	c (Some	.,	NOT EN	3000 203	3600
3300		ne (Waip			3.0m (Tar netrometer	get Depth) from Base.			ENCOUNTE	3300	4200
3600 3900		∞ŏ		Inferred	Highlv Wea	thered Rock			ERED	3900	5100
4200		Sandstone	Ō	Encounte	ered at 5.8n	n below exis s per 50mm	ting ground			4200	5700
4500 4800		Waipapa Group S						2		4800	6300
5100		Waipapi								5100	6600
			Weathered Greywacke Rock								
Dri	ill Methoc	ls		50 mm hand auger Note: All field logging made as per N.							
	est Locatio		Refer to 19/11/2	o site plan 024		The data will no	ot identify any			nined at a specific boreho ocation.	ble location.
	Drilled By	,	JW		2.	UTP - Unable t	o penetrate.				

BOREHOLE LOG NO - AH8

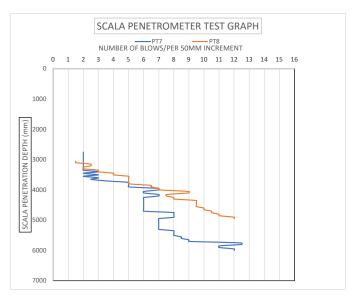
Location of Borehole (REFER TO SITE PLAN)

Project: MATAKA STATION LOT 4 - PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT Client: GILSONS Job No: 23-038B



Graphic Symbol	@@@@			####	ØØØ		####	ÐÐÐÐÐ	reading Remoul vane rea	ded shear ading		
	FILL		CLAY	SILT	SAND	ROCK	TOP SOIL	Organic Soil	Scale P	enetrometer	•	
Soil Depth /Roc (mm) Grap cal Lo	ni Y	LAYE RS			Field Descrip	tion		GWL	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)		Penetrom ows/50mm	
300 #### 300 #### 600 #### 600 #### 900 #### 1200 #### 1500 #### 1500 #### 1800 #### 2100 #### 2400 #### 33000 ####	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	Completely Weathered Rock Marua Clay/Rangiora Loam (Residual Soil)	(0.2m)- dry, mo (0.6m) S dry, higl (0.9m) C dry, low (1.1m) s moist, lo (1.5m) l (1.8m) l (2.1m) r	Clayey SILT oderate plas Silty CLAY, li hly plastic. Clayey SILT, to moderation come clay, li ow plasticity ight grey an ight brown moist to we 3.0m (Targ	d pink mott + light grey, t.	vish brown, plasticity. h brown, ve ish brown, v d brown mo led, moist to	ry stiff, ery stiff, ttled,	GWL NOT ENCOUNTERE	0 100 200 300 41 159 600 72 166 72 179 166 900 58 162 1500 61 133 1800 58 145 2100 43 145 2400 43 145 3000 55 145 3300 55 145	0 5 0 600 900 1200 1500 1800 2100 2400 2400 2700 3000 3300 3600 4200 4500		
<u>3600</u> 3900	<u>م</u>	0	Encounte	ered at 4.25	thered Rock m below exi	sting ground		ERED	3900	4800 5100	-	
4200	p Sandstone		(Inferred	by 8+ blow	s per 50mm	increment o	of scala)		4500	5400		
4800	Waipapa Group	~							4800	6000		
5100 Drill Meth		Weathered Greywacke Rock	hand auger		bte:_All field	logging mad	le as per NZ	GS Guide	stoo	6600 6900 ription of S	oil and Roc	
Test Loca	ition		o site plan	1.	The subsurface	e data describe	ed above has b	een determ	ined at a specific boreho	-		
Test Da Drilled		19/11/2 JW	024		The data will no UTP - Unable t		variations awa	y trom the lo	ocation.			

ΡΚ	ENGINE	ER	NG	LIN		ED						PENE	TROM	ETER	RHOLI	E No.	
• • • • • • •	RIKERI RD		ie (09) 4			EN	IAIL p	k.engi	n@pk	engin.	co.n	SHT.	1 of	1			
	on: Lot 4 Mata	ka Gils	on (Ca	retake	ers)							Job N	lo. 23-	038B			
	by: JW Ground Level:	n/a										Date:		19	/12/20	24	
Depth	Ground Level.	n/a	Depth	PT7	PT8	PT3	PT4	Depth	PT7	PT8			Depth		I I		
50			2550					5050	8				7550				
100			2600					5100	8				7600				
150		-	2650					5150	8				7650				
200			2700					5200	8				7700				
250		-	2750					5250	7				7750				
300		-	2800					5300	7				7800				
350		+	2850					5350	7				7850				
400			2900					5400	7				7900				
450		+	2950					5450	7				7950				
500		+	3000					5500	7				8000				
550		-	3050	2	1.5			5550	7				8050				
600		+	3100	2	1.5			5600	7				8100				
650			3150	2	2.5			5650	8				8150				
700			3200	2	2.5			5700	8				8200				
750			3250	2	2.5			5750	8				8250				-
800			3300	2	2			5800	8				8300				
850			3350	2	3			5850	8.5				8350				
900			3400	2	3			5900	8.5				8400				
950			3450	2	4			5950	9				8450				
1000			3500	2	4			6000	9				8500				
1050			3550	2	5			6050	12.5				8550				
1100			3600	2	5			6100	12.5				8600				
1150			3650	2	5			6150	11				8650				
1200			3700	3	5			6200	11				8700				
1250			3750	2	5			6250	12				8750				
1300			3800	3	5			6300	12				8800				
1350			3850	2	6.5			6350					8850				
1400			3900	3	6.5			6400					8900				
1450			3950	2.5	7			6450					8950				
1500			4000	3.5	7			6500					9000				
1550			4050	5	9			6550					9050				
1600			4100	5	9			6600					9100				
1650			4150	5	7.5			6650					9150				
1700			4200	5	7.5			6700					9200				
1750			4250	7	8			6750					9250				
1800			4300	7	8			6800					9300				
1850			4350	6	9.5			6850					9350				
1900			4400	6	9.5			6900					9400				
1950			4450	7	9.5			6950					9450				
2000			4500	7	9.5			7000					9500				
2050			4550	6	9.5			7050					9550				
2100			4600	6	10			7100					9600				
2150			4650	6	10			7150					9650				
2200			4700	6	10.5			7200					9700				
2250			4750	6	10.5			7250					9750				
2300			4800	6	11			7300					9800				
2350			4850	6	11			7350					9850				
2400			4900	6	12			7400					9900				
2450			4950	6	12			7450					9950				
2500		+	5000	6				7500					10000				



_	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 4073	3255	Fa	ax (09	9) 4	0732	56	onr.	1 of 2
	cation: MATAKA lot 4							Job No	. 03-21
	lled by: C Greenfield							Date: 6	May 2003
R.L	at Ground Level:			GWL	:				
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test		Shear Strengt	th	Moisture	Origins, Compositio Defects.
	TOPSOIL, black				1	1 1	T		
	21 - X21				+	++	-		
	CLAY, stiff, yellowish brown	#####			-	100/26	+		
		#####		· · ·	·	11	-		
		#####			+	120/40	+		
-		#####			+	1 1			
		#####			-				
		#####			-	++-			
		#####			-				
		#####			-	120/60			
		#####	1.0			130/60			
		#####			-				
		#####			_				
	Silty CLAY, v stiff, intermixed light brown/	#####							
	Greyish white	#####			_				
		#####	1.5			140++			
	Some gravel	#####							
_		#####							
		#####							
		#####						~	
	+	#####	2.0			140++			×
		#####							
		#####							
	Some gravel (greyish white)	#####							
		#####				-			
		####	2.5			UTP			
		#####				T			
		#####							
		#####							
		##### #####			-				
	Tending more towards silt	####	3.0			140++			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	#####			+	TT	++		
		####				++-			
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	####			+	++-	+		
-		#####				++-	++		
-			3.5			120/30	++		
-		#####	5.5						
	Softer weaker soil	#####			-	+	++		
	Soliel weaker SOI	#####							
		#####			-				
1		#####			+				
-			4.0		+	140++			*****
			T.U		-	1 1			

(AI)

_	ation: MATAKA lot 4							Job No	0. 03-21	
	led by: C Greenfield								6 May 200	3
L.L.	at Ground Level:			GWL	.:					
	Soil Description	Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test		She Strer	ngth	Moisture	Orig Compo Defe	ins, ositio ects.
		#####	4.1			1	TT			
		#####			•					
		#####								
		#####					++			
1	SILT, tightly packed	%%%	4.5		-	140				
1	energy packed	%%%			-	140				
+		<u>%%%</u> %%%			-+					
+		%%%				+	++			
+		%%%			-					
+	SILT very tightly peaked day intermined	<u>%%%</u> %%%	5.0			1				
+	SILT, very tightly packed, dry, intermixed	70 70 70	5.0		-	140-	++			
+		%%%			_					_
+	was readed and the foreign and the first state of the second state of the second state of the second state of the	%%%			_					
+		%%%			_	_				
-		%%%			_					
+		%%%	5.5			140-	++			
-		%%% %%%								
-		%%%								
-		%%%								
+	SILT, v v tightly packed, greyish white.	%%% DDD	5.9							
-	Depth 5.9m unable to proceed.	222	6.0							
-										
-										
_										
_										
_			_							
-										
T					-					
					1					
					1					
					-					
T					-					
1					+		-			
+					-					-
+					-	++				
+					-		-			
+					-					
	HELLANT "SILT" SKIND STRATTE		MUD			I	DD		-	-

(A2)

90	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 40	73255	F	ax (09) 4	073256	SHT.	1 of 2
	cation: MATAKA lot 4							o. 03-21
	Iled by: C Greenfield						Date: 7	7 May 2003
R.L	at Ground Level:			GWL	:			
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	S	Shear trength	Moisture	Origins, Compositior Defects.
	TOPSOIL, black	mm	-		T			
	N						1	
	CLAY, stiff, yellowish brown	#####				104/16		
		#####						
		#####	0.5		-	120/60		
		#####	0.0					
		#####			+	+-+		
		<i>#####</i>						
	Some sandy gravel	#####				+-+-+-		
-	Sandy CLAY, stiff, yellowish brown.		1.0			84/38		
	Silty CLAY, stiff, yellowish brown.	####	1.0					
-		#####			+-	+ $+$ $+$ $+$		
	Silty CLAY, mottled yellowish brown/	#####						
-	greyish white	#####				+ $+$ $+$ $+$		
	giofien millo	#####	1.5			55/18		
-	Silty CLAY, intermixed, greyish white/	#####	1.5					
	Yellowish brown/ brown	#####						
-	I CIICWISH DICWIN DICWI	####				+++		
		#####				+ + +	100	
-		#####	2.0		+	30/34		
-		#####	2.0					
-		#####						
-		#####						
-		#####			-			
-		#####	25		+	96/20		
-	Clayey SILT, moist	%%%	2.5					
-	Clayey SILT, Moist	%%%						
-+	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	%%%						
-		%%% %%%			-			
-		0/ 0/ 0/			+	4041		
-		%%%	3.0		1	40++		
-		%%% %%%			-			
-		%%%%			-			
-		%%%						
-		%%%			-			
-			3.5		1	40++		
-	-	++++					-	
	Sandy GRAVEL, brown	%%%						
+	SILT moist intermixed groutebuiltet	%%%			-			
+	SILT, moist, intermixed greyish white/ Brown	%%%						
+	DICANI	<u>%%%</u> %%%	10		1	40/44		
+	and the second	70 70 70	4.0			-0/44		

(A3)

Loca	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) tion: MATAKA lot 4							Job No	0. 03-21
Drille	d by: C Greenfield								May 2003
R.L. a	at Ground Level:			GWL	:				
Unit	Soil Description	Soil	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	S	Shea treng 80 12	gth	Moisture	Origins, Compositi Defects
	×	%%% %%%				TT			
		%%%			-				
		%%%				+			
		%%%							
		%%% %%%	4.5		1	40/58			
		%%%			+	TT	-		
		%%%							
		%%% %%%				++			
		%%%				++			
		%%%	5.0		1	40+	+		
		%%%	0.0		+	TT	T		
		%%%				+			
		%%%			-	+			
		%%%				++	-		
		%%%%	5.5						
		%%% %%%	0.0			TT			
		%%%				+-+			
		%%%			+	++		~	
		%%% %%%			+	+			
		0/00/00/0	6.0		+	1			
T	arget depth 6.1m	%%%	6.1			ТТ			
			0.1			+			
						++			
						+			
					+		++		
	······································						++		
	·····						++		
							++		
	the second s						++		
							++		
							++		
					-		++		
					-		++		
							++		
							++		
						-	++		
					-				
-					-				

.

(14)

0	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 40	73255	Fa	ax (09) 4	073256			1 of 1	1
the state of the s	ation: MATAKA lot 4								. 03-21	
	led by: C Greenfield			T			Da	te: 7	May 200	3
(.L.	at Ground Level:			GWL	:					
nuit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	S	Shear trength 80 120 160	Moieturo	Inicional	Orig Compo Defe	sitio
	TOPSOIL, dark brown				T					
					-					
	CLAY, v stiff, yellowish brown	#####					+	-		
		#####					+			
		#####	0.5			130/62				
-		#####	0.0		+					2412-03
-		#####				+++-		-+		
-+		#####								
-		#####			-	+-+-+-				
-		#####			-					
-	CLAY, dry, stiff, intermixed yellowish	#####	1.0		_	85/15		_		-
_	Brown/ greyish white/ brown	#####								
_		#####							3	
	Silty CLAY	#####								
		#####								
		#####	1.5			140/22				
		#####			1	TTT	1	-		
		#####			-		1	-		
1		#####			-	+++	+	-		
-		#####			+		+	100		
1		#####	2.0			140++				
+		#####	2.0							
+	Some gravel (hard)	#### %%%			+	+-+-+-				
+	Gravelly SILT	%%%				+++	+			
+	Glavely SILT	%%%			+	+		-		
+	<u>ен т</u>	%%%	0.5			140++				
+	SILT	%%%	2.5			140++				
+		%%%%			_					
-		%%%			_					
-	Some gravel (soft & hard)	%%%			_				-	
-		0/0/0/0			_					
-		%%%	3.0			UTP	1			
1		%%%								
1		%%%%								
		%%%								
	Hit rock unable to proceed.		3.5			UTP				
+										
+								-		
			4.0							
T										

(A5)

	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 407 cation: MATAKA lot 4				, 4013230		
	lled by: C Greenfield					-	0. 03-21
	. at Ground Level:			GWL		Date: /	7 May 2003
		1 -	2			0	
Unit	Soil Description	Soil	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	Shear Strength	Moisture	Origins, Compositior Defects.
	TOPSOIL, black	mm			40 80 120 180	-	
	TOPSOIL, DIACK						
	CLAY stiff vollowich brown						
	CLAY, stiff, yellowish brown	#####		•			
		#####					
-		#####	0.5		122/14		
		#####			_		
		#####					
-		#####					
					_		
-	CLAY, v stiff, intermixed yellowish	#####	1.0		135/50		
	Brown/ greyish white/ reddish brown	#####					
_		#####					
	CLAY, v stiff, intermixed yellowish	#####					
	Brown/ greyish white/ pinkish red	#####					
_		#####	1.5		130/60	4	
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
		#####	2.0		135/50		
		#####					an a
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
	CLAY, v stiff, intermixed yellowish	#####	2.5		110/42		
1	Brown/ greyish white/ pinkish red/ brown	#####	2.0				
		#####					
-	CLAY, v stiff, intermixed brown/ greyish	####					
+	White	#####					
-	VIIIC	#####	20		105/60		
-+		#####	3.0				
-+		#####					
-		#####					
-		#####					
-		#####			140/54		
-		#####	3.5		1+0/54		
		#####					
		##### #####					
-		#####					
-		#####					
-			4.0		135/60		
			4.0	-			

(A6)

	KERIKERI RD Phone (09)				., -	010	200	Lab No.	
	led by: C Greenfield			No. 1				Job No	
	at Ground Level:			GWL		_		Date: /	May 2003
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	S		gth	Moisture	Origins, Compositio Defects.
		#####			1		T		
-		#####	4.1						
		#####				+			
-		#####				+			
-		#####	4.5		1	10/35			
-		####	4.5		+	10/00			
-		#####				+			
		#####							
		####				+			
		#####	5.0			20/36	_		
		#####	5.0			20/36	_		
		####					_		
		####				++			
		#####					_		
-		#####			-				
-		##### #####	5.5		_	, ,			
	Come des sellineses	####				+			
-	Some dry soil lumps	####				+	_		
-+		#####			_			~.	
	the second s	#####			_		_		
-+	Tarrat double 0.4m		6.0		_				
-+	Target depth 6.1m		6.1						
-						\vdash			
-						++	_		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
							_		
-									
					-				
-					-				
-									
					-				
							++		
							++		
					-				
			-		-				
-									

MU

	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 407	3255	F	ax (09	9) 4073250	S SHI.	1 of 2
	ation: MATAKA lot 4					Job N	o. 03-21
	led by: C Greenfield					Date:	9 May 2003
R.L	at Ground Level:			GWL	:		
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	Shear Strength	Moisture	Origins, Compositio Defects.
	TOPSOIL, dark brown						
	CLAY, stiff, yellowish brown	#####					
		#####					
		- #####	0.5		135/80		
		#####					
		#####					
-		#####					
		#####					
	Some gravel	#####	1.0		118/46		
-	Come graver	#####	1.0			-	
-	CLAY, dry, intermixed brown/ greyish	#####					
-	White/ pinkish red	#####					
+	White/ pinkish red	#####				-	
-	CLAV intermixed brown (provide white	#####	1.5		130/40		
-+	CLAY, intermixed brown/ greyish white	#####	1.5		130/40		
		#####					
-		#####					
+	Come conductor all'inter the	#####					
+	Some sandy gravel (pinkish red)	######				100	
-+		#####	2.0		140++	_	- 1942
-	0 1 01 7 1 1 1 1	%%%					
	Sandy SILT, hard packed, dry,	%%%					
-	Intermixed greyish white/ pink	%%%%					
		%%%					
-	Sandy SILT, hard packed, dry,	%%%	2.5		UTP		
+	Intermixed greyish white/ pink/ brown	%%% %%%					
-		%%%					
-		lacococl.					
-		####					
	Silty CLAY, intermixed brown/ greyish	#####	3.0		140++		
_	White	#####					
_	-	#####					
_		#####					
_		#####					
		####	3.5		135/50		
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Inner			110/00		
		unun	4.0		140/60		

1....

Loc	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 407 cation: MATAKA lot 4								0. 03-21
	led by: C Greenfield								May 2003
	. at Ground Level:			GWL	:			Date.	May 2005
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	S	She tren		Moisture	Origins Compositi Defects
		####				T			
		#####				+			
		#####			-			1	
		#####			+				
		#####	4.5			140-	+		·····
	-	#####			-	1	r t		*******
		#####			+	+			
		#####			-	-			
		#####			-	+			
		####			-	140+	+		terrest of the facilities where
		#####			+	1401			
					-				
	Sandy SILT, tightly packed, pinkish red	%%%% %%%			-				
		%%%			-		-		
		%%%	5.5		+				
		%%%			-	TT	-		
		%%%			+	+-+			
		%%%				+		~	·
		%%% %%%			-	+	-		
		%%%	6.0						
	Target depth 6.1m	%%%	6.1		-	TT			
					-	11			
						TT			
						Π			
						Π			
					1				
					-	J			

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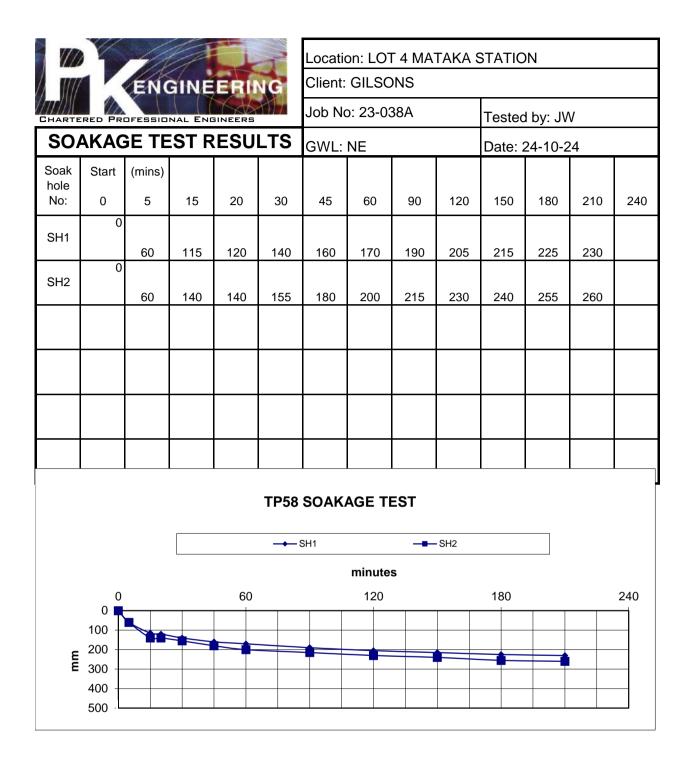
N

_	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 407	3255	Fa	ax (09	9) 4073256		
	ation: MATAKA lot 4					the second se	o. 03-21
	led by: C Greenfield . at Ground Level:					Date: 9	9 May 2003
1.L.				GWL	:	T	r
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	Shear Strength	Moisture	Origins, Compositio Defects.
	TOPSOIL, dark brown			-		1	
	CLAY, dry, stiff, yellowish brown	####			2	1	
		#####					
		#####	0.5		135/50		
		#####	0.0				
		#####					
		#####	1.000				
		#####				1	
		#####	1.0		140/65		
		#####	1.0				
	CLAY, intermixed yellowish brown/	#####					
	Greyish white/ pinkish red	#####					
		#####					
		#####	1.5		120/40		
		#####	1.0				
		#####					
		#####					
	Some sand	#####				~	
	CLAY, intermixed brown/ greyish white	#####	2.0		112/40		-4
		####					
		#####					4
		####					
		#####					
		#####	2.5		130/32		
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
	CLAY, intermixed brown/ greyish white/	#####	3.0		98/30		
	Pinkish white	#####					
		#####					
		#####					
		#####					
		#####	3.5		130/32		
		#####					
T		#####					
-		#####					
-		#####					
+		#####			100/00		
-			4.0		130/38		

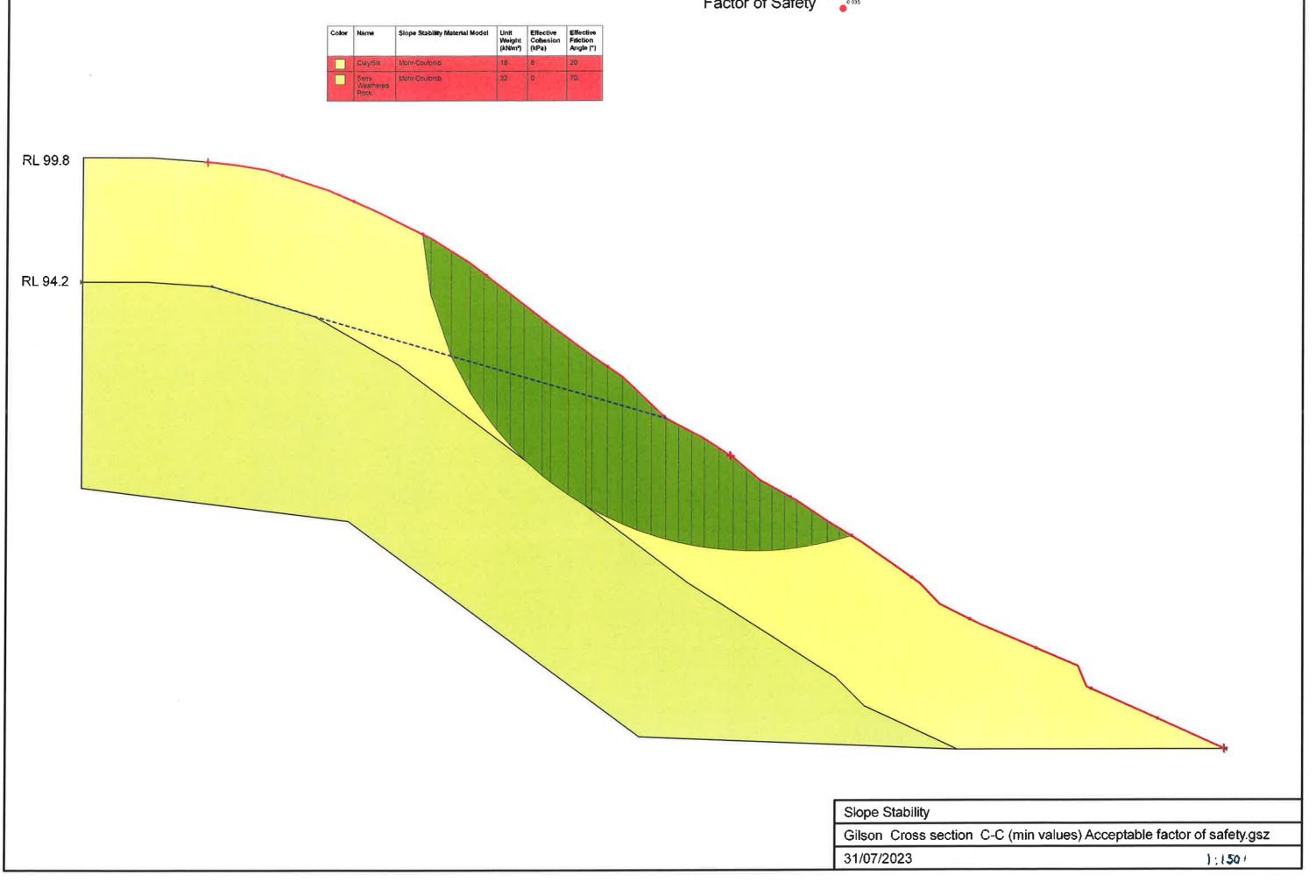
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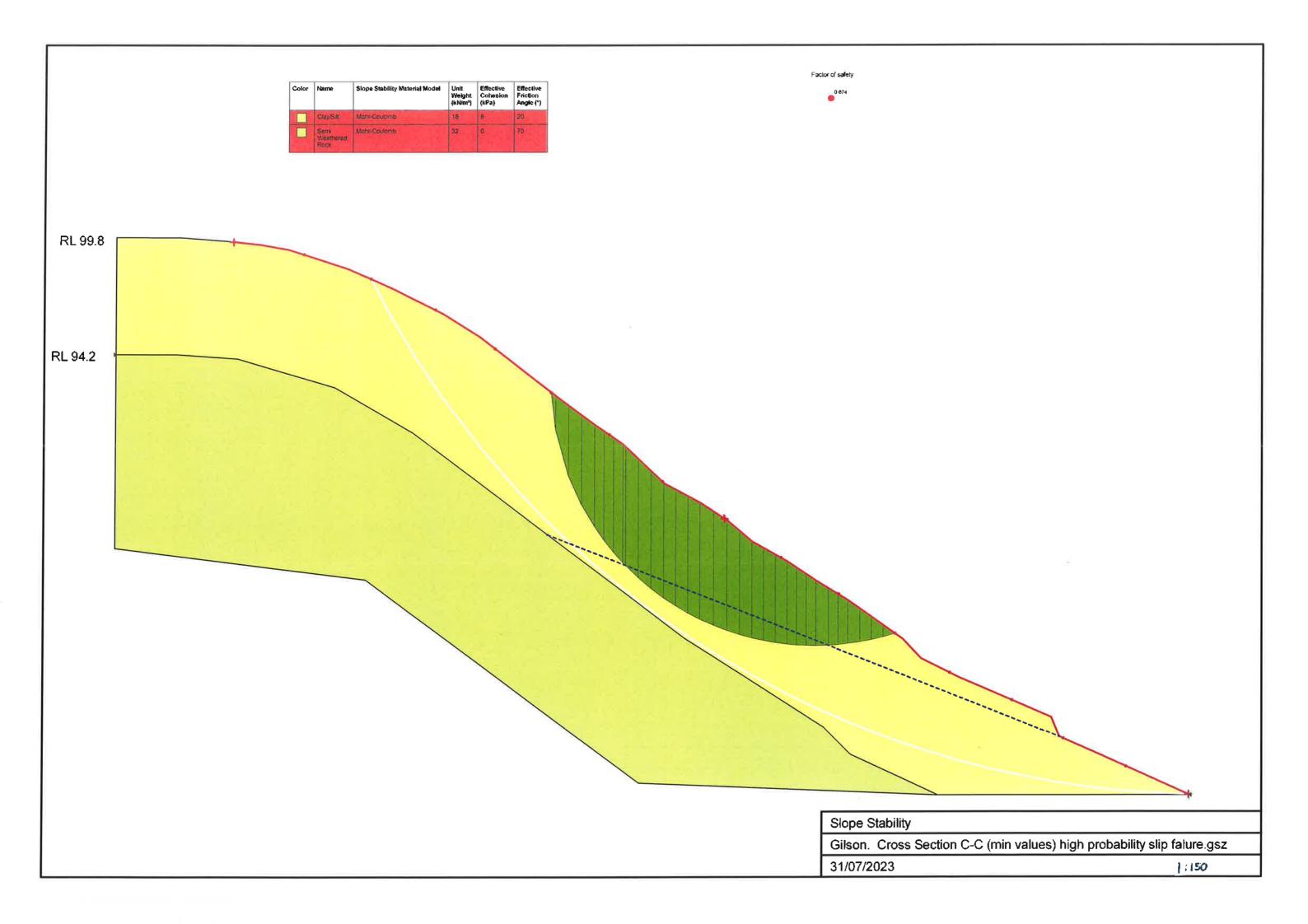
Lo	KERIKERI RD Phone (09) 407 cation: MATAKA lot 4							and the second second second	o. 03-21
	lled by: C Greenfield								9 May 2003
	at Ground Level:			GWL	:				- 1114) 2000
Unit	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth(m)	Sample/ Test	S	She Stren		Moisture	Origins, Composition, Defects.
		#####	1317 A.		T	T			
		#####		•	-	+		1	
		#####			-	-			
		#####			1				
_		#####	4.5			140++			
		#####							
		#####							
		#####							
		1111111							
-	SILT, tightly packed, intermixed brown/	%%%	5.0		_	140/52	2		
	Greyish white	%%% %%%			_	-			
	Some gravel increasing with depth	%%%				-			
-		%%% %%%							
-		%%% %%%	EE						
		%%%	5.5		-		_		
		%%% %%%			-				
		%%% %%%				+ +			
		%%%			+	+ +	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		%%% %%%	6.0		1				
	Target depth 6.1m	%%%	6.1						
_									
_									
-									
_									
-		1			_				
-	And a second				_				
-									
-									
-					-	TT			
-					-	++			
-					+	+			
+									
-					-	1_1			
1					1	ТТ			
		1			-				
						+	-		
					1	+			
T					-		-		

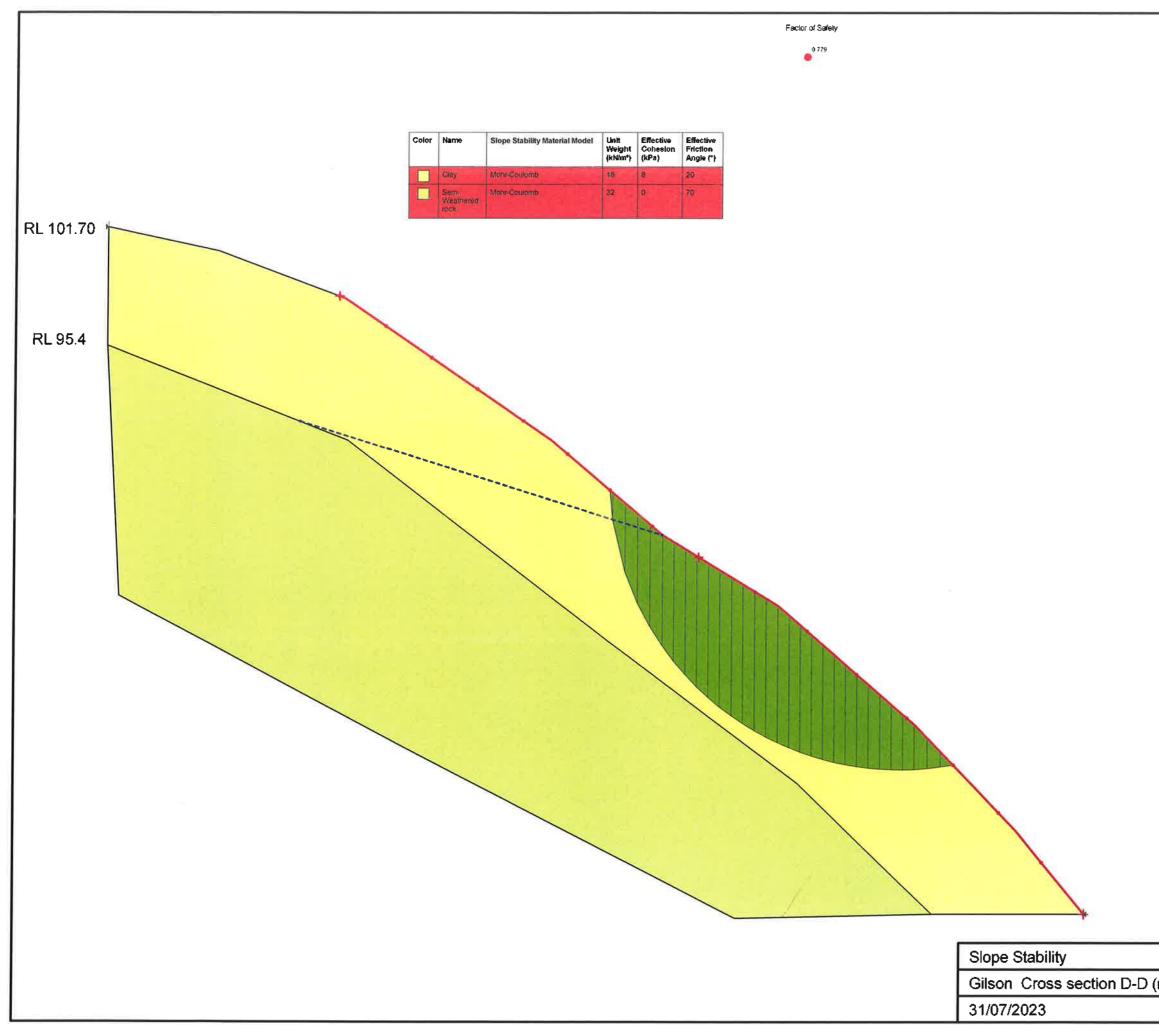
Aii





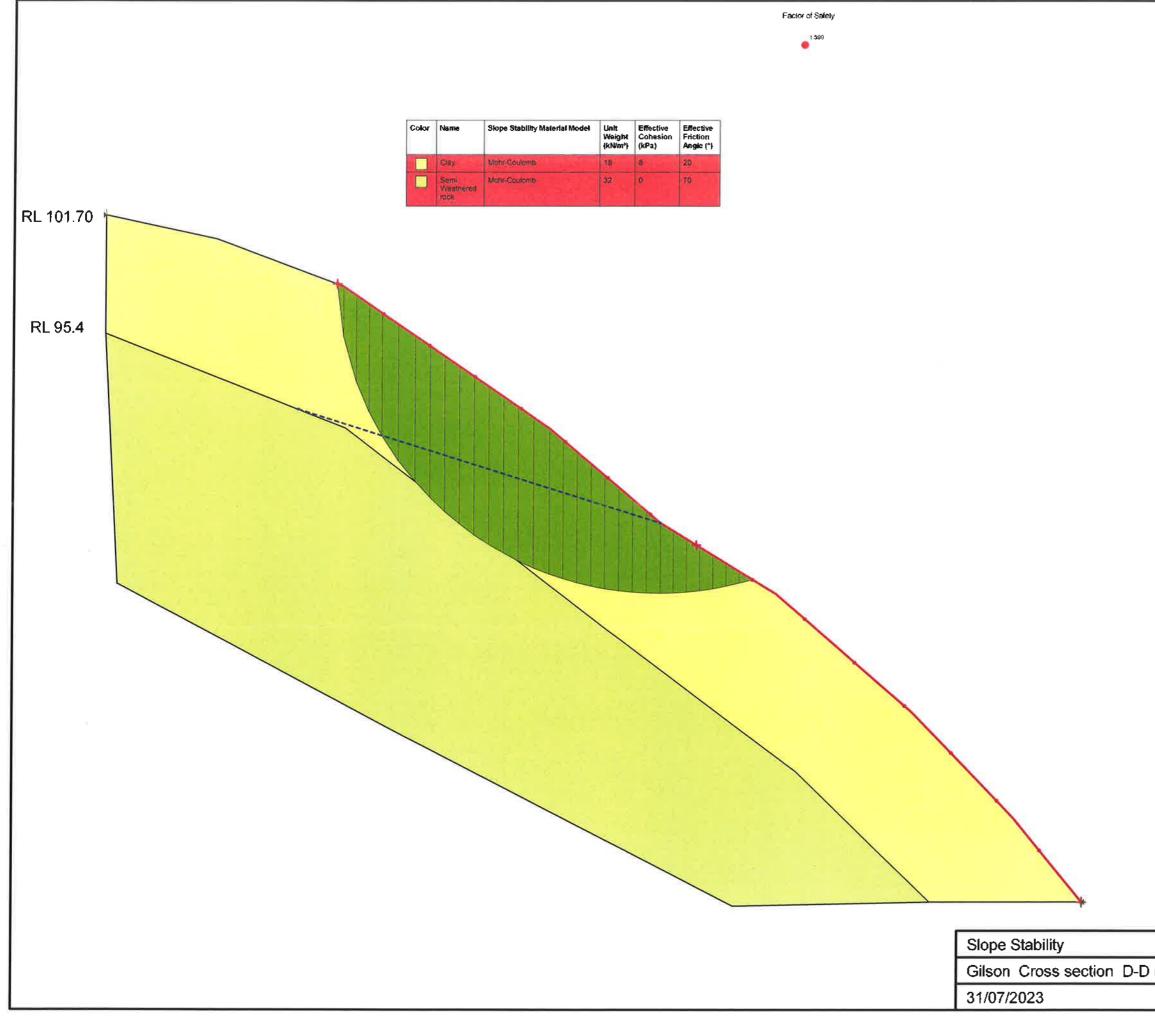






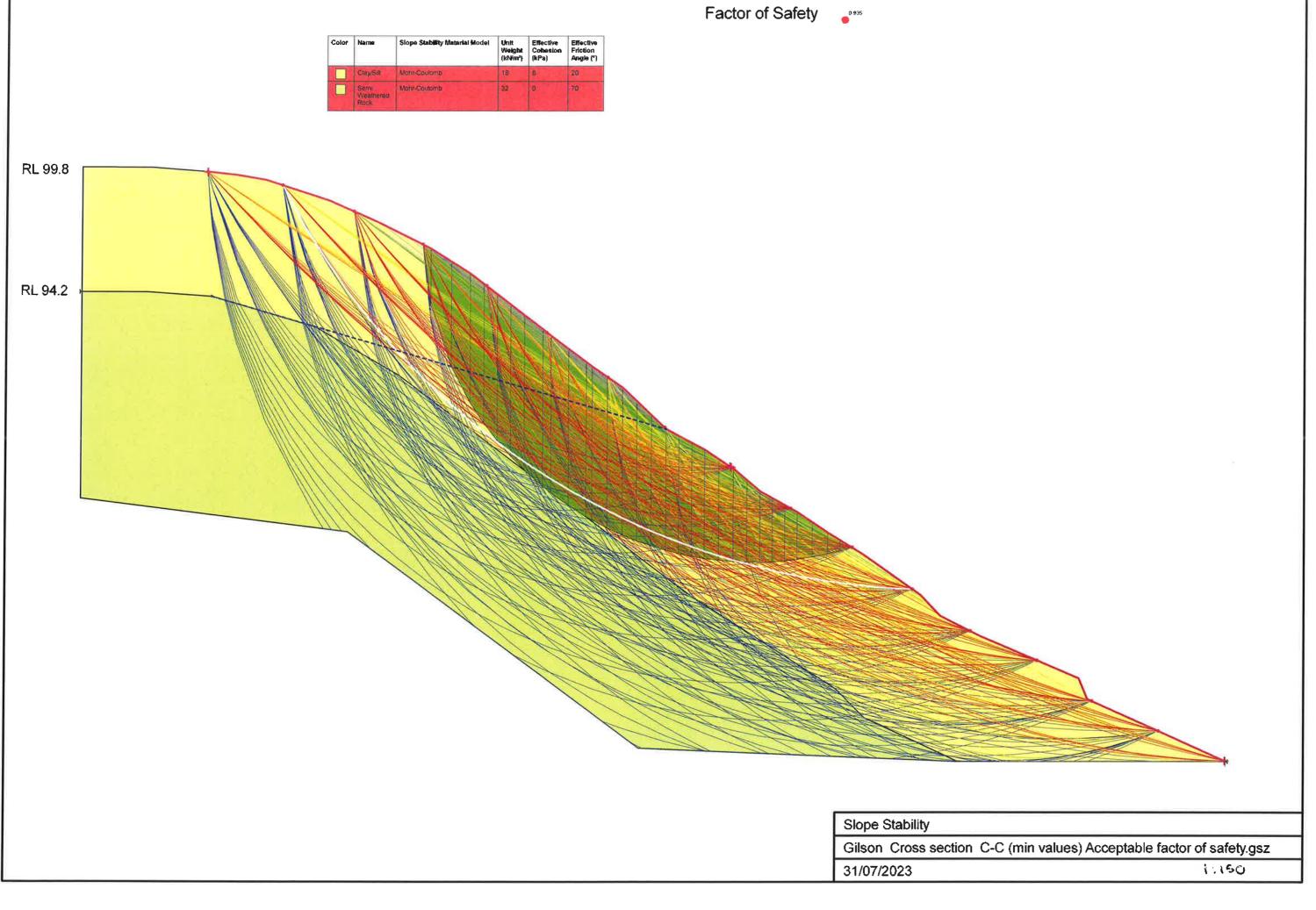
Gilson Cross section D-D (min values) high probability of slip failure.gsz

1:200



(min values) Acceptable factor of safety.gsz
(1200





Factor of Safety 0 779 Unit Effective Cohesion (kN/m²) (kPa) Effective Friction Angle (°) Color Name Slope Stability Material Model Mohn Coulomb 18 20 Mohr-Coulomb RL 101.70 RL 95.4 Slope Stability Gilson Cross section D-D (min values) high probability of slip failure.gsz 31/07/2023

1:200

0.978 - 1.178 1.178 - 1.378 1.378 - 1.578 1.578 - 1.578 1.578 - 1.778 1.778 - 1.978 1.978 - 2.178	Factor of Safety	
≥ 2.178	 1.178 - 1.378 1.378 - 1.578 1.578 - 1.578 1.578 - 1.778 1.778 - 1.978 1.978 - 2.178 	

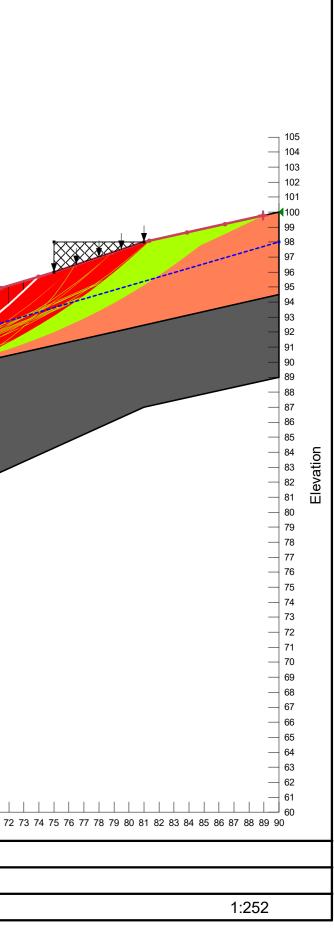
<u>0.978</u>

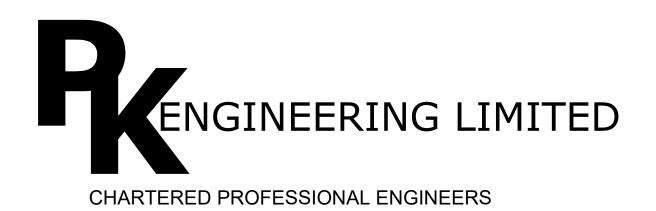
Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m³)	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
	Residual Soil	Mohr-Coulomb	18	8	20	0	1
	Weathered Rock	Mohr-Coulomb	32	0	70	0	1

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 8

Distance

SLOPE/W Analysis Minor Dwelling.gsz 25/11/2024





PROJECT:

Geotechnical Report For Michael Gilson & Joan McPhee

PROJECT ADDRESS:

Lot 4, Mataka Station, Ranihoua Road

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

JOB NO:

23-038B

DATE:

Revision 0 - 19/12/2024

DRAWING INDEX:

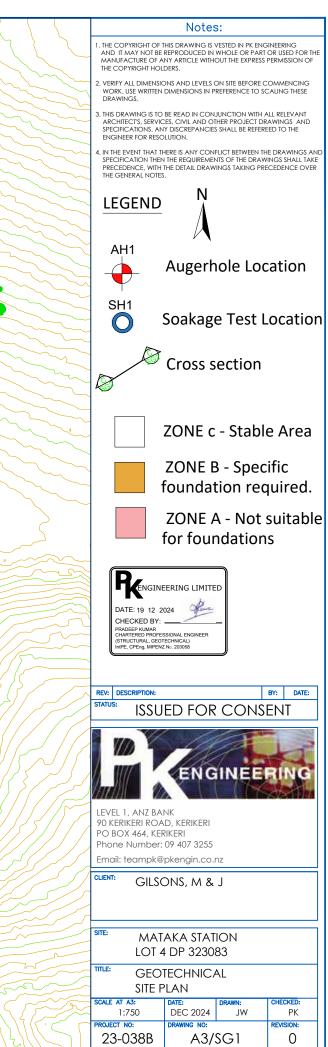
SG1	SITE PLAN
SG2A	CROSS SECTION A-A
SG2B	CROSS SECTION A-A ENLARGED
SG3	CROSS SECTION B-B

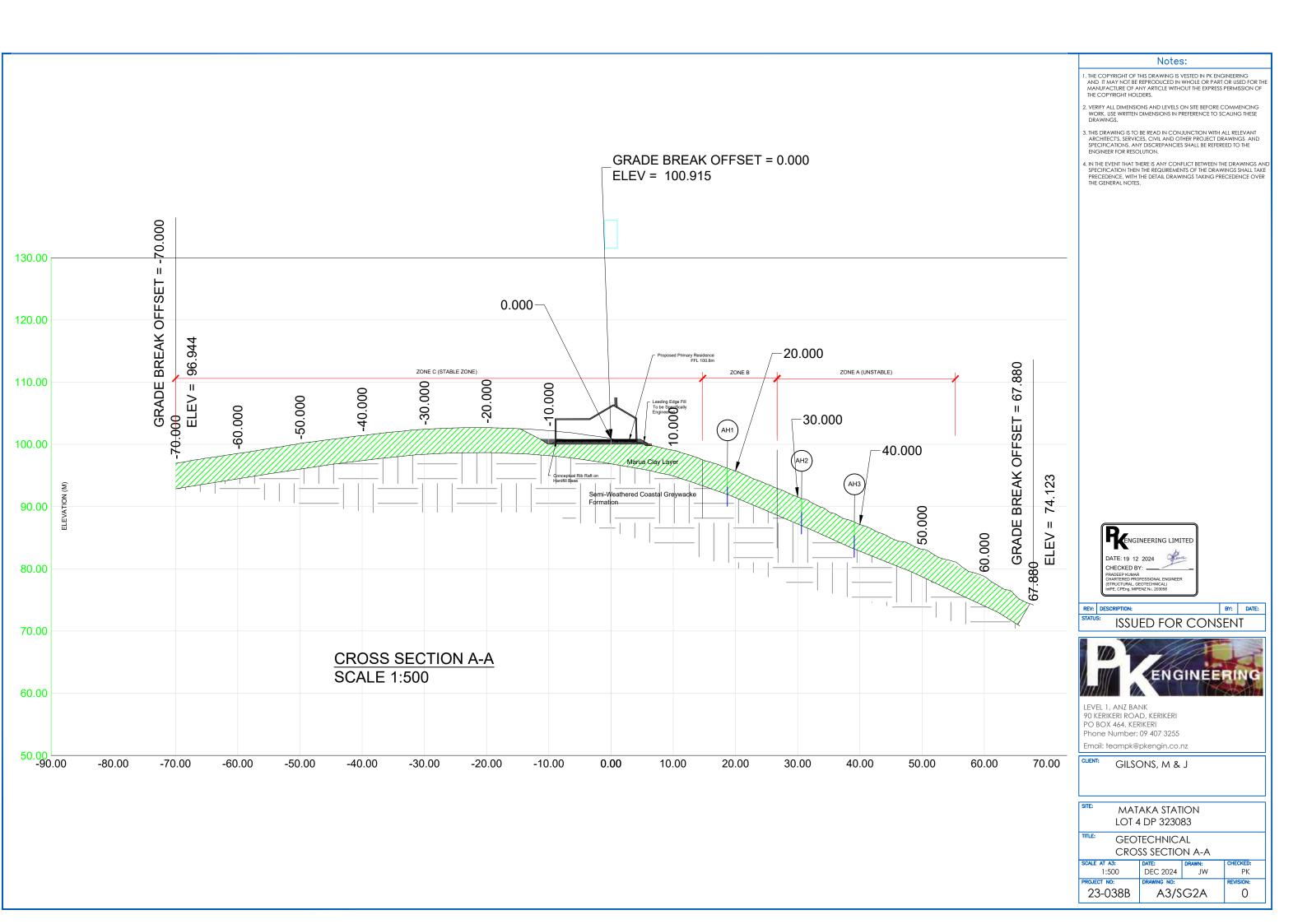


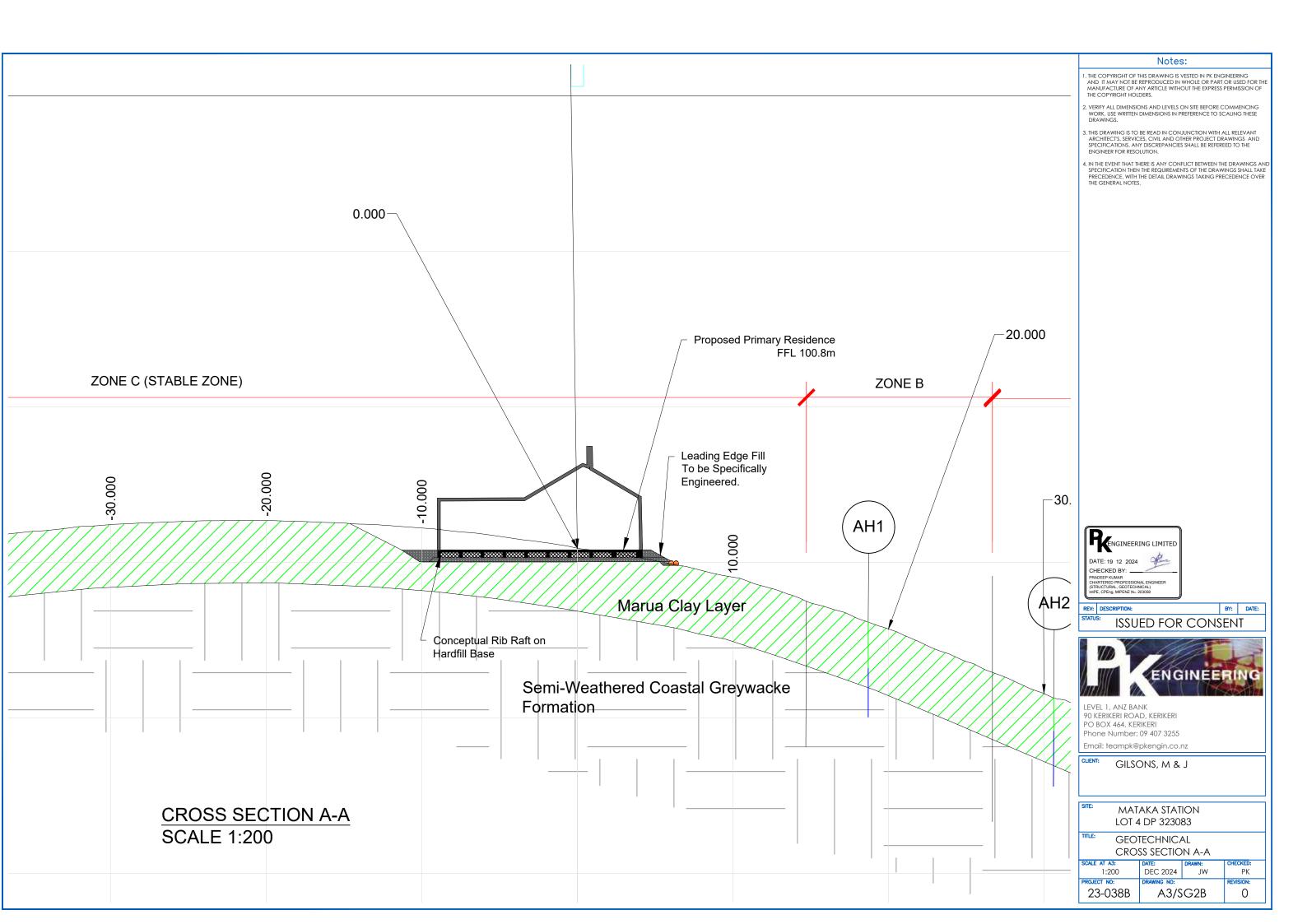
LEVEL 2 ANZ Bank Building 90 Kerikeri road, P.O.Box 464 KERIKERI

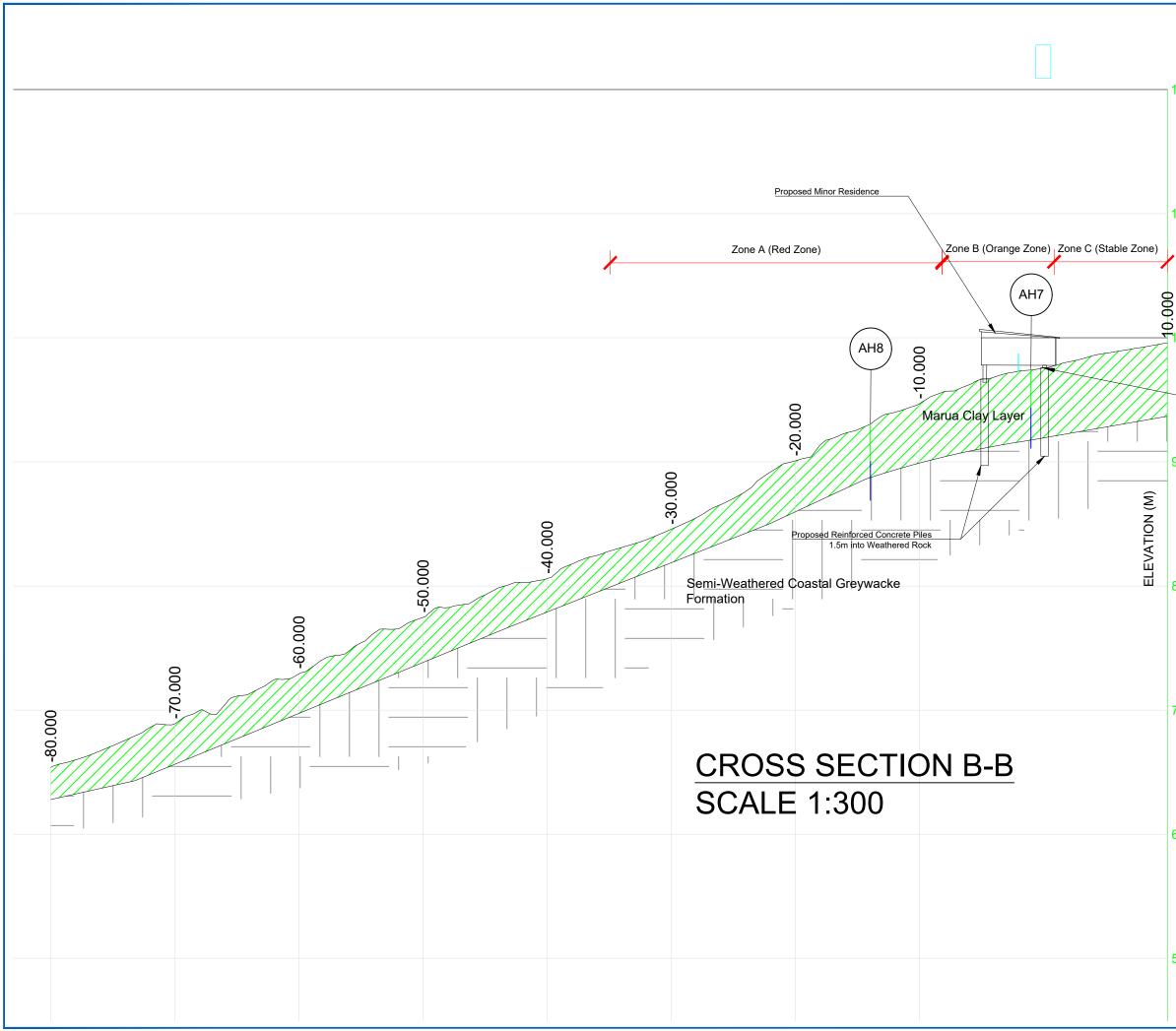
Tel. (09) 4073255 Fax. (09) 4073256 E-mail. pk.engin@xtra.co.nz











	Notes:					
	 THE COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING IS VESTED IN PK ENGINEERING AND IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR PART OR USED FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY ARTICLE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PERMISSION OF THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS. 					
120.00	2. VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND LEVELS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS IN PREFERENCE TO SCALING THESE DRAWINGS.					
120.00	3. THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL RELEVANT ARCHITECTS, SERVICES, CIVIL AND OTHER PROJECT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFEREED TO THE ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION.					
	4. IN THE EVENT THAT THERE IS ANY CONFLICT BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATION THEN THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DRAWINGS SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE. WITH THE DETAIL DRAWINGS TAKING PRECEDENCE OVER THE GENERAL NOTES.					
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00.00	DATE: 19 12 2024					
	CHECKED BY: PRADEEP KUMAR CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER (STRUCTURAL, GEOTECHNICAL) INIPE, CPED, MIEREX XX. 320058					
	REV: DESCRIPTION: BY: DATE:					
	STATUS: ISSUED TO CLIENT					
70.00						
	S:Dropbox/data/CLIENTSITEMPLATESIAdmin/PK Engineering Logo.jpg					
	level 1, anz bank					
	90 KERIKERI ROAD, KERIKERI PO BOX 464, KERIKERI Phone Number: 09 407 3255					
60.00	Email: teampk@pkengin.co.nz					
	client: GILSON, M & J					
	LOT 4 DP 323083					
50.00	TITLE: GEOTECHNICAL CROSS SECTION B-B					
	SCALE AT A3: DATE: DRAWN: CHECKED: 1:300 DEC 2024 JW PK					
	PROJECT NO: DRAWING NO: REVISION: 23-38B A3/SG3 0					

Appendix B

PRODUCER STATEMENT

DESIGN: ON-SITE EFFLUENT DISPOSAL SYSTEMS (T.P.58)

ISSUED BY: Pradeep Kumar(approved gualified design professional)

Michael Gilson & Joan Mcphee

TO:.....(owner)

TO BE SUPPLIED TO:Far North District Council.....

PROPERTY LOCATION: Mataka Station

PROPERTY LOCATION:

LOT. 4 DP. 323083 VALUATION NUMBER.

TO PROVIDE : Design an on-site effluent disposal system in accordance with Technical paper 58 and provide a schedule to the owner for the systems maintenance.

THE DESIGN: Has been in accordance with G13 (Foul Water) G14 (Industrial Liquid Waste) B2 (durability 15 years) of the Building Regulations 1992.

As an independent approved design professional covered by a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance (Design) to a minimum value of \$200,000.00, I BELIEVE ON REASONABLE GROUNDS that subject to:

(1) The site verification of the soil types.

(2) All proprietary products met the performance requirements.

The proposed design will met the relevant provisions of the Building Code and 5.3.11 of The Far North District Council Engineering Standards.

Hunor

.....(Signature of approved design professional)

.....

B.E hons, NZCE, MIPENZ IntPE CPeng (Professional qualifications)

IPENZ No 203058 (Licence Number or professional Registration number)

Address Level1 ANZ bank building, 90 Kerikeri Road, Kerikeri

New Zealand

Phone Number 09.407.3255 Fax Number Cell Phone Date 19/12/2024

Note: This form is to accompany every application for a Building Consent incorporating a T.P.58. Approval as a design professional is at Councils discretion.

On-site Wastewater Disposal Site Evaluation Investigation Checklist

OBJECT ID: A39368

Page 1 of 11

Updated 04/10/2017

Type text here

FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL

Appendix E

TP58

On-site Wastewater Disposal Site Evaluation Investigation Checklist

Page 2 of 11

Part A –Owners Details

Applicant Details: Michael Gilson & Joan Mcphee Applicant Name Michael Gilson & Joan Mcphee Company Name N/A First Name(s) Surname Property Owner Name(s) Michael Gilson Joan Mcphee

Nature of Applicant* Owner

(*i.e. Owner, Leasee, Prospective Purchaser, Developer)

2. Consultant / Site Evaluator Details:

Consultant/Agent Name	PK Engineering Ltd				
Site Evaluator Name					
Postal Address	PO BOX 464, Kerikeri				
Phone Number	Business	09403255	Private		
	Mobile		Fax		
Name of Contact Person	PK				
E-mail Address	teampk@pkengin.co.nz				

3. Are there any previous existing discharge consents relating to this proposal or other waste discharge on this site?

nbers and Description		 	
	noers and becomption		

4. List any other consent in relation to this proposal site and indicate whether or not they have been applied for or granted

If so, specify Application Details and Consent No.

(eg. LandUse, Water Take, Subdivision, Earthworks Stormwater Consent)

3. If a pump is being used, please provide the following information:

Total Design Head	ТВС	(m)
Pump Chamber Volume	TBC	(Litres)
Emergency Storage Volume	ТВС	(Litres)

4. Please identify the type(s) of land disposal method proposed for this site: (please tick)

\checkmark
\checkmark
Specify

5. Please identify the loading rate you propose for the option selected in Part H, Section 4 above, stating the reasons for selecting this loading rate:

Loading Rate	3.5		(Litres/m2/day)
Disposal Area	Design	571	(m2)
	reserve	171	(m2)

Explanation (Refer TP58 Sections 9 and 10)

Maximum occupancy of 10 persons utilising 200lts/day each, giving a total daily flow of 2,000ts/day. Using a conservative dosing rate of 3.5Litres/m2/day requires a 571m2 area for the disposal field.

6. What is the available reserve wastewater disposal area (Refer TP58 Table 5.3)

Reserve Disposal Area (m ²)	171
Percentage of Primary Disposal Area (%)	30%

7. Please provide a detailed description of the design and dimensions of the disposal field and attach a detailed plan of the field relative to the property site:

Description and Dimensions of Disposal Field:

line spacing of 1m and covered as pe	and drippe er Sheet S4 sposal field	rs at 1m ce accompan to be close		
Plan Attached?	Yes	\checkmark	No	(Please tick)
If not, explain why i	not			

PART I: Maintenance & Management

(Refer TP58 Section 12.2)

1. Has a maintenance agreement been made with the treatment and disposal system suppliers?

Yes	No	(Please tick)
Name of Suppliers		
To be confirme	d	

PART J: Assessment of Environmental Effects

1. Is an assessment of environmental effects (AEE) included with application?

(Refer TP58 section 5. Ensure all issues concerning potential effects addressed)

Yes		No	\checkmark	(Please tick)
16 57 12 1 1	1.			

If Yes, list and explain possible effects

PART K: Is Your Application Complete?

1. In order to provide a complete application you have remembered to:

Fully Complete this Assessment Form	
Include a Location Plan and Site Plan (with Scale Bars)	
Attach an Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE)	

1. Declaration

I hereby certify that, to the best of knowledge and belief, the information given in this application is true and complete.

			Allow C
Name	PRADEEP KUMAR	Signature	
Position	B.E hons, NZCE, MIPENZ IntPE CPeng	Date	19/12/2024

Note

Any alteration to the site plan or design after approval will result in non compliance.

Part B- Property Details

1. Property for which this application relates:

is roperty for which this appli	oution rolates.			
Physical Address of Property				
Territorial Local Authority	FAR NORTH DI	STRICT COUNCI	L	
Regional Council	NORTHLAND R	EGIONAL COUN	CIL	
Legal Status of Activity	Permitted:	Controlled:	Discretionary:	
Relevant Regional Rule(s)	C.6.1 - On-Site domestic wastewater discharge			
(Note 1)				
Total Property Area (m ²)	574,180			
Map Grid Reference of Property				
If Known				

2. Legal description of land (as shown on Certificate of Title)

Lot No.	4	DP No.	323083	CT No.	
Other (sp	pecify)				

Please ensure copy of Certificate of Title is attached

PART C: Site Assessment - Surface Evaluation

(Refer TP58 - Sn 5.1 General Purpose of Site Evaluation and Sn 5.2.2(a) Site Surface Evaluation)

Note: Underlined terms defined in Table 1, attached

Has a relevant property history study been conducted?

Yes No 🗸 (Please tick one)

If yes, please specify the findings of the history study, and if not please specify why this was not considered necessary.

Previously undeveloped site.

1. Has a <u>Slope Stability</u> Assessment been carried out on the property?

Yes	No	Please tick
If No, why not?		

If Yes, please give details of report (and if possible, please attach report):

Author	Pradeep Kumar	
Company/Agency PK Engineering Ltd		
Date of Report	23-038 - Gilson Site Suitability Report	
Brief Description of Report Findings:-	SLope stability was carried out in order to determine	
the factors of safety, land within the a	areas proposed for wastewater discharge are	
have been considered relatively stal	ple.	

2. Site Characteristics (See Table 1 attached):

Provide descriptive details below:

Performance of Adjacent Systems: Not established.

Estimated Rainfall and Seasonal Variation:

Information available from N.I.W.A MET RESEARCH

Annual Rainfall: 1800-2000mm Vegetation / Tree Cover:

Area allocated for disposal is currently in pasture -but is planned to be in native vegetation

Refer to landscape plan (Chestchire Architects)

Slope Shape: (Please provide diagrams)

Moderately Sloping

Slope Angle:

4-15 Degrees

Surface Water Drainage Characteristics:

No standing surface water near area allocated for disposal

Flooding Potential: YES/NO NO

If yes, specify relevant flood levels on appended site plan, I.e. one in 5 years and/or 20 year and/or 100 year return period flood level, relative to disposal area.

Surface Water Separation:

30m +

Site Characteristics: or any other limitation influencing factors NIL

Page 5 of 11

3. Site Geology

Check Rock Maps

Rangiora Clay Loam/Marua Clay Loam overlying interbedded sandstone and siltsone (Greywacke/argillite)

Geological Map Reference Number GNS Web Maps

4. What Aspect(s) does the proposed disposal system face? (please tick)

North	West	
North-West	South-West	
North-East	South-East	
East	South	

5. Site clearances, (Indicate on site plan where relevant)

Separation Distance from	Treatment Separation Distance (m)	Disposal Field Separation Distance (m)
Boundaries	1.5m	Check Council requirements
Surface water, rivers Creeks drains etc	5-20m	5-20m
Groundwater	0.6m	0.6m
Stands of Trees/Shrubs	N/A	
Wells, water bores	N/A	
Embankments/retaining walls	3m	3m
Buildings	3m	3m
Other (specify):		

PART D: Site Assessment - Subsoil Investigation

(Refer TP58 - Sn 5.1 General Purpose of Site Evaluation, and Sn 5.2.2(a) Site Surface Evaluation and Sn 5.3 Subsurface Investigations) Note: Underlined terms defined in Table 2, attached

1. Please identify the soil profile determination method:

Test Pit		(Depth	m	No of Test Pits		
		0.0		No of Bore	4	
Bore Hole		(Depth_2.0	m	Holes	1	
Other (specify):		8 other Bore	holes on-site (2	-3m Deep)		
Soil Report attached?						
Yes	\checkmark	No		Please tick		

2. Was fill material intercepted during the subsoil investigation?

Yes	No		Please tick
If yes, please specify the	e effect of the fill on was	stewater disposal	

3. percolation testing (mandatory and site specific for trenches in soil type 4 to 7)

Please specify the method

As per TP58 Guidelines for Percolation tests

4. Are surface	water interce	ption/dlver	sion d	rains required?		
Yes		No			Please tick	
If yes, please s	how on site pla	an				
5. Please state	e the depth of	the seasor	ial wat	er table:		
	a the depth of 3m+		nal wat	Measured	Estimated	
		r			Estimated Estimated	
Winter Summer 6. Are there ar	3m+ 3m+	r r	n n	Measured Measured		
Winter Summer 6. Are there ar Yes	3m+ 3m+ ny potential st	r r rorm water No	n short o	Measured Measured	Estimated	
Winter Summer 6. Are there ar Yes	3m+ 3m+ ny potential st	r r rorm water No	n short o	Measured Measured	Estimated	

7. Based on results of subsoil investigation above, please indicate the disposal field soil category (*Refer TP58 Table 5.1*)

Is Topsoil Present?	If so, Topsoil Depth?	(m)
---------------------	-----------------------	-----

Soil Category	Description	Drainage	Tick One
1	Gravel, coarse sand	Rapid draining	
2	Coarse to medium sand	Free draining	
3	Medium-fine & loamy sand	Good drainage	
4	Sandy loam, loam & silt loam	Moderate drainage	
5	Sandy clay-loam, clay loam & silty clay- loam	Moderate to slow drainage	\checkmark
6	Sandy clay, non-swelling clay & silty clay	Slow draining	
7	Swelling clay, grey clay, hardpan	Poorly or non-draining	

Reasons for placing in stated category

Soakage test results. NRC Northland soil fact sheets indicate moderate drainage for the soil ype

PART E: Discharge Details

1. Water supply source for the property (please tick):

Rainwater (roof collection)	
Bore/well	
Public supply	

2. Calculate the maximum daily volume of wastewater to be discharged, unless accurate water meter readings are available

(Refer TP58 Table 6.1 and 6.2)

Number of Bedrooms	2-3-	2-3-4		
Design Occupancy	12 ma	12 max		(Number of People) Intermittant occupan
Per capita Wastewater Production	140	160	180	(tick) (Litres per person per day)
Other - specify	200	220		
Total Daily Wastewater Production				(litres per day)

3. Do any special conditions apply regarding water saving devices

s? Yes No ✓ (Please tick)	es	n Devices? Yes	a) Full Water Conservatio
0 % (Please tick)	0 %	t %? 0	b) Water Recycling - what
tate what conditions apply and include the estimated reduction in			
tate what conditions apply and include the estimated reduce	at conditio	, please state what	If you have answered yes, water usage

4. Is Daily Wastewater Discharge Volume more than 2000 litres:

Yes		(Please tick)
No	\checkmark	(Please tick)

Note if answer to the above is yes, an N.R.C wastewater discharge permit may be required

5. Gross Lot Area to Discharge Ratio:

Gross Lot Area	574,180	M2	
Total Daily Wastewater Production	1920lts	(Litres per day)(from above)	
Lot Area to Discharge Ratio	299		

7. Does this proposal comply with the Northland Regional Council Gross Lot Area to Discharge Ratio of greater than 3?

Yes ✓ No Please tick

8. Is a Northland Regional Council Discharge Consent Required?

Yes	No V	(Please tick)
-----	------	---------------

PART F: Primary Treatment (Refer TP58 Section 7.2)

1. Please indicate below the no. and capacity (litres) of all septic tanks including type (single/dual chamber grease traps) to be installed or currently existing: If not 4500 litre, duel chamber explain why not

Number of Tanks	Type of Tank	Capacity of Tank (Litres)
	Total Capacity	

2. Type of Septic Tank Outlet Filter to be installed?

PART G: Secondary and Tertiary Treatment

(Refer TP58 Section 7.3, 7.4, 7.5 and 7.6)

1. Please indicate the type of additional treatment, if any, proposed to be installed in the system: (please tick)

Secondary Treatment	\checkmark	
Home aeration plant	\checkmark	
Commercial aeration plant		
Intermediate sand filter		
Recirculating sand filter		
Recirculating textile filter		
Clarification tank		
Tertiary Treatment		
Ultraviolet disinfection		
Chlorination		
Other		Specify

PART H: Land Disposal Method

(Refer TP58 Section 8)

1. Please indicate the proposed loading method: (please tick)

Gravity	
Dosing Siphon	\checkmark
Pump	\checkmark

Siphon or pump to be confirmed on site

2.High water level alarm to be installed in pump chambers

Yes ✓ no

If not to be installed, explain why

Page 9 of 11

Plant Species

Astelia grandis

Wide olive green leaves with a silvery sheen beneath and reddish purple midribs, the clump can be up to 2m high. It is an inhabitant of swampy ground from lowland to montane altitudes throughout the North Island and to Southern Canterbury. Preferring a damp soil, it is able to withstand permanently wet feet.

1.5-2m

Alocasia nigrescens (Black Taro)

Large black green blunt arrow shaped leaves on dark purple stalks from loose clumps in damp part shaded areas.

0.5/0.5m

Apodasmia similis (Oioi)

An extremely elegant native reed with blueish green foliage with browny bract at the joins. Grows up to 1m and has a creeping rhizome. Thrives in marshlands and estuaries. Will grow in most conditions. Is very hardy.

1.5/2.0m

Arthropodium Cirratum (Rengarenga Lily)

An attractive perennial plant, known as the Rengarenga Lily. A clump forming plant with drooping fleshy strap leaves. Masses of white starry flower heads throughout summer. It can grow in a wide range of conditions, including coastal and shade. Will not tolerate severe frosting.

1.0/1.0m

Blechnum Novae Zealandiae

An attractive creeping fern with drooping fronds. New growth is always reddish. An easy to grow fern which looks most attractive when grown on a bank, or as a ground cover, provided there is ample moisture.

0.8-1m

Carex Dispacea

This sedge is densely tufted. The narrow leaves are light green and make an attractive contrast to darker foliage. In the garden it should have a sunny or semi-shaded site. Prefers damp conditions.

0.7/0.6m

Carex dissita

An attractive sedge with an arching habit. The ribbed leaves are a fresh bright green and contrast with the very dark seed heads that are carried on the stems. It can be grown in quite shady areas, such as under trees, or in an open situation, but it requires a moist soil.

0.7/0.7m

Carex maorica

This sedge grows into upright clumps with ribbed light green leaves. The foliage is fragile and can snap easily making it an unattractive garden specimen. It is best suited to environmental plantings.

0.7/0.6m

Carex secta

This is a common plant of swampy areas throughout New Zealand. It forms large tussocks with weeping yellowish green leaves. At its best beside water, it will grow in any moist soil in sun or semishade. Old specimens in moist to wet sites often form thick sturdy trunks from the matted roots and old stem bases.

1.0/0.6m

Carex tenuiculmis

This species is a common plant of swampy areas it is of a reddish bronze colour and is at its best beside water. It will grow in any moist soil in the sun or semi-shade. This species does not form a trunk.

0.7/0.6m

Carex virgata

A vigorous sedge that has narrow arching bright green leaves. It is a useful species for waterside planting and very damp soils but will also grow on dry sites and in sun or semi-shade.

0.7/0.6m

Carpodetus serratus (Marble leaf)

An attractive tree with upright spreading branches, found throughout New Zealand on forest margins and stream banks. The juvenile form has tangled growth.

3-5m

Cordyline australis (Cabbage Tree)

One of NZs best known and most distinctive plants. The young tree has long narrow, mid green leaves which arise directly from a single trunk, having aneffect similar to ornamental grasses. The creamy and fragrant flowers are a stunningfeature, appearing in large densely packed panicles during late spring and summer. An excellent plant for landscaping, being suitable for group and specimen planting.

7.5/2.0m

Cordyline Midnight Star

A variety of the red or maroon Cabbage Tree. A good selection for a visual impact within the garden.

7.5/2.0m

Cortaderia fulvida (Toi toi)

This is one of the smaller toetoe, with a height of 1.5 - 2.5m when flowering. The blueish green leaves ae shiny beneath and up to 4 cm wide and 2m long. Its golden flower plumes sometimes have a pinkish tinge.

2.0/2.0m

Coprosma Rugosa

A tough colourful and interesting alpine shrub with very tangled bright orange new growth. Bears berries attractive to birds. Can be clipped into an interesting hedge or allowed to grow freely will become a medium sized shrub.

1.5-3m

Coprosma Grandfolia

It is a good coloniser or shelter species tolerating a wide range of soils, and shade to full sun. Its clusters of orange/red fruits are attractive to birds, though to have fruits you may need to grow several, as coprosma plants bear flowers of only one sex. Flowers appear in late autumn and winter, and are pale but quite conspicuous.

up to 6m

Cyperus ustulus

This is a plant of damper areas. It is very vigorous, growing into a clump with deep olive-green, very sharp edged leaves. The flowering stems are up to 1.2 m or more, with a ruff of leafy bracts below the spikelets. A useful plant for revegetation in wet areas, but it is generally considered to vigorous for most garden situations.

0.8/1.2m

Dianella King Alfred

An attractive form of Dianella. This selected form has an ability to survive a wide range of conditions. It has a small flax like appearance.

0.8/0.6m

Dianella nigra

This is a hardy tufted plant resembling a small fine leaved flax. It grows to about 60cm high and bears insignificant flowers from late spring to summer. These are followed by the plants most ornamental feature, its berries. In the best form these are a glossy dark blue, but can vary to quite pale colours. Grows in sun or semi-shade and in a range of soil conditions. Looks good planted as a ground cover.

0.6/0.6m

Elatostema Rugosum

Naturally inhabiting damp shady streamsides and gullies; it has dark stems with pinnate leaves that are rough and wrinkled and have serrated margins.

The leaves are dark bronzy green with purple tonings. An intereting foliage plant that makes a very good groundcover for a wet shady position.

0.5-1m

Fuchsia Excorticate

The largest *Fuchsia* in the world. A small tree with stunning orange-brown papery bark and interesting twisted shape. Purple-red flowers early spring to summer. The edible fleshy Konini fruit from January to March is sweet and tasty. It was made into jams and desserts by early settlers. Attractive to bees. Prefers a moist soil. Deciduous. Hardy.

5m

Hebe Stricta

Hebe stricta is an open branching shrub found throughout New Zealand. Its long narrow leaves are deep green and glossy. The white mauve-tinged flowers appear on 7-15cm spikes during summer. Pruning is important to maintain a good shape. It is also a hardy landscape plant. Depth of colour and handsome foliage places this hebe in a class of its own.

1-3m

Juncus Gregiflorus

A rush of swampy areas throughout New Zealand. It grows into a tight clump 1-2m tall with bright green stems. It is ideal for revegetation of wetlands and riparian areas and is useful for damp landscaping areas.

1-2m

Leptospermum Burgundy Queen (Flowering Ti Tree)

Exquisite double flowers of deep burgundy red late winter and spring, Dark reddish bronze foliage.

2.0/1.5m

Libertia Grandiflora

Larger flowered species found in damp situations. Brownish green linear leaves to90x1.5cm tapering to a point. Attractive white 3-5 cm flowers with olive or bronzekeel are carried on 90cm lightly branched stems in early summer, followed inautumn by decorative golden brown seed capsules.

0.9/0.7m

Leptospermum scoparium

It is a primary species which provides a natural habitat that allows other New Zealand native species to become established. It naturally dies out after 20-25 years. It is often found growing at the margins of a mature forest. Manuka has small narrow sharply pointed dark green leaves, and bears masses of small white or pale pink flowers from spring into early summer. It is tolerant of practically any conditions and is used in most revegetation projects nation wide.

4-8m

Libertia peregrinans

Simple but interesting plant. Sword like leavesto 25-2cm, brownish green or khakiwith well defined orange yellow midriff, tapering to a sharp point, arranged in fans. The plant is sustained by underground rhizomes from which new fans of leavesappear. Small white 3 peatled flowers on short stems in spring, followed by bronzeyellow capsules.

0.3/1.0m

Melicytus Ramiflorus

The pointed oval leaves are a bright green, with fresh growth being quite soft and an even brighter green. The bark is grayish white and becomes attractively mottled with lichens. The tiny flowers are produced abundantly in spring and are followed by numerous purple black berries.

5m

Phormium Tenax

The foliage is khaki green coloured and up to 3m long. The nectar from the flowers, borne on tall slender flower stalks, is a great attractor to native birds such as Tui. Harakeke is abundant throughout New Zealand particularly in wetland areas. Perfect for revegetation, riparian plantings, and for landscaping.

2-3m

Phormium Surfer

Flax. An excellent compact dwarf clump forming perennial, producing olive green weeping leaves with bronze margins. Excellent all round garden specimen growing anywhere from dry to damp conditions. Withstands strong coastal winds and is frost hardy. Use in mass landscape with other natives.

0.5/0.5m

Schefflera Digitata

The large deep green, rather soft leaves are composed of up to 9 oval leaflets arising from a singe point. They get progressively bigger as they radiate outwards, with the biggest leaflet being up to 20cm. The margins are finely serrated and tinged with pinkish red, as are the veins and midribs. Large panicles of tiny greenish white flowers hang below the leaves in summer and are followed by white to purple berries. Pate should be given a shady and sheltered position in good moist soil. Could be used to good effect in a tropical planting or as a background plant.





Passive Wastewater Treatment

Technical Guide WW 1

With already 3000 installations across the world, X-Perco is the new revolution



Applications	
Residential and Holiday Hor	mes
Small communities	

Schools

Camping grounds

Product Attributes

Single tank installation	
Passive Gravity Filtration	
No electricity required for	
treatment process	
Ecological and sustainable	
Discrete low visual impact	
100% natural Xylit filtration	

Robust, durable & self compacting concrete construction

Flexible disposal applications

Quality Standards

PIA Quality Tested (Germany)

We are the supply partner of choice for New Zealand's civil construction industry, specialising in water and infrastructure based solutions.



With already 3000 installations across the world, X-Perco is the new revolution in wastewater treatment.

The X-Perco, a passive innovative design by Eloy Water (Belgium). Performance with little or no power, and unrivaled robustness. Designed to handle the fluctuations of permanent or intermittent occupancy, the X Perco system is the recommended solution for a home, holiday house or commercial application.

Four unique qualities

- Natural, passive, durable and high strength activated carbon filtration
- Powerless high performance treatment
- Single Tank Robust and lightweight concrete
- Water distribution is through a patented rotating Aquacan to a pipe network equally supplying the filter media

Xylit (Activated Carbon) - A 100% ecological and sustainable media

Naturally formed over millions of years, Xylit is a source of activated carbon comprised of natural wood fiber extracted from the ground. Xylit is derived from Lignite, harvested and graded in Germany under patent.

The Xylit filtering media boasts many unique properties:

- High strength fibre which retains its integrity and guarantees an excellent service life. (10 Year guarantee)
- Large surface area that fosters the development of a dense bacterial biofilm, occuring more rapidly than with any other filtering media
- Simple to maintain
- Compostable

Designing

The Xylit offers very reliable treatment, especially during fluctuating or infrequent occupancy. Ideal for holiday homes. The natural properties of the Xylit maintains biological activity for long periods without intervention. The unique potential of the Xylit makes the X-Perco a dependable choice for sustainable wastewater treatment.



FIG. 1 Xylit



FIG. 2 Drip irrigation pipe prior to bark being laid.

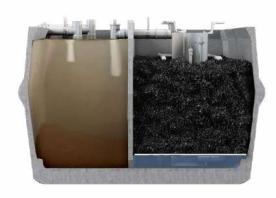


FIG. 3 X-Perco

The X-Perco®

Product Range

- 1.8 m³/day (approx 0-5 bedroom)
- 3.0 m³/day (approx 5-7 bedroom)
- Commercial application up to 30 m³/day

Features

- Can be retrofitted to an existing septic tank
- Passive Filtration treatment
- Flexible disposal option
- Simple to service

Distribution options

- Flout passive dosing system (no power)
- Pump Station

Land Application

- Drip irrigation into landscaped garden bush or trees
- LDPE into sand trenches
- ETS Beds
- Sand beds

Components

- 1. Primary Tank
- 2. Xylit Filter
- 3. Gravity, pump or passive dose disposal system

Process

Primary Tank

 Wastewater arrives into the primary septic tank by gravity from the building. The solid matter will settle on the floor of the primary septic tank to be "degraded" by anaerobic bacteria. The suspended (*floating*) matter such as fats and oils will form a "crust" at the surface. The outlet of the primary septic tank is fitted with an approved biological filter to prevent suspended matter from passing through to the second (*treatment*) compartment.

Xylit Trickling filter

- The pre-treated and filtered waste enters the Xylit filter bed by gravity into the distribution device (Aquacan). The Aquacan fills and alternately disposes into a network of perforated pipes to evenly distribute over the Xylit filter bed.
- The "pre-treated" waste water slowly trickles through the Xylit media, where the population of digesting bacteria develop to digest and purify the waste liquid.
- 4. Oxygen is supplied to the filter by a network of 100mm diameter pipes. This is achieved with No power.

Distribution

- 5. The treated water leaves the filter by gravity from the floor of the filter tank into the dose flout *(no power)* or pump chamber
- 6. The treated water is gravity dosed or pumped into the land application *(disposal)* area
- The land application area is chosen for its potential for gravity or pumped distribution. The treated waste can be distributed through drip irrigation, LDPE or UPVC piped trenches.
- 8. The X-Perco has a small battery operated alarm that will activate in the unlikely event the water level in the filter is raised.

Treatment Performance

 $BoD_5 < 20 mg/litre$ SS < 30 mg/litre

Unique dosing and distribution device

The unique and innovative flow distribution Aquacan and pipe network guarantees optimal distribution of the influent over the filter media. The flow can be simply adjusted during installation or servicing to suit the required application within the maximum design flow.

Lightweight concrete tank

The X-Perco tank is constructed from reinforced fiber, selfcompacting concrete. This revolutionary concrete guarantees long service life and light weight construction. The X-Perco tank is easy to handle, simple to install, and can be installed in groundwater. Its highly robust nature allows for the passage of foot traffic and mowers or can be designed to carry light vehicles.

- Ultra strong
- Reinforced fibre concrete
- Light vehicle traffic up to 3.5 T allowed (with design)
- Discrete low visual impact
- Groundwater installation possible
- Easy access to internal components

Guarantee!

We offer:

- 10 year guarantee X-Perco concrete tank
- 10 year guarantee xylit filtering media
- 2 year guarantee internal components (Aquacan distribution system).

Note:

¹ See the warranty certificate.

² Valid on systems up to 3 m³/day. Subject to compliance with the installation, treatment application, appropriate water volume and pollution load.

³ Excluding parts subject to wear and tear.

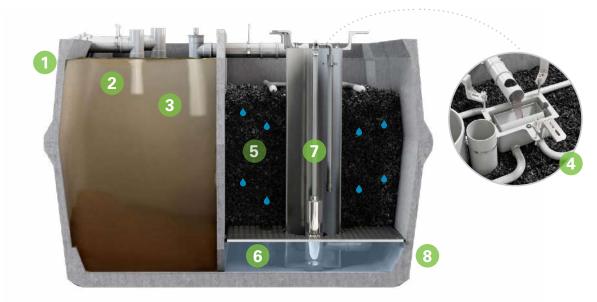


FIG. 4 X-Perco Components

- 1. Inlet pipe
- 2. Ventilation pipe
- 3. Biological outlet filter
- 4. Aquacan distribution system

- 5. Xylit filter bed
- 6. Pump volume chamber
- 7. Pump chamber & pump
- 8. Gravity outlet

Eloy Water Network

Eloy Water is a Belgian Company which has been a designer, producer and distributor of purification systems for the treatment of domestic and industrial wastewater since 1965. Specialising in the treatment and the reuse of wastewater from single domestic dwelling to medium size communities, Eloy Water has always invested in the development and integration of the latest technologies into its production. With a presence in 25 countries, Hynds Pipe Systems Ltd is the exclusive distributor of Eloy Water products in New Zealand.

Branches Nationwide Support Office & Technical Services 09 274 0316

Disclaimer: While every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this document is correct and accurate, users of Hynds product or information within this document must make their own assessment of suitability for their particular application. Product dimensions are nominal only, and should be verified if critical to a particular installation. No warranty is either expressed, implied, or statutory made by Hynds unless expressly stated in any sale and purchase agreement entered into between Hynds and the user.

hyndswastewater.co.nz 0800 425 433





X-Perco[®] 3.0 (2 Tank System)

Powerless Wastewater Treatment Plant

Technical Sheet WW 3.0XP Updated August 2023

Technical Information

Product:	X-Perco® 3.0
Model:	3 m³/day - X-Perco C90
Process:	Trickling Filter Technology
Codes:	WWSPLIT6OL2, WWXYF1.8

Dimensions	Volume	es Weights		
Measurements	Unit	Tank 1	Tank 2	Tank 3 Pump Station
Total height (incl. riser)	mm	2450	1700	2300
Entry height	mm	2000	1270	TBC on site
Exit Height	mm	1960	90	TBC on site
Length	mm	2380	2650	N/A
Width	mm	1580	2250	Ø1050
Total Volume	m3	6	6.2	-
Useful Volume	m3	5.14	4.02	-
Weight	Т	2.8	5.75	-
Main Service Entry Ø	mm	620	620	600
Primary Filter Access Ø	mm	620	N/A	N/A
Desludge Port Ø	mm	620	620	600
Inlet/Outlet pipe Ø	mm	Inlet = 110 Outlet = 110	Inlet = 110 Outlet = 110	Inlet = 110 Outlet = 32 (pumped)

Material

Tank	High Perfomance Fibre Reinforced Concrete			
Media (Xylit)	Fossilised natural wood fibre			

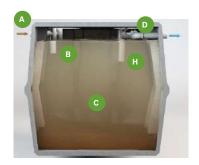
Performances

Influent Quality					
Parameters	Unit	Results			
BOD ₅	mg /L	400			
	kg /day	1.2			
TSS	mg/L	600			
	kg/day	1.8			
TN	mg/L	62			
	kg/day	0.2			
Fat & Oil	mg/L	20			
Detergent	mg/L	10			
Daily flow	L/day	3000			
Application Limits	Domestic wastewater				
	Double dwelling				
	• Max. 15 people				

Effluent Quality				
Parameters Unit Results				
BOD ₅ **	mg/L	<20		
TSS**	mg/L	<30		
TN**	mg/L	<40 (expected)		

**Based on PIA-AS11. Assuming the system is installed and maintained as per X-Perco 1.6ST Installation Manual and Operations and Maintenance Manual. Note: Performance results are based on a 24 hour composite sample taken after the irrigation filter

Features





Legend

- A. High inlet
- B. Ventilation T pipe
- C. Primary treatment tankD. Flow distribution System
- E. Biological reactor tank
- F. Treated water discharge piping systemG. Gravity discharge outlet
- H. PL-122 filter
- I. Split flow device
- J. Aquacan Distribution System

Operation

Installation Limits			
Recommended depth of cover to tank	300mm		
Max. depth of cover to lid	600mm		
Traffic Load with PE lids	Pedestrian		
Traffic Load with heavy duty lids	Light traffic(<3.5T)		

Useful Volumes				
Primary Treatment Tank m ³	5.14			
Biological Reactor Tank m ³	4.02			
Emergency Storage m ³	3.04			

Maintenance	
Desludging Required (Primary Tank)	50%
Servicing Frequency	6 monthly

Electromechanical Components				
Pump Controller	WWPUMPCONTROL			
Pump Type	Submersible BIA - B42AV			
Pump Rated Output	0.55kW			

Consumables (Subject to Recommended Servicing)				
Alarm Battery Every 7 years				
Xylit	Every 10 years			
Aquacan Ball Bearings	Every 2 years			
Aquacan System	As Required			

Components and Options

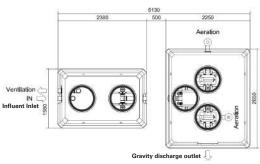
X-Perco 3.0 Components							
Kit Components	Quantity	Length (mm)	Diameter/ Width (mm)	Heights (mm)	Weight (T)		
Treatment System	2 Tanks	2380/2650	1580/2250	2450/1700	2.8/5.75		
Primary Tank Access Riser & Lid	2	-	Ø620	200	-		
Xylit Tank Access Riser & Lid	3	-	Ø620	200	-		
Filter - PL122	1	-	-	-	-		
Irrigation Filter - 130 Micron	1	-	-	-	-		
Pump Station - FB10502100NH	1	-	Ø1050	-	0.23		
For further detai	ils please co	ntact Hynds	Wastewater T	eam			



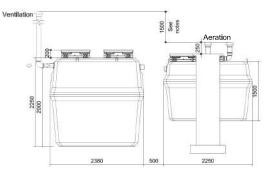


X-Perco 3.0 Options						
Kit Components	Quantity		Diameter/ Width (mm)		Weight (T)	
High Level Alarm with Batteries	-	-	-	-	-	
PE Riser	-	-	Ø600	200	-	
PE Lid	-	-	Ø600	-	-	
Odour Cartridge	-	-	-	-	-	

Dimensions

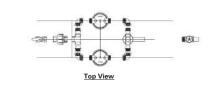


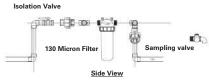




Notes

- 1. The aeration pipework of the Xylit Filter chamber must be 250mm in height from the ground and in an open location
- 2. The ventilation pipework should be higher than the aeration pipework. The ventilation must always be installed above the roof of the nearest building or at least 1500mm higher than the aeration pipework if it can only be installed on the treatment system. The higher the better as it catches the wind and creates the draft effect





Irrigation Filter Installation

NOTE: The sampling valve must be locked or rendered inoperable. Location of the sampling valve must be clearly marked "Wastewater - Do not drink/use"

	Certifications/Accreditations/Testing Results	Warranties Year Ex		Extension	Supporting Documents and Resources		
	CE PIA- AS11	Tank	10	NA	Installation Manual	Owner's Manual	
		Xylit	10	NA	Operation and	Field Service Report	
		Other Components	2	NA	Maintenance Manual		
	Conditions of Warranty:				 Performance Testing Results 	Installation & Commissioning Report	
	Refer to Hynds Wastewater Warranty Terms and Conditions Commissioning report completed and returned by trained installer			Loading certificate (By Designer)	Claims Procedure & Certificate Warranty		
	Documented service history commencing from				ID card(where applicable)	Service Contract	

- Documented service history commencing from commissioning date

Important Pump/s Disclaimer: The selected pump must match the hydraulic requirements of the land application system (LAS) for the specific on-site wastewater management system (OWMS). As there are several different LAS designs, each will require pumps to provide the required pressure and flowrate to ensure sustained and effective LAS performance. It is strongly recommended that the specifications of the selected pump for each OWMS are formally provided by the designer of each OWMS.



Disclaimer: While every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this document is correct and accurate, users of Hynds product or information within this document must make their own assessment of suitability for their particular application. Product dimensions are nominal only, and should be verified if critical to a particular installation. No warranty is either expressed, implied, or statutory made by Hynds unless expressly stated in any sale and purchase agreement entered into between Hynds and the user





Submersible High Head Pump

810273 - BIA-B42AV





1. Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase of a Bianco B42AV Submersible Pump.

The B42AV is a premium quality pump suitable for small to medium clean water, dewatering and or wastewater transfer applications.

The B42AV is designed specifically for AWTS (Aerated Water Treatment Systems) i.e., for discharging from Secondary Treatment septic tanks.

2. Key Features

- Quality pump materials and construction to ensure reliable operation
- Glass Filled Nylon pump body and Stainless Steel motor cover
- Easy Grip, Nylon carry handle
- Triple Seal System: Dual mechanic Seal (Carbon Ceramic) in oil bath and Oil Seal
- 3 Stage, High Head pump with durable noryl impellers
- Elevated (88mm) suction intake with algae-resistant slotted strainer
- 10m Power lead and automatic Float Switch
- All Cables to H07RNF neoprene
- Automatic On/Off operation controlled by a vertical float
- Light weight

3. Contents

1. Introduction	. 2
2. Key Features	. 2
3. Contents	. 2
4. ISO 7010 Symbols used in this manual	. 3
5. Warnings	. 3
6. Cautions	. 4
7. Technical Specifications	. 4
8. Electrical Connections	. 5
9. Installation & Operating Instructions	. 5
10. Replacement pump in an AWTS system	. 6
11. Trouble Shooting Guide	. 6
12. Warranties – Terms and Conditions	. 7

4. ISO 7010 Symbols used in this manual

4	Warning - Electrical safety
	Warning – Potential consequences of use outside of intended application(s). Includes environmental condition warnings.
	Mandatory warning
	Warning to disconnect power
	Read carefully

5. Warnings

E	Read the manual carefully before starting
	Prior to starting installation or any maintenance the pump must be disconnected from the power supply and pressure relieved from the system including controller, pump and associated pipework.
Â	A qualified electrician should correctly size and install circuit breakers to protect the power supply. The fitment of additional surge protection is recommended.
4	Any changes or modification to the wiring must be carried out by suitably qualified personnel.
	This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
	To avoid excessive thermal shock to the motor, the pump should not start more than 20 times in any one-hour period. The pump relies on pit water for cooling and should not operate partially submerged for longer than 10 minutes. Sustained operation at high head/low flow will result in overheating and compromise pump life expectancy
	Ensure that the installation will comply with all applicable local regulations.

6. Cautions

The pump relies on pit water for cooling and should not operate partially submerged for longer than 10 minutes. Sustained operation at high head/low flow will result in overheating and compromise the pump life expectancy

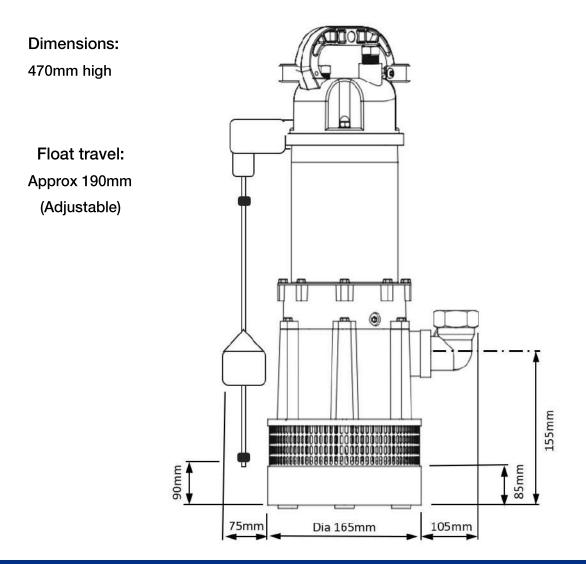
Running the pump without water or allowing the pump to run dry will damage the mechanical seal and void the warranty.

Avoid situations where the pump could be exposed to corrosive liquids or gasses, or to flammable materials, solvents etc.

Fitment and replacement must be carried out by competent, skilled, qualified personnel.

7. Technical Specifications

	Part #	kW	Amps	Volts	Max Head	Max Flow	Max Solids	Outlet
BIA-B42AV	810273	0.55	4.0	240	32m	105 lpm	3mm	1" BSPF



8. Electrical Connections

Voltage: 240V 50Hz Single Phase, +10 / -5%, DOL connection

WARNINGS:

• All electrical work must be performed by an authorized electrician, in compliance with Au/NZ Wiring Regulations. Never allow an unauthorized person to perform electrical work.



- Improper wiring can lead to current leakage, electrocution, fire or pump failure.
- A power point (10amp) should be provided by a qualified electrician in compliance with the requirements of AS/NZS 3000.



Always use an electrical outlet protected by Residual Current Device (RCD) Safety Switch with a trip current of 30mA or less. A Safety Switch is required by Au/NZ Standard **AU/NZS 60335.1-2011**.

The pump is supplied with a 10 amp rated lead and AS/NZ 3112 (Type 1) 3 pin male power plug for connecting to mains power.



Exercise care with the power cord. Route the cord carefully to avoid potential snagging or chafing hazards.



Never lift the pump by the power cord or disconnect from the power supply by pulling the cord.

9. Installation & Operating Instructions

Pumps should never be used to pump flammable or corrosive fluids.

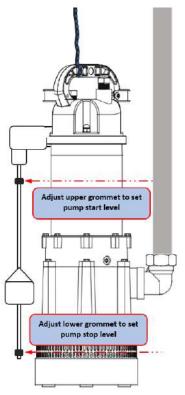
Installation

The Bianco B42AV pump should be installed on a level surface in a stationary position connected to fixed pipe work. Flexible pipe can only be used if no blockages or kinks are ensured.

A rope or lifting chain must be attached to the handle of the pump at the time of installation. **Never remove or lift a pump by its power cable**.

Automatic pumps with a float switch should be installed in a sump or pit of suitable size for the float switch to operate correctly. The float must not touch anything which could prevent the pump from switching off and causing it to run dry.

The float switch start and stop levels are set by adjusting the position of the rubber grommets (stops) on the vertical float rod.



All single phase models have automatic reset thermal overload protection built in. This thermal overload will switch the motor off in an overload/overtemperature situation and will automatically reset when the motor has cooled down.

If the supply cord is damaged, the pump should be returned to White International or one an Authorised Service Agents for repair in order to avoid potential injury/electrical shock.

10. Replacement pump in an AWTS system

When replacing the pump in an AWTS system it is strongly recommended to perform a volumetric pump-down test OR to fit a pressure gauge to the discharge piping to assess the condition of the dispersal field.

Sustained operation at high head/low flow will result in overheating and compromise the pump life expectancy

11. Trouble Shooting Guide				
Fault	Cause	Remedy		
Pump does not start	No mains supply	Check that power is available at the power socket and that it is switched on		
	Blown fuse or tripped breaker	Replace fuse or reset breaker		
	Impeller jammed	Disconnect power and clean impeller		
	Thermal overload has been activated	Allow the switch to reset itself		
	Float switch is in the down/off position	Free the float switch and change the position of the pump to prevent this in future		
	Insufficient water level	Float switch must be in the up/on position (45° above horizontal)		
No or low flow	Strainer or impeller blocked by debris	Disconnect from power and clean impeller area		
	Damage caused by abrasive media	Pump may need to be serviced to replace worn parts		
	Excessive friction loss or high delivery head	Reassess if the pipe size and pump is suitable for the application		
Pump does not	Float switch is in the up/on position	Free the float switch and change the position of the pump to prevent this in future		
stop	Possible faulty float switch	Pump may need to be serviced to replace faulty part		
		Disconnect power and make sure impeller is not clogged		
Pump switches off after short period	Thermal overload has been activated	Ensure water temperature is below 40°		
		Check the length of the power supply cable/extension. Possible voltage drop over long distances.		
		Ensure the pump is not operating at a very low flow or very high head.		

11. Trouble Shooting Guide

12. Warranties – Terms and Conditions

This warranty is given in addition to the consumer guarantees found within the Australian Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth) for goods purchased in Australia and the Consumer Guarantees Act 1993 NZ for goods purchased in New Zealand:



1) White International Pty Ltd / White International NZ Ltd (White International) warrant that all products distributed are free from defects in workmanship and materials, for their provided warranty period as indicated on the top or opposite side of this document. Subject to the conditions of the warranty, White International will repair any defective products free of charge at the premises of our authorised service agents throughout Australia and New Zealand if a defect in the product appears during the warranty period. If you believe that you have purchased a defective product and wish to make a claim under this warranty, contact us on our Sales Hotline on 1300 783 601, or send your claim to our postal address or fax line below and we will advise you as to how next to proceed. You will be required to supply a copy of your proof of purchase to make a claim under this warranty.

2) This warranty excludes transportation costs to and from White International or its appointed service agents and excludes defects due to non-compliance with installation instructions, neglect or misuse, inadequate protection against the elements, low voltage or use or operation for purposes other than those for which they were designed. For further information regarding the suitability of your intended application contact us on our Sales Hotline on 1300 783 601. If you make an invalid claim under this warranty, the original product will be sent back to you unrepaired.

3) This warranty refers only to products sold after the 1st January 2012, and is not transferable to another product type and only applies to the original owner, purchaser or end user, and is in addition to the consumer guarantees found within the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth) for goods purchased in Australia and the Consumer Guarantees Act 1993 (NZ) for goods purchased in New Zealand.

4) Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and for compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure. 2 YEAR WARRANTY.

5) To the fullest extent permitted by law, White International excludes its liability for all other conditions or warranties which would or might otherwise be implied at law. To the fullest extent permitted by law, White International's liability under this warranty and any other conditions, guarantees or warranties at law that cannot be excluded, including those in the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth), is expressly limited to: (a) in the case of products, the replacement of the product or the supply of equivalent product, the payment of the cost of replacing the product or of acquiring an equivalent product or the repair of the product or payment of the cost of having the product repaired, is at the discretion of White International or a 3rd party tribunal elected under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth) for goods purchased in Australia and the Consumer Guarantees Act 1993 (NZ) for goods purchased in New Zealand; and

6) To the fullest extent permitted by law, this warranty supersedes all other warranties attached to the product or its packaging.

7) In the case of services, supplying the services again or the payment of the cost of having the services supplied again, is at the discretion of White International or a 3rd party tribunal elected under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth) for goods purchased in Australia and the Consumer Guarantees Act 1993 (NZ) for goods purchased in New Zealand. 8) Our warranty commences from the date of purchase of the above mentioned pumps. Proof of purchase is required before consideration under warranty is given.

Record your date of purchase in the space below and retain this copy for your records.



www.whiteint.com.au www.whiteint.co.nz

Please always refer to our website for further technical information & new product innovations

Disclaimer: Every effort has been made to publish the correct information in this manual. No responsibility will be taken for errors, omissions or changes in product specifications.

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PRODUCT DATA SHEET

BIA B42AV • 810273





PRODUCT DETAILS

The Bianco B42AV is a variant from the highly successful B42 family a 'High Head' multi-impeller submersible type suitable for supplying pressurised water from tanks. The AV suffix refers to the fitment of a vertical 'fixed' float rather than the standard flexible style control float. Designed for use with any clear (clean and pre-treated) water the B42 pump family are best known for their reliability and performance when delivering treated wastewater to pressure compensating dripper beds

BENEFITS

- Slotted stainless steel strainer inhibits algal blockage
- Elevated (85mm) intake to avoid sludge layer
- Light weight easy to lift and lower
- Great energy efficiency for reduced running costs
- Drinking water
- General hobby activity

FEATURES

- Quality pump materials and construction to ensure reliable operation
- 5 star energy rating
- Dual mechanical seals (Carbon/Ceramic pump side, Silicon Carbide / Ceramic motor side) in an oil bath.
- 10m H07RN-F Neoprene power lead
- Automatic on/off
- Easy to install and use

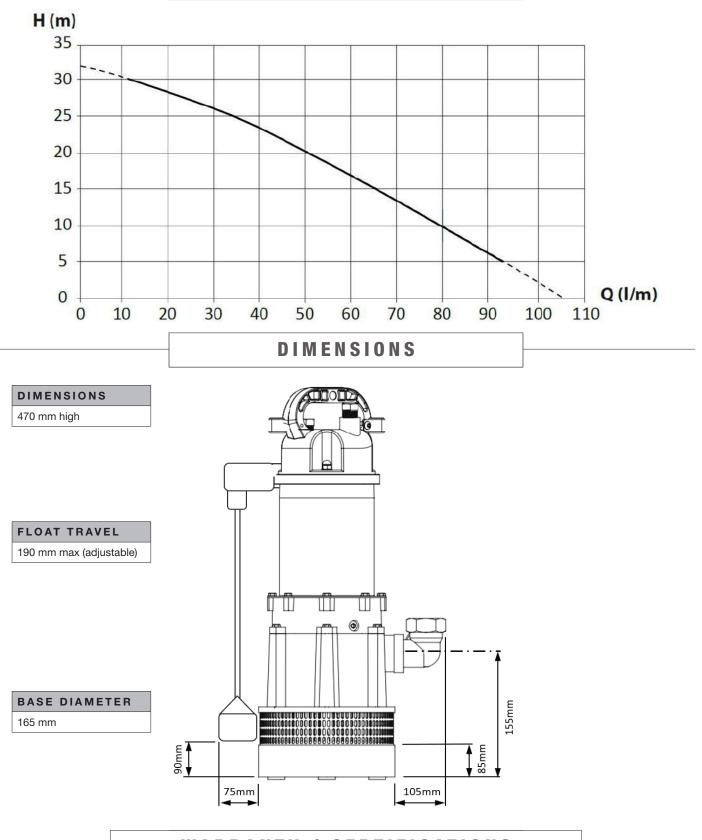
TECHNICAL DATA

RATED POWER (W)	550W		
MAX. FLOW [LPM]	105 lpm		
RATED FLOW [M3/H]	1 m3/h		
MAX. HEAD [M]	32m		
WORKING TEMPERATURE	< 40°C		
LIQUID TEMPERATURE	2°C - 35°C		
MAX. IMMERSION DEPTH	12m		
MAX. DIA. OF PARTICLE	< 2mm		
MOTOR DUTY	Continuous		
MOTOR PROTECTION LEVEL	Class F		
MOTOR PROTECTION	In-built auto re-setting thermal overload		
CAPACITOR	20 uF		
MOTOR SHAFT	Stainless Steel 410		

RATED VOLTAGE	220V-240V 50 Hz
RATED CURRENT	4.0A @ 230V
POWER CABLE TYPE	H07RN-F
LENGTH OF POWER CABLE	10m
PROTECTION CLASS	IP68
IMPELLERS	3 of Noryl
HYDRAULIC BODY	Glass filled Nylon
INLET STRAINER	Yes - slotted and elevated
OUTLET	1" BSPF
MECHANICAL SEALS	Carbon/Ceramic pump side.Silicon Carbide/ceramic motor side
AUTOMATION FUNCTION	Fixed Arm Float Switch
NET WEIGHT (KG)	Pump only 12.0kg
PACKAGE DIMENSION	200Lx260Wx550H (mm)



HYDRAULIC PERFORMANCE



WARRANTY / CERTIFICATIONS









APPENDIX C

PROJECT:

CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT **OF LOT 4 MATAKA STATION** FOR MICHAEL GILSON & JOAN MCPHEE

PROJECT ADDRESS:

Lot 4, Mataka Station, **Rangihoua Road**

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Lot 4 DP 323083

JOB NO:

23-038A

DATE:

Revision 0 - 19/12/2024

DRAWING INDEX:

EW1.2

EW1.3 EW1.4

S1	DRAINAGE PLAN OVERVIEW
S2	DETAILED DRAINAGE PLAN
S3A	STORMWATER DETAILS A
S3B	STORMWATER DETAILS B
S3C	STORMWATER DETAILS C
S4	WASTEWATER DETAILS
S5A	DRIVEWAY DETAILS A
S5B	DRIVEWAY DETAILS B
EW1.0	EARTHWORKS CUT/FILL & SILT CONTROL PLAN
EW1.1	SILT CONTROL DETAILS A

SILT CONTROL DETAILS B

SILT CONTROL DETAILS C EARTHWORKS GENERAL NOTES

ISSUED FOR CONSENT



LEVEL 2 ANZ Bank Building 90 Kerikeri road, P.O.Box 464 KERIKERI

Tel. (09) 4073255 Fax. (09) 4073256 E-mail. pk.engin@xtra.co.nz

STORMWATER OUTLETS

- 1. PRIMARY RESIDENCE & PAVED AREAS **DISCHARGED TO** NATURAL FLOW PATH VIA CULVERT SOCK AND **DISPERSAL BAR**
- 2. MINOR RESIDENCE ROOF SW OVERFLOWS **DISCHARGED TO** SOAKAGE PIT AND SCRUFFY DOME **OVERFLOW - TO SHEET** FLOW. REFER TO SHEET SR3b FOR MORE DETAILS

30% Reserve Waste HYNDS X-Perco 3.0 (2 Tank Syste Hynds Pump Chamt With Bianco Submersi 810273-BIA-B42

WASTEWATER FIELD B = 245 lineal metres of sub-surface dripper irrigation lines.

WASTEWATER FIELD A = 295 lineal metre of sub-surface drippe irrigation lines

e 0

2 . Stormwater Outlet for Minor residence

> lvnds Ø1050 x 1800 deep Manhole Code:MHF10180015M With Hynds Low profile cruffy Dome ode:MHD1050U2

into 15,000L C

85.0

86.0

M.

Natural Flow Path to Coast

1 . Stormwater Outlet

for primary residence

51.5



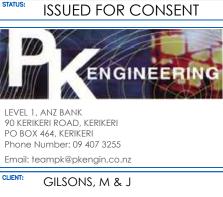
Notes:

THE COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING IS VESTED IN PK ENGINEERING AND IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR PART OR USED FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY ARTICLE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PERMISSION OF THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS.

2. VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND LEVELS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK, USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS IN PREFERENCE TO SCALING THESE DRAWINGS.

- THIS DRAWING IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL RELEVANT ARCHITECTS, SERVICES, CIVIL AND OTHER PROJECT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFEREED TO THE ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION.
- IN THE EVENT THAT THERE IS ANY CONFLICT BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATION THEN THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DRAWINGS SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE, WITH THE DETAIL DRAWINGS TAKING PRECEDENCE OVER THE GENERAL NOTES.





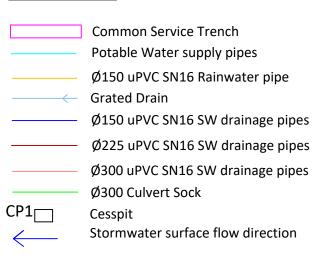
BY: DATE:

LOT 4 MATAKA STATION

TTLE: PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE OVERVIEW					
SCALE AT A3: 1:1000	DEC 2024	DRAWN: JW	CHECKED: PK		
PROJECT NO:	DRAWING NO:		REVISION:		
23-038A	A3/S1		0		

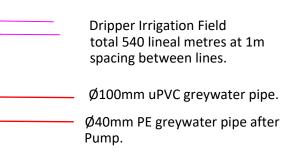
N 991778213

DRAINAGE KEY



All Drainage pipes to have flexible joins & 1 in 100 Fall for SW and 1 in 60 for greywater. A registered Drain layer should install all drainage

DRAINAGE KEY



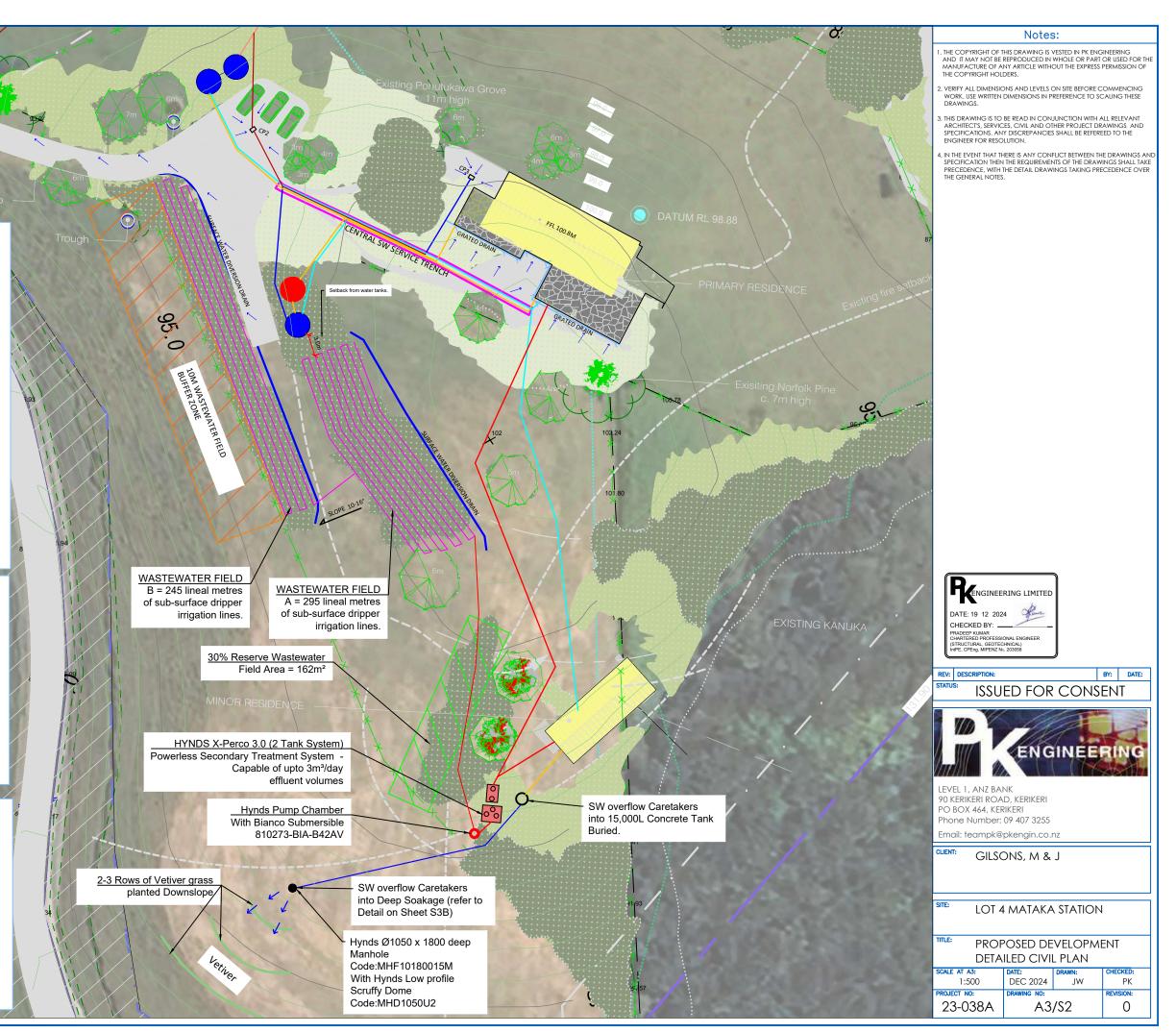
_____ Surface Water diversion drain

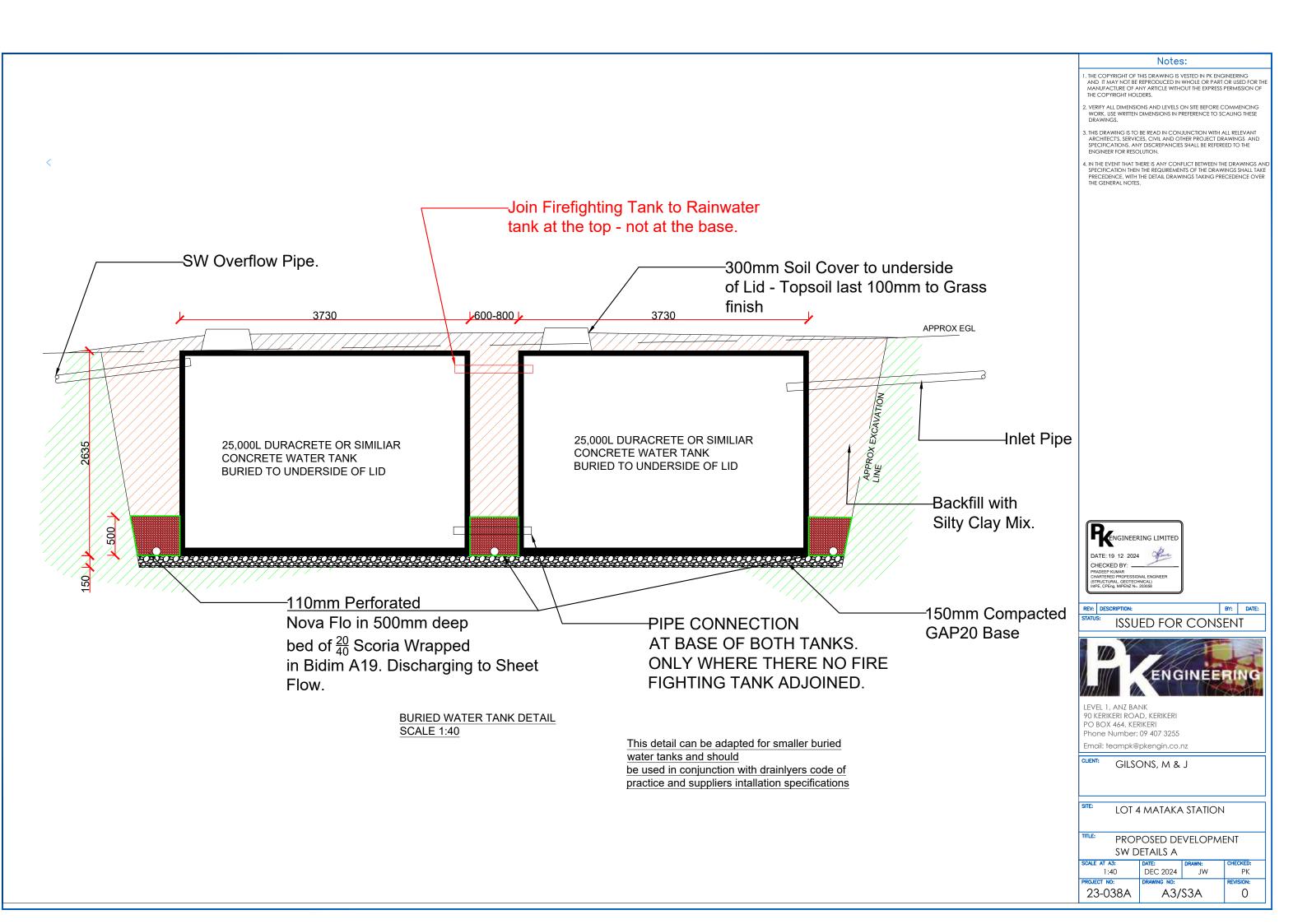
DRAINAGE KEY

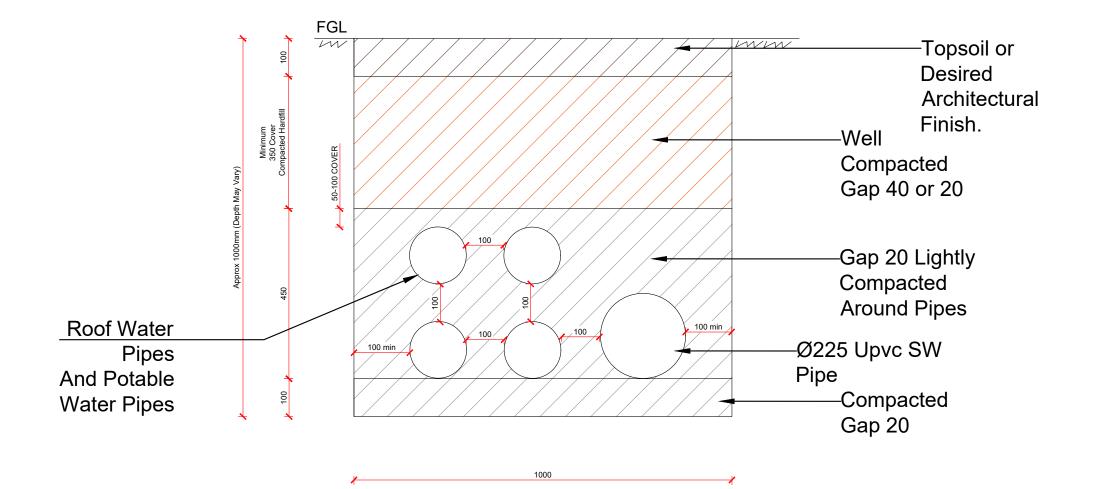


3 x 25,000 L Rainwater tanks (Buried) with SW overflows

1x 25,000 L Firefighting supply tank (Buried) Requires a Firefighting Fitting to be fixed



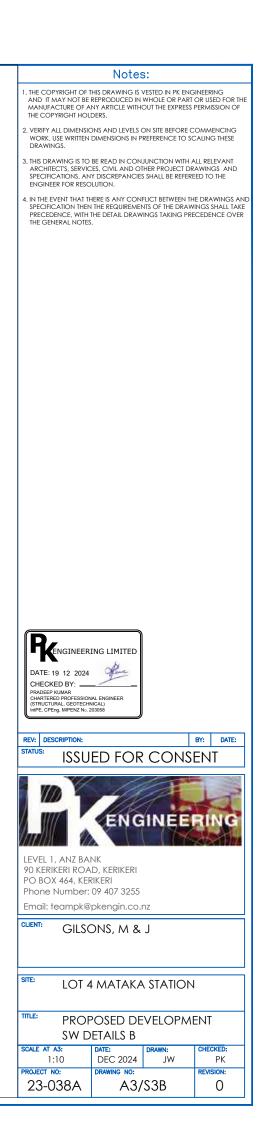


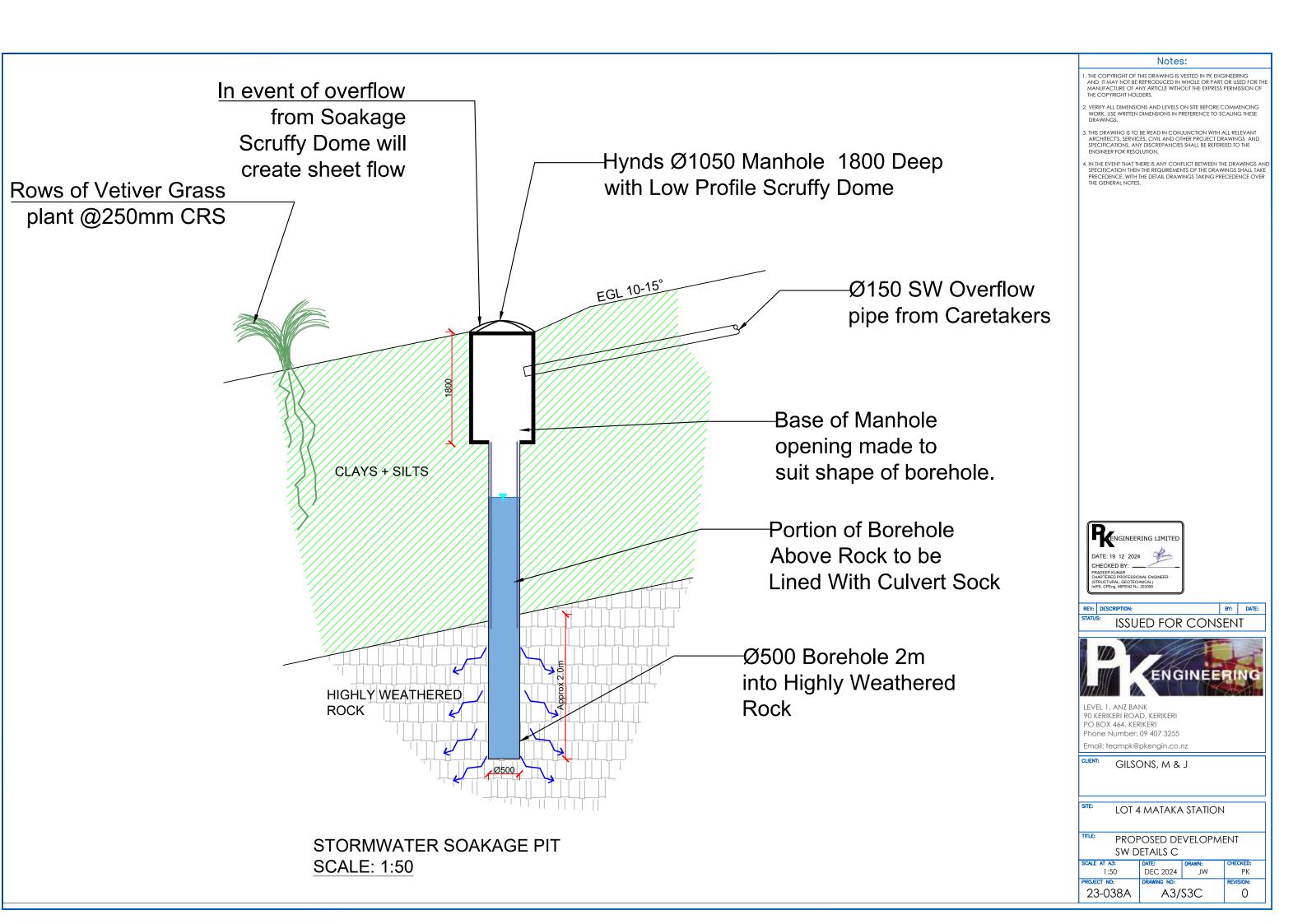


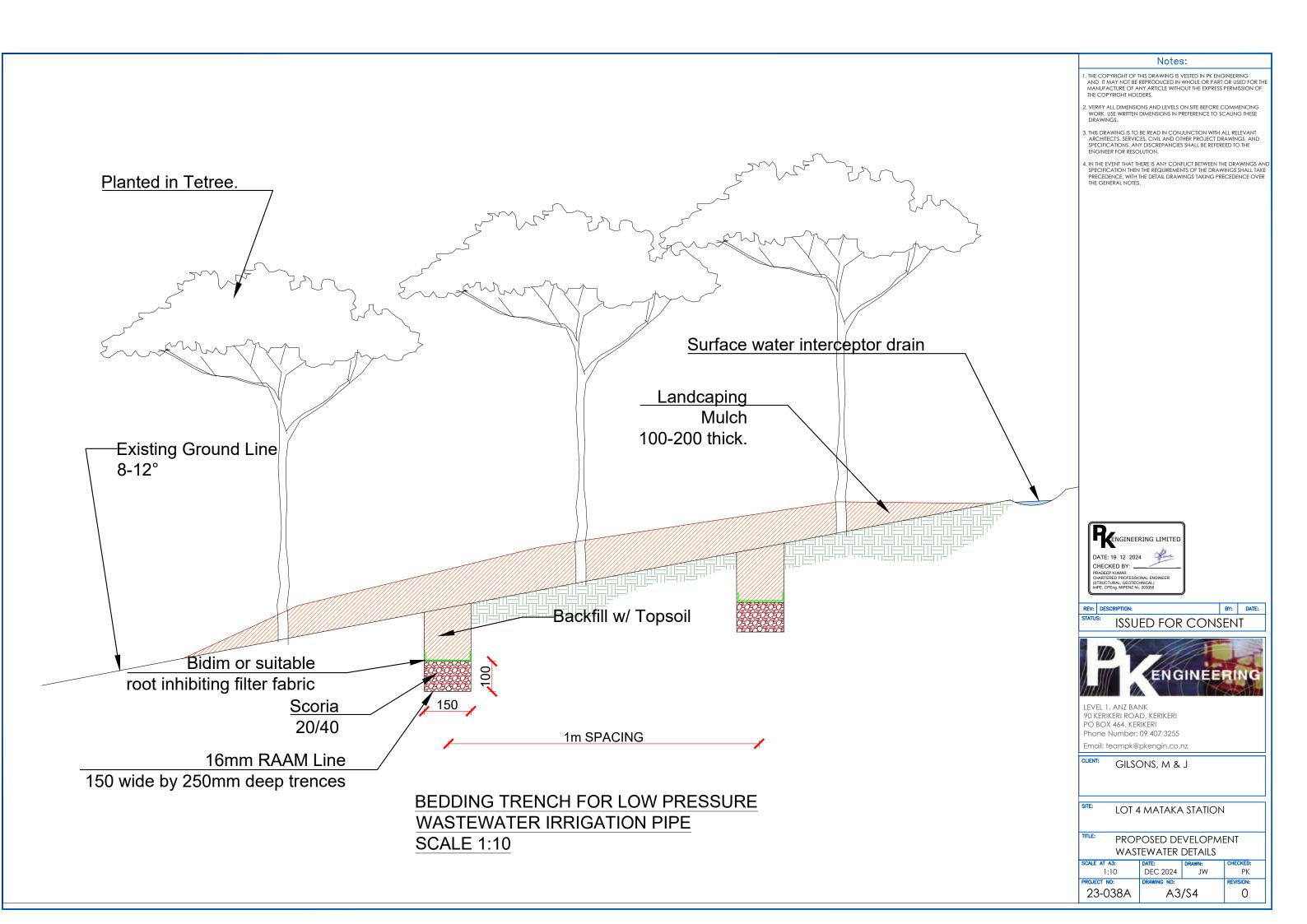
COMMON STORMWATER AND POTABLE WATER TRENCH DETAIL SCALE 1:10

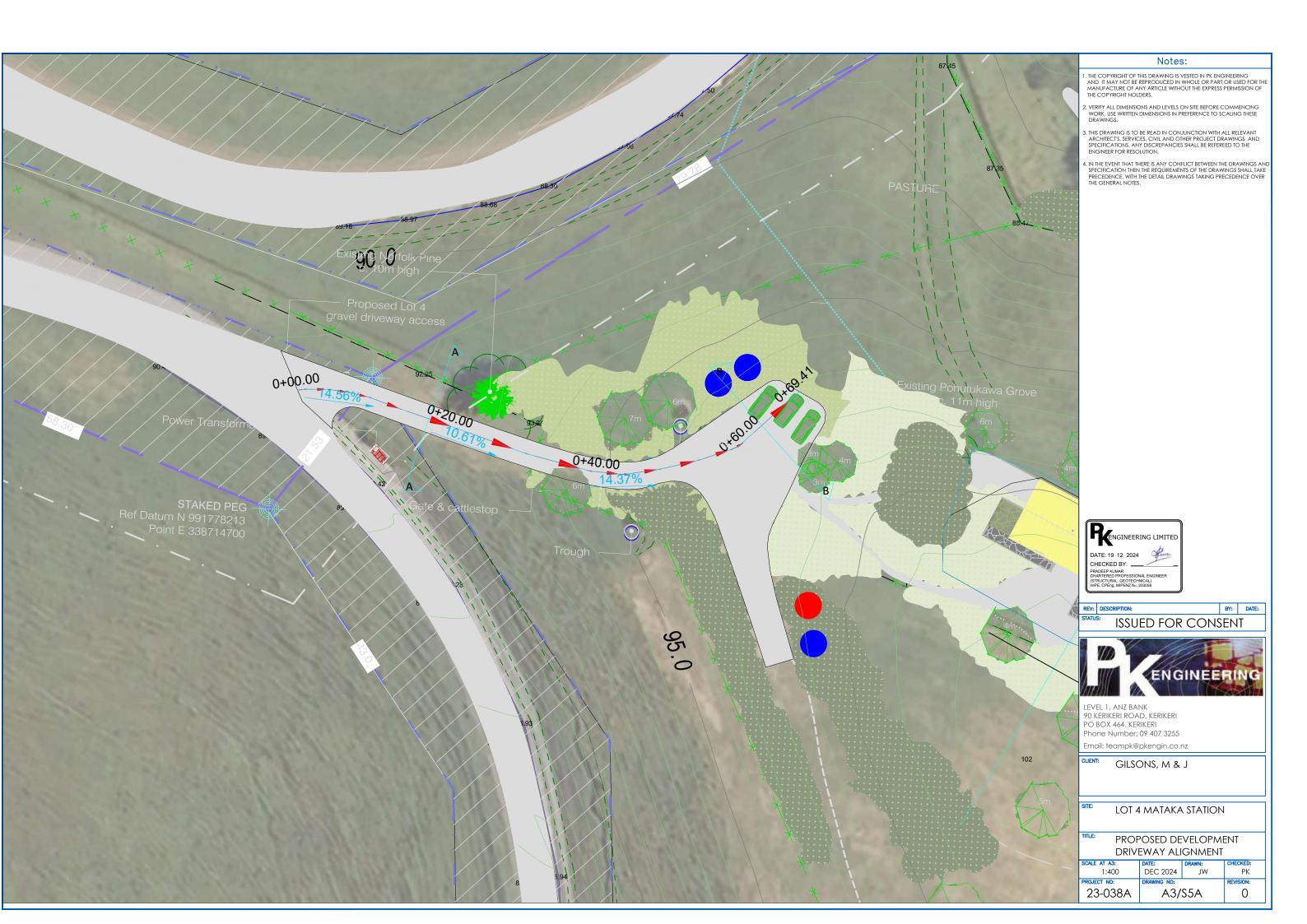
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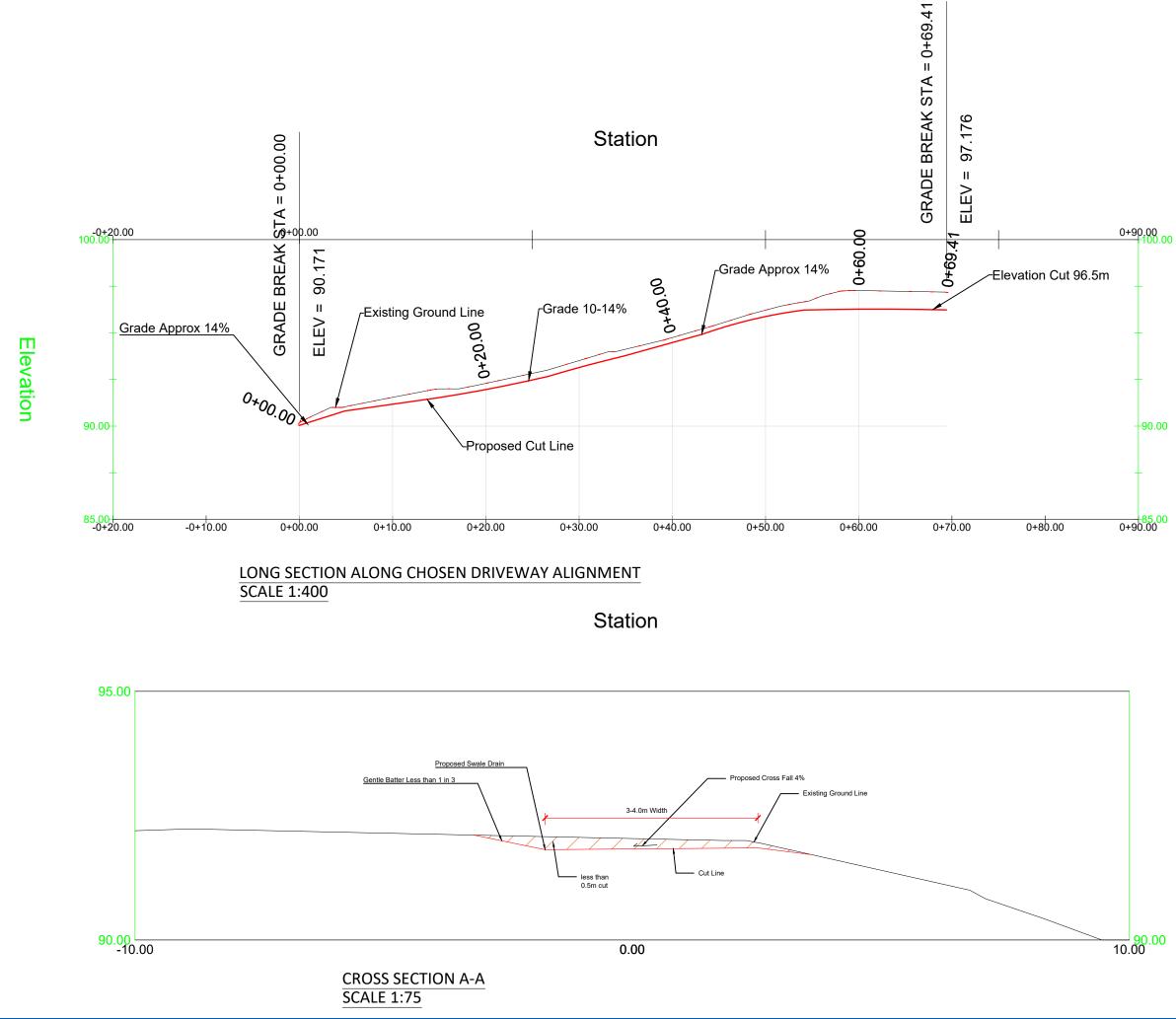
ENSURE PIPES ALL HAVE MIN 1 IN 100 FALL AND FLEXIBLE JOINS - A LICENSED DRAINLAYER MUST INSTALL THE SERVICES.

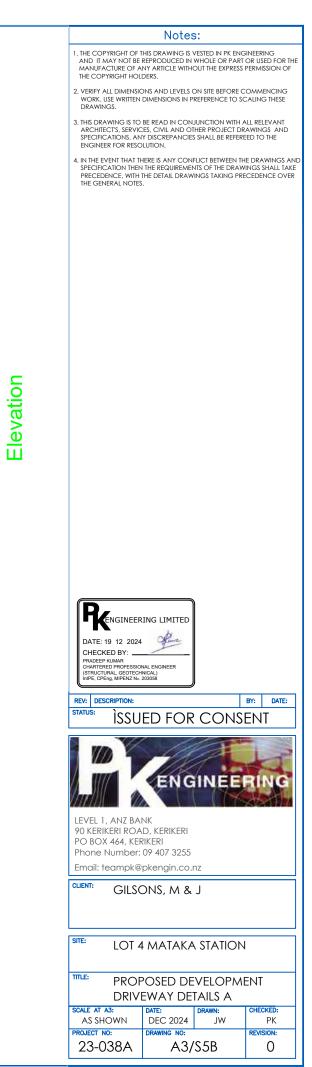


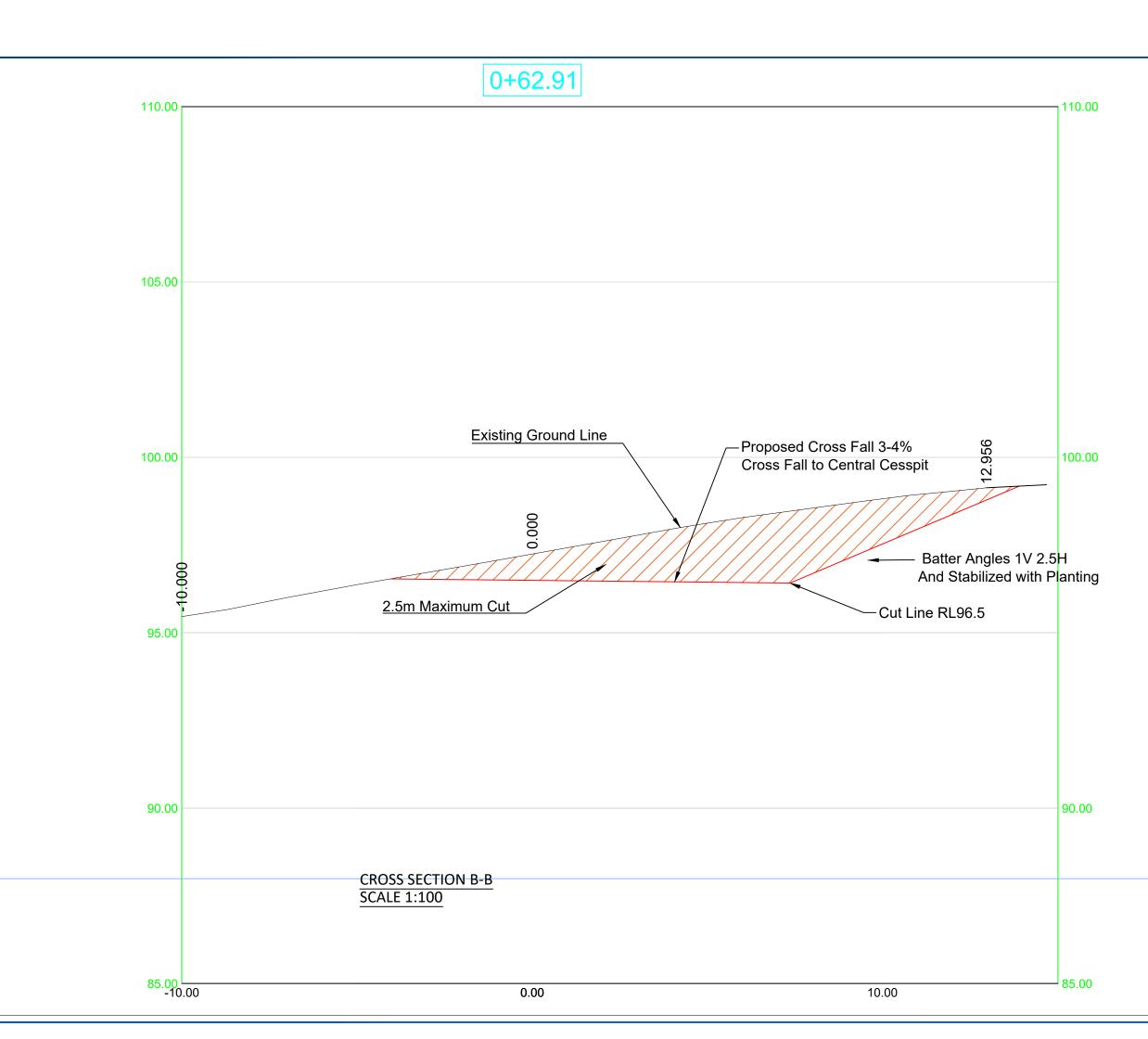


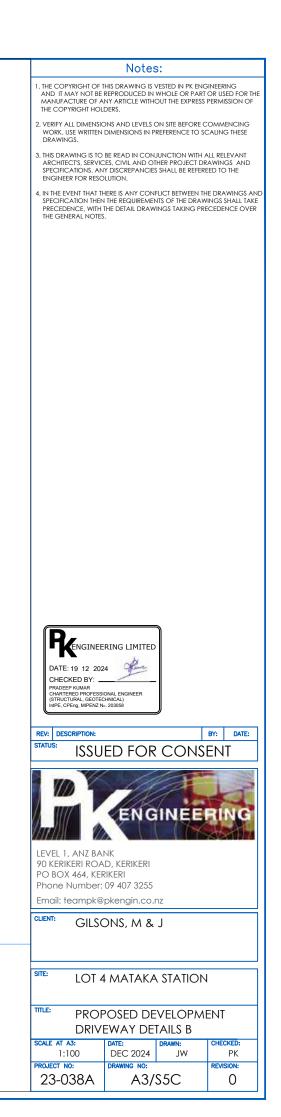


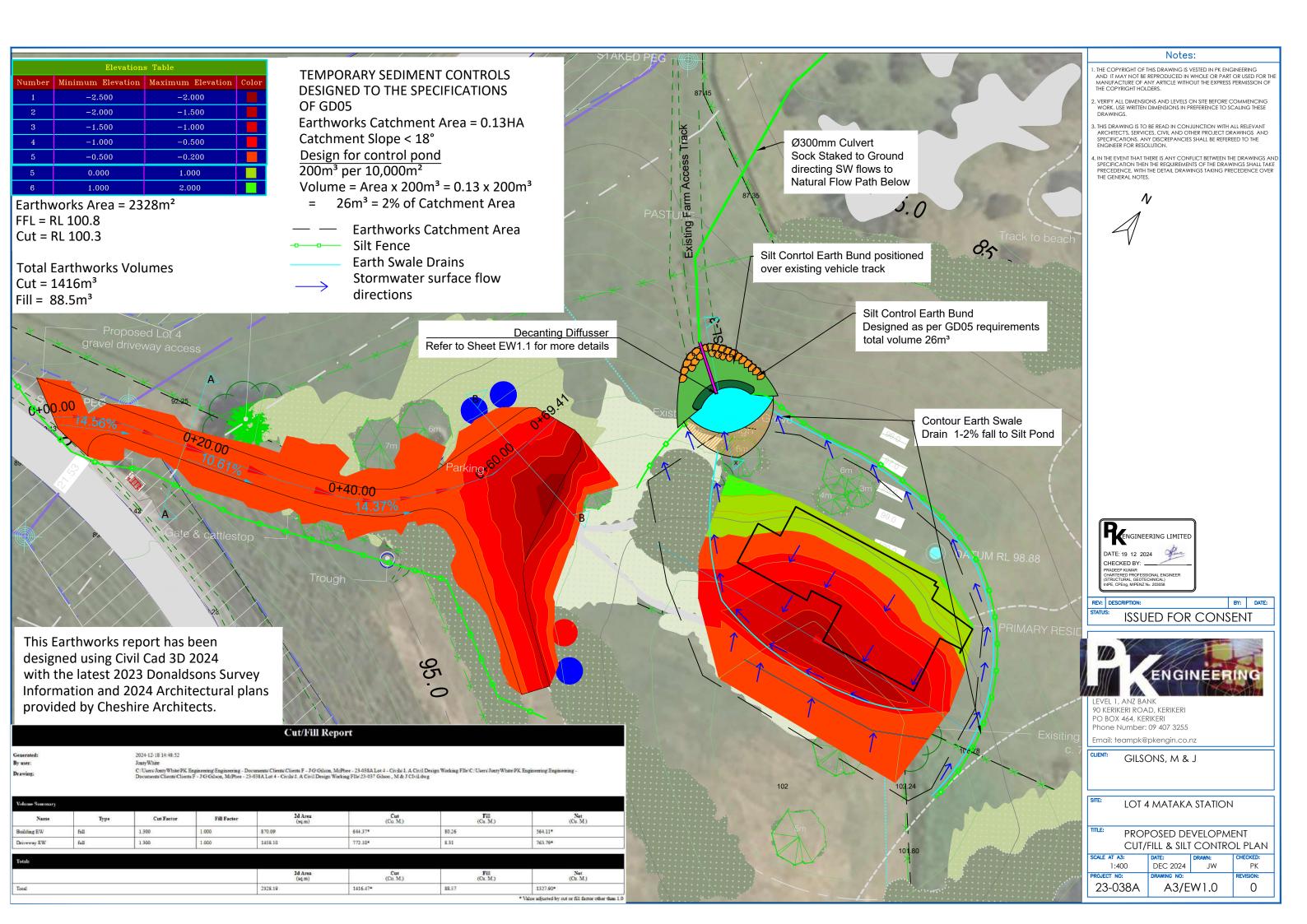


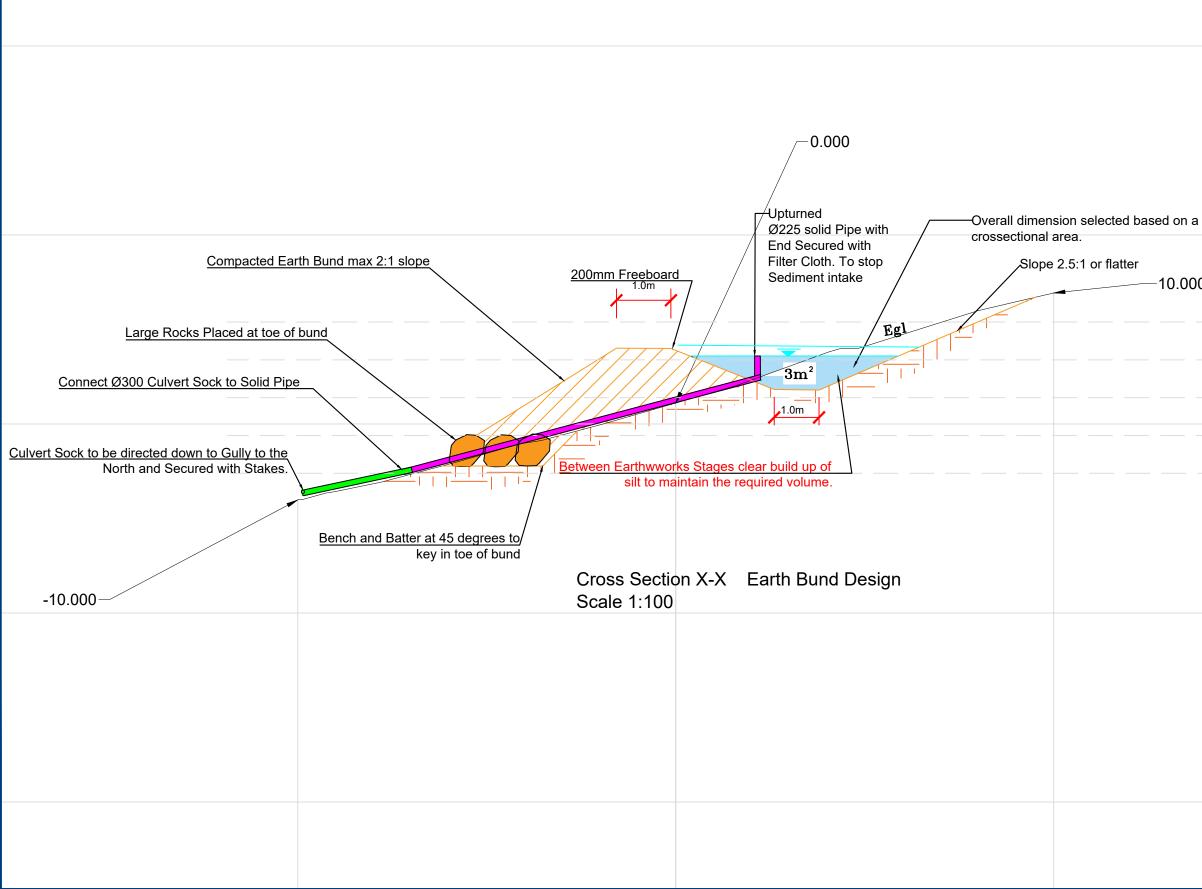




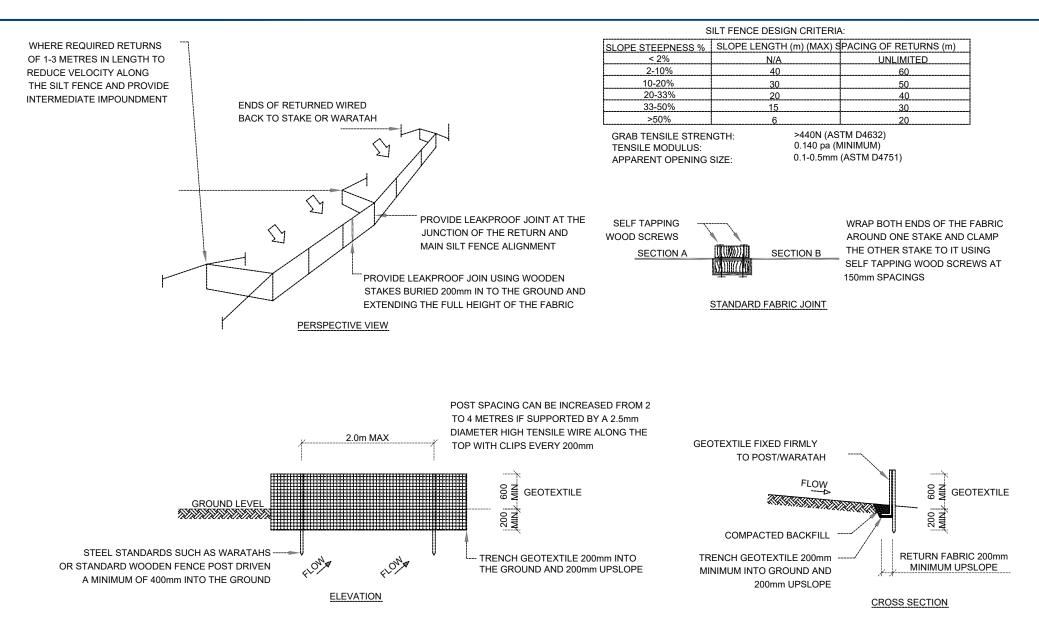








		Notes				
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	2. VERIFY ALL DIMENSIO WORK. USE WRITTEN DRAWINGS.					
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	90 KERIKERI ROA PO BOX 464, KER Phone Number:	RIKERI				
	Email: teampk@		٦Z			
	CLIENT: GILSC	ONS, M &	J			
	SITE: LOT 4 MATAKA STATION					
	SILT C SCALE AT A3: AS SHOWN	DATE: DEC 2024	DETAILS A	A CHECKED: PK		
	PROJECT NO: 23-038A	DRAWING NO: A3/E		REVISION:		
	23-038A	A3/E	vv I.I	0		



SILT FENCE CONSTRUCTION

ENVIRONMENTAL TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES

DUE TO THE SIZE OF THE LOT DIVERSION DRAINS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

THE CONTRACTOR AND CLIENT TO ADHERE TO FNDC DISTRICT PLAN REGARDING RESIDENTIAL WORK HOURS AND NOMINATED KEY PERSONNEL IN CHARGE OF THE SITE.

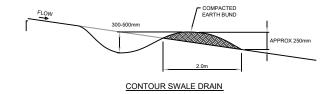
ALL MATERIALS ARRIVING ONSITE ARE TO BE CLEAR OF PEACOCK GARDEN DRIVE AND ANY TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL MEASURES ON SITE. ENTRY AND EXITS TO BE CLEARLY MARKED.

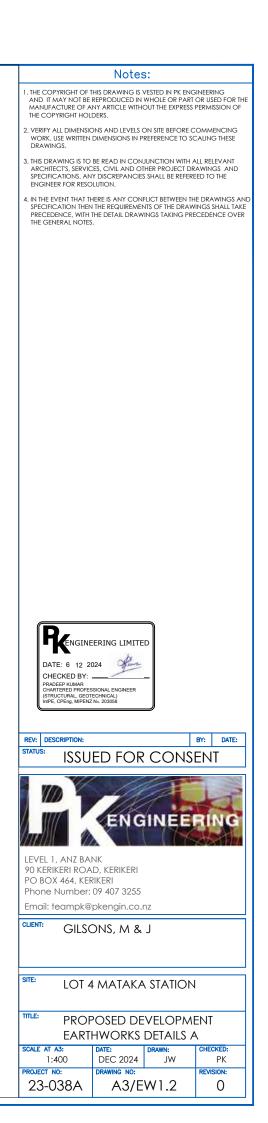
ALL EARTHWORKS TO BE DESIGNED AND INSPECTED BY A SUITABLY EXPERIENCED CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. DUST CREATION IS TO BE KEPT TO A MINIMUM. IN THE EVENT OF DUST,

MITIGATION MEASURES ARE TO BE EMPLOYED. MITIGATION **MEASURES ARE TO SUPPRESS THE CREATION OF EXCESS DUST**.

ALL TRUCKS ARE TO HAVE TAIL GATES CLEANED AND HUNGRY BOARDS TO BE CLEAR OF DEBRIS PRIOR TO LEAVING SITE. STABILISED ENTRANCE IS TO BE INSTALLED TO MINIMIZE TRACKING DEBRIS ON SITE. SHOULD DEBRIS BE TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS, A POWER BROOM IS TO BE UTILISED TO REMOVE DEBRIS AND CART TO WASTE. UPON REPEATED INSTANCES OF TRACKING DEBRIS ONTO PUBLIC ROADS THEN WHEEL WASHING SHOULD BE UTILISED.

DIMENSIONS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON SLOPE THIS IS A GENERAL DESIGN





STABILISED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SPECIFICATIONS:

APPLICATION

USE A STABILISED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AT ALL POINTS OF CONSTRUCTION SITE INGRESS AND EGRESS WITH A CONSTRUCTION PLAN LIMITING TRAFFIC TO THESE ENTRANCES ONLY. THEY ARE PARTICULARLY USEFUL ON SMALL CONSTRUCTION SITES BUT CAN BE UTILISED FOR ALL PROJECTS.

DESIGN:

CLEAR THE ENTRANCE AND EXIT AREA OF ALL VEGETATION, ROOTS AND OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL AND PROPERLY GRADE IT.

- 1.LAY WOVEN GEOTEXTILE; PIN DOWN EDGES AND OVERLAP JOINTS.
- 2.PROVIDE DRAINAGE TO CARRY RUNOFF FROM THE STABILISED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO A SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURE.
- 3.PLACE AGGREGATE TO THE SPECIFICATIONS BELOW AND SMOOTH IT.

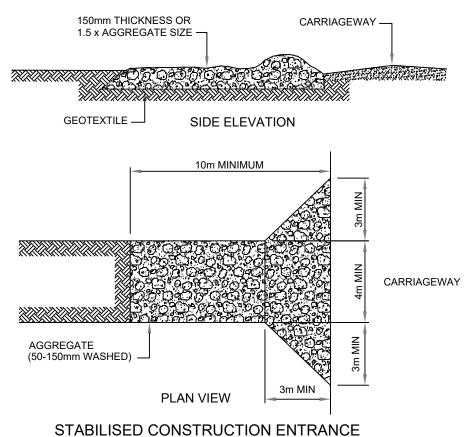
4.STABILISED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AGGREGATE SPECIFICATIONS:

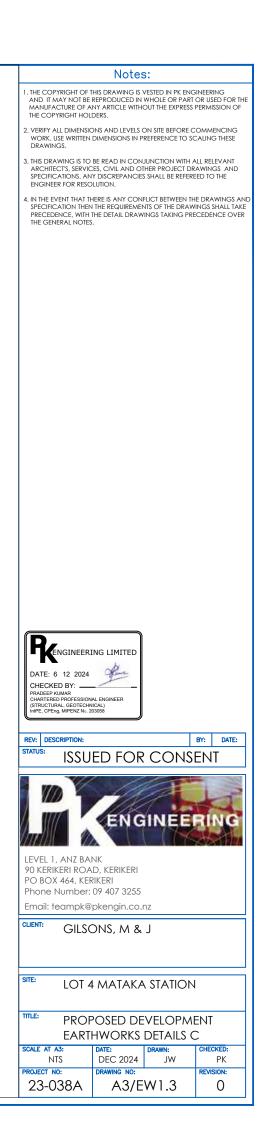
AGGREGATE SIZE	5-150mm WASHED AGGREGATE
THICKNESS	150mm MINIMUM OR 1.5 X AGGREGATE SIZE
LENGTH	10m MINIMUM LENGTH RECOMMENDED
WIDTH	4m MINIMUM

MAINTENANCE

1.MAINTAIN THE STABILISED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. AFTER EACH RAINFALL INSPECT ANY STRUCTURE USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT FROM THE STABILISED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND CLEAN OUT AS NECESSARY.

2.WHEN WHEEL WASHING IS ALSO REQUIRED, ENSURE THIS IS DONE ON AN AREA STABILISED WITH AGGREGATE WHICH DRAINS TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT RETENTION FACILITY.





GENERAL

1: THIS SET OF DRAWINGS IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PROJECT SPECIFICATION AND ALL OTHER CONTRACT DRAWINGS.

2: THE DRAWINGS ARE A DIAGRAMMATIC REPRESENTATION OF THE WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT ONLY AND DIMENSIONS SHALL NOT BE OBTAINED BY SCALING.

3: ALL DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REFERRED TO THE ENGINEER FOR DECISIONS BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.

4: THE CONTRACTOR IS TO CONFIRM THE LOCATION AND LEVEL OF ALL UNDERGROUND SERVICES PRIOR TO UNDERTAKING ANY EARTHWORKS OR FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION.

5: ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT CODES OF PRACTICE EXCEPT WHERE VARIED BY THE PROJECT SPECIFICATION AND/OR DRAWINGS:

- NZS 3101:2017 CONCRETE STRUCTURES STANDARD
- NZS 3109 CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION
- NZS 3121 WATER AND AGGREGATE FOR CONCRETE
- · AS/NZS 4671 STEEL REINFORCING MATERIALS

6: GENERAL ABBREVIATIONS

- NTS NOT TO SCALE
- · UNO UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE
- FFL FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL
- · EGL EXISTING GROUND LEVEL
- · FGL FINISHED GROUND LEVEL

7: WHERE PROPRIETARY PRODUCTS ARE SPECIFIED IN THE DOCUMENTS THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT AN ALTERNATIVE PRODUCT FOR APPROVAL AND SUBJECT TO FNDC APPROVAL.

8: ALL WORKS ARE TO COMPLY WITH THE HEALTH & SAFETY AT WORK ACT 2015.

9: ALL WORKS TO COMPLY WITH THE FAR NORTH DISTRICT COUNCIL (FNDC) ENGINEERING STANDARDS 2023, THE FNDC QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL MANUAL VESTED ASSETS, THE FNDC ENGINEERING PLAN APPROVAL LETTER, AND NZS4404:2010.

10: FNDC STANDARD DETAILS HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED . WE HAVE ACCEPTED THAT THEY WILL PERFORM FOR THE REQUIRED LIFE EXPECTANCY AS STATED IN THE FNDC EES 2010. WE ACCEPT NO LIABILITY IF THE STANDARD DETAILS DO NOT ACHIEVE THIS DESIGN LIFE.

11: FNDC INSPECTIONS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EES, ONLY FNDC APPROVED CONTRACTORS TO WORK ON FNDC RETICULATION (OR THAT TO VEST), REINSTATEMENT, WRITTEN APPROVAL PRIOR TO UNDERTAKING WORKS WITHIN PRIVATE PROPERTY, WORKS ARE TO COMPLY WITH EES, CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING SERVICES PRIOR TO EXCAVATION, AS-BUILT REQUIREMENTS ETC. FNDC TO PROVIDE WRITTEN CERTIFICATION WHERE THEY UNDERTAKE TESTING AND INSPECTION.

12: SITE SURVEY, EXISTING SEWER, STORMWATER, AND POTABLE WATER, BASED ON DIGITAL AS-BUILT DATA RECEIVED. COORDINATES ARE IN TERMS OF NZGD 2000 MT EDEN CIRCUIT 2000. VERTICAL DATUM IN TERMS OF NZVD 2016. ALL LEVELS AND CONNECTION POINTS TO BE CHECKED AND CONFIRMED ON SITE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

13: EROSION CONTROL - ALL SILT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF EARTHWORKS. SUCH MEASURES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO FURTHER ADDITIONS AND ALTERATIONS, WHERE CONSIDERED NECESSARY, AS DIRECTED BY THE PROJECT MANAGER OR COUNCIL, DURING THE PROGRESSION OF WORKS. IT IS ADVISED TO CONTACT NRC PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF EARTHWORKS, AFTER INSTALLATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES TO ENSURE THEY HAVE BEEN INSTALLED TO THE SATISFACTION OF NRC.

EARTHWORKS

E1: ALL PROJECT PAVEMENT SIZES AND DETAILS INDICATED IN THIS DRAWING SET AI BASED ON A CBR OF 5%.

E2: ALL SITE EARTHWORKS ARE TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF NZS4431. SOIL BEARING CAPACITY IS TO BE VERIFIED UPON COMPLETION OF SITE EARTHWORKS AND DURING FOUNDATION EXCAVATION TO ENSURE ACTUAL SITE CONDITIONS ARE COMPATIBLE WITH THE INFERRED GEOTECHNICAL MODEL. OVER EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING WITH ENGINEERED FIL OR SITE CONCRETE MAY BE NECESSARY WHERE SOFT SOIL / FILL IS ENCOUNTERED WITH PRIOR VARIATION APPROVAL.

E3: COMPACTION IN BASE OF PIPE TRENCHES TO ACHIEVE CLEGG 10.

INSPECTIONS / SITE VISITS REQUIRED

11: PRE-CONSTRUCTION SITE MEETING WITH CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER AND FNDC PRESENT. NRC TO BE INFORMED OF WORKS ON SITE PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK

I2: STRIPPED GROUND INSPECTIONS OF ROADS, ROW'S, CROSSING AND SITE FILL AREAS.

13: CONTROLLED FILL TESTING TO BRING FILL UP TO SUBGRADE LEVELS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN 150mm MAX LIFTS AND TESTED EVERY 500mm.

14: PAVEMENT LAYERS STRINGING FOR SUBGRADE, SUBBASE, BASECOURSE.

15: PAVEMENT LAYERS COMPACTION FOR SUBBASE, BASECOURSE.

I6: SW TRENCHING AND BACKFILL.

17: FINAL INSPECTION WITH, ENGINEER AND CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE ALL WORKS HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED ENGINEERING PLANS FOR FINAL SIGNOFF.

18: ALL OTHER INSPECTIONS AS REQUIRED IN THE APPROVED INSPECTIONS AND TEST PLAN (ITP). ALL WORKS SHOULD ENSURE THE INSPECTION AND TEST PLAN IS CAREFULLY ACTIONED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

ASBUILT CHECKLIST

AB1: STRIP SURFACE AND UNDERCUT OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL.

AB2: SUBGRADE BULK EARTHWORKS.

AB3: TOPSOIL RESPREAD.

AB4: STORMWATER PIT AND PIPE NETWORK.

		Notes	s:					
RE	1. THE COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING IS VESTED IN PK ENGINEERING AND IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR PART OR USED FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY ARTICLE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PERMISSION OF THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS.							
	2. VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND LEVELS ON SITE BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. USE WRITTEN DIMENSIONS IN PREFERENCE TO SCALING THESE DRAWINGS.							
	3. THIS DRAWING IS TO ARCHITECT'S, SERVIC SPECIFICATIONS. AN ENGINEER FOR RESO	ES, CIVIL AND OT Y DISCREPANCIES	HER PROJECT DR	AWINGS AND				
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	CLIENT: GILSC	DNS, M &						
	SITE: LOT 4	MATAKA	STATION					
		POSED DE HWORKS		ENT				
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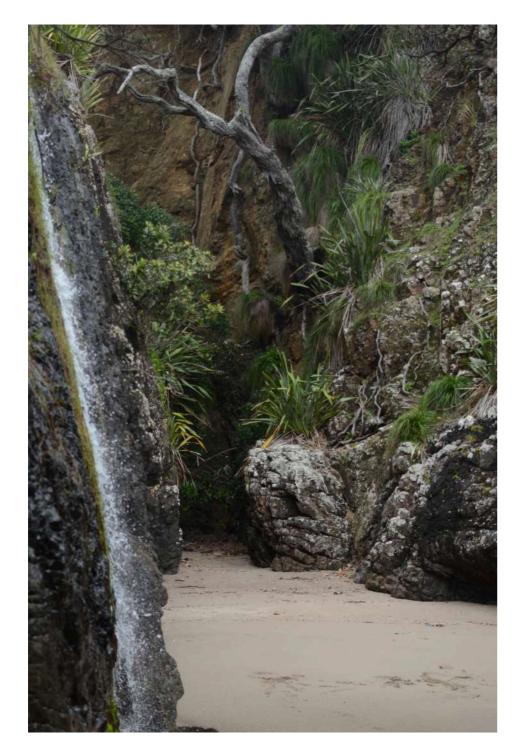
Gilson McPhee

Resource Consent Landscape Design

February 2025

o2landscapes.com







Chionochloa bromoides - Coastal tussock at Mataka Beach



Kunzea robusta - Kanuka woodland

Coastal woodland



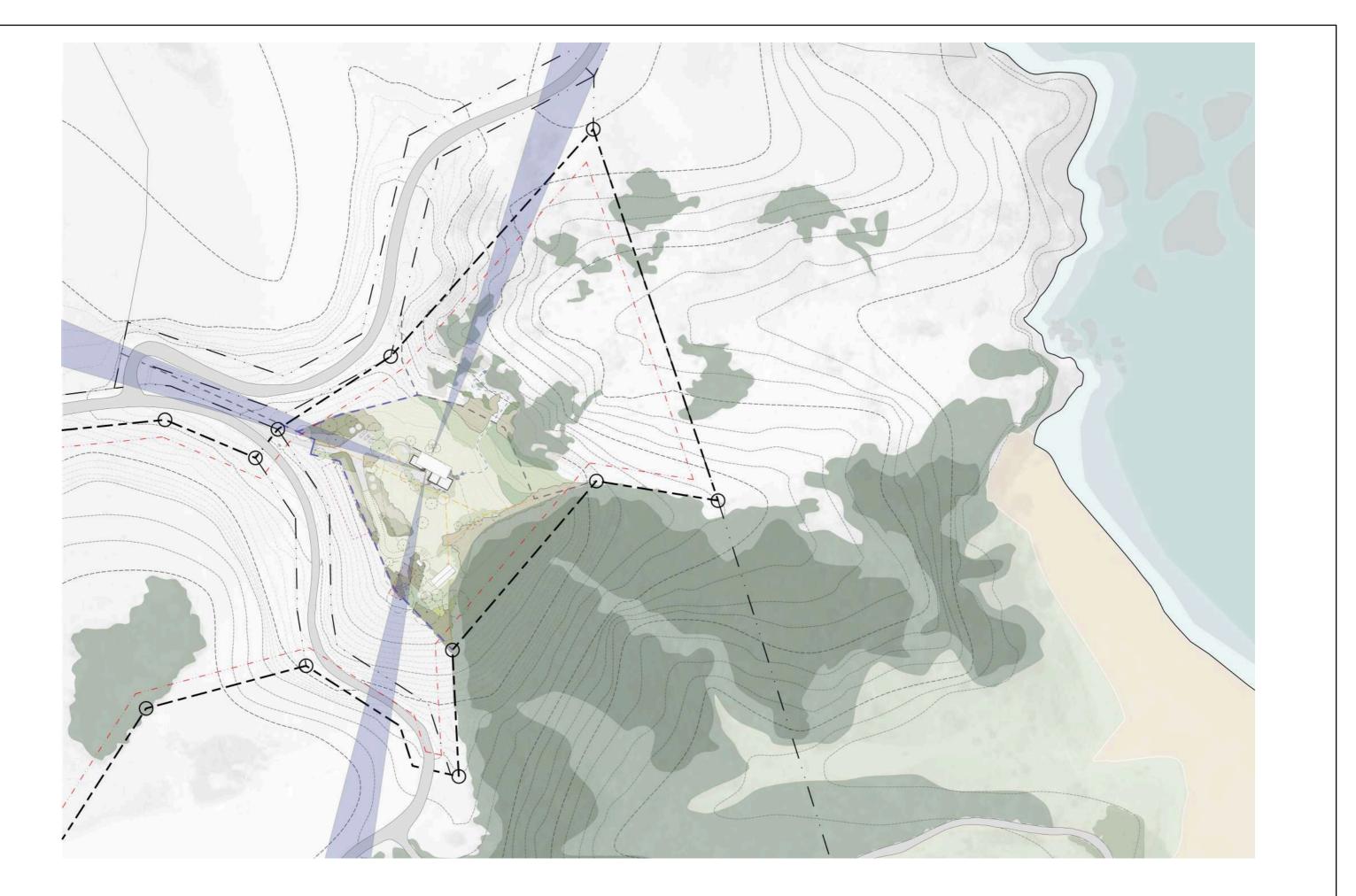
Vegetation patterning in coastal shrubland

Coastal shrubland





Pastoral landscape - Boyle Residence





02:2025



Proposed specimen trees
Proposed pasture/lawn
Proposed garden areas with low
flammability planting
Pseudopanax lessonii - proposed
Paesia scaberula - proposed
Coprosma arborea - proposed
Manuka - proposed
Kanuka - proposed
Proposed fenceline
Removed fenceline
Existing fenceline

Lt.	Item	Dimensions	Notes
А	L-shaped plinth	550mm wide and 450mm wide	An l-shaped concrete plinth forms a exit from the house and down to the stone terrace. In-situ concrete wall (BM10 aggreg concrete finish proposed by architects in exterior built spaces.
В	Garden wall and step	550mm wide and 160mm wide	A concrete wall running perpendicular to the plinth (A) allows the garden to wrap around the building from the south and a step parallel to the plinth (A). In-situ concrete wall (BM10 aggregate size), to match concrete finish proposed by architect spaces.
С	Concrete threshold	160mm wide	A concrete threshold continues the line of the building out toward the existing põhutukawa. This forms a low wall and edg gravel terrace. In-situ concrete wall (BM10 aggregate size), to match concrete finish proposed by architects in exterior built
D	Stone garden walls	Individual walls 400mm high	Two drystone basalt walls form the edge of vegetable and garden spaces. The two walls create a total level change of 800m below. Stones ranging from 120mm to 300mm in diameter.
Е	Boulders	Stones ranging from 300mm to 1100mm in diameter	Basalt boulders will be situated within the slope beside the existing Norfolk Pine. Boulders are positioned with 20-30% of with the rest below ground. The desired effect is that of semi-eroded farm hills in the local area.
F	Gravel parking	Gravel topcoat (15mm deep) over (90mm deep) GAP20 compacted basecourse.	A gravel parking bay to accommodate three vehicles is proposed west of the house and will be screened by the proposed p type should match the existing surface of farm race within Mataka Station. Final topcoat to be selected in consultation with
G	Indicative water tank locations		Positioned within planted area.
Н	Septic tank- indicative location		
Ι	Cattlestop		A kiwi-safe cattlestop is proposed at the vehicle entry.
J	Grass road		A grass road is proposed as access through to the minor residence. Stabilised soil is recommended.
K	Beach track		An informal grass track leads down to the beach.
L	Gravel courtyard	Gravel topcoat (15mm deep) over (90mm deep) GAP20 compacted basecourse.	A courtyard space within garden that is sheltered from northerlies and receives afternoon sun. The edges of the courtyard surrounding garden. Gravel topcoat to be selected in consultation with clients and architects.
М	Stone terrace	Stones ranging from 120mm to 500mm in diameter	A basalt terrace is proposed to the east of the building. Stone will be laid into concrete above compacted basecourse. Grou mix of No. 3 sand and cement (2.5:1), and will be sponged before it has set to expose the coarse aggregate of the river san
Ν	Minor residence		Refer to architects' plans.

regate size), to match

nd widens out to become ects in exterior built

edge to the proposed ailt spaces.

Omm from the gravel

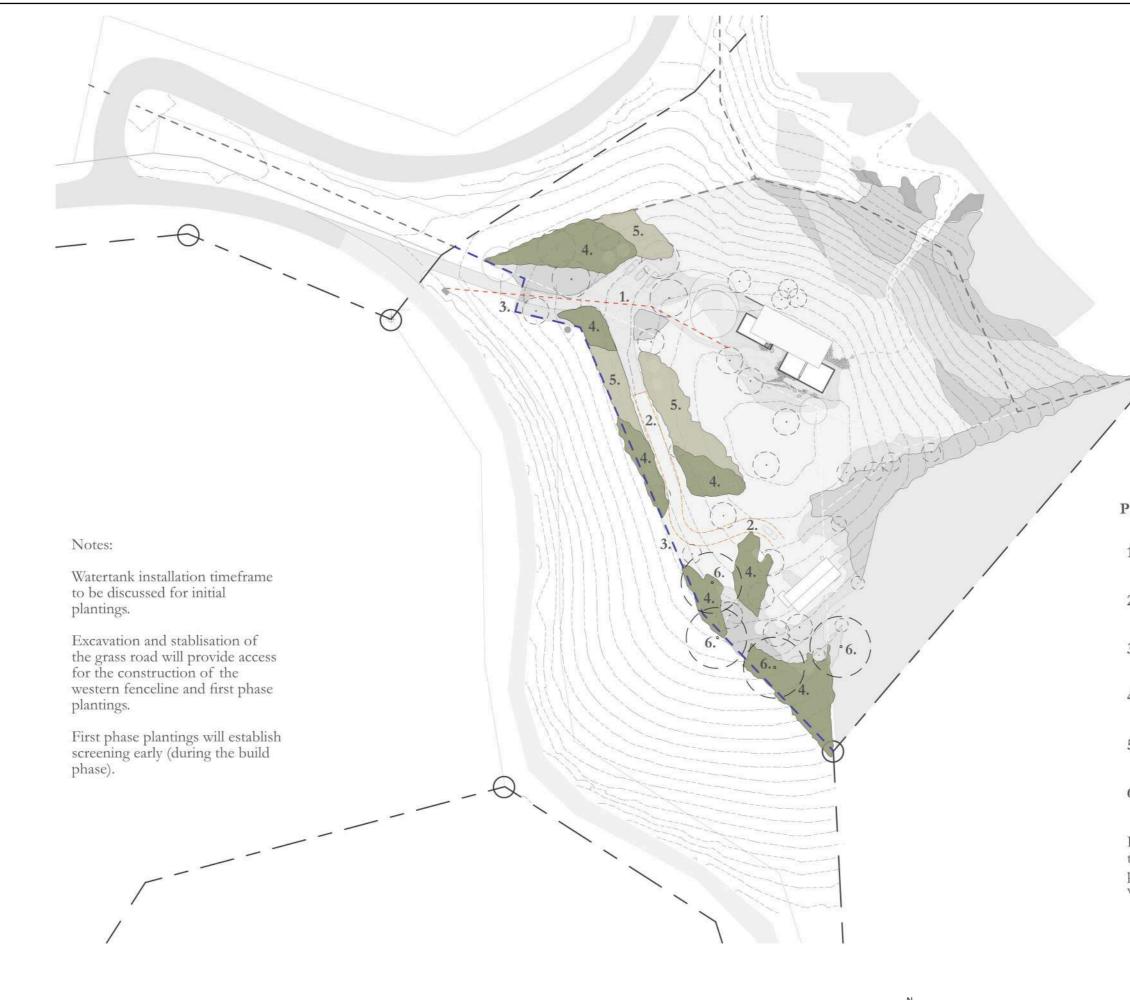
of their total size visible,

l planting. The gravel vith clients and architects.

rd will merge with the

out will be made from a and.

Lt.	Item	Dimensions	Notes
Ο	Woodstore		Refer to architects' plans.
Р	Septic Field		Refer to architects' plans.
Ο	Buffer Zone		Refer to architects' plans.
R	Reserve Field		Refer to architects' plans.



Phasing plan



PHASING KEY

- 1. Indicative trenched mains power cable (tbc)
- 2. Excavation of grass road (March 2025)
- 3. Install western fenceline (March 2025)
- 4. Kānuka plantings (May-June 2025)
- 5. Mānuka plantings (May-June 2025)
- 6. Pūriri plantings (May-June 2025)

Remaining plantings will take place in tandem with the build process, with a preference towards achieving early growth where possible.



Ι	6,23
II	5,12
III	5, 11
IV	5, 13, 23
V	7, 8, 10, 20, 25, 27
VI	7, 8, 10
VII	8, 18, 20
/III	14, 20, 24, 28
IX	8, 24, 27, 28
Х	8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18
XI	8,29

No.	Species/variety	Common Name	Bag size (time of planting)	Height after 3-5 years (m)	Height after 10 years (m)	Typical maximum spacing (m)	Notes
1	<i>Metrosideros excelsa</i> - Existing	Pōhutukawa	EL45	4	6	N/A	Three specimens exist to the west of the proposed building, these w proposed to create a larger grove. Pōhutukawa is also positioned at l livestock do not damage these specimens during establishment.
2	<i>Araucaria heterophylla</i> - Existing	Norfolk pine	N/A	N/A	7	N/A	To remain.
3	Nestegis apetala	Coastal maire	EL45 + EL160	4	5	N/A	An attractive small tree of the northern coastline. Now rare on the r branching structure that is similar to pohutukawa, whilst remaining r screening the proposed building from any view from Lot 21. 4x spec minor residence for maximum screening.
4	Vitex lucens	Pūriri	PB28	4	6	N/A	A large native tree with pink flowers and fruits that are loved by bird numbers along the adjacent coastal embankment. These emergent tr winds.
5	Leptospermum scoparium	y Manuka	PB3	2	2.4	1.5	Manuka is proposed where sea views are to be maintained and to ex landscape. Effluent field is proposed within the southwestern manua
6	Kunzea robusta	Kanuka	PB3	4	6	2 (varies)	Kanuka woodland will form the majority of southern plantings and
7	Pseudopanax lessonii	Five-finger	PB5	3	4	1.5	Small coastal tree with bright green, palmate foliage. Proposed throu
8	Hebe ligustrifolia		PB5	1.5	1.5	N/A	Coastal to woodland species of hebe with pale, yellowish-green folia shaded areas. The mauve flowers appear over a long period of time
9	Myrsine divaricata	Weeping mapou	PB5	1.2	3	N/A	Weeping māpou is a small-leaved columnar tree with stiffly weeping Specified in garden above southern courtyard.
10	Fuchsia procumbens		PB5	0.3	0.3	0.8	A creeping groundcover with bright, lime-green leaves; yellow and reberries.
11	Clematis paniculata	Puawhangawhanga	PB5	Climber	Climber	N/A	This forest- and scrub-dwelling <i>Clematis</i> naturally grows through tree flowers in summer.
12	Parsonsia capsulatis var. grandiflora	Native jasmine	PB5	Climber	Climber	N/A	Native jasmine; white, scented flowers appear in early summer. Plant
13	Cordyline australis	Tī kouka	PB18	2.5	5	N/A	Cabbage trees are proposed on the eastern boundary near the guesth kukupa.
14	<i>Pittosporum pimeleoides</i> subsp. <i>pimeleoides</i>		PB5	1.5	1.7	N/A	A night-scented native shrub from northern headlands, specified as where the scent can be appreciated in the evenings.

will remain and an additional two specimens are t least 1600mm from fenceline to ensure that

e mainland, it has dark-green, wavy foliage and a g much smaller. This species will contribute in pecimens at EL160 are to be placed around the

irds. This species is naturally regenerating in large t trees are positioned for screening the building and

extend the pattern of existing manuka in the nuka plantings.

nd will contribute to shelter and privacy.

oughout low flammability plantings.

bliage and light-mauve flowers that both light up the from late winter to early summer.

ng branches that bear the character of falling water.

l red flowers in summer, followed by large pink

rees on the opposing hillside. Masses of white

anted where it can scramble through manuka.

sthouse. An early fruiting source for kereru/

as an understorey shrub near outdoor living spaces

No.	Species/variety	Common Name	Bag size (time of planting)	Height after 3-5 years (m)	Height after 10 years (m)	Typical maximum spacing (m)	Notes
15	Pimelea orthia	Pinatoro	PB5	0.2	0.3	0.9	Recently described, critically-endangered species of <i>Pimelea</i> . Blue-gree in garden above southern courtyard.
16	Chionochloa bromoides	Coastal tussock	PB3	0.6	0.6	N/A	Coastal tussock occurs naturally at Mataka Beach on the coastal cliff to boulders above the courtyard.
17	<i>Coprosma neglecta -</i> Cape Brett		PB3	0.4	0.5	0.7	Lime-green, small-leaved Coprosma that will give structure to planting
18	Adiantum aethiopicum	Maidenhair fern	PB3	0.3	0.3	0.6	Native fern that forms a soft carpet of lime-green fronds. Specified
19	Sophora chathamica	Kōwhai	PB18	3	5	N/A	Kōwhai are positioned on the edge of kanuka woodland zones when
20	Coprosma rhamnoides	Twiggy coprosma	PB3	0.6	1	0.9	A compact <i>Coprosma</i> species, which is tolerant of dry shade, and will pōhutukawa.
21	Coprosma arborea	Mamangi	PB5	2	3	N/A	Fine, golden-green leaves with an open, upright habit. To form part
22	Melicope ternata	Wharangi	PB18	2	4	N/A	A bright, lime green tree that will be planted along the southern woo
23	Tetragonia trigyna	NZ spinach	PB5	0.3	0.4	1	A fast-growing, scrambling native herb that grows at the beach below establishment of kanuka.
24	Astelia banksii	Kowharawhara	PB5	1	1.2	N/A	Coastal understorey plant which forms silver, flax-like clumps. It is r coastal northern environments (including as an epiphyte). To be plan pōhutukawa trunks.
25	Todea barbara	Royal fern	PB5	1	1.2	N/A	Rare coastal fern of Northland and the Poor Knights, with a form lisize with time. Beautiful and distinctive fern of the north, which is the Specified in garden around the guesthouse.
26	Paesia scaberula	Scented fern	PB5	0.4	0.4	1.5	A bright, green fern which is currently growing at the north-eastern proposed as an extension to this spready native fern to blur the bour
27	Coprosma parviflora	Tiered coprosma	PB5	1.8	2.5	N/A	Small-leaved shrub with a tiered growth form. Endemic to the north sequence from the carpark.
28	Dichondra repens		PB3	Flat	Flat	0.6	Creeping groundcover with kidney-shaped leaves and a pale-green c
29	Leptospermum hoipolloi f. procumbens	Weeping manuka	PB5	0.5	0.7	1	A cascading form of manuka that produces small white flowers duri for shading out potential weed species.

grey foliage and an upright shrubby form. Specified

iffs. Proposed in plantings that share a relationship

ings within the entry garden.

ed among boulders beside the existing Norfolk pine.

here the flowering will be conspicuous in spring.

vill perform a structural role beneath the existing

rt of the southern woodland edge.

oodland edge.

low the property. Planted to help with the

s native to volcanic habitats and elsewhere within lanted in close association with existing

n like a cycad. It grows slowly, but can attain a large s threatened by coastal development in some areas.

rn fenceline on the property. Further plantings are bundary between pasture.

rth of the North Island. To form part of the entry

colour.

uring winter. Planted as a resilient weeping shrub

1. Metrosideros excelsa -Existing



2. Araucaria heterophylla -Existing



3. Nestegis apetala



4. Vitex lucens



Gilson McPhee ; Mataka Station

5. Leptospermum scoparium



6. Kunzea robusta



7. Pseudopanax lessonii



8. Hebe ligustrifolia



9. Myrsine divaricata



10. Fuchsia procumbens



11. Clematis paniculata



12. Parsonsia capsulatis var. grandiflora



13. Cordyline australis



14. Pittosporum pimeleoides subsp. pimeleoides



15. Pimelea orthia



16. Chionochloa bromoides



Gilson McPhee ; Mataka Station

17. Coprosma neglecta - Cape Brett



18. Adiantum aethiopicum



19. Sophora chathamica



20. Coprosma rhamnoides

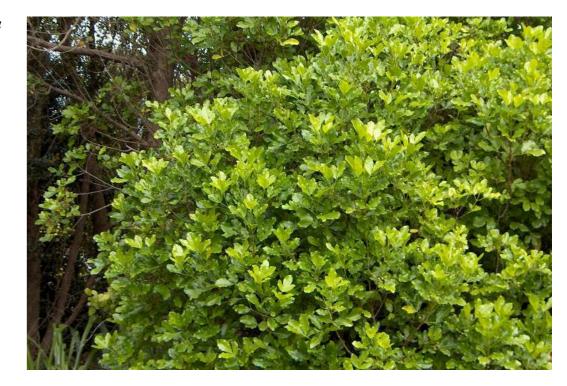


Gilson McPhee ; Mataka Station

21. Coprosma arborea



22. Melicope ternata



23. Tetragonia trigyna



24. Astelia banksii



25. Todea barbara



26. Paesia scaberula



27. Coprosma parviflora



28. Dichondra repens



29. Leptospermum hoipolloi f. procumbens



Landscape maintenance plan for Lot 4 Mataka Station

This maintenance plan relates to garden areas of the proposed development at Lot 4 Mataka Station. Prior to completion of the planting works, a maintenance contractor must be appointed, for commencement of maintenance immediately following planting.

1. <u>Planting seasons & watering</u>

Sufficient availability of water is required for the establishment period. Plantings are comprised of locally-appropriate species, which will establish well if planted during the optimal planting season - early winter to early spring. Installation of initial screening plantings is proposed for May-June, in line with this.

2. <u>Weed & pest control</u>

Weed & pest control is to be conducted by an appointed maintenance contractor as part of regular maintenance works.

Plantings are to be appropriately protected from pest species.; notably rabbits. Tree guards have been specified within the landscape planting specifications. In addition, it may be beneficial to fence larger blocks of planting (for rabbits), where individual tree guards are less practical.

3. <u>Planting technique and maintenance notes</u>

Kanuka (Kunzea robusta) and manuka (Leptospermum scoparium) will benefit from having 1/4 of their total height reduced at the time of planting, to prevent wind damage and promote vigorous new growth.

In the case of clumping species like Astelia banksii, old foliage should be periodically removed from the base of plants to maintain optimal condition. Early suppression of weed species, as well as a focus on good horticultural practice for soil preparation (including conditioning of cut ground, rather than fill) will decrease maintenance requirements from the outset.

Mulch levels should be maintained at adequate coverage during establishment, to suppress weed germination.

4. Landscape drawings & specifications

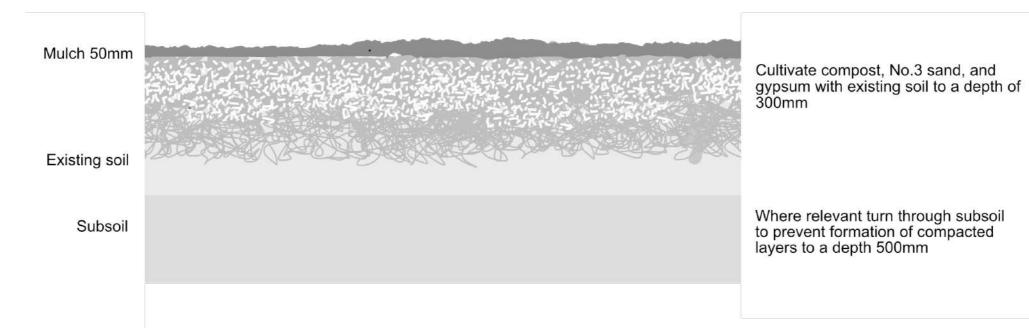
Planting plans are detailed within O2 Landscapes' plans, whilst related details (such as the septic field) are included within Cheshire Architects' (and associated consultants') drawings for building consent.

5. <u>Replacement of plants in the period following installation</u>

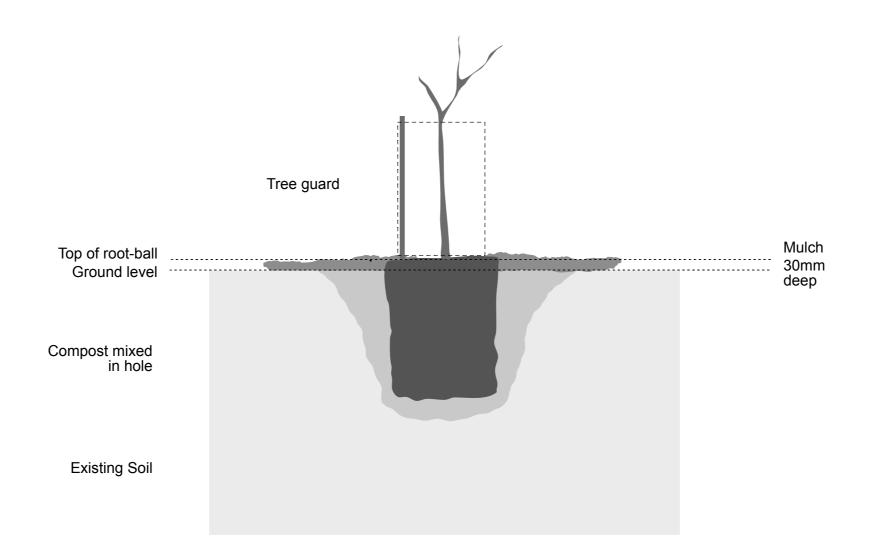
Any plants that do not survive the initial establishment period should be replaced in the following planting season.

The division between the responsibilities of landscape contractors who will undertake installation works and contractors in charge of ongoing maintenance should be outlined when awarding the contract for landscape installation (and when establishing future maintenance arrangements).

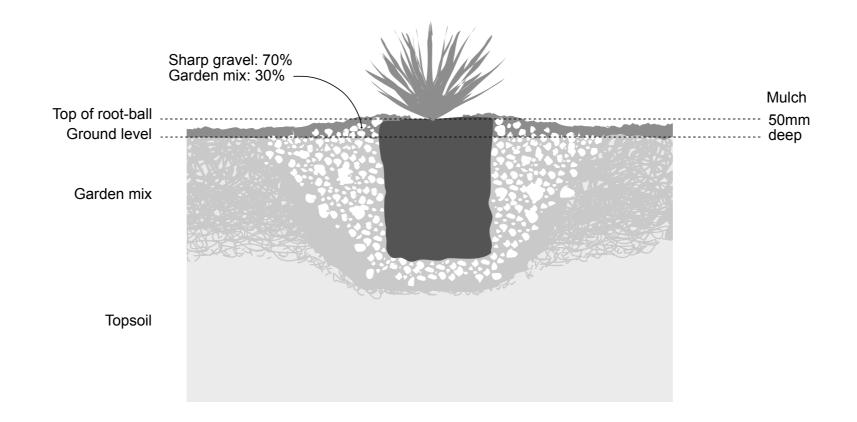
romote vigorous new growth. ed species, as well as a focus on good



Gilson McPhee ; Mataka Station



Gilson McPhee ; Mataka Station



Gilson McPhee ; Mataka Station

General installation specifications

- Physical copies of O2 landscapes full document set must be present with contractors on-site at all times.
- Dimensions and marking out of elements within the design are to follow O2 Landscapes plans and detail drawings.
- Contractors and subcontractors are to confirm all dimensions and levels on site prior to commencing work.

PLANTING

P.1 Plant species	It is important that plant; species, subspecies, variety and for design, therefore any substitutions must be confirmed by O Mazus novaezeelandiae subsp. impolitus f. hirtus Genus: Mazus s impolitus forma (f.): hirtus variety (var.): hesperia
P.2 Plant layout and placement, including spacings	The placement of plants is an integral part of the design an planting, plant layout needs to be co-ordinated with O2 Lan ensure that the design intent is carried out to the requisite le according to their positions in the planting plans, unless serv Spacings are to be confirmed onsite with the designers as pa individual specimens, they should conform to the plans. Wh indicated within documentation represent a typical maximum vary (based on design intent), and the maximum spacings ar provided for species that are multi-planted.
P.3 Planting level	Planting practice is to be undertaken to a high horticultural achieve the correct planting level. Unless stated otherwise, th planted 20mm above the finished soil level (with mulch cove covered). Refer to standard planting specifications drawing v
P.4 Mulching	It is the responsibility of contractors to mulch plants and tro least 30mm away from a plants' trunk, stem or base. Finishe not occur. Refer to standard planting specifications drawing
P.5 Staking	It is the responsibility of contractors to ensure that planting PB28 pots or equivalent size must be staked with 50mm har 1000mm tall must be staked with 20mm hardwood stakes. W selective fencing must be discussed with O2 Landscapes.
P.6 Plant orders	Some species may be available from a limited range of source extremely important that orders for plants are placed 6-9 more secured by the successful landscape contractor within this tic contractor is unable to order at an early stage must be itemis
MATERIALS	
M.1 Finishes	For confirmation of material finishes, refer to the layout spe

M.2 Built landscape

Concrete, grout and mortar are to be mixed with ratios and materials stated in the layout specifications. Samples are to be agreed with clients prior to instalation.

form are correct, as they form the basis of the O2 Landscapes. Examples of plant names follow: *us* **species**: *novaezeelandiae* **subspecies** (**subsp.**) :

and the way that space is structured. At the time of andscapes as part of site observation, in order to e level. Plants must be placed out and planted services or hard structures below ground interfere. part of plant layout. Where plants are indicated as Where there are groupings of plants, spacings num spacing. Throughout the design, spacings may are not to be applied uniformly. These are only

al standard. It is the responsibility of contractors to e, the top of the root ball/base of trunk should be overing 30mm, such that surface roots are lightly g within landscape package.

trees in the correct manner, mulch should be kept at shed levels need to ensure that crown/collar rot will ng within landscape package.

ings can withstand strong winds. All plants in 30L/ nardwood stakes. Shrubs or small trees that are 600s. Where pest animals are of concern, tree guards or

surces or specified from locally-sourced stock. It is months prior to installation, or that plants are s time period. Any species that the successful mised at least 4 months prior.

specifications.



Lot 4 Proposed Dwelling, Mataka Station

Landscape Effects Assessment Prepared for Michael Gibson and Joan McPhee

20 January 2025





Boffa Miskell is proudly a Toitū net carbonzero certified consultancy

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Status: Final	Revision / version: [1]	Issue date: 20 January 2025	

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Cover photograph: Photo of Lot 4 Building site from drone

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Appendices

Appendix A: Method Statement

- Appendix B: Graphic Supplement (bound separately)
- Appendix C: Pererua Peninsula Wairoa Bay to Rocky Point and Related Islands landscape unit worksheet

1.0 Introduction and Background

Michael Gibson and Joan McPhee has engaged Boffa Miskell Ltd (BML) to undertake a landscape effects assessment (LEA) of a proposed new dwelling and associated vehicle access parking and landscaping. The development will be located on Lot 4 DP323083, which is 57.418 hectares (ha), one of 26 approved house site lots situated at the end of Oihi Road on the Purerua Peninsula, Northland within an approximately 1,150ha property managed as a farm park. (Refer to **Figure 1** of Appendix B for a map of the Mataka Station Property).

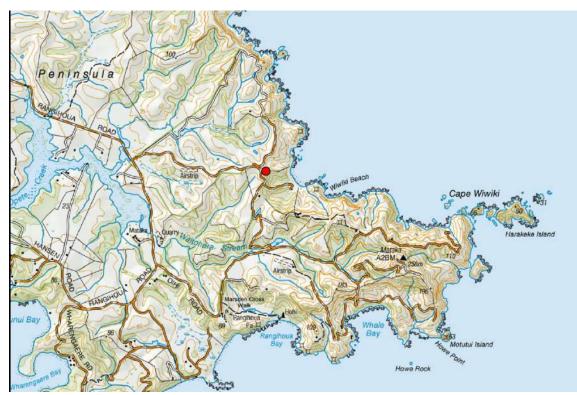


Plate 1: Lot 4 Site location

The majority of Lot 4 is located within the more inland part of the property to the west of the main internal north-south access road, with approximately 4ha to the northeast identified as a "Designated House Site" on the title plan ("Site"). The designated house site¹ for this lot was identified and assessed as part of a Visual Assessment² prepared as part of the subdivision and landuse consent in 2000. This Site is largely oriented towards the northern eastern coastal side of the peninsula, separated from the Coastal Marine Area (CMA) by Lot 3. The inland part of lot contains a mix of productive pastoral farmland and indigenous forest, while the Site contains a mixture of grazing land, regenerating coastal shrubland a specimen trees. (Refer to **Figure 1** and **2** of **Appendix B**)

This assessment is consistent with the methodology (high-level system of concepts, principles, and approaches) of 'Te Tangi a te Manu: Aotearoa New Zealand Landscape Assessment

¹ DP 320383 Title Plan.

² Mataka Visual Assessment prepared by D.J. Scott and Associates Limited November 2000.

Guidelines', Tuia Pito Ora New Zealand Institute of Landscape Architects, July 2022. A Method Statement is attached as **Appendix A** to this report.

This landscape effects assessment has considered the proposal in the context of the existing environment, the zoning and use of the land surrounding the Site and the relevant planning framework. While the adjacent Lot 3 is located within the General Coastal Zone in the Far North District Plan – Operative (FNDP(O)), Lot 4 is outside this zone, and beyond the Outstanding Landscape Overlay which follows the lower slopes of the coastal environment. As such Lot 4 including the Site which contains the nominated building area is located within the rural zone.

In both Northland Regional Policy Statement (NRPS) and the Far North Proposed District Plan (FNPDP) the area east of the ridge which separates the coast from the inland area is within the Coastal Environment (CE). The building area is located within the CE but outside the identified Outstanding Natural Landscape (ONL) Overlay and the High Natural Charcater (HNC) Area identified within the NRPS and the FNPDP. (Refer to **Figure 3** of **Appendix B**)

The proposal has been reviewed by the Design Review Committee (DRC) on behalf of the Mataka Residents Association and approval given by the MRA for the proposal to be submitted for resource consent.

2.0 Existing Environment

The wider landscape within and surrounding Lot 4 has a predominantly large scale rural coastal character. Apart from the designated building Site areas which are located on the title plans for each lot the balance of the land in this northeastern part of Mataka Station is characterised by either steep coastal slopes and escarpments to the east of a defining north south ridge system rolling pastoral farmland and indigenous bush / pine forest to the west.



Plate 2: Looking north along main dividing ridge separating coastal slopes from inland farmland

The Lot 4 designated building Site straddles a localised knoll (up to 120.5m above sea level (asl)) which is part of a north south oriented ridge which generally follows the access road to the lots in this northern part of Mataka Farm. The landform around the knoll has relatively gentle slopes, approximately 1 vertical in 3 horizontal (1:3), with the balance of the designated house Site area around the knoll at slopes of approximately 1:2. Further towards the coast and Lot 3 the land falls away more steeply. These slopes and the geotechnical constraints on site result in a relatively restricted practical buildable area within the designated house Site identified on the title plan.

The landscape is expansive along the ridge with 360^o views from the top of the knoll within the designated building Site. Views to both the wider seascape and to the productive farmland are afforded. This includes views to the southeast which include Mataka Mountain, Harakeke Island and the "Nine Pin", and beyond to Cape Brett. To the north the views extend across rolling pastoral hill country towards Takou Bay and beyond. Due to its elevated location the Site is relatively exposed to winds from all quarters.



Plate 3: Views form the designated building Site southeast

The Site contains two existing Norfolk Island Pines – one at approximately 7m high located near the top of the knoll at RL102m, and the other approximately 10m high located near the western boundary of the designated building Site and lot boundary. In addition, there is a cluster of 3 semi-mature Pohutukawa up to approximately 11m high located between the pines. The balance of the designated building Site contains pasture grasses and this area is currently grazed as part of the farming operation. Beyond the designated building Site area east towards the coast there is a mix of rank grass and regenerating coastal shrubland, while to the west the majority of the balance of the 57ha lot and those adjacent are utilised for grazing as part of the farming operation.



Plate 4: Designated building area with existing Norfolk Pines and Pohutukawa and rural farmland beyond

3.0 Background Landscape Assessments

Far North Landscape Assessment

The 1995 Far North Landscape Assessment³ was undertaken to assess the landscape values of the district in order to inform objectives, policies, and management strategies to enable the District Council to meet its obligations under Part V of the RMA. The assessment delineated the district into 112 landscape units which each display homogeneous and consistent landscape character, derived from topography, vegetation and landscape character and the relationship with the sea. The units were separated into coastal and terrestrial and grouped into 19 landscape categories which display a reasonable consistency of landscape character. The Mataka property contains two landscape units as follows:

- Coastal Unit C16: Poraenui Point to Black Rocks which is identified as "Exposed rocky coastline"; and
- Terrestrial Unit T32: Purerua Peninsula which is identified as "Gently undulating pasture / scrub".

Exposed rocky coastline (Coastal Unit C16)

The assessment report states:

"These units are distributed along the east coast of the district and share a rugged, rocky coastline. The exposure of the units to the periodic pounding by big seas leaves a craggy shore of eroded bedrock. Much of the shore covered by this category is backed by cliffs which attest further to the power of the ocean. Vegetation tends to be stunted and kept well inland in these severe conditions. Pohutukawa are the dominant trees within the units, although frequently rather scattered in their distribution and somewhat dwarfed by the harsh conditions. Built development is extremely limited, with only a few farmhouses or baches to be found within the composite units of this category."

Of the 5 landscape units in this coastal category 4 were identified as Outstanding with high sensitivity ratings – this includes C16 around the coastal edge of the property. Characteristic of the units that contribute to their high ratings are:

- The rugged and dynamic relationship between land and sea.
- The ever-changing range of sea conditions to be found around these units, extending from placid, clear waters in calm periods, to pounding, turbulent swells.
- A predominant sense of remoteness and naturalness.
- The extremely limited intrusion by built development experienced around these portions of the coast.
- The convoluted alignment of the coast, with small promontories and rocky embayment's bringing a sense of mystery and anticipation.

The above extracts from the 1995 landscape assessment provides relevant context to the Lot 4 Site and surrounding landscape. However, neither Lot 4 nor the designated building Site are within the Outstanding Landscapes.

³ Far North Landscape Assessment 1995, prepared for Far North District Council by LA4 Landscape Architects

Northland Regional Mapping Project

The NRC commissioned a comprehensive study to identify and map the landward extent of the coastal environment, high and outstanding natural character areas in the coastal environment, and outstanding natural features and landscapes to enable the Council to fulfil its responsibilities under the New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010, and to provide a resource to assist with the development of a new Regional Policy Statement. This resulted in three separate reports one identifying the extent of the coastal environment, another delineating outstanding and high natural character areas and the third identifying outstanding natural features and outstanding landscapes in the region.

Based on these studies the NRC has identified the majority of the seaward facing topography within the Mataka Station property, generally up to the top of the first ridge, as being within the Coastal Environment (CE), with the majority of the slopes below being classified as an Outstanding Natural Landscapes. Within Lot 4 the CE generally follows the ridge line across the top of the knoll and effectively bisects the designated building Site.

Areas within the coastal environment that contain intact indigenous vegetation are identified as having High Natural Character (HNC). The ONL worksheet states that ONL's

"are deemed to be those units of landscape which most strongly display natural science, aesthetic and experiential characteristics, and are prominent in the landscape, lending them a sense of spectacle and unity with a minimum of development or modification".

As described in the NRPS the coastal environment of the Mataka Farm property is located in the Pererua Peninsula - Wairoa Bay to Rocky Point and Related Islands landscape unit. A description, characterisation and evaluation of this unit is outlined in the assessment worksheet which is attached as **Appendix C**.

The landscape characterisation states that this is "A very powerful and substantial headland form that acts as a landmark over a large inland area and area of coast. Serves as the northern gateway to the Bay of Islands, and Kerikeri/Te Puna inlets. When seen from a distance, Purerua has a very simple, bold signature comprising the loom of the landmass overlaid with a simple pastoral cover. In summer that grassland dries off to a very graphic golden colouring. When seen from closer locations, a level of detail in both landform and vegetation patterns become clear. So too do the scattered dwellings and related access tracks that have been developed on the site as part of a management plan subdivision that commenced approximately a decade ago.

The coastal margin of the peninsula is convoluted and diverse, with sequences of small bays and coves, caves, narrow reefs and small islands standing just clear of the rocky shore. A notable cluster of islands is strung off of Cape Wiwiki at the apex of the peninsula, including the well-know Ninepin Island. These feature dramatic forms and, being isolated for a history of pastoral use that has prevailed on the nearby mainland, are in a much more intact and natural state.

The main body of the peninsula tends to be sheered where it meets the sea, leaving elevated rocky cliffs and bluffs dropping to the water. Typical terrain over this unit eases little from those coastal cliffs, being very steep and fragile, with numerous areas of slipping and erosion scars, particularly in association with access tracks. Restorative planting associated with the Mataka subdivision are steadily converting many of the steepest coastal flanks into native shrubland from their former pastoral cover.

The coast in this area typically features very clear, dark blue ocean waters. It is also subject to severe sea conditions, as demonstrated by the extensive faces of bare rock that rise from sea level in the most exposed areas."

This is consistent with the landscape character of the coastal environment where it is the coastal edge that provides the defining elements and patterns with the elevated pastoral farmland beyond providing a backdrop to this feature. Consistent with other parts of the unit, inland areas also contain some plantation forestry and areas of indigenous forest generally in gullies and on steeper slopes.

Similar to the 1995 landscape assessment it is the lower slopes below Lot 4 (i.e. within Lot 3) that are delineated as outstanding with all bar a small area of the designated building Site which is contiguous with an area of indigenous regenerating shrubland identified as an area of High Natural Character outside of any landscape overlays.

As depicted in **Figure 3 of the Graphic Supplement** the main house and minor dwelling lie just within the CE line and are located outside the Outstanding Landscape and HNC area.

Based on the site plan there will not be any direct impact resulting from the proposal on any of the overlay areas delineated as Outstanding Landscape or HNC. All development associated with the proposal is located outside these areas.

4.0 Relevant Statutory Planning Context

A detailed description of the application's planning context (including the statutory and nonstatutory provisions) that provide the framework for assessing the proposal is provided in the AEE prepared by Barker and Associates Ltd. This section summarises the key provisions relevant to landscape, visual and natural character assessment matters that have informed this assessment.

Resource Management Act 1991

Part 2 of the RMA (1991) sets out the purpose and principles of the Act. Section 5 states that the purpose of the RMA is to promote the sustainable management of natural and physical resources. Section 6 sets out the matters of national importance that must be recognised and provided for in achieving the purpose of the RMA.

The preservation of the natural character of the coastal environment (including the coastal marine area), and its protection from inappropriate subdivision, use and development is identified as a matter of national importance in Section 6(a). As outlined above the majority of the coastal facing slopes within the Mataka property is within the coastal environment, including part of the designated building Site within Lot 4, and much of the coastal edge, is identified as an Outstanding Landscape with HNC as outlined above in Section 3.

The protection of Outstanding Natural Features ("**ONF**") and Outstanding Natural Landscapes ("**ONL**") from inappropriate subdivision, use and development is identified as a matter of national importance in Section 6(b). As outlined above the two buildings are located outside the area classified as an ONL in the FNDP(O) and the RPS.

Section 7 identifies a range of matters that shall be given particular regard to in achieving the purpose of the RMA. Of relevance to this proposal is section 7(c) the maintenance and

enhancement of amenity values. This is considered in this report in relation to potential effects on views and visual amenity as provided in **Section 6.2.**

The New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010

The purpose of the NZCPS is to state the policies in order to achieve the purpose of the Act in relation to the coastal environment of New Zealand. The NZCPS therefore includes a number of policies which are relevant to this proposal, given the proposal's location within the coastal environment, adjacent to areas of HNC and within an ONL. The policies which are considered particularly relevant to this assessment are Policies 13, 14 and 15, as detailed below:

Policy 13 Preservation of natural character

To preserve the natural character of the coastal environment and to protect it from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development:

- (a) avoid adverse effects of activities on natural character in areas of the coastal environment with outstanding natural character; and
- (b) avoid significant adverse effects and avoid, remedy or mitigate other adverse effects of activities on natural character in all other areas of the coastal environment...

Policy 14 Restoration of natural character

<u>Promote restoration or rehabilitation of the natural character of the coastal environment,</u> <u>including by:</u>

(a) identifying areas and opportunities for restoration or rehabilitation.

Policy 15 Natural features and natural landscapes

To protect the natural features and natural landscapes (including seascapes) of the coastal environment from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development:

- (a) avoid adverse effects of activities on outstanding natural features and outstanding natural landscapes in the coastal environment; and
- (b) avoid significant adverse effects and avoid, remedy, or mitigate other adverse effects of activities on other natural features and natural landscapes in the coastal environment.

Northland Regional Policy Statement 2016

The NRPS contains a number of objectives and policies that apply to the coastal environment in relation to natural character and outstanding landscapes. These objectives and policies are largely consistent with Policies 13,14 and 15 of the NZCPS as in Objectives 3.14 and 3.15 below. The NRPS also provides guidance on the methods that might be applied to achieve these objectives as set out in Policy 4.6 below.

<u>Objective 3.14 Natural character, outstanding natural features, outstanding natural landscapes</u> <u>and historic heritage</u>

Identify and protect from inappropriate subdivision, use and development;

- (a) The qualities and characteristics that make up the natural character of the coastal environment and the natural character of freshwater bodies and their margins;
- (b) The qualities and characteristics that make up outstanding natural features and outstanding natural landscapes;

Objective 3.15 Active management

Maintain and / or improve;

(a) The natural character of the coastal environment and fresh water bodies and their margins;

Policy 4.6.1 Managing effects on the characteristics and qualities natural character, natural features and landscapes

- (1) In the coastal environment:
- (a) Avoid adverse effects of subdivision use, and development on the characteristics and qualities which make up the outstanding values of areas of outstanding natural character, outstanding natural features and outstanding natural landscapes.
- (b) Where (a) does not apply, avoid significant adverse effects and avoid, remedy or mitigate other adverse effects of subdivision, use and development on natural character, natural features and natural landscapes. Methods which may achieve this include:
 - *i.* Ensuring the location, intensity, scale and form of subdivision and built development is appropriate having regard to natural elements, landforms and processes, including vegetation patterns, ridgelines, headlands, peninsulas, dune systems, reefs and freshwater bodies and their margins; and
 - ii. In areas of high natural character, minimising to the extent practicable indigenous vegetation clearance and modification (including earthworks / disturbance, structures, discharges and extraction of water) to natural wetlands, the beds of lakes, rivers and the coastal marine area and their margins; and
 - *iii.* Encouraging any new subdivision and built development to consolidate within and around existing settlements or where natural character and landscape has already been compromised.

(3) When considering whether there are any adverse effects on the characteristics and qualities of the natural character, natural features and landscape values in terms of (1)(a), whether there are any significant adverse effects and the scale of any adverse effects in terms of (1)(b) and (2), and in determining the character, intensity and scale of the adverse effects:

- a) Recognise that a minor or transitory effect may not be an adverse effect;
- Recognise that many areas contain ongoing use and development that: (i) Were present when the area was identified as high or outstanding or have subsequently been lawfully established (ii) May be dynamic, diverse or seasonal;
- c) Recognise that there may be more than minor cumulative adverse effects from minor or transitory adverse effects; and

d) Have regard to any restoration and enhancement on the characteristics and qualities of that area of natural character, natural features and/or natural landscape".

Far North District Plan - Operative

Lot 4 and the designated building Site is within the Rural Production Zone. As such the application for resource consent is a permitted activity. The key matters for consideration from a landscape perspective are:

- *i.* That development which will maintain or enhance the amenity value of the rural environment and outstanding natural features and outstanding landscapes be enabled to locate in the rural environment. (Policy 8.4.4);
- *ii.* The maximum height of any building shall be 12m (Permitted Activities 8.6.5.1.8);

Summary of Statutory Matters

In summary the above statutory documents contain landscape related provisions that require an assessment of natural character, landscape, and visual amenity. These matters are addressed below and are summarised in Section 6 below.

5.0 Proposal Description

The proposal is set out in the "Lot 4: Mataka Station RC Submission" prepared by Cheshire Architects and the Landscape Plans prepared by O2 Landscapes. These packages of drawings and illustrations contain a design statement, site plans, floor plans, elevations, sections, and illustrative renders of the buildings as well as landscape planting plans, a species list, with size at planting and approximate height of planting at 3-5 years and maturity. These drawings are referenced below in relation to the description of the proposal.

In summary, the proposal contains two building elements – a main house and a minor dwelling. The main house is located on the northern side of a knoll which forms one of a series of high points along a north-south oriented ridge which separates the coastal environment from the inland rural landscape. The high point of the knoll is RL102.5m above sea level (asl) and the main house floor level is designed at RL100.6m, 1.9m below the high point of the knoll. The minor dwelling is to be located to the southeast of the high point of the knoll with a floor level of 98.2m, some 4.3m below the top of the knoll.

A description of the main and minor dwellings is provided in the Design Statement as part of the Cheshire Architects drawings. The main dwelling has a floor area of 245m ² and the minor dwelling 52m ². The drawing package includes an outline of the external cladding materials which are provided in an Outline Specification. For both dwellings the proposal includes:

- Roof: Dark Grey Zincalume LRV=25%
- Guttering and Spouting: Weathered Copper LRV=9%
- Exterior Wall Cladding: Western Red Cedar Weatherboards 18%

All external cladding materials will be below an LRV of 30%.

As depicted in the Cheshire Site Plan access to the development is from a right of way easement to the west. This access extends into the Site to a small carpark area with a walking track / cart path providing access to the main house and the minor dwelling.

The dwelling is well within the 15m height limit for the rural production zone and also within the 8m maximum height limit set for the General Coastal Zone. While the buildings are not within the Coastal zone, they meet the height and LRV standards for buildings within this zone.

5.1 Landscape Plan

The landscape design for the Site, prepared by O2 Landscapes, contains a mix of indigenous trees, shrubs, and groundcover suitable for this coastal Site. Large grade specimen trees include *Metrosideros excelsa* (Pohutukawa), *Nestegis apelata* (Coastal Maire), and *Vitex lucens* (Puriri). These will be supplemented with a range of hardy quick growing indigenous trees such as *Leptospermum scoparium* (Manuka) and *Kunzea robusta* (Kanuka). Within 3-5 years it is anticipated that the specimen trees and Kanuka will be approximately 4m high and after 10 years between approximately 6 and 7m high.

6.0 Assessment of Effects

Landscape and visual effects result from natural or induced change in the components, character, or quality of the landscape. Usually these are the result of landform or vegetation modification or the introduction of new structures, facilities, or activities. All these impacts are assessed to determine their effects on the character, quality, and visual amenity of the area surrounding the Site and the potential for effects on public and private views.

6.1 Landscape Effects

Landscape effects relate to changes in the physical nature of a site or locality and can occur whether they are seen or not.

The introduction of the proposal into the landscape cannot occur without a change to the existing physical composition of the Site and its overall built landscape character. The suitability of this proposal depends on the context, the proposed design / character and materiality of the buildings and the avoidance of significant adverse effects on the surrounding environment, particularly high value areas.

6.1.1 Physical Landscape Effects

The proposed development will be constructed within the open grass area of the Site. Any vegetation targeted for removal comprises pasture and rank grass.

The proposed development will require some limited and tightly contained excavation to form the new driveway, building and garden / lawn areas. As a result, there will be some changes to the existing contour, however the overall nature of the landform including its natural high point will be maintained. Retaining up to 1m high will be used to form garden walls to the southern courtyard – these will utilise naturally weathered or stained timber.

During construction and earthworks there will be some disruption to the landform and grass landcover within the Site and this will result in a temporary adverse landscape effect visible from the surrounding area, including from the CMA. Overall, it is considered that the level and extent of the earthworks is in keeping with what can be expected for a new residential dwelling within an approved building Site.

Extensive planting is proposed as part of the application, as depicted in the Landscape Plan. This includes indigenous specimen tree and shrub planting as outlined above. This planting will integrate the proposal into the landscape, provide a consistent and high amenity treatment to the Site, enhancing its amenity. It is considered that the proposed planting will result in beneficial landscape effects as it will relate to and connect with existing regenerating coastal indigenous shrubland.

Due to the earthworks and the limited amount of grassland vegetation being removed, as well as taking in to account the proposed vegetation, and design of the buildings in relation to the landform, the physical effects of the proposal on the subject Site is assessed as **low** (adverse) with some positive effects occurring as part of the proposed planting.

6.1.2 Landscape Character Effects

Landscape character is derived from the distinct and recognisable pattern of elements that occur consistently in a particular landscape. It reflects particular combinations of geology, landform, soils, vegetation, land use and features of human settlement. It creates the unique sense of place defining different areas of the landscape.

The inclusion of the main and minor dwelling, and proposed planting will reduce the current open character of the Site however, this is an expected outcome as a residential dwelling is anticipated and provided for in this location on Lot 4. The placement of this new built form has been selected to avoid impacting the existing Norfolk Island Pines and Pohutukawa trees and to allow space between the two buildings below the top of the knoll, thereby avoiding any potential for the two structures to create a single mass. The buildings have also been located to enable further revegetation to link with the existing coastal shrubland within the Site and the adjacent Lot 3 coastal escarpment. The overall scale of the buildings is appropriate in the context of the site and wider landscape context.

The proposal will not result in the removal of any significant vegetation and along with the proposed comprehensive planting on the Site will successfully integrate the development within the surrounding landscape and further strengthen the vegetation patterns throughout the area.

With the above in mind, it is considered that the proposal will have **low-moderate** adverse landscape character effects on the surrounding landscape.

6.2 Visual Effects

Visual effects relate to the degree of change that may occur to public views and amenity as a result of changes to the landscape and landscape character. In this instance, visual impacts may occur due to the introduction of additional built form in the landscape.

With reference to **Figure 1**: Landscape Context and **Figure 2**: Site Context it can be seen that there is a limited public viewing audience for this proposal. Any publicly available views will be afforded from the CMA to the east while views from the west are from within Mataka Station.

When seen from the CMA, the amount of building visible will depend on the distance of views from the coastal edge as the foreground topography and vegetation limits views of the full height of the main house and minor dwelling. From more distant locations while more of the buildings may be visible these are seen within a greater expanse of coastline and includes existing built development within the Mataka property. Where visible, neither of buildings form a dominant element in the view, relative to the scale provided by the coastal escarpment and large topographical landform.

In addition, the location of the buildings to the north and east of the knoll, along with planting to the southwest will in time ensure that the proposal has an additional vegetated context in views from the CMA to the east; and will provide a foreground to private views from other existing dwellings and building sites within the Mataka subdivision to the south and west.

From the CMA and surrounding landscape, the overall adverse visual effects of the proposal is considered to be **low**. (Refer to Visual Simulations **VS1A** and **VS1B**; and **VS2A** and **VS2B** in the **Appendix B Graphic Supplement**).

6.3 Effects in Relation to Statutory Provisions

The analysis of the relevant landscape and visual amenity provisions is discussed below with reference to the assessment of effects outlined in the above sections of this report. A full assessment of the statutory provisions is provided in the application AEE.

Natural Character

The proposed location of the buildings and associated landscape development has been designed to avoid any existing indigenous vegetation which has been identified in the NRPS as having HNC. Proposed planting of indigenous tree and shrubland species adjacent to the existing HNC area will in time enhance the natural charcater of this part of the Mataka coastal environment, by expanding an area of intact coastal bush. While the introduction of two buildings within this rural / coastal landscape will result in further modification to this pastoral farming landscape the proposal overall is expected to result in beneficial effects on natural character due to the extensive revegetation proposed.

Landscape

The designated building Site is beyond the ONL identified in the FNDP(O) and the NRPS and is located within a Rural Production zone. The height of the buildings meets the standards for the zone and as such the proposal is a permitted activity. The proposal is however located within the Coastal Environment as delineated in the NRPS and as outlined in the NZCPS significant adverse effects are to be avoided, remedied, or mitigated. As outlined above the buildings are small in scale and low in height (c.f. to the permitted standard) and are constructed using naturally weathering materials with low reflectivity. This along with the proposed planting which will assist to further integrate the buildings into the coastal environment will ensure that any adverse effects are no more than minor. Given that Lot 4 has a designated building Site the development is anticipated, and the scale and character of the design will be appropriately integrated.

Visual Amenity

Due to the location of Lot 4 and the building site the public viewing audience is limited to the CMA. As outlined above any adverse effects resulting from the development are considered to be less than minor in nature given the existing landscape and landform context, the distance and nature of the views, the scale and nature of the development and the proposed revegetation.

7.0 Summary and Conclusions

Lot 4 at Mataka Station was created through an approved subdivision in 2003 and 2005, resulting in a number of large rural lifestyle lots on the southern end of the Purerua Peninsula. As part of the subdivision process and associated Visual Assessment a Designated Building Site was identified for each lot.

This Site is located within a rural zone and outside the Outstanding Landscape overlays in the relevant territorial plans. The building site and proposal straddles the Coastal Environment boundary delineated in the NRPS and the proposed buildings each have a coastal aspect. The design of the buildings has been cognisant of the costal landscape context and have been located and designed to ensure they can be well integrated into the Site and wider landscape. This has been achieved through siting below a localised high point (knoll) on the Site, retaining existing trees and shrubland on the Site, designing the buildings to a modest size with low height and using natural materials with low reflectivity suitable for this rural / coastal landscape. Furthermore, the planting of indigenous trees and shrubs will provide a backdrop to the buildings when viewed from the CMA, while offering a foreground perspective for views from the inland areas of the farm, including from existing dwellings and proposed building sites.

Acknowledging the sensitive nature of site within the coastal environment it is considered that the proposal is well considered and will result in no more than minor adverse effects on the natural charcater, landscape and visual amenity of the Site and wider landscape. Over time as the indigenous planting matures any remaining adverse effects will become less than minor and beneficial effects will ensue due to the revegetation that will effectively nestle the built forms into the Site.

In summary it is considered that the proposal for Lot 4 at Mataka will result in an appropriate outcome, given its landscape context, the location and design of the proposed development and the landscape treatment, including planting, for the Site.

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Appendix A: Method Statement

This assessment method statement is consistent with the methodology (high-level system of concepts, principles, and approaches) of 'Te Tangi a te Manu: Aotearoa New Zealand Landscape Assessment Guidelines', Tuia Pito Ora New Zealand Institute of Landscape Architects, July 2022. The assessment provides separate chapters to discuss landscape, visual and natural character effects where relevant, but is referred to throughout as a Landscape Effects Assessment in accordance with these Guidelines. Specifically, the assessment of effects has examined the following:

- The existing landscape;
- The nature of effect;
- The level of effect; and
- The significance of effect.

The Existing Landscape

The first step of assessment entails examining the existing landscape in which potential effects may occur. This aspect of the assessment describes and interprets the specific landscape character and values which may be impacted by the proposal alongside its natural character where relevant as set out further below. The existing landscape is assessed at a scale(s) commensurate with the potential nature of effects. It includes an understanding of the visual catchment and viewing audience relating to the proposal including key representative public views. This aspect of the assessment entails both desk-top review (including drawing upon area-based landscape assessments where available) and field work / site surveys to examine and describe the specific factors and interplay of relevant attributes or dimensions, as follows:

Physical -relevant natural and human features and processes;

Perceptual -direct human sensory experience and its broader interpretation; and

Associative – intangible meanings and associations that influence how places are perceived.

Statutory and Non-Statutory Provisions

The relevant provisions facilitating change also influence the consequent nature and level of effects. Relevant provisions encompass objectives and policies drawn from a broader analysis of the statutory context and which may anticipate change and certain outcomes for identified landscape values.

The Nature of Effect

The nature of effect assesses the outcome of the proposal within the landscape. The nature of effect is considered in terms of whether effects are positive (beneficial) or negative (adverse) in the context within which they occur. Neutral effects may also occur where landscape or visual change is benign.

It should be emphasised that a change in a landscape (or view of a landscape) does not, of itself, necessarily constitute an adverse landscape effect. Landscapes are dynamic and are constantly changing in both subtle and more dramatic transformational ways; these changes are both natural and human induced. What is important when assessing and managing landscape

change is that adverse effects are avoided or sufficiently mitigated to ameliorate adverse effects. The aim is to maintain or enhance the environment through appropriate design outcomes, recognising that both the nature and level of effects may change over time.

The Level of Effect

Where the nature of effect is assessed as '**adverse**', the assessment quantifies the level (degree or magnitude) of adverse effect. Assessing the level of effect entails professional judgement based on expertise and experience provided with explanations and reasons. The identified level of adverse natural character, landscape and visual effects adopts a universal seven-point scale from **very low** to **very high** consistent with Te Tangi a te Manu Guidelines and reproduced below.

VERY LOW LOW LOV	N-MOD MODERATE	MOD-HIGH	HIGH V	ERY HIGH

Landscape Effects

A landscape effect relates to the change on a landscape's character and its inherent values and in the context of what change can be anticipated in that landscape in relation to relevant zoning and policy. The level of effect is influenced by the size or spatial scale, geographical extent, duration and reversibility of landscape change on the characteristics and values within the specific context in which they occur.

Visual Effects

Visual effects are a subset of landscape effects. They are consequence of changes to landscape values as experienced in views. To assess where visual effects of the proposal may occur requires an identification of the area from where the proposal may be visible from, and the specific viewing audience(s) affected. Visual effects are assessed with respect to landscape character and values. This can be influenced by several factors such as distance, orientation of the view, duration, extent of view occupied, screening and backdrop, as well as the potential change that could be anticipated in the view as a result of zone / policy provisions of relevant statutory plans.

Natural Character Effects

Natural Character, under the RMA, specifically relates to 'the preservation of the natural character of the coastal environment (including the coastal marine area), wetlands, and lakes and rivers and their margins, and the protection of them from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development'. Therefore, the assessment of natural character effects only involves examining the proposed changes to natural elements, patterns and process which may occur in relevant landscape / seascape contexts.

As with assessing landscape effects, the first step when assessing natural character effects involves identifying the relevant physical and experiential characteristics and qualities which occur and may be affected by a proposal at a commensurate scale. This can be supported through the input of technical disciplines such as geomorphology, hydrology, marine, freshwater, and terrestrial ecology as well as input from tangata whenua. An understanding of natural character considers the level of naturalness and essentially reflects the current condition of the environment assessed in relation to the seven-point scale. A higher level of natural character means the waterbody and/or margin is less modified and vice versa.

A natural character effect is a change to the current condition of parts of the environment where natural character occurs. Change can be negative or positive. The resultant natural character effect is influenced by the existing level of naturalness within which change is proposed; a greater level of effect will generally occur when the proposal reduces the naturalness of a less

modified environment. In short, the process of assessing natural character effects can be summarised as follows:

- Identify the characteristics and qualities which contribute to natural character within a relevant context and defined spatial scale(s), including the existing level of naturalness;
- Describe the changes to identified characteristics and qualities and the consequent level of natural character anticipated (post proposal); and
- Determine the overall level of effect based on the consequence of change.



The Significance of Effects

Decision makers assessing resource consent applications must evaluate if the effect on individuals or the environment is less than minor⁴ or if an adverse effect on the environment is no more than minor⁵. For non-complying activities, consent can only be granted if the s104D 'gateway test' is satisfied, ensuring adverse effects are minor or align with planning objectives. In these situations, the assessment may be required to translate the level of effect in terms of RMA terminology.

This assessment has adopted the following scale applied to relevant RMA circumstances⁶ (refer to diagram below), acknowledging low and very low adverse effects generally equate to 'less than minor' and high / very high effects generally equate to significant⁷.

					SIGN	IIFICANT
LESS THAN MI	NOR	MINOR		MORE THAN	MINOR	
VERY LOW	LOW	LOW-MOD	MODERATE	MOD-HIGH	HIGH	VERY HIGH

⁴ RMA, Section 95E

⁵ RMA, Section 95E

⁶ Seven-point level of effect scale. Source: Te tangi a te Manu, Pg. 15

⁷ The term 'significant adverse effects' applies to specific RMA situations, including the consideration of alternatives for Notices of Requirement and AEEs, as well as assessing natural character effects under the NZ Coastal Policy Statement.

Appendix B: Graphic Supplement (bound separately)

Figure 1: Mataka Station Property Figure 2: Landscape Context Figure 3: Site Context Viewpoint Location Plan and Visual Simulations Appendix C: Pererua Peninsula - Wairoa Bay to Rocky Point and Related Islands landscape unit worksheet

Northland Region	al Landscape Assessment Worksheet
	Unit name – PURERUA PENINSULA – WAIROA BAY TO ROCKY POINT & RELATED ISLANDS
DESCRIPTION AND CHAI	RACTERISATION
Component	Comment
Land Types (refer to list overleaf) Coastal cliffs / escarpment Bays and headlands Beach	A substantial peninsula, typically steep-sided and with a bluffed, rocky coastline prevailing. Apex elevation at Mt Pocock – which is very close to the seaward end of the peninsula is 258m.
Reefs and islands	Small islands a particular feature of Wairoa Bay and Cape Wiwiki areas. Includes sandy beaches at either end of the unit, although these are atypical of the prevailing theme of coastal character.
Geology (including geopreservation sites)	Valleys and coastal hillslopes in hill country of Waipapa Group greywacke.
Soil Types	Marua light brown clay loam, Te Ranga steepland soils, light brown clay loam and sandy clay loam.
Ecology (including protected vegetation / features, PNAP Level 1 and 2 sites)	Mainland part of ONL has areas of manuka/kanuka shrubland with occasional puriri, cabbage tree and gorse. Scattered pohutukawa and hardwood associations in small gully pockets.
	Purerua Peninsula has some of the highest number of kiwi calls per hourrecorded in Northland. The shrubland areas are important for kiwi and the nearby wetland areas (outside of this ONL) are potentially important for spotless crake, bittern and fernbird.
	The area supports several threatened and regionally significant species of shore and wetland birds, and is a representative site for manuka shrubland.
	Wiwiki group of islands include flax and pohutukawa commonly dispersed. Kanuka, hangehange, houpara, bracken, cutty grass, and coastal astelia are frequent. Cabbage tree, kawakawa, karaka, coastal tussock, rengarenga lily, toetoe, rushsp and gorse are occasional.
	Islands are a representative site for flax, one of only three examples in the Ecological District of taupata dominance, and the only site representing houpara dominance and pohutukawa-houpara association. The island closest to the mainland (Harakeke Is.) displays a diverse forest including coastal maire, a relatively uncommon species, and prostrate kowhai. Tikitiki Island is an unmodified mainly bare island but habitat for several threatened bird species.
Archaeological sites	Abundance of sites found along coastal brink and flanks relating to the shoreline. Sequence of pa sites on headlands around Howe Point and Rangihoua Bay. Visible terraces elsewhere on coastal spurs.
Heritage Landscapes	Nationally important memorial and site contained within the Marsden Cross Historic Reserve. Long history of pastoral farming preceded by native forestry.

Landscape characterisation

(including the identification of any specific characteristics)

A very powerful and substantial headland form that acts as a landmark over a large inland area and area of coast. Serves as the northern gateway to the Bay of Islands, and Kerikeri/Te Puna inlets. When seen from a distance, Purerua has a very simple, bold signature comprising the loom of the landmass overlaid with a simple pastoral cover. In summer that grassland dries off to a very graphic golden colouring. When seen from closer locations, a level of detail in both landform and vegetation patterns become clear. So too do the scattered dwellings and related access tracks that have been developed on the site as part of a management plan subdivision that commenced approximately a decade ago.

The coastal margin of the peninsula is convoluted and diverse, with sequences of small bays and coves, caves, narrow reefs and small islands standing just clear of the rocky shore. A notable cluster of islands is strung off of Cape Wiwiki at the apex of the peninsula, including the well-know Ninepin Island. These feature dramatic forms and, being isolated for a history of pastoral use that has prevailed on the nearby mainland, are in a much more intact and natural state.

The main body of the peninsula tends to be sheered where it meets the sea, leaving elevated rocky cliffs and bluffs dropping to the water. Typical terrain over this unit eases little from those coastal cliffs, being very steep and fragile, with numerous areas of slipping and erosion scars, particularly in association with access tracks. Restorative planting associated with the Mataka subdivision are steadily converting many of the steepest coastal flanks into native shrubland from their former pastoral cover.

The coast in this area typically features very clear, dark blue ocean waters. It is also subject to severe sea conditions, as demonstrated by the extensive faces of bare rock that rise from sea level in the most exposed areas.

EVALUATION			
Criteria	Rank	Comment	
Natural Science Factors			
Representativeness Natural landscapes are clearly characteristic of the area, district or region. The key components of the landscape will be present in a way that defines the character of the place and distills its character and essence. Endemic associations.	4	One of the defining landscapes for this part of the coast and inland terrain. Acts as a defining pillar to the northern edge of the Bay of Islands. Has high kiwi habitat values and associated offshore islands are noted for their ecological values.	
Rarity Natural features are unique or rare in the region or nationally, and few comparable examples exist.	3	Relative rarity is hinged on species found on remote coast and associated offshore islands. Overall, the coastal landform and profile of Purerua relates to the distinctive loom of Mataka and relatively small pockets of ecology, rather than a broader pattern.	
Aesthetic Values			
Coherence The patterns of land cover and land use are largely in harmony with the underlying natural pattern of the landform of the area and there are no significant discordant elements of land cover or land use.	4	Unified primiarily by the consistent form and parent materials of the majority of the coastal flank. Vegetation patterns assist in some areas and restorative planting on Mataka Station will assist further as they develop.	
Diversity & Complexity The elements contributing to overall landscape character are diverse and complex (particularly in ecological terms) without creating disharmony.	4	Coastline configuration, small islands and rocky coastal flanks all contribute. Overall – and only partially within the ONL - the simple, bold character of the main landmass is somewhat lacking in these qualities as a result of intensive pastoralism,	
Vividness Natural features and landscape are widely recognized across the community and beyond the local area and remain clearly in the memory; striking	5	Evocative and powerful, with the Cape Wiwiki, Harakeke Island and Tikitiki Rock (The Ninepins) being particularly vivid.	

 Naturalness How affected by human activity is the landscape? Does human activity intrude on the landscape? Eg. Presence of buildings and associated built development. Presence of infrastructure services. Extent of indigenous forest cover. Homogeneity of exotic vegetation. Presence / extent of modified agricultural land use. Strength of natural processes / ecological patterns. Unmodified and legible physical relief and landform. Presence of water. 	3	Whilst the majority of the unit is in an "unbuilt" state, adjacent parts of the land have been developed for housing. Those structures tend to be large and the access drives to reach them are typically accompanied by scarring of the clay soils. Vegetation patterns are limited in terms of current expression, although planting on the subdivision will add to that natural extent and create broader sweeps that are more in scale with the landform. The coastal margin and flanks embodied in the ONL are considered to be the most intact parts of the broader site.
Intactness Natural systems are intact and aesthetically coherent and do not display significant visual signs of human modification, intervention or manipulation, visually intact and highly aesthetic natural landscapes.	3	Whilst a relatively high measure of coherence applies to the portion of the peninsula that is within the ONL, it is currently impacted by scarring and building on adjacent land as mentioned above. That prominence is likely to diminish as mitigation measures and wider planting initiatives on the subdivision progress further.
Experiential Values		
Expressiveness The 'legibility' of the landscape. Natural features clearly demonstrate the natural processes that formed them.	4	A strong coastal identity and expression of the interaction between – predominantly – hard coast and wave action on this exposed shoreline. Remaining natural vegetation patterns and compositions also contribute.
Sensory qualities (These are landscape phenomena as directly	•	The counds of wave estion, small of resulting cally or and
perceived and experienced by humans, such as the view of a scenic landscape, or the distinctive smell and sound of the foreshore).	3	The sounds of wave action, smell of resulting salty air and general exposure to the elements are present, but not as influential as in some other areas of Northland's coast.
perceived and experienced by humans, such as the view of a scenic landscape, or the distinctive smell	3	general exposure to the elements are present, but not as
perceived and experienced by humans, such as the view of a scenic landscape, or the distinctive smell and sound of the foreshore). Transient Values The consistent and repeated occurrence of transient features that contributes to the character, qualities and values of the landscape; landscapes are widely recognised for their transient features and the		general exposure to the elements are present, but not as influential as in some other areas of Northland's coast. Primarily related to sea state and early morning lighting of the landform and seaward contour. Colour changes in pasture are a feature of the wider peninsula in summer
perceived and experienced by humans, such as the view of a scenic landscape, or the distinctive smell and sound of the foreshore). Transient Values The consistent and repeated occurrence of transient features that contributes to the character, qualities and values of the landscape; landscapes are widely recognised for their transient features and the contribution that these make to the landscape. Remoteness / Wildness Does the landscape display a wilderness character, remote from and untouched by human presence? Eg. Sense of remoteness Accessibility	3	 general exposure to the elements are present, but not as influential as in some other areas of Northland's coast. Primarily related to sea state and early morning lighting of the landform and seaward contour. Colour changes in pasture are a feature of the wider peninsula in summer months, but those areas are largely outside this ONL. Whilst lightly settled and not readily accessed by the public, the presence of substantial buildings and the prominence of many access corridors brings a moderately developed sense of broad-scale domesticity to the landscape of the outer

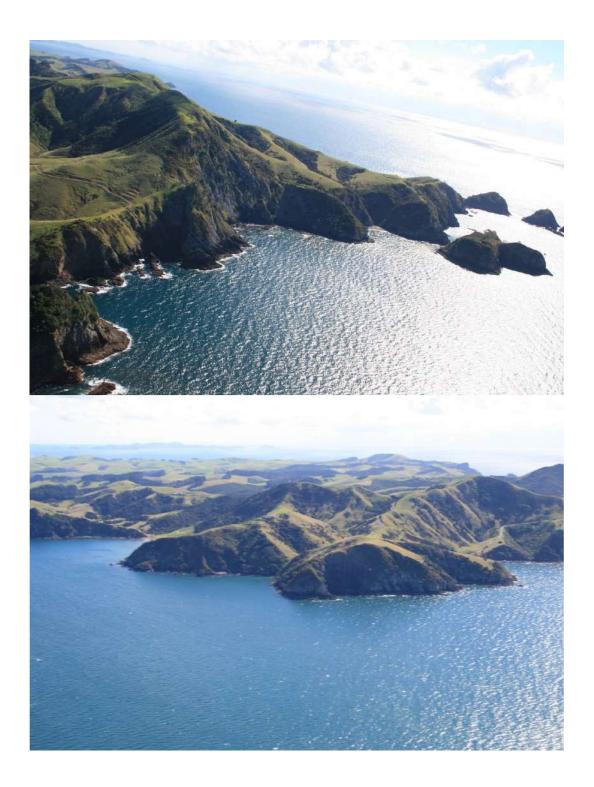
widely known and influenced by their connection to the spiritual, cultural and historical valued in the place and includes associative meanings and associative activities valued by the community. Associative meanings are spiritual, cultural or social	****	Consultation was initiated during the mapping process, but has not led to any feedback within the required period.
Associative meanings are spinitual, cuitario is socia- associations with particular landscape elements, features, or areas, whilst associative activities are patterns of social activity that occur in particular parts of a landscape, for example, popular walking routes or fishing spots.		Role of Mataka and Purerua as a local landmark and orientation point is likely to give this area some prominence in local minds.
		Presence of the Marsden Cross memorial and related reserve area.

Rank scale between 1 (low) and 5 (high)

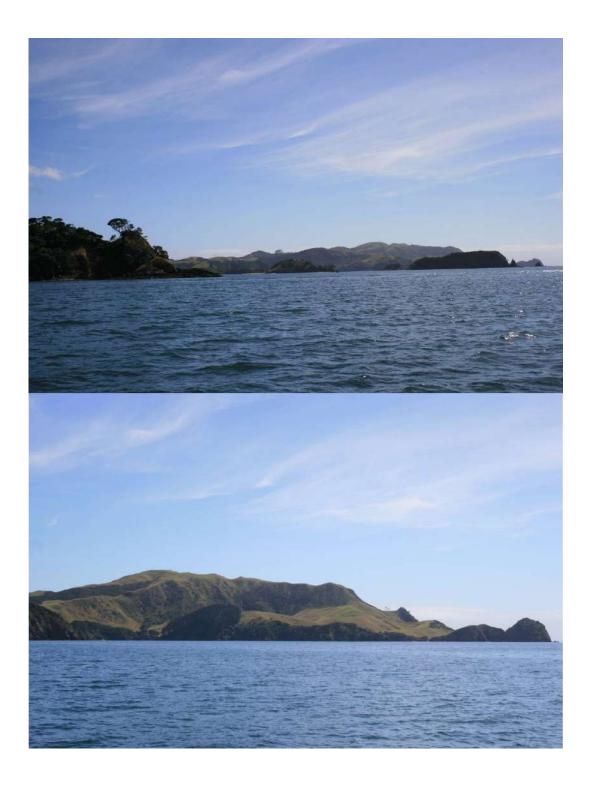
Land Types
Coastal cliffs / escarpment
Low escarpment
Bays and headlands
Beach
Dune complex
Reefs and islands
Estuarine / inlet
Open harbour
Coastal plain
Rolling hills
Steep hills; moderate to high relief
Ranges; high relief
Strongly rolling land
Low rolling land
Valley floors and flats
Plains
Volcanic cones
River mouth
Wetland
Watercourses
Lakes and water bodies

Photographs of unit











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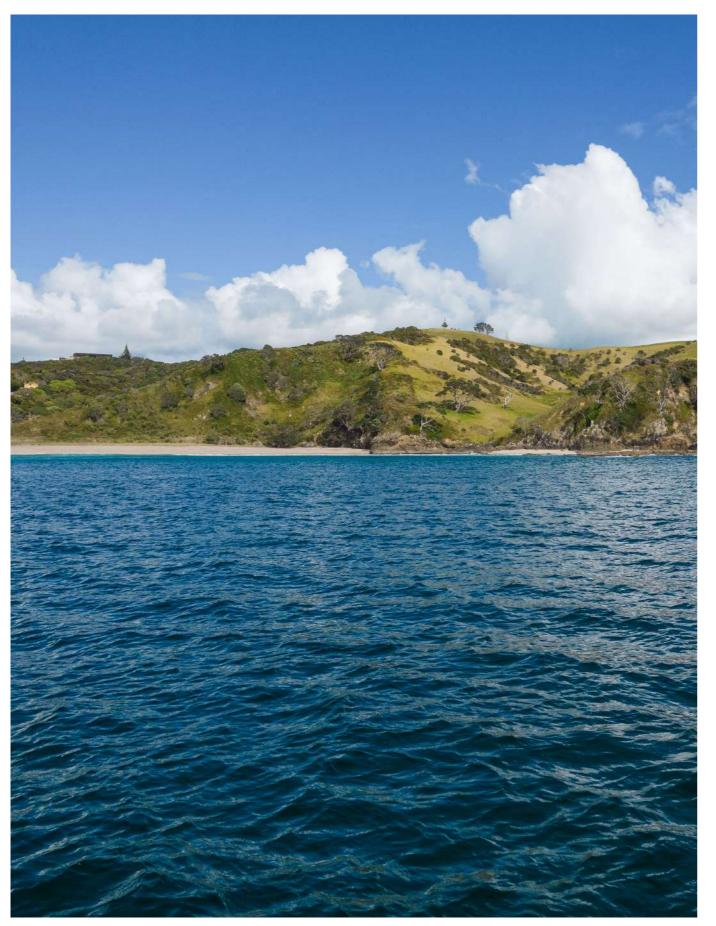
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MATAKA LOT 4

LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL ASSESSMENT GRAPHIC SUPPLEMENT

JANUARY 2025

Mataka Lot 4



MAPS

FIGURE 1: Location of Visual Simulations

VISUAL SIMULATIONS

VS 1A: VS 1B:	View from 850m offshore View from 850m offshore	0 1
VS 2A: VS 2B:	View from 425m offshore View from 425m offshore	o 1
VS 3:	View from Adjacent Beach	looking Northwest - I

sed View without Mitigation nout Mitigation and Proposed View with Mitigation

sed View without Mitigation nout Mitigation and Proposed View with Mitigation

- Existing and Proposed View







Data Sources: Eagle Technology, Land Information New Zealand, GEBCO, Community maps contributors, Northland Regional Council

Projection: NZGD 2000 New Zealand Transverse Mercator



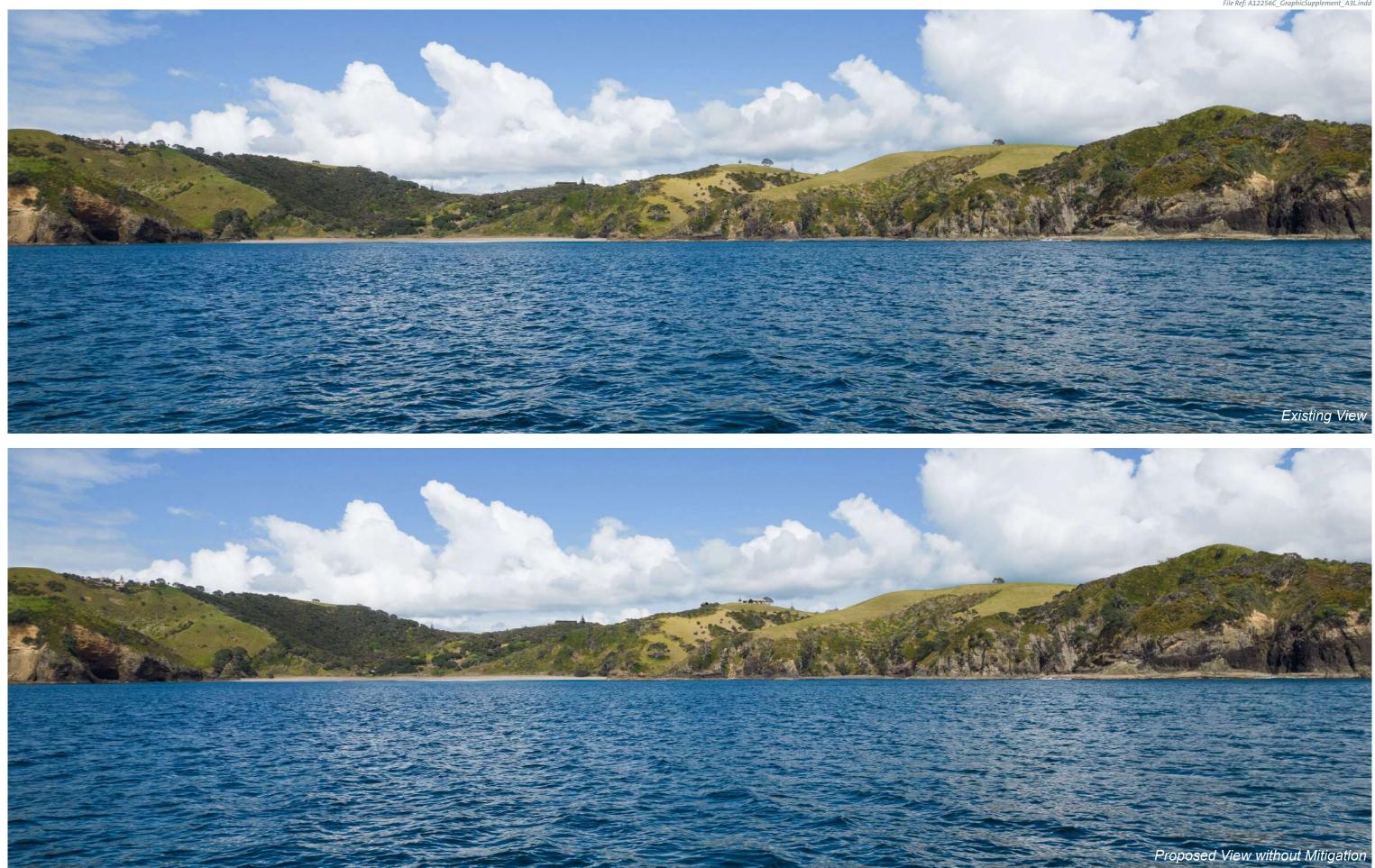
LEGEND





LOT 4 MATAKA

Viewpoint Locations





NZTM Easting : 1 700 580 mE NZTM Northing : 6 110 360 mN Eye Height : 1.7m De Date of Photography : 11 October 2024

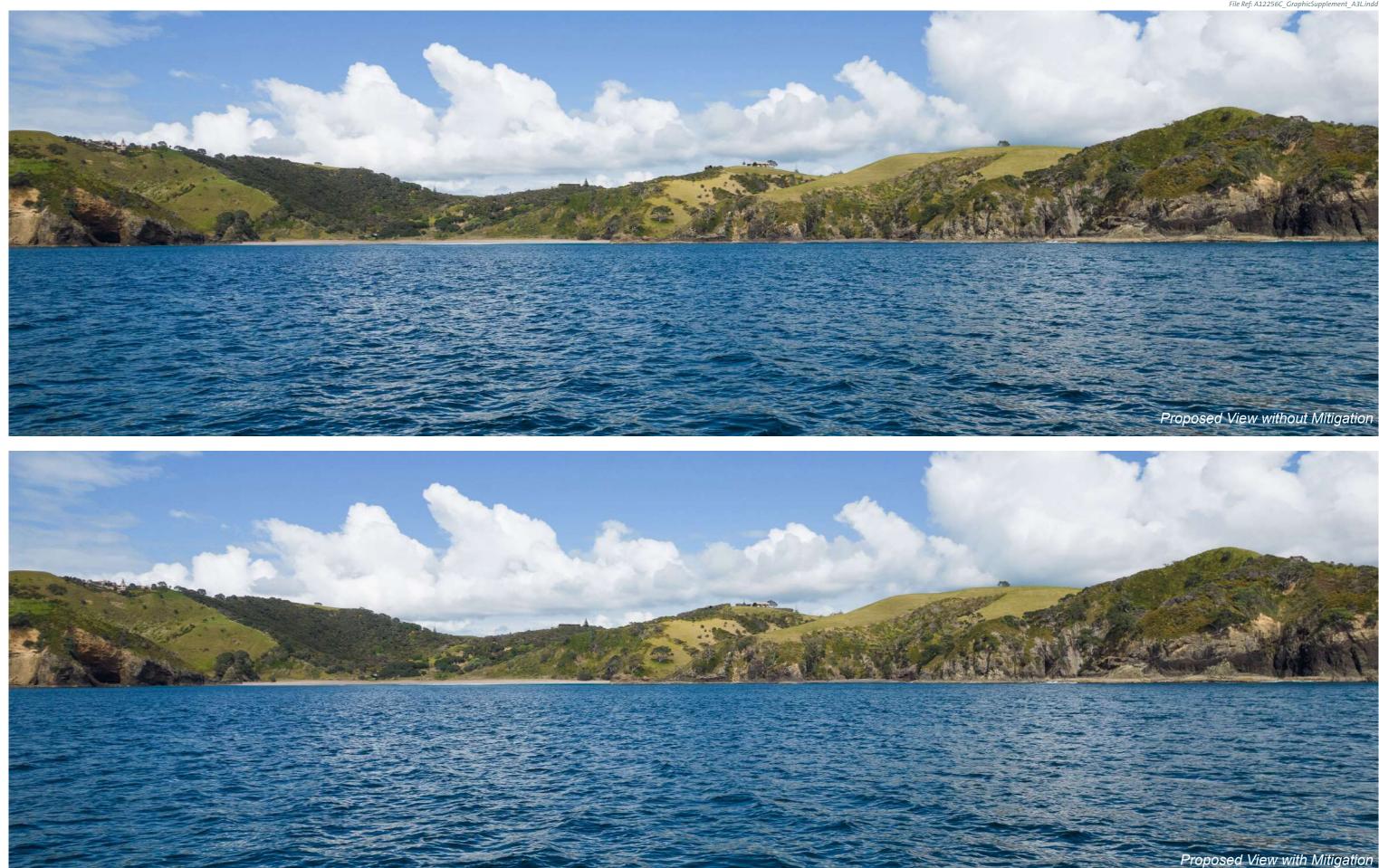
ails

Horizontal Field of View : 70°

File Ref: A12256C_GraphicSupplement_A3L.indd

MATAKA LOT 4 View from 850m offshore

VS **1**A





NZTM Easting : 1 700 580 mE NZTM Northing : 6 110 360 mN Eye Height : 1.7m De Date of Photography : 11 October 2024

ils

Horizontal Field of View : 70°

File Ref: A12256C_GraphicSupplement_A3L.indd

MATAKA LOT 4 View from 850m offshore

Date: January 2025 Revision: 0 Plan prepared by Boffa Miskell Limited Project Manager: John.Goodwin@boffamiskell.co.nz | Drawn: PMo | Checked: -

VS 1B





NZTM Easting : 1 700 319 mE NZTM Northing : 6 110 988 mN Eye Height : 1.7m De Date of Photography : 11 October 2024

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Horizontal Field of View : 70°

File Ref: A12256C_GraphicSupplement_A3L.indd



MATAKA LOT 4 View from 425m offshore





NZTM Easting : 1 700 319 mE NZTM Northing : 6 110 988 mN : 1.7m Eye Height De Date of Photography : 11 October 2024 Horizontal Field of View : 70°

File Ref: A12256C_GraphicSupplement_A3L.indd

MATAKA LOT 4 View from 425m offshore

VS 2B





Boffa Miskell www.boffamiskell.co.nz

NZTM Easting : 1 700 112 mE NZTM Northing : 6 109 586 mN Elevation/Eye Height : 1m / 1.7m Date of Photography : 11 October 2024

å

Horizontal Field of View : 90° Projection Image Reading Distance : 20cm at A3

: Rectilinear

Existing View

Proposed View

VS 3

MATAKA LOT 4 View from Adjacent Beach looking Northwest

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF PORTION OF LOT 4 DP 323083, MATAKA STATION, BAY OF ISLANDS

PREPARED FOR CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS



JUSTIN MAXWELL AND JENNIFER HUEBERT SUNRISE ARCHAEOLOGY REPORT NO. 2024-32



Sunrise Archaeology Justin Maxwell & Jennifer Huebert Phone: 021 088 31418 Email: jj@sunarc.co.nz

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1 Introduction

The landowner is proposing to build dwellings on Lot 4 DP 323083, an ~57-ha parcel of land at Mataka Station in the Bay of Islands, Northland (Figure 1, Figure 2). Sunrise Archaeology was commissioned by Cheshire Architects to undertake an archaeological survey of the northeastern extent of this property where the owner wishes to build and undertake landscaping. This document assesses the area where work is proposed. See Appendix A for the building and landscaping plans.

The plans specifically include construction of a larger and a smaller dwelling, emplacement of water and septic tanks, concrete and stone walls and terracing, gravelled courtyard and parking areas, and an informal track to the beach (Figure 3). Landscaping includes native plantings to the west and south, and extension of some existing vegetation formations with new plantings and some larger trees.

The client requested that Sunrise Archaeology investigate this location for archaeological features. The areas where groundworks may be required, and the proposed access routes, were surveyed. A foot survey was undertaken by Justin Maxwell on 4 November 2023. This report outlines the results.

This work was undertaken to record archaeological sites or remains in areas which may be affected by the associated earthworks, and to advise the architects as to the landowner's obligations under the *Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014*, in respect of any affected archaeological sites.



Figure 1. Project location at Mataka Station indicated by red pin. Source: Google Maps, 2024.

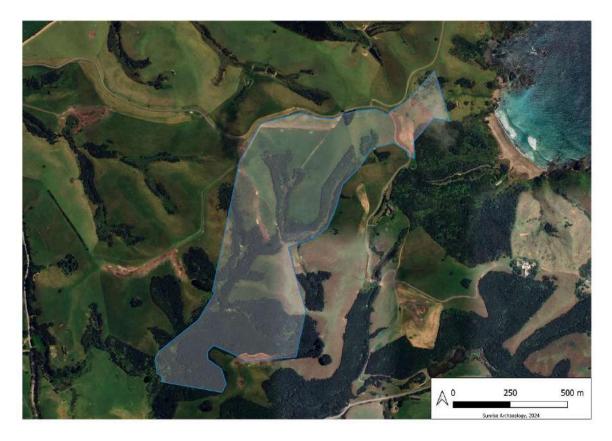


Figure 2. Location of proposed development on Lot 4, indicated by red cross-hatching. Source: QuickMap; base figure Google Earth, 2024.



Figure 3. Proposed development plans, dated Oct. 2024. Full landscaping plans appear in Appendix A. Source: Cheshire Architects, 2024.

2 Statutory Requirements

There are two main pieces of legislation in New Zealand that control work affecting archaeological sites. These are the *Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act*, 2014 (HNZPTA), and the *Resource Management Act*, 1991 (RMA).

Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014 - Archaeological Provisions

Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga (HNZPT) administers the *Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act* (HNZPTA). All archaeological sites in New Zealand are protected under this act and may only be modified with the written authority of the HNZPT. The act contains a consent (commonly referred to as an "Authority") process for work of any nature affecting archaeological sites, which are defined as:

Any place in New Zealand, including any building or structure (or part of a building or structure), that:

- (i) Was associated with human activity that occurred before 1900 or is the site of the wreck of any vessel where the wreck occurred before 1900; and
- (ii) Provides or may provide, through investigation by archaeological methods, evidence relating to the history of New Zealand; and

(b) Includes a site for which a declaration is made under section 43(1)

Any person who intends carrying out work that may damage, modify, or destroy an archaeological site must first obtain an authority from the HNZPT (Part 3 Section 44). The process applies to archaeological sites on all land in New Zealand irrespective of the type of tenure. The maximum penalty in the HNZPTA for un-authorised damage of an archaeological site is \$120,000. The maximum penalty for un-authorised site destruction is \$300,000.

The archaeological authority process applies to all sites that fit the Heritage New Zealand definition, regardless of whether:

- The site is recorded in the New Zealand Archaeological Association (NZAA) Site Recording Scheme or registered/declared by the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga,
- The site only becomes known about as a result of ground disturbance and /or,
- The activity is permitted under a district or regional plan, or resource or building consent has been granted.

HNZPT also maintains a Register of Historic Places, Historic Areas, Wahi Tapu and Wahi Tapu Areas. The register can include some archaeological sites (though the main database for archaeological sites is maintained independently by the NZAA). The purpose of the register is to inform members of the public about such places and to assist with their protection under the *Resource Management Act*, *1991*.

The Resource Management Act 1991 - Archaeological Provisions

The RMA requires City, District and Regional Councils to manage the use, development, and protection of natural and physical resources in a way that provided for the well-being of

today's communities while safeguarding the options for future generations. The protection of historic heritage from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development is identified as a matter of national importance (section 6f).

Historic Heritage is defined as those natural and physical resources that contribute to an understanding and appreciation of New Zealand's history and cultures, derived from archaeological, architectural, cultural, historic, scientific, or technological qualities.

Historic heritage includes:

- historic sites, structures, places, and areas;
- archaeological sites;
- sites of significance to Māori, including wāhi tapu;
- surroundings associated with the natural and physical resources (RMA section 2).

These categories are not mutually exclusive, and some archaeological sites may include above ground structures or may also be places that are of significance to Māori.

Where resource consent is required for any activity, the assessment of effects is required to address cultural and historic heritage matters (RMA 4th Schedule and the District Plan assessment criteria (if appropriate).

3 Methodology

Sunrise Archaeology consulted the New Zealand Archaeological Association (NZAA) site recording scheme ArchSite (<u>www.archsite.org.nz</u>) to determine whether any previously known sites were present on or near the property.

Prior to the site visit, aerial photos and cartographic records were researched to indicate potential areas of interest. Older survey plans of the area were also examined for information relating to early structures and infrastructure in the area.

A surface survey, shovel tests, and probing was conducted. The location of any archaeological features, if noted, were recorded with a GPS unit (Garmin 64st). See Site Visit section for details of the survey.

This survey was conducted to locate and record archaeological remains. The survey and report do not aim to locate or identify wāhi tapu or other places of cultural or spiritual significance to Māori. Those assessments are to be made by Tangata Whenua, who may be approached independently for any information or concerns they may have.

4 Physical Setting

The property is on the western side of Mataka Station, which covers a large portion of the Purerua Peninsula in the Bay of Islands. Wiwiki Beach is to the east, and several km to the south is Marsden Cross and the Rangihoua Pā and Heritage Park. The highest point in this area is Mount Pocock (Mataka). Access is via a secondary road that branches east off Rangihoua Road.

The subject property is presently a mosaic of pastured, rolling hills, scrub and invasive plants and regenerating bush. It is bordered by large lifestyle properties with similar vegetation cover. To the east, across a narrow portion of the neighbouring property, there is a small arc of sandy beach and the ocean. The site of the proposed development is on the brow of a ridge overlooking the ocean. It is in pasture, with several mature Norfolk Pines, a grove of Pohutukawa to the northwest, and regenerating bush to the east and north.

The soils of this area are mature greywacke, Rangiora clay, clay loam and silty clay loam (RAH). These soils are typical of rolling hill country in Northland, with a hard basement rock and compacted sand- and siltstone. They tend to be acidic, can be prone to pugging, and large-scale slips (Northland Regional Council, 2024).

5 Previous Archaeology

This portion of the Purerua Peninsula has been previously systematically surveyed for archaeological sites, and many sites have been recorded on the peninsula. The largest survey was by Leahy and Walsh (1977/78), who noted that sites here tended to be small, and included terraced headlands and ridges. During this survey they also recorded a number of $p\bar{a}$, with terraces and scarps, and noted that $p\bar{a}$ on the peninsula were not clustered in one area.

The subject property has one previously recorded archaeological site, a midden some distance from the proposed development (Figure 4, Table 1). Four sites are to the northeast of the proposed house site, between it and the coastline.

A review of historical aerial photographs from the mid-twentieth century (Figure 5) shows nothing of archaeological interest in this area.

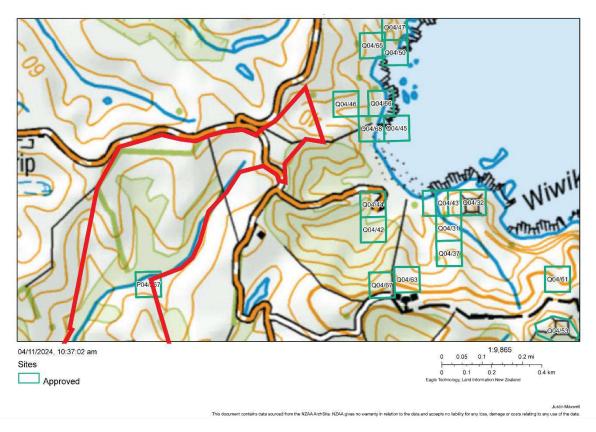


Figure 4. Recorded archaeological sites on property (red outline) and in surrounding area. Base figure: NZTopo50, LINZ.

Table 1. Recorded archaeological sites on or in the vicinity of the project area. Starred sites on the subject property. Source: NZAA Archsite, 2022.

NZAA Site Number	Site Type	Year Recorded, Revisited	Description
P04/267	Midden	1978	Midden, mostly cockle
Q04/45	Midden	1978	Midden, mostly cockle, sometimes dense; at base of spur in sandy bank at beach
Q04/46	Terraces and possible palisade	1978	Y-shaped ridge with terraces and possible defensive feature
Q04/66	Midden and oven	1987, 2003	Small oven and a shell midden, near small stream at N end beach
Q04/68	Burial	1987	Cranium exposed. Area covered in rocks. Human remains reported to have been found in area.

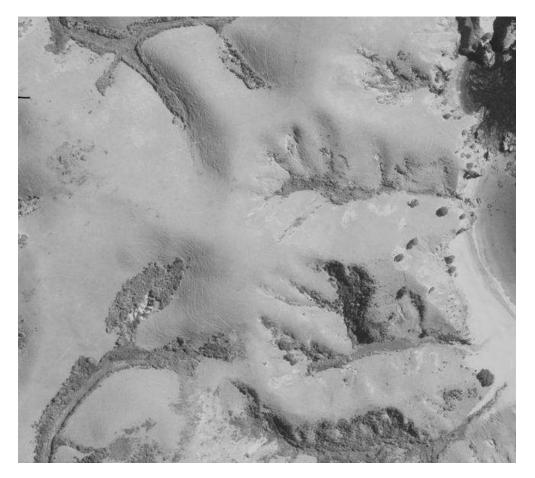


Figure 5. Aerial photograph of project area and surrounding countryside in 1951. Source: Aerial image #350/1366/84 (<u>retrolens.nz</u>).

6 Site Visit

The author visited the project area 4 November 2024. Visibility of the ground surface was excellent within the area proposed for dwellings and associated infrastructure, as it was grazed. To the north of the house site, on steeper ground in areas identified for vegetation regeneration, tall (up to 1 m high) kikuyu grass, scrub, and regenerating bush was present, which made surveying this area largely pointless.

No above-ground features were noted within the areas where ground disturbance is required for the buildings or associated infrastructure. Twelve shovel tests were excavated. All were sterile, and encountered a 10-20 cm thin topsoil overlaying clay. It is possible that this entire area has been modified in the past. Probing was conducted across the grazed portion of the project area, and no indications of subsurface material was identified.

Efforts were made to relocate Site Q04/46, 45, and 68. Site Q05/46 is below and to the east of the proposed building platform; if the recorded site location is correct, it is approximately 190 m away. The site could not be relocated, but given the ground cover in this area this was not surprising. Neither Site Q04/45 or Q04/68 could be relocated. The areas were accessed from the beach, and the site descriptions suggest that the recorded coordinates are incorrect. Site Q04/45 is, based on the site description, in an area which is currently inaccessible due to the scrub and ground cover in the described location. Presumably Site Q04/68 is under the currently pro-grading foredune. Based on the site descriptions, all of these sites are 190 m or more away from the area where the house and associated infrastructure is proposed.

Site P04/267 is on the property, but it is 900 m from the proposed works and will not be affected. Given that it is so far distant from the development, no attempt was made to relocate it.



Figure 6. Proposed building platform, red oval. Facing southeast.



Figure 7. Proposed building platform from above. Top of page northeast.



Figure 8. Main building platform. Facing east. Scale units: 20 cm.



Figure 9. Main building platform. Facing south. Scale units: 20 cm.



Figure 10. Secondary building platform. Facing north. Scale units: 20 cm.



Figure 11. Scrub and gorse below (east) of building platform.



Figure 12. Looking toward proposed building platform from beach. Facing north.

7 Recommendations and Conclusion

Sunrise Archaeology was commissioned by Cheshire Architects to provide an archaeological survey of a portion of Lot 4 DP 323083, Mataka Station, Bay of Islands, where developments are planned. A file search and foot survey were conducted. The survey was limited to the portion of the property planned for development (see Figure 2).

It was found that no sites are located within the proposed development area, and subsurface testing did not identify any subsurface archaeological material.

Based on the results of this survey, Sunrise Archaeology would recommend that an Authority to modify or destroy an archaeological site is not required from Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga, but an Accidental Discovery Protocol (ADP) should be put in place.

Care should be taken on the currently overgrown part of the property, to the east of the proposed building platform. The primary works proposed there are landscaping, and because the area could not be surveyed and archaeological sites are present to the north and east (closer to the coastline), there remains a low likelihood of encountering archaeological features in this area. Given that only landscaping is to occur in this area, if any features are encountered they can be avoided.

Any alterations to the proposed development needs to be reviewed for comment and/or assessment by an archaeologist.

The survey of the property was conducted specifically to locate and record archaeological remains. The survey and report does not necessarily include the location and/or assessment of wāhi-tapu or sites of cultural or spiritual significance to the local Māori community, who may be approached independently for any information or concerns they may have.



NOTICE OF WRITTEN APPROVAL

Written Approval of Affected Parties in accordance with Section 95E of the Resource Management Act

Applicant/s Name:	Michael Gilson and Joan McPhee		
	1. no the	and the second se	
Address of proposed activity:	Lot 4, Mataka Station, Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri, Far North		
	A States		
Legal description:	DP3230	83 CT 92524	
A MELSARE F			
Description of the proposal (including why you need resource consent):	sought 8.6.5.4 trees of	ionary activities: Residential Intensity consent is for a principal and minor dwelling pursuant to rule . Buildings within 20m of the drip line of existing n site and adjacent scrub consent is sought nt to rule 12.3.	
All Deserves and the	- North	Martin 21 and and the second	
Details of the application are given in the attached	1.	2025-02-10 Mataka Lot 4 RC Arch submissiom	
documents & plans (list what documents & plans	2.	2025-01-23 Mataka Lot 4 - RC Design Statement + Materials	
have been provided to the party being asked to	3.	23-03BA-B Gilson Engineering	
provide written approval):	4.	Appendix B - lot 4 Graphic Supplement 20250120	
	5.	BM12256C Lot 4 Mataka Station LEA	
- Field	6.	Mataka Station RC Landscape Design Dec 2024	
	7.	Mataka Station Lot 4 Assessment 6Nov2024	
	8.	FNDC Earthworks Permit	

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Sec. 1

1. Written approval must be obtained from all registered owners and occupiers.

- 2. The original copy of this signed form and signed plans and accompanying documents must be supplied to the Far North District Council.
- 3. The amount and type of information provided to the party from whom you seek written approval should be sufficient to give them a full understanding of your proposal, its effects and why resource consent is needed.

PAGE 1 of 2

Notes to the party giving written approval:

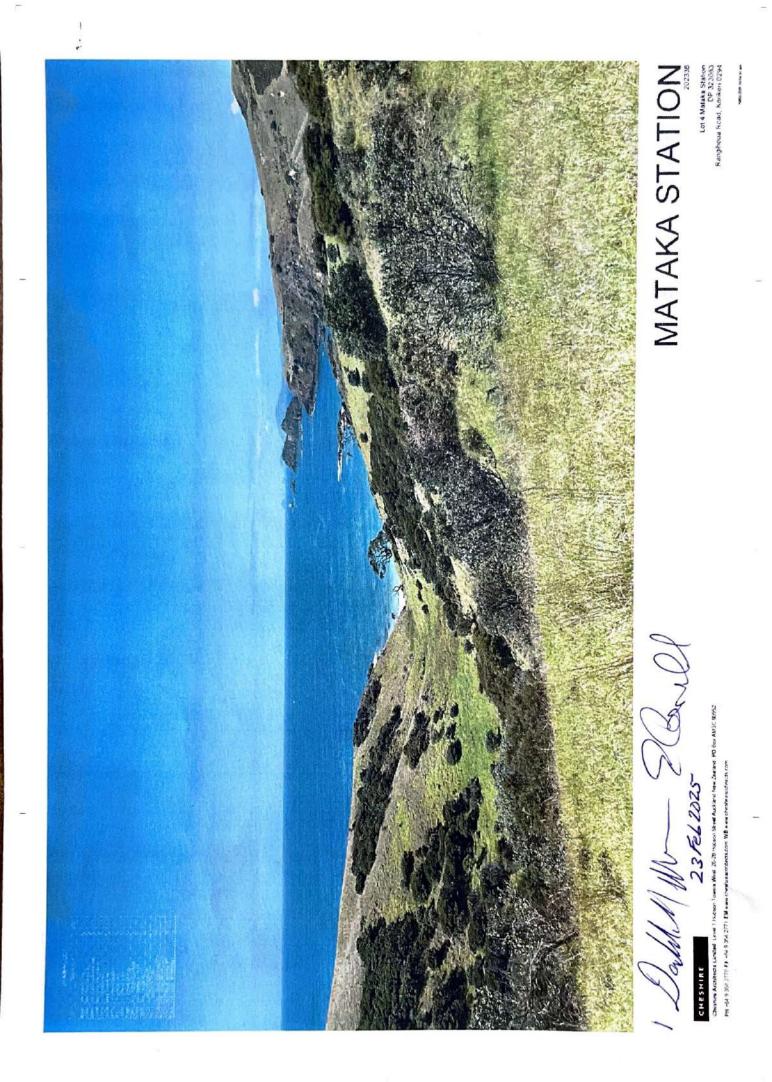
- If the owner and the occupier of your property are different people then separate written approvals are required from each.
- 2. You should only sign in the place provided on this form and accompanying plans and documents if you fully understand the proposal and if you support or have no opposition to the proposal. Council will not accept conditional approvals. If you have conditions on your approval, these should be discussed and resolved with the applicant directly.
- 3. Please note that when you give your written approval to an application, council cannot take into consideration any actual or potential effects of the proposed activity on you unless you formally withdraw your written approval before a decision has been made as to whether the application is to be notified or not. After that time you can no longer withdraw your written approval.
- Please sign and date all associated plans and documentation as referenced overleaf and return with this form.
- If you have any concerns about giving your written approval or need help understanding this process, please feel free to contact the duty planner on 0800 920 029 or (09) 401 5200.

Full name/s of party giving approval:	Donald Chandler and	l Eloise Ca	swell	
Address of affected property including legal description	385 Rangihova Rd Te Til 0294 Lot 5 DP 323083			
Contact Phone Number/s and email address	Daytime: 02 <i>1023</i> 27293	donald	email: chandle-@gmail.com	
I am/we are the OWNER(S	6) / OCCUPIER(S) of the pr	operty (circle	which is applicable)	
Please note: in most instan property will be necessary		legal owners	and the occupiers of the affected	
1. I/We have been provid understand the propos	ed with the details concern al and aspects of non-com	ing the applic pliance with t	ation submitted to Council and he Operative District Plan.	
 I/We have signed each page of the plans and documentation in respect of this proposal (these need to accompany this form). 				
 I/We understand and accept that once I/we give my/our approval the Consent Authority (Council) cannot take account of any actual or potential effect of the activity and/or proposal upon me/us when considering the application and the fact that any such effect may occur shall not be relevant grounds upon which the Consent Authority may refuse to grant the application. I/We understand that at any time before the notification decision is made on the application, I/we 				
	ing to Council that this appr			
Signature	the	Date	23 Feb 2025	
Signature	nd	Date	23 Feb 2025	
Signature		Date		
Signature		Date		

Private Bag 752, Memorial Ave, Kaikohe 0440, New Zealand, Freephone: 0800 920 029, Phone: (09) 401 5200, Fax: 401 2137, Email: ask.us@fndc.govt.nz, Website: www.fndc.govt.nz

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GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

FOR PROPOSED PRIMARY AND MINOR RESIDENCE

AT

LOT 4 MATAKA STATION

PURERUA PENINSULA NORTHLAND

For

MICHAEL GILSON & JOAN MCPHEE

Job No: 23-038A Date: 19/12/2024

> Level 1 ANZ Bank Building 90 Kerikeri Road, Kerikeri, New Zealand Telephone: 09 407 3255 Email: teampk@pkengin.co.nz

3 Double 1/ Con

23 Feb 2025



MATAKA LOT 4

LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL ASSESSMENT GRAPHIC SUPPLEMENT

JANUARY 2025







Lot 4 Proposed Dwelling, Mataka Station

Landscape Effects Assessment Prepared for Michael Gibson and Joan McPhee

20 January 2025

5. Dahlangor

23 Feb 2025



23 Fel 202 6. Sand Am Resource Consent Landscape Design Gilson McP ember 2 5 20

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF PORTION OF LOT 4 DP 323083, MATAKA STATION, BAY OF ISLANDS

PREPARED FOR CHESHIRE ARCHITECTS



JUSTIN MAXWELL AND JENNIFER HUEBERT SUNRISE ARCHAEOLOGY REPORT NO. 2024-32



7. Daulith Sec 23 Feb 2025





Private Bag 752, Kaikohe D440, New Zealand O ask us@Indk.govt.nz O 0800 920 029 Indc.govt.nz Indc.govt.nz

Our Reference: 3000042-LGAEWK

20 December 2024

Michael Frederick Gilson 333 Central Park W 74 New York 10025-7105 UNITED STATES

8A Dalla 23 Fol 2

Dear Sir / Madam

RE: Earthworks Permit, Lot 4, Rangihoua Road, Kerikeri 0294

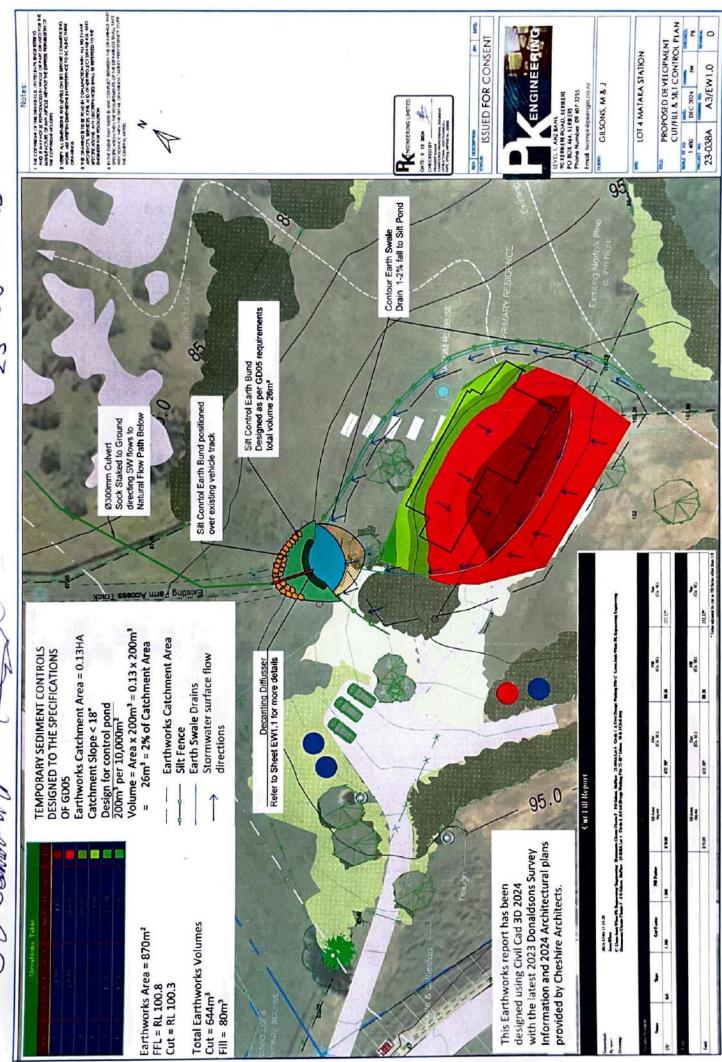
Attached is a copy of the earthworks permit for the above-mentioned property. Please note that there are site specific conditions listed on schedule B (the Permit).

Additionally, all earthworks are subject to the following standard conditions:

- The permit holder is to establish and mark the location of boundary pegs and mark all property boundaries adjacent to the proposed earthworks. No authorisation is given for works on private property other than the lot subject to the Earthworks Permit. Where the permit holder is not the lot owner, the permit holder is responsible for obtaining approval from the lot owner prior to commencing work.
- 2. The permit holder is to ensure that stormwater diversion and silt control measures are in place prior to the commencement of bulk earthworks.
- 3. The permit holder is responsible for the repair and reinstatement of any underground services damaged as a result of the earthworks.
- 4. The permit holder is responsible for the repair and reinstatement of the road carriageway, the kerb and footpath damaged as a result of the earthworks. Such works where required will be completed to the satisfaction of the Council's Roading Manager.
- 5. Any debris deposited on the public road as a result of the earthworks shall be removed by or at the expense of the permit holder.
- 6. Archaeological sites are protected pursuant to the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014. It is an offence, pursuant to the Act, to modify, damage or destroy an archaeological site without an archaeological authority obtained from Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga. Should any site be inadvertently uncovered, the procedure is that work should cease, with the Trust and local iwi consulted immediately. The New Zealand Police should also be consulted if the discovery includes koiwi (human remains). A copy of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Archaeological Discovery Protocol is attached for your information. This should be made available to all person(s) working on site.

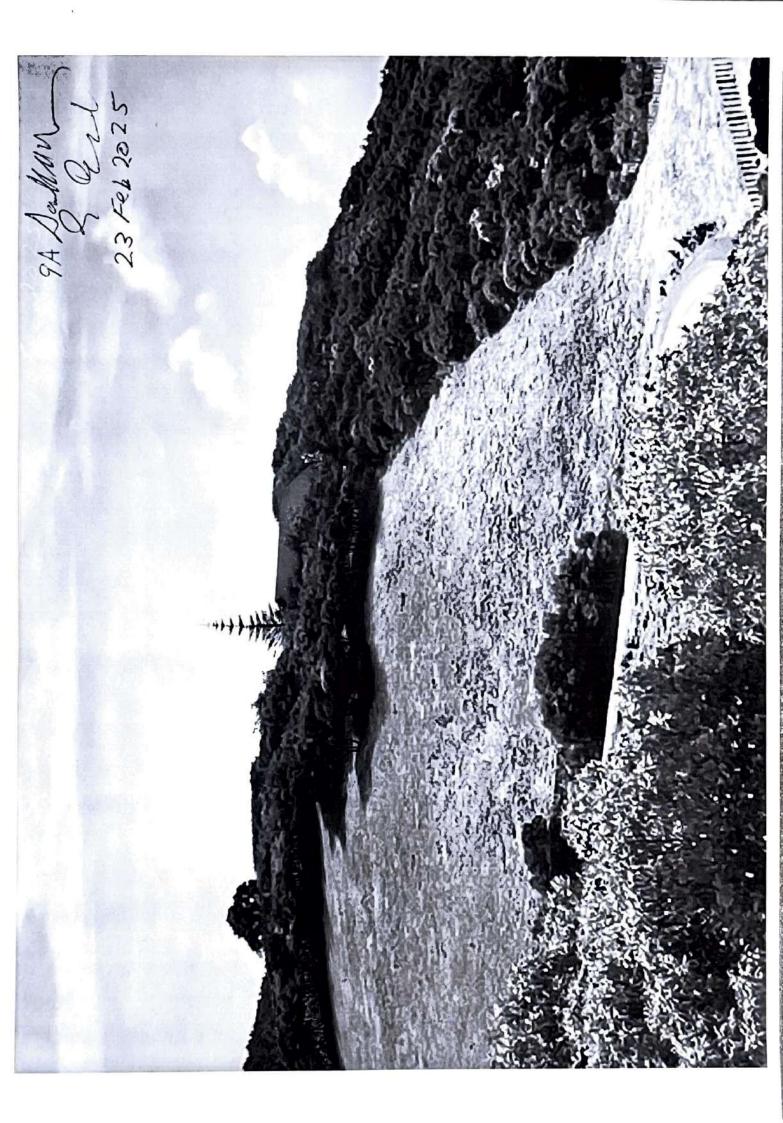
Yours faithfully

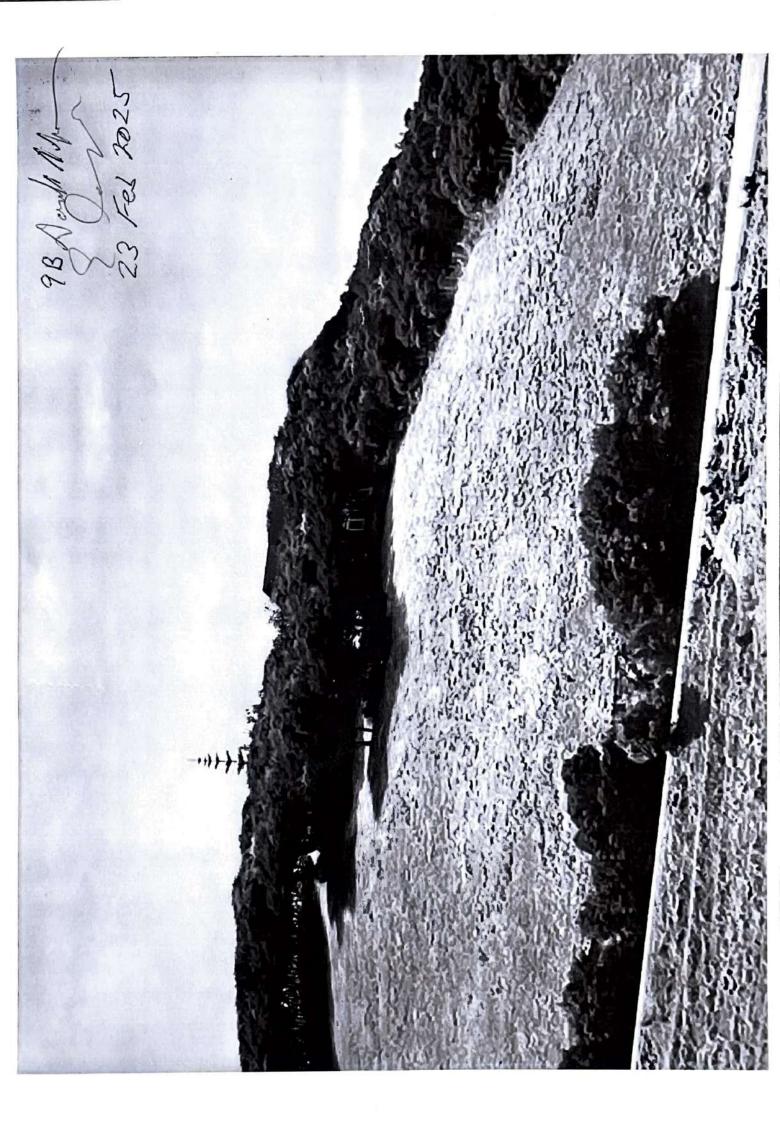
Azalea Warren Resource Consents Engineer District Services



23 Feb 2025

88 Dande 11 4 Q V





From:	John Goodwin
То:	Sarah Gilbertson; Nat Cheshire
Cc:	David Ponting; Wendy Shacklock; Donald Chandler (manager@mataka.co.nz); evan@williamsgroupnz.com
Subject:	RE: Lot 4 Mataka - Design Review Group resubmission
Date:	Monday, 2 December 2024 9:01:42 am
Attachments:	image001.png

Hi Sarah and Nat,

The DRC have reviewed the revised design for Lot 4 and consider the scheme addresses the points raised in our formal feedback document. Thank you for taking on board the issues raised and amending the design accordingly.

Kind regards John (on behalf of the Mataka Design Review Group)

John Goodwin | Landscape Architect | Consultant | Fellow Registered NZILA Landscape Architect E: john.goodwin@boffamiskell.co.nz | D: +64 9 359 5313 | M: +64 27 473 1634 | LEVEL 3 | 82 WYNDHAM STREET | AUCKLAND 1010 | NEW ZEALAND



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From: Sarah Gilbertson <Sarah@cheshirearchitects.com> Sent: Thursday, 28 November 2024 5:03 pm

To: John Goodwin <John.Goodwin@boffamiskell.co.nz>; Nat Cheshire

<Nat@cheshirearchitects.com>

Cc: David Ponting <david@pfa.nz>; Wendy Shacklock <wendy@wendyshacklock.co.nz>; Donald Chandler (manager@mataka.co.nz) <manager@mataka.co.nz>; evan@williamsgroupnz.com **Subject:** Lot 4 Mataka - Design Review Group resubmission

Hi John,

Please find attached our response to the points raised by the Design Review Group to our submission for Lot 4 on behalf of our clients Joan and Michael. We have reviewed the design and broadly addressed the commentary. We believe the outcome provides a compliant scheme. Copies of our updated submission for design approval can be found on the link below. Please let us know if you have any difficulty in accessing the files.

DRC SUBMISSION REV2

We look forward to your further feedback, and please don't hesitate to contact us should you require any further information or have any queries.

We would like to thank David, Wendy and yourself for your time and comments, together with Don who has assisted us through the approval process.

Best wishes,

C H E S H I R E L T D

Sarah Gilbertson

Principal

+64 9 358 2770 Extn. 15 / PO Box 90952 Ak 1142 NZ / Level One 26 Hobson St A k City

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